Field Artillery Part 2

Army Lineage Series

Compiled by
Janice E. McKenney

ARMY LINEAGE SERIES

FIELD ARTILLERY
Part 2

Compiled by
Janice E. McKenney

CENTER OF MILITARY HISTORY
UNITED STATES ARMY
WASHINGTON, D.C., 2010

Revised Edition—First Printed 1985—CMH Pub 60–11–1 (Part 2)

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LINEAGES AND HERALDIC DATA

30th FIELD ARTILLERY
(Hard Chargers)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, two barrulets wavy between a mullet and a lindwurm passant or.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, in front of a bank of clouds sable a tower of the first with three windows of the second above a cross of the third.

Motto: Striving to the Highest.

Symbolism: The field is red for artillery. The barrulets wavy symbolize the Pacific and Atlantic oceans, the North Star indicating service in the Aleutian Islands and the lindwurm (a German dragon) representing service in Europe.

The crest refers to service of an element of the regiment in Germany during the critical years between 1951 and 1957. The tower stands for strength and vigilance and is also the symbol of St. Barbara, patroness of artillerymen. The cross is taken from the arms of the city of Bonn, capital of the Federal Republic of Germany, which an element of the regiment stood ready to defend. The black clouds refer to the threat of war that hung over Europe during those years.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as the 30th Field Artillery and assigned to the 10th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Funston, Kansas. Demobilized 5 February 1919 at Camp Funston, Kansas. Reconstituted 24 March 1923 in the Regular Army as the 30th Field Artillery. Activated 4 June 1941 at Camp Roberts, California. Regiment broken up 18 May 1944 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 30th Field Artillery Group; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 521st and 550th Field Artillery Battalions, respectively.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 30th Field Artillery Group, inactivated 31 July 1946 in Germany. Activated 20 March 1951 at Camp Polk, Louisiana. Inactivated 1 June 1958 in Germany; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 30th Artillery Group.

521st Field Artillery Battalion redesignated 1 May 1945 as the 30th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 9 February 1949 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Activated 22 February 1950 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Inactivated 25 June 1958 at Fort Lewis, Washington.

550th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 8 February 1946 at Camp Swift, Texas. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 550th Field Artillery Battalion, redesignated 1 August 1946 as the 550th Field Artillery Battery and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia (organic elements concurrently disbanded). Battery inactivated 23 November 1948 at Fort Benning, Georgia. Activated 1 February 1952 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Redesignated 25 October 1952 as the 550th Field Artillery Rocket Battery. Reorganized and redesignated 15 March 1957 as Headquarters, Headquarters and Service Battery, 550th Field Artillery Rocket Battalion (Battery A and Medical Detachment, 550th Field Artillery Battalion, concurrently reconstituted in the Regular Army, redesignated as Battery A and Medical Detachment, 550th Field Artillery Rocket Battalion, and activated at Fort Bliss, Texas). Battalion inactivated 25 June 1958 at Fort Bliss, Texas.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 30th Artillery Group; 30th Field Artillery Battalion; and the 550th Field Artillery Rocket Battalion consolidated 31 July 1959 to form the 30th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 30th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 July 1988 from the Combat Arms Regimental System, reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System, and transferred to the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- Aleutian Islands
- Rhineland
- Central Europe

Vietnam
- Defense
- Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970
- Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII

DECORATIONS

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered FISH HOOK (1st Battalion, 30th Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1972)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1967 (1st Battalion, 30th Artillery, cited; DA GO 48, 1968)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968 (1st Battalion, 30th Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1969)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (1st Battalion, 30th Artillery, cited; DA GO 39, 1970)

Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1999–2000 (1st Battalion, 30th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 29, 2001)

1st BATTALION, 30th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(TRADOC)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery A, 30th Field Artillery, an element of the 10th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Funston, Kansas. Demobilized 5 February 1919 at Camp Funston, Kansas. Reconstituted 24 March 1923 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 30th Field Artillery. Activated 4 June 1941 at Camp Roberts, California.

Reorganized and redesignated 18 May 1944 as Battery A, 521st Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 1 May 1945 as Battery A, 30th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 9 February 1949 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Activated 22 February 1950 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 25 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Howitzer Battalion, 30th Artillery (organic elements constituted 2 June 1958 and activated 25 June 1958). Redesignated 1 September 1963 as the 1st Battalion, 30th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 30th Field Artillery. Inactivated 15 May 1988 in Germany. Headquarters transferred 1 July 1995 to the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command and activated at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Aleutian Islands
Rhineland
Central Europe

Vietnam
*Defense
*Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase II
*Counteroffensive, Phase III
*Tet Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase IV
*Counteroffensive, Phase V
*Counteroffensive, Phase VI
*Tet 69/Counteroffensive
*Summer–Fall 1969
*Winter–Spring 1970
*Sanctuary Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase VII

DECORATIONS

*Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered FISH HOOK (1st Battalion, 30th Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1972)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1967 (1st Battalion, 30th Artillery, cited; DA GO 48, 1968)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968 (1st Battalion, 30th Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1969)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (1st Battalion, 30th Artillery, cited; DA GO 39, 1970)

*Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1999–2000 (1st Battalion, 30th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 29, 2001)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1965–1969 (1st Battalion, 30th Artillery, cited; DA GO 59, 1969)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1969–1970 (1st Battalion, 30th Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1972)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1970–1971 (1st Battalion, 30th Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1972)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Steamer embroidered VIETNAM 1969–1970 (1st Battalion, 30th Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1972)

2d BATTALION, 30th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery B, 30th Field Artillery, an element of the 10th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Funston, Kansas. Demobilized 5 February 1919 at Camp Funston, Kansas. Reconstituted 24 March 1923 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 30th Field Artillery. Activated 4 June 1941 at Camp Roberts, California.

Reorganized and redesignated 18 May 1944 as Battery B, 521st Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 1 May 1945 as Battery B, 30th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 9 February 1949 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Activated 22 February 1950 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 25 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Missile Battalion, 30th Artillery (organic elements constituted 2 June 1958 and activated 25 June 1958). Redesignated 24 March 1965 as the 2d Battalion, 30th Artillery. Inactivated 25 October 1968 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 30th Field Artillery. Activated 13 September 1972 in Italy. Inactivated 15 December 1975 in Italy.

Headquarters transferred 28 February 1987 to the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command and activated at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 2 October 1992 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Aleutian Islands
Rhineland
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

3d BATTALION, 30th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(TRADOC)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery C, 30th Field Artillery, an element of the 10th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Funston, Kansas. Demobilized 5 February 1919 at Camp Funston, Kansas. Reconstituted 24 March 1923 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 30th Field Artillery. Activated 4 June 1941 at Camp Roberts, California.

Reorganized and redesignated 18 May 1944 as Battery C, 521st Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 1 May 1945 as Battery C, 30th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 9 February 1949 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Activated 22 February 1950 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 25 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Howitzer Battalion, 30th Artillery (organic elements constituted 1 June 1958 and activated 25 June 1958). Redesignated 13 May 1968 as the 3d Battalion, 30th Artillery. Inactivated 30 June 1971 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 30th Field Artillery. Headquarters transferred 1 July 1995 to the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command and activated at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Aleutian Islands
Rhineland
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

BATTERY D, 30th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery D, 30th Field Artillery, an element of the 10th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Funston, Kansas. Demobilized 5 February 1919 at Camp Funston, Kansas. Reconstituted 24 March 1923 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 30th Field Artillery. Activated 4 June 1941 at Camp Roberts, California.

Reorganized and redesignated 18 May 1944 as Battery A, 550th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 8 February 1946 at Camp Swift, Texas. Disbanded 1 August 1946. Reconstituted 15 March 1957 in the Regular Army, redesignated as Battery A, 550th Field Artillery Rocket Battalion, and activated at Fort Bliss, Texas. Inactivated 25 June 1958 at Fort Bliss, Texas.

Redesignated 23 March 1959 as Battery D, 30th Artillery. Redesignated 24 March 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 30th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 April 1959 with Headquarters at Bartlesville, Oklahoma. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 30th Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 31 December 1967 as Battery D, 30th Artillery (organic elements inactivated 31 January 1968). Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery D, 30th Field Artillery. Inactivated 16 March 1979 at Bartlesville, Oklahoma.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II–AP
Aleutian Islands

DECORATIONS

None.

5th BATTALION, 30th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery E, 30th Field Artillery, an element of the 10th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Funston, Kansas. Demobilized 5 February 1919 at Camp Funston, Kansas. Reconstituted 24 March 1923 in the Regular Army as Battery E, 30th Field Artillery. Activated 4 January 1941 at Camp Roberts, California.

Reorganized and redesignated 18 May 1944 as Battery B, 550th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 8 February 1946 at Camp Swift, Texas. Disbanded 1 August 1946.

Reconstituted 31 July 1959 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 30th Artillery. Activated 15 April 1963 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma (organic elements constituted 27 February 1963 and activated 15 April 1963). Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Battalion, 30th Field Artillery. Inactivated 13 September 1972 in Italy.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Aleutian Islands
Rhineland
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

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31st FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per chevron gules and barry wavy of six argent and azure, in chief a kittiwake volant proper above a kris fess wise of the second, in base a bronze bell of the fourth.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a pheon sable enflamed of the first and second charged with an escallop argent issuant from a bronze howitzer proper between at base six golps fesswise.

Motto: *In Periculo Nos Jubete* (When in Danger, Command Us).

Symbolism: Scarlet is the color used for field artillery. The kittiwake, a gull associated with the Aleutians, and the kris, representative of the Pacific islands, are symbolic of service in Korea. The blue and white wavy bars are indicative of the organization's amphibious operations. The howitzer symbolizes field artillery.

The enflamed pheon, alluding to the quadrant, an instrument for measuring altitude, refers to the hills of Korea and the intensive devastating and accurate barrage lay down during March 1953. The six grapeshots symbolize six of the engagements in which the organization participated during the Korean War. The escallop or sea shell refers to the Pacific area and the organization's service in World War II.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as the 31st Field Artillery and assigned to the 11th Division. Organized 6 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Relieved 30 September 1918 from assignment to the 11th Division. Demobilized 9 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as the 31st Field Artillery and assigned to the 2d Division. Relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 2d Division. Assigned 1 July 1940 to the 7th Division (later redesignated as the 7th Infantry Division) and activated at Camp Ord, California.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as the 31st Field Artillery Battalion.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 July 1957 as the 31st Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 31st Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 March 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System, reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System, and transferred to the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- Aleutian Islands
- Eastern Mandates
- Leyte
- Ryukyus

Korean War
- UN Defensive
- UN Offensive
- CCF Intervention
- First UN Counteroffensive
- CCF Spring Offensive
- UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered INCHON (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 22, 1956)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1945–1948, 1953–1957 (7th Infantry Division cited; DA GO 50, 1971)

1st BATTALION, 31st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery A, 31st Field Artillery, an element of the 11th Division. Organized 6 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. (31st Field Artillery relieved 30 September 1918 from assignment to the 11th Division.) Demobilized 9 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 31st Field Artillery, an element of the 2d Division. (31st Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 2d Division.) Activated 1 July 1940 at Camp Ord, California, as an element of the 7th Division (later redesignated as the 7th Infantry Division).

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 31st Field Artillery Battalion.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 July 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Field Artillery Battalion, 31st Artillery, an element of the 7th Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 1 July 1960 as the 1st Rocket Howitzer Battalion, 31st Artillery. Redesignated 1 July 1963 as the 1st Battalion, 31st Artillery. Relieved 20 February 1971 from assignment to the 7th Infantry Division and assigned to the 2d Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 31st Field Artillery. Inactivated 16 June 1979 in Korea and relieved from assignment to the 2d Infantry Division. Headquarters transferred 28 February 1987 to the United States Training and Doctrine Command and activated at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 15 September 1996 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Aleutian Islands
- *Eastern Mandates
- *Leyte
- *Ryukyus

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered INCHON (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 22, 1956)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1945–1948, 1953–1971 (7th Infantry Division cited; DA GO 50, 1971)

2d BATTALION, 31st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery B, 31st Field Artillery, an element of the 11th Division. Organized 6 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. (31st Field Artillery relieved 30 September 1918 from assignment to the 11th Division.) Demobilized 9 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 31st Field Artillery, an element of the 2d Division. (31st Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 2d Division.) Activated 1 July 1940 at Camp Ord, California, as an element of the 7th Division (later redesignated as the 7th Infantry Division).

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 31st Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 1 July 1957 in Korea and relieved from assignment to the 7th Infantry Division.

Redesignated 2 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Howitzer Battalion, 31st Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 25 June 1969 as the 2d Battalion, 31st Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 31st Field Artillery. Inactivated 15 June 1972 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Activated 22 December 1975 at Fort Campbell, Kentucky. Inactivated 16 March 1989 at Fort Campbell, Kentucky.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Aleutian Islands
- *Eastern Mandates
- *Leyte
- *Ryukyus (with arrowhead)

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea. Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered INCHON (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 22, 1956)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1945–1948, 1953–1957 (7th Infantry Division cited; DA GO 50, 1971)

3d BATTALION, 31st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery C, 31st Field Artillery, an element of the 11th Division. Organized 6 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. (31st Field Artillery relieved 30 September 1918 from assignment to the 11th Division.) Demobilized 9 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 31st Field Artillery, an element of the 2d Division. (31st Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 2d Division.) Activated 1 July 1940 at Camp Ord, California, as an element of the 7th Division (later redesignated as the 7th Infantry Division).

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery C, 31st Field Artillery Battalion.

Inactivated 1 July 1957 in Korea and relieved from assignment to the 7th Infantry Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 31st Artillery. Redesignated 11 May 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Rocket Howitzer Battalion, 31st Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, allotted to the Army Reserve, and assigned to the 102d Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 June 1959 with Headquarters at St. Joseph, Missouri. Redesignated 1 April 1963 as the 3d Battalion, 31st Artillery. Inactivated 31 December 1965 at St. Joseph, Missouri, and relieved from assignment to the 102d Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 31st Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Aleutian Islands
- *Eastern Mandates
- *Leyte
- *Ryukyus (with arrowhead)

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered INCHON (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 22, 1956)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1945–1948, 1953–1957 (7th Infantry Division cited; DA GO 50, 1971)

4th BATTALION, 31st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery D, 31st Field Artillery, an element of the 11th Division. Organized 6 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. (31st Field Artillery relieved 30 September 1918 from assignment to the 11th Division.) Demobilized 9 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 31st Field Artillery, an element of the 2d Division. (31st Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 2d Division.) Activated 1 July 1940 at Camp Ord, California, as an element of the 7th Division (later redesignated as the 7th Infantry Division).

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery D, 31st Field Artillery Battalion. Absorbed 1 January 1943 by Battery A, 31st Field Artillery Battalion.

Former Battery D, 31st Field Artillery Battalion, reconstituted 1 July 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 31st Artillery. Redesignated 20 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 31st Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, allotted to the Army Reserve, and assigned to the 103d Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 18 May 1959 with Headquarters at Fort Snelling, Minnesota. Inactivated 15 March 1963 at Fort Snelling, Minnesota, and relieved from assignment to the 103d Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Howitzer Battalion 31st Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 4th Battalion, 31st Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Aleutian Islands
- *Eastern Mandates
- *Leyte
- *Ryukyus

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered INCHON (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 22, 1956)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1945–1948, 1953–1957 (7th Infantry Division cited; DA GO 50, 1971)

5th BATTALION, 31st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery E, 31st Field Artillery, an element of the 11th Division. Organized 6 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. (31st Field Artillery relieved 30 September 1918 from assignment to the 11th Division.) Demobilized 9 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery E, 31st Field Artillery, an element of the 2d Division. (31st Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 2d Division.) Activated 1 July 1940 at Camp Ord, California, as an element of the 7th Division (later redesignated as the 7th Infantry Division).

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery B, 31st Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 31st Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 31st Field Artillery Battalion.)

Former Battery E, 31st Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 July 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 31st Artillery. Redesignated 1 July 1960 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Howitzer Battalion, 31st Artillery, assigned to the 1st Cavalry Division, and activated in Korea (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Battalion inactivated 1 September 1963 in Korea and relieved from assignment to the 1st Cavalry Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Howitzer Battalion, 31st Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 5th Battalion, 31st Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Aleutian Islands
- *Eastern Mandates
- *Leyte
- *Ryukyus (with arrowhead)

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered INCHON (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 22, 1956)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1945–1948, 1953–1957 (7th Infantry Division cited; DA GO 50, 1971)

6th BATTALION, 31st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery F, 31st Field Artillery, an element of the 11th Division. Organized 6 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. (31st Field Artillery relieved 30 September 1918 from assignment to the 11th Division.) Demobilized 9 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery F, 31st Field Artillery, an element of the 2d Division. (31st Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 2d Division.) Activated 1 July 1940 at Camp Ord, California, as an element of the 7th Division (later redesignated as the 7th Infantry Division).

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery C, 31st Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery C, 31st Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery C, 31st Field Artillery Battalion.)

Former Battery F, 31st Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 July 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 31st Artillery. Redesignated 7 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Howitzer Battalion, 31st Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, allotted to the Army Reserve, and assigned to the 77th Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 May 1959 with Headquarters at New York, New York. Redesignated 25 March 1963 as the 6th Battalion, 31st Artillery. Inactivated 30 December 1965 at New York, New York, and relieved from assignment to the 77th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 6th Battalion, 31st Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Aleutian Islands
- *Eastern Mandates
- *Leyte
- *Ryukyus (with arrowhead)

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered INCHON (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (31st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 22, 1956)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1945–1948, 1953–1957 (7th Infantry Division cited; DA GO 50, 1971)

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Powell, William F. "Fort Campbell, KY." *Field Artillery Journal* 53 (May-June 1985):47. Pertains to the 2d Battalion, 31st Field Artillery.

2nd How Bn, 31st Artillery in Operation Big Lift. Fort Sill, Okla., ca. 1964.

Also see bibliography of the 7th Infantry Division in John B. Wilson, *Armies, Corps, Divisions, and Separate Brigades.* Army Lineage Series. Washington: Government Printing Office, 1999.

32d FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a bordure compony argent and azure.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, argent and gules, a demi-sun in splendor triparted barwise or, tenne and gules.

Motto: Proud Americans.

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The bordure is in the colors of a corps distinguishing flag to indicate corps artillery.

The demi-sun symbolizes service on the West Coast and, as a rising sun, also represents the origin of the regiment on the East Coast.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield, crest, and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as the 32d Field Artillery and assigned to the 11th Division. Organized 5 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Demobilized 13 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as the 32d Field Artillery and assigned to the 3d Division. Relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 3d Division. Assigned 23 September 1932 to the 3d Division. Relieved 1 October 1933 from assignment to the 3d Division.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as the 32d Field Artillery Battalion, assigned to the 1st Division (later redesignated as the 1st Infantry Division), and activated at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont.

Relieved 15 February 1957 from assignment to the 1st Infantry Division; concurrently, reorganized and redesignated as the 32d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 32d Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 August 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
- Tunisia
- Sicily (with arrowhead)
- Normandy (with arrowhead)
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Vietnam
- Defense
- Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970
- Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- Consolidation I
- Consolidation II

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered EL GUETTAR (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 66, 1945)

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered CU CHI DISTRICT (2d Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 20, 1967, as amended by DA GO 43, 1967)

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered TAY NINH PROVINCE (2d Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 5, 1985)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1965–1966 (2d Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 17, 1968)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1968 (6th Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 67, 1968)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (2d Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 36, 1970)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered KASSERINE (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Fourragere (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Mons (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Eupen-Malmedy (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

1st BATTALION, 32d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery A, 32d Field Artillery, an element of the 11th Division. Organized 5 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Demobilized 13 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 32d Field Artillery, an element of the 3d Division. (32d Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 3d Division; relieved 1 October 1933 from assignment to the 3d Division.)

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 32d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, as an element of the 1st Division (later redesignated as the 1st Infantry Division). Inactivated 15 February 1957 at Fort Riley, Kansas, and relieved from assignment to the 1st Infantry Division.

Redesignated 1 July 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Missile Battalion, 32d Artillery, and activated in Germany (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 2 August 1965 as the 1st Battalion, 32d Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 32d Field Artillery. Inactivated 15 May 1992 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered EL GUETTAR (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 66, 1945)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered KASSERINE (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Mons (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Eupen-Malmedy (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

2d BATTALION, 32d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery B, 32d Field Artillery, an element of the 11th Division. Organized 5 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Demobilized 13 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 32d Field Artillery, an element of the 3d Division. (32d Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 3d Division; assigned 23 September 1932 to the 3d Division; relieved 1 October 1933 from assignment to the 3d Division.)

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 32d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, as an element of the 1st Division (later redesignated as the 1st Infantry Division).

Inactivated 15 February 1957 at Fort Riley, Kansas, and relieved from assignment to the 1st Infantry Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Battalion, 32d Artillery. Redesignated 2 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Missile Battalion, 32d Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 26 June 1958 at Fort Hood, Texas. Inactivated 1 March 1962 at Fort Hood, Texas. Redesignated 10 December 1962 as the 2d Battalion, 32d Artillery. Activated 4 January 1963 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 32d Field Artillery. Inactivated 31 July 1972 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Activated 16 August 1987 in Germany. Inactivated 15 December 1993 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
- *Tunisia
- *Sicily (with arrowhead)
- *Normandy (with arrowhead)
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Vietnam
- *Defense
- *Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase II
- *Counteroffensive, Phase III
- *Tet Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- *Counteroffensive, Phase V
- *Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- *Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- *Summer–Fall 1969
- *Winter–Spring 1970
- *Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- *Consolidation I
- *Consolidation II

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered EL GUETTAR (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 66, 1945)

*Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered CU CHI DISTRICT (2d Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 20, 1967, as amended by DA GO 43, 1967)

*Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered TAY NINH PROVINCE (2d Battalion, 32d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 5, 1985)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1965–1966 (2d Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 17, 1968)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (2d Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 36, 1970)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered KASSERINE (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, streamer embroidered NORMANDY (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Mons (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Eupen-Malmedy (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1965–1968 (2d Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 48, 1971)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1970 (2d Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 5, 1973)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1970–1971 (2d Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1972)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1971 (2d Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 54, 1974)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1965–1971 (2d Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 51, 1971)

Battery A additionally entitled to: Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered TAY NINH PROVINCE (Battery A, 2d Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 50, 1971), and Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered FISH HOOK (Batteries A and B, 2d Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1972)

Battery B additionally entitled to: Valorous Unit Award; Streamer embroidered FISH HOOK (Batteries A and B, 2d Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1972)

3d BATTALION, 32d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery C, 32d Field Artillery, an element of the 11th Division. Organized 5 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Demobilized 13 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 32d Field Artillery, an element of the 3d Division. (32d Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 3d Division; assigned 23 September 1932 to the 3d Division; relieved 1 October 1933 from assignment to the 3d Division.)

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery C, 32d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, as an element of the 1st Division (later redesignated as the 1st Infantry Division). Inactivated 15 February 1957 at Fort Riley, Kansas, and relieved from assignment to the 1st Infantry Division.

Redesignated 16 July 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Missile Battalion, 32d Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 August 1957 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 15 March 1965 as the 3d Battalion, 32d Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 32d Field Artillery. Inactivated 25 August 1972 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Activated 16 August 1987 in Germany. Inactivated 15 May 1992 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered EL GUETTAR (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 66, 1945)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered KASSERINE (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Mons (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Eupen-Malmedy (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

4th BATTALION, 32d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery D, 32d Field Artillery, an element of the 11th Division. Organized 5 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 32d Field Artillery, an element of the 3d Division. (32d Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 3d Division; assigned 23 September 1932 to the 3d Division; relieved 1 October 1933 from assignment to the 3d Division.)

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery A, 32d Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 32d Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 32d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, as an element of the 1st Division [later redesignated as the 1st Infantry Division].)

Former Battery D, 32d Field Artillery, reconstituted 15 February 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 32d Artillery. Redesignated 24 March 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 32d Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 April 1959 with Headquarters at Tulsa, Oklahoma. Inactivated 23 February 1963 at Tulsa, Oklahoma. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Howitzer Battalion, 32d Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 4th Battalion, 32d Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered EL GUETTAR (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 66, 1945)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered KASSERINE (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Mons (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Eupen-Malmedy (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

5th BATTALION, 32d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery E, 32d Field Artillery, an element of the 11th Division. Organized 5 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Demobilized 13 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery E, 32d Field Artillery, an element of the 3d Division. (32d Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 3d Division; assignment 23 September 1932 to the 3d Division; relieved 1 October 1933 from assignment to the 3d Division.)

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery B, 32d Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 32d Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 32d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, as an element of the 1st Division [later redesignated as the 1st Infantry Division].)

Former Battery E, 32d Field Artillery, reconstituted 15 February 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 32d Artillery. Redesignated 4 April 1960 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Howitzer Battalion, 32d Artillery, and assigned to the 1st Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 20 April 1960 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Redesignated 15 January 1964 as the 5th Battalion, 32d Artillery. Inactivated 19 March 1969 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Activated 15 April 1970 in Germany. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Battalion, 32d Field Artillery. Inactivated 21 May 1974 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered EL GUETTAR (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 66, 1945)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered KASSERINE (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Mons (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Eupen-Malmedy (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

6th BATTALION, 32d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(nondivisional)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery F, 32d Field Artillery, an element of the 11th Division. Organized 5 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Demobilized 13 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery F, 32d Field Artillery, an element of the 3d Division. (32d Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 3d Division; assigned 23 September 1932 to the 3d Division, relieved 1 October 1933 from assignment to the 3d Division.)

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery C, 32d Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery C, 32d Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery C, 32d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, as an element of the 1st Division [later redesignated as the 1st Infantry Division].)

Former Battery F, 32d Field Artillery, reconstituted 15 February 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 32d Artillery. Redesignated 8 August 1962 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Howitzer Battalion, 32d Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 10 September 1962 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Redesignated 24 March 1964 as the 6th Battalion, 32d Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 6th Battalion, 32d Field Artillery. Inactivated 31 July 1972 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Activated 16 August 1987 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Vietnam

*Counteroffensive, Phase II
*Counteroffensive, Phase III
*Tet Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase IV
*Counteroffensive, Phase V
*Counteroffensive, Phase VI
*Tet 69/Counteroffensive
*Summer–Fall 1969
*Winter–Spring 1970
*Sanctuary Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase VII
*Consolidation I

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered EL GUETTAR (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 66, 1945)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1968 (6th Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 67, 1968)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered KASSERINE (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Mons (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Eupen-Malmedy (32d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1971 (6th Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 54, 1974)

Battery C additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BINH THUAN PROVINCE (Battery C, 6th Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 2, 1973) and Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered TUY HOA (Battery C, 6th Battalion, 32d Artillery, cited; DA GO 25, 2001)

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"'Proud Americans' Restore 175-mm Gun Tube for Museum." *Field Artillery* (November-December 2001):33. Pertains to the 2d Battalion, 32d Field Artillery.

"The 'Proud Americans' Claim LANCE First." *Field Artillery Journal* 42 (November-December 1974):62. Pertains to the 1st Battalion, 32d Field Artillery.

Also see bibliography of the 1st Infantry Division in John B. Wilson, *Armies, Corps, Divisions, and Separate Brigades.* Army Lineage Series. Washington: Government Printing Office, 1999.

33d FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a lion dormant or armed azure.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, two arrowheads vert issuing palewise, another sable issuing likewise from within a crescent overall of the first and surmounted by a lion guardant of the like armed and langued of the second.

Motto: *Servabo Fidem* (I Will Keep Faith).

Symbolism: The colors red and yellow are associated with artillery. The lion, though depicted asleep, is said to sleep with its eyes open (though they appear to be shut) and is thus "ever on guard" and ready for any emergency and action.

The three arrowheads refer to the unit's assault landings in Algeria French Morocco, Sicily, and Normandy, the green arrowheads referring to two awards of the French Croix de Guerre for action at Kasserine Pass, Tunis, and the Normandy landing. The crescent alludes to Tunis and the lion to Normandy.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as the 33d Field Artillery and assigned to the 11th Division. Organized 5 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Demobilized 12 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as the 33d Field Artillery and assigned to the 6th Division. Relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 6th Division.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as the 33d Field Artillery Battalion, assigned to the 1st Division (later redesignated as the 1st Infantry Division), and activated at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont.

Relieved 15 February 1957 from assignment to the 1st Infantry Division; concurrently, reorganized and redesignated as the 33d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 33d Field Artillery. Withdrawn 28 February 1987 from the Combat

Arms Regimental System, reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System, and transferred to the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command. Withdrawn 15 August 1995 from the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
- Tunisia
- Sicily (with arrowhead)
- Normandy (with arrowhead)
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Vietnam
- Defense
- Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970

DECORATIONS

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1967 (2d Battalion, 33d Artillery, cited; DA GO 17, 1968)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968 (6th Battalion, 33d Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1969)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered KASSERINE (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Mons (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Eupen-Malmedy (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

1st BATTALION, 33d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(1st Infantry Division)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery A, 33d Field Artillery, an element of the 11th Division. Organized 5 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Demobilized 12 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 33d Field Artillery, an element of the 6th Division. (33d Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 6th Division.)

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 33d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, as an element of the 1st Division (later redesignated as the 1st Infantry Division). Inactivated 15 February 1957 at Fort Riley, Kansas, and relieved from assignment to the 1st Infantry Division.

Redesignated 1 July 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Missile Battalion, 33d Artillery, and activated in Germany (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 2 August 1965 as the 1st Battalion, 33d Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 33d Field Artillery. Inactivated 31 March 1974 in Germany. Headquarters transferred 28 February 1987 to the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command and activated at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 15 August 1995 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma; concurrently, withdrawn from the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 33d Field Artillery, redesignated 16 February 1996 as Battery A, 33d Field Artillery, assigned to the 1st Infantry Division, and activated in Germany. Reorganized and redesignated 16 September 1999 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 33d Field Artillery (organic elements concurrently activated).

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered KASSERINE (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Mons (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Eupen-Malmedy (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

2d BATTALION, 33d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery B, 33d Field Artillery, an element of the 11th Division. Organized 5 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Demobilized 12 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 33d Field Artillery, an element of the 6th Division. (33d Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 6th Division.)

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 33d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, as an element of the 1st Division (later redesignated as the 1st Infantry Division).

Inactivated 15 February 1957 at Fort Riley, Kansas, and relieved from assignment to the 1st Infantry Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Battalion, 33d Artillery. Redesignated 4 April 1960 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Howitzer Battalion, 33d Artillery, and assigned to the 1st Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 20 April 1960 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Redesignated 20 January 1964 as the 2d Battalion, 33d Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 33d Field Artillery. Inactivated 28 February 1983 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 1st Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
- *Tunisia
- *Sicily (with arrowhead)
- *Normandy (with arrowhead)
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Vietnam
- *Defense
- *Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase II
- *Counteroffensive, Phase III
- *Tet Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- *Counteroffensive, Phase V
- *Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- *Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- *Summer–Fall 1969
- *Winter–Spring 1970

DECORATIONS

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1967 (2d Battalion, 33d Artillery, cited; DA GO 17, 1968)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered KASSERINE (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Mons (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Eupen-Malmedy (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1965–1968 (2d Battalion, 33d Artillery, cited; DA GO 23, 1969)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1965–1970 (2d Battalion, 33d Artillery, cited; DA GO 53, 1970)

Headquarters Battery and Battery B each additionally entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1968 (Headquarters and Service Battery, 2d Battalion, 33d Artillery, cited; DA GO 73, 1968. Battery B, 2d Battalion, 33d Artillery, cited; DA GO 31, 1969)

Battery A additionally entitled to: Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered BO DUC PROVINCE (Battery A, 2d Battalion, 33d Artillery, cited; DA GO 1, 1969), and Meritorious Unit Commendation, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1968 (Battery A, 2d Battalion, 33d Artillery, cited; DA GO 31, 1969)

Battery C additionally entitled to: Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered AP BAU BANG (Battery C, 2d Battalion, 33d Artillery, cited; DA GO 20, 1967), and Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1968 (Battery C, 2d Battalion, 33d Artillery, cited; DA GO 31, 1969)

3d BATTALION, 33d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery C, 33d Field Artillery an element of the 11th Division. Organized 5 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Demobilized 12 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 33d Field Artillery, an element of the 6th Division. (33d Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 6th Division.)

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery C, 33d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, as an element of the 1st Division (later redesignated as the 1st Infantry Division).

Inactivated 15 February 1957 at Fort Riley, Kansas, and relieved from assignment to the 1st Infantry Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 33d Artillery. Redesignated 30 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Howitzer Battalion, 33d Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 June 1959 at Wilmington, Delaware. Inactivated (less Battery C) 28 February 1963 at Wilmington, Delaware. (Battery C inactivated 28 March 1963 at Fort Miles, Delaware.) Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Howitzer Battalion, 33d Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 3d Battalion, 33d Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered KASSERINE (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Mons (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Eupen-Malmedy (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

4th BATTALION, 33d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery D, 33d Field Artillery, an element of the 11th Division. Organized 5 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Demobilized 12 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 33d Field Artillery, an element of the 6th Division. (33d Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 6th Division.)

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery A, 33d Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 33d Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 33d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, as an element of the 1st Division [later redesignated as the 1st Infantry Division].)

Former Battery D, 33d Field Artillery, reconstituted 15 February 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 33d Artillery. Redesignated 30 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 33d Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 June 1959 with Headquarters at Baltimore, Maryland. Inactivated 30 December 1965 at Baltimore, Maryland. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Howitzer Battalion, 33d Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 4th Battalion, 33d Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered KASSERINE (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Mons (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Eupen-Malmedy (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

5th BATTALION, 33d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery E, 33d Field Artillery, an element of the 11th Division. Organized 5 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Demobilized 12 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery E, 33d Field Artillery, an element of the 5th Division. (33d Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 6th Division.)

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery B, 33d Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 33d Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 33d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, as an element of the 1st Division [later redesignated as the 1st Infantry Division].)

Former Battery E, 33d Field Artillery, reconstituted 15 February 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 33d Artillery. Redesignated 2 November 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Missile Battalion, 33d Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 26 March 1960 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 24 June 1961 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Missile Battalion, 33d Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 5th Battalion, 33d Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered KASSERINE (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Mons (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Eupen-Malmedy (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

6th BATTALION, 33d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery F, 33d Field Artillery, an element of the 11th Division. Organized 5 August 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Demobilized 12 December 1918 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery F, 33d Field Artillery, an element of the 6th Division. (33d Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 6th Division.)

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery C, 33d Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery C, 33d Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery C, 33d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, as an element of the 1st Division [later redesignated as the 1st Infantry Division].)

Former Battery F, 33d Field Artillery, reconstituted 15 February 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 33d Artillery. Activated 1 September 1967 at Fort Carson, Colorado (organic elements constituted 18 April 1967 and activated 1 September 1967). Battalion inactivated 28 February 1970 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 6th Battalion, 33d Field Artillery. Activated 21 November 1975 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 16 August 1987 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
- *Tunisia
- *Sicily (with arrowhead)
- *Normandy (with arrowhead)
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Vietnam
- *Tet Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- *Counteroffensive, Phase V
- *Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- *Summer–Fall 1969
- *Winter–Spring 1970

DECORATIONS

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968 (6th Battalion, 33d Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1969)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered KASSERINE (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Mons (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Eupen-Malmedy (33d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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34th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, in front of a truck wheel or a 155-mm. howitzer projectile of the first, that part on the field fimbriated of the second.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, between the horns of a crescent of the second fimbriated of the first a torch in pale sable enflamed proper, overall an estoile of seven rays of the first.

Motto: We Support.

Symbolism: The red shield and its charges indicate the character of the regiment. The flaming torch alludes to the unit's participation in Operation Torch in North Africa during World War II.

The crescent, adapted from the flag of Tunisia, alludes to the unit's completion in four days of a 777-mile motor march over mountainous terrain of that country, and the seven-pointed star denotes the unit's participation in seven campaigns in Europe and Africa.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as the 34th Field Artillery and assigned to the 12th Division. Organized 7 August 1918 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as the 34th Field Artillery and assigned to the 7th Division. Relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 7th Division. Assigned 1 October 1933 to the 9th Division (later redesignated as the 9th Infantry Division). Activated 1 August 1940 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as the 34th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 20 November 1946 in Germany. Activated 12 July 1948 at Fort Dix, New Jersey.

Relieved 1 December 1957 from assignment to the 9th Infantry Division; concurrently, reorganized and redesignated as the 34th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 34th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 October 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- Tunisia
- Sicily
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered THALA, TUNISIA (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 51, 1946)

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered MEKONG DELTA (3d Battalion, 34th Artillery, cited; DA GO 45, 1969)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action along the Meuse River (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

1st BATTALION, 34th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery A, 34th Field Artillery, an element of the 12th Division. Organized 7 August 1918 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 34th Field Artillery, an element of the 7th Division. (34th Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 7th Division; assigned 1 October 1933 to the 9th Division [later redesignated as the 9th Infantry Division].) Activated 1 August 1940 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 34th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 20 November 1946 in Germany. Activated 12 July 1948 at Fort Dix, New Jersey.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 December 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Field Artillery Battalion, 34th Artillery, an element of the 9th Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Battalion relieved 1 July 1958 from assignment to the 9th Infantry Division and assigned to the 24th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 April 1960 as the 1st Rocket Howitzer Battalion, 34th Artillery. Redesignated 1 February 1963 as the 1st Battalion, 34th Artillery. Inactivated 15 April 1970 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 24th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 34th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Tunisia
- *Sicily
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered THALA, TUNISIA (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 51, 1946)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action along the Meuse River (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

2d BATTALION, 34th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery B, 34th Field Artillery, an element of the 12th Division. Organized 7 August 1918 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 34th Field Artillery, an element of the 7th Division. (34th Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 7th Division; assigned 1 October 1933 to the 9th Division [later redesignated as the 9th Infantry Division].) Activated 1 August 1940 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 34th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 20 November 1946 in Germany. Activated 12 July 1948 at Fort Dix, New Jersey.

Inactivated 1 December 1957 at Fort Carson, Colorado, and relieved from assignment to the 9th Infantry Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Battalion, 34th Artillery. Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Howitzer Battalion, 34th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 in Germany. Redesignated 10 April 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 34th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 34th Field Artillery. Inactivated 1 September 1989 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Tunisia
- *Sicily
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered THALA, TUNISIA (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 51, 1946)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action along the Meuse River (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

3d BATTALION, 34th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery C, 34th Field Artillery, an element of the 12th Division. Organized 7 August 1918 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 34th Field Artillery, an element of the 7th Division. (34th Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 7th Division; assigned 1 October 1933 to the 9th Division [later redesignated as the 9th Infantry Division].) Activated 1 August 1940 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery C, 34th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 20 November 1946 in Germany. Activated 12 July 1948 at Fort Dix, New Jersey.

Inactivated 1 December 1957 at Fort Carson, Colorado, and relieved from assignment to the 9th Infantry Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 34th Artillery. Redesignated 20 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Rocket Howitzer Battalion, 34th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, allotted to the Army Reserve, and assigned to the 103d Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 18 May 1959 at Green Bay, Wisconsin. Inactivated 15 March 1963 at Green Bay, Wisconsin, and relieved from assignment to the 103d Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 February 1966 as the 3d Battalion, 34th Artillery, withdrawn from the Army Reserve, allotted to the Regular Army, assigned to the 9th Infantry Division, and activated at Fort Riley, Kansas. Inactivated 1 August 1969 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 34th Field Artillery. Activated 21 October 1972 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Inactivated 2 October 1986 at Fort Lewis, Washington, and relieved from assignment to the 9th Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Tunisia
- *Sicily
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Vietnam
- *Counteroffensive, Phase II
- *Counteroffensive, Phase III
- *Tet Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- *Counteroffensive, Phase V
- *Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- *Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- *Summer–Fall 1969

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered THALA, TUNISIA (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 51, 1946)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered MEKONG DELTA (3d Battalion, 34th Artillery, cited; DA GO 45, 1969)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action along the Meuse River (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1968 (3d Battalion, 34th Artillery, cited; DA GO 31, 1969)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1969 (3d Battalion, 34th Artillery, cited; DA GO 59, 1969)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1969 (3d Battalion, 34th Artillery, cited; DA GO 59, 1969)

4th BATTALION, 34th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery D, 34th Field Artillery, an element of the 12th Division. Organized 7 August 1918 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 34th Field Artillery, an element of the 7th Division. (34th Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 7th Division; assigned 1 October 1933 to the 9th Division [later redesignated as the 9th Infantry Division].) Activated 1 August 1940 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery D, 34th Field Artillery Battalion. Absorbed 29 October 1943 by Battery A, 34th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 34th Field Artillery Battalion, inactivated 20 November 1946 in Germany; activated 12 July 1948 at Fort Dix, New Jersey.)

Former Battery D, 34th Field Artillery Battalion, reconstituted 1 December 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 34th Artillery. Redesignated 11 May 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 34th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, allotted to the Army Reserve, and assigned to the 102d Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 June 1959 with Headquarters at Belleville, Illinois. Redesignated 26 March 1963 as the 4th Battalion, 34th Artillery. Inactivated 31 December 1965 at Belleville, Illinois, and relieved from assignment to the 102d Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 34th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Tunisia
- *Sicily
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered THALA, TUNISIA (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 51, 1946)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action along the Meuse River (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

5th BATTALION, 34th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery E, 34th Field Artillery, an element of the 12th Division. Organized 7 August 1918 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery E, 34th Field Artillery, an element of the 7th Division. (34th Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 7th Division; assigned 1 October 1933 to the 9th Division [later redesignated as the 9th Infantry Division].) Activated 1 August 1940 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery B, 34th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 34th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 34th Field Artillery Battalion; inactivated 20 November 1946 in Germany; activated 12 July 1948 at Fort Dix, New Jersey.)

Former Battery E, 34th Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 December 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 34th Artillery. Redesignated 29 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Howitzer Battalion, 34th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, allotted to the Army Reserve, and assigned to the 96th Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 June 1959 at Salt Lake City, Utah. Inactivated 15 April 1963 at Salt Lake City, Utah, and relieved from assignment to the 96th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Howitzer Battalion, 34th Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 5th Battalion, 34th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Tunisia
- *Sicily
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered THALA, TUNISIA (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 51, 1946)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action along the Meuse River (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (34th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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Also see bibliography of the 9th Infantry Division in John B. Wilson, *Armies, Corps, Divisions, and Separate Brigades.* Army Lineage Series. Washington: Government Printing Office, 1999.

35th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a bend or.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a demi lion rampant or armed and langued.

Motto: *En Avant Toujours* (Forward Always).

Symbolism: The shield is red with a diagonal band in gold, representative of field artillery and honorable service.

The crest denotes courage and willingness to defend the country.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and crest of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as the 35th Field Artillery and assigned to the 12th Division. Organized 9 August 1918 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Demobilized 8 February 1919 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as the 35th Field Artillery and assigned to the 8th Division. Relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 8th Division. Activated 10 February 1941 at Camp Blanding, Florida. Regiment broken up 1 March 1943 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 35th Field Artillery Group; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 976th and 977th Field Artillery Battalions, respectively.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 35th Field Artillery Group, inactivated 25 March 1946 in Germany. Activated 1 April 1951 in Germany. Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 35th Artillery Group. Inactivated 15 January 1971 in Germany.

976th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 6 March 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as the 517th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 20 May 1949 in Germany. Reorganized and redesignated 10 September 1951 as the 517th Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 4 April 1955 in Germany.

977th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 8 January 1946 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as the 519th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 20 May 1949 in Germany. Inactivated 25 June 1958 at Fort Lewis, Washington.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 35th Artillery Group; 517th Armored Field Artillery Battalion; and the 519th Field Artillery Battalion consolidated 15 January 1971 to form the 35th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 35th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 18 August 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

- Naples-Foggia
- Anzio
- Rome-Arno
- Southern France (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Vietnam

- Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970
- Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII

DECORATIONS

None.

1st BATTALION, 35th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery A, 35th Field Artillery, an element of the 12th Division. Organized 9 August 1918 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Demobilized 8 February 1919 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 35th Field Artillery, an element of the 8th Division. (35th Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Activated 10 February 1941 at Camp Blanding, Florida.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as Battery A, 976th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 6 March 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery A, 517th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 20 May 1949 in Germany. Reorganized and redesignated 10 September 1951 as Battery A, 517th Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 4 April 1955 in Germany.

Redesignated 24 April 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Howitzer Battalion, 35th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion assigned 1 April 1960 to the 24th Infantry Division and activated in Germany. Redesignated 1 February 1963 as the 1st Battalion, 35th Artillery. Inactivated 15 April 1970 in Germany. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 35th Field Artillery. Activated 21 June 1975 at Hunter Army Air Field, Georgia. Inactivated 16 August 1988 at Hunter Army Air Field, Georgia, and relieved from assignment to the 24th Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Naples-Foggia
- *Anzio
- *Rome-Arno
- *Southern France (with arrowhead)
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

2d BATTALION, 35th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery B, 35th Field Artillery, an element of the 12th Division. Organized 9 August 1918 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Demobilized 8 February 1919 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 35th Field Artillery, an element of the 8th Division. (35th Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Activated 10 February 1941 at Camp Blanding, Florida.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as Battery B, 976th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 6 March 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery B, 517th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 20 May 1949 in Germany. Reorganized and redesignated 10 September 1951 as Battery B, 517th Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 4 April 1955 in Germany.

Redesignated 2 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Howitzer Battalion, 35th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Redesignated 15 June 1968 as the 2d Battalion, 35th Artillery. Inactivated 31 May 1971 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 35th Field Artillery. Assigned 21 June 1977 to the 24th Infantry Division and activated at Fort Stewart, Georgia. Inactivated 16 August 1988 at Fort Stewart, Georgia, and relieved from assignment to the 24th Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Naples-Foggia
- *Anzio
- *Rome-Arno
- *Southern France (with arrowhead)
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Vietnam
- *Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase II
- *Counteroffensive, Phase III
- *Tet Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- *Counteroffensive, Phase V
- *Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- *Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- *Summer–Fall 1969
- *Winter–Spring 1970
- *Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase VII

DECORATIONS

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1971 (2d Battalion, 35th Artillery, cited; DA GO 54, 1974)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1971 (2d Battalion, 35th Artillery, cited; DA GO 51, 1971)

Battery A additionally entitled to: Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered BINH TUY PROVINCE (Battery A, 2d Battalion, 35th Artillery, cited; DA GO 50, 1971), and Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered FISH HOOK (Battery A, 2d Battalion, 35th Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1972)

Battery C additionally entitled to: Republic of Vietnam Gross of Gallantry with Palm; Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1968 (Battery C, 2d Howitzer Battalion, 35th Artillery, cited; DA GO 21, 1969, as amended by DA GO 38, 1970)

3d BATTALION, 35th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery C, 35th Field Artillery, an element of the 12th Division. Organized 9 August 1918 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Demobilized 8 February 1919 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 35th Field Artillery, an element of the 8th Division. (35th Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Activated 10 February 1941 at Camp Blanding, Florida.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as Battery C, 976th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 6 March 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery C, 517th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 20 May 1949 in Germany. Reorganized and redesignated 10 September 1951 as Battery C, 517th Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 4 April 1955 in Germany.

Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Howitzer Battalion, 35th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 in Germany. Redesignated 24 March 1964 as the 3d Battalion, 35th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 35th Field Artillery. Inactivated 15 April 1992 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Naples-Foggia
*Anzio
*Rome-Arno
*Southern France (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

4th BATTALION, 35th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery D, 35th Field Artillery, an element of the 12th Division. Organized 9 August 1918 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Demobilized 8 February 1919 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 35th Field Artillery, an element of the 8th Division. (35th Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Activated 10 February 1941 at Camp Blanding, Florida.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as Battery A, 977th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 8 January 1946 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery A, 519th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 20 May 1949 in Germany. Inactivated 25 June 1958 at Fort Lewis, Washington.

Redesignated 29 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 35th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, allotted to the Army Reserve, and assigned to the 96th Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 June 1959 with Headquarters at Billings, Montana. Relieved 15 March 1963 from assignment to the 96th Infantry Division. Redesignated 6 June 1966 as the 4th Battalion, 35th Artillery. Inactivated 29 February 1968 at Billings, Montana. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 35th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Naples-Foggia
*Anzio
*Rome-Arno
*Southern France (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

5th BATTALION, 35th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery E, 35th Field Artillery, an element of the 12th Division. Organized 9 August 1918 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Demobilized 8 February 1919 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery E, 35th Field Artillery, an element of the 8th Division. (35th Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Activated 10 February 1941 at Camp Blanding, Florida.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as Battery B, 977th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 8 January 1946 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery B, 519th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 20 May 1949 in Germany. Inactivated 25 June 1958 at Fort Lewis, Washington.

Redesignated 31 March 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Howitzer Battalion, 35th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, allotted to the Army Reserve, and assigned to the 63d Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 May 1959 with Headquarters at Pasadena, California. Inactivated 1 April 1963 at Pasadena, California, and relieved from assignment to the 63d Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Howitzer Battalion, 35th Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 5th Battalion, 35th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Naples-Foggia
*Anzio
*Rome-Arno
*Southern France (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

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Ott, David Ewing. *Field Artillery, 1954–1973.* Vietnam Studies. Washington: Government Printing Office, 1975. Contains information about the 2d Battalion, 35th Field Artillery.

35th Field Artillery, Camp Blanding, Florida, 1941. Baton Rouge: Army Navy Publishing Co., 1941.

35th Field Artillery Group, Germany, 1954. New York: Montgomery Enterprises, 1954.

"Units receive new M109A2 howitzer." *Field Artillery Journal* 48 (January-February 1980):40. Pertains to the 1st and 2d Battalions, 35th Field Artillery.

36th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per chevron gules and or.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, two sprays of long leaf Southern pine in saltire proper.

Motto: In Order.

Symbolism: The "per chevron" division of the shield signifies that the organization has been placed on the active list more than once.

The crest of a long leaf pine denotes the regiment's organization in Alabama in 1918 and in North Carolina in 1939.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as the 36th Field Artillery and assigned to the 12th Division. Organized 7 August 1918 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Demobilized 8 February 1919 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as the 36th Field Artillery and assigned to the 9th Division. Relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 9th Division. (2d Battalion activated 1 October 1933 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.) Activated (less 1st and 2d Battalions) 10 October 1939 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. (1st Battalion activated 6 November 1939 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.) Regiment broken up 5 March 1944 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 36th Field Artillery Group; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 36th and 633d Field Artillery Battalions, respectively.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 36th Field Artillery Group, inactivated 4 April 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Activated 1 April 1951 in Germany. Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 36th Artillery Group. Inactivated 30 April 1972 in Germany.

36th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 8 January 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Activated 1 October 1948 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Inactivated (less Battery A) 18 December 1950 at Fort Lewis, Washington. (Battery A inactivated 10 January 1951 at Fort Richardson, Alaska.) Activated 18 January 1952 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 25 June 1958 in Germany.

633d Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 8 September 1945 in Italy. Redesignated 1 September 1948 as the 546th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 15 September 1948 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 25 January 1949 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Activated 1 April 1951 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Inactivated 25 June 1958 in Germany.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 36th Artillery Group, and the 36th and 546th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated, reorganized, and redesignated 30 April 1972 as the 36th Field Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Withdrawn 16 May 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

Tunisia
Sicily
Naples-Foggia (with arrowhead)
Anzio (with arrowhead)
Rome-Arno
Southern France (with arrowhead)
North Apennines
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe
Po Valley

DECORATIONS

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered BELFORT and ALSACE (Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 36th Field Artillery Group, cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

1st BATTALION, 36th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery A, 36th Field Artillery, an element of the 12th Division. Organized 7 August 1918 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Demobilized 8 February 1919 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 36th Field Artillery, an element of the 9th Division. (36th Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 9th Division.) Activated 6 November 1939 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 5 March 1944 as Battery A, 36th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 8 January 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Activated 1 October 1948 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Inactivated 10 January 1951 at Fort Richardson, Alaska. Activated 18 January 1952 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Howitzer Battalion, 36th Artillery (organic elements constituted 1 June 1958 and activated 25 June 1958). Redesignated 24 March 1964 as the 1st Battalion, 36th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 36th Field Artillery. Inactivated 15 October 1991 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Tunisia
*Sicily
*Naples-Foggia (with arrowhead)
*Anzio (with arrowhead)
*Rome-Arno
*Southern France (with arrowhead)
North Apennines
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe
Po Valley

DECORATIONS

None.

2d BATTALION, 36th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery B, 36th Field Artillery, an element of the 12th Division. Organized 7 August 1918 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Demobilized 8 February 1919 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 36th Field Artillery, an element of the 9th Division. (36th Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 9th Division.) Activated 6 November 1939 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 5 March 1944 as Battery B, 36th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 8 January 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Activated 1 October 1948 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Inactivated 18 December 1950 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Activated 18 January 1952 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Howitzer Battalion, 36th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 24 July 1964 as the 2d Battalion, 36th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 36th Field Artillery. Inactivated 13 September 1972 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Activated 1 March 1976 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 15 October 1984 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Tunisia
*Sicily
*Naples-Foggia (with arrowhead)
*Anzio (with arrowhead)
*Rome-Arno
*Southern France (with arrowhead)
North Apennines
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe
Po Valley

DECORATIONS

None.

3d BATTALION, 36th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery C, 36th Field Artillery, an element of the 12th Division. Organized 7 August 1918 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Demobilized 8 February 1919 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 36th Field Artillery, an element of the 9th Division. (36th Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 9th Division.) Activated 1 October 1933 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 5 March 1944 as Battery C, 36th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 8 January 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Activated 1 October 1948 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Inactivated 18 December 1950 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Activated 18 January 1952 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 25 June 1958 in Germany.

Redesignated 30 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Howitzer Battalion, 36th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 June 1959 at Hampton, Virginia. Inactivated 31 January 1968 at Hampton, Virginia. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Howitzer Battalion, 36th Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 3d Battalion, 36th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Naples-Foggia (with arrowhead)
*Anzio (with arrowhead)
*Rome-Arno
*Southern France (with arrowhead)
North Apennines
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe
Po Valley

DECORATIONS

None.

4th BATTALION, 36th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery D, 36th Field Artillery, an element of the 12th Division. Organized 7 August 1918 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Demobilized 8 February 1919 at Camp McClellan, Alabama. Reconstituted 22 July 1929 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 36th Field Artillery, an element of the 9th Division. (36th Field Artillery relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 9th Division.) Activated 1 October 1933 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 5 March 1944 as Battery A, 633d Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 8 September 1945 in Italy. Redesignated 1 September 1948 as Battery A, 546th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 15 September 1948 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 25 January 1949 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Activated 1 April 1951 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Inactivated 25 June 1958 in Germany.

Redesignated 30 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 36th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 June 1959 with Headquarters at Akron, Ohio. Redesignated 1 December 1963 as the 4th Battalion, 36th Artillery. Inactivated 31 January 1968 at Akron, Ohio. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 36th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Naples-Foggia (with arrowhead)
Anzio (with arrowhead)
*Rome-Arno
Southern France (with arrowhead)
*North Apennines
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe
*Po Valley

DECORATIONS

*French Croix de Guerre with Silver-Gilt Star, World War II, Streamer embroidered ROME-ARNO (633d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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36th Field Artillery Group, Germany, 1954. New York: Montgomery Enterprises, ca. 1954.

"When the Going Gets Tough." *Field Artillery Journal* 54 (September-October 1986):44. Pertains to the 1st Battalion, 36th Field Artillery.

Zulick, Lin B. "A Light-Heavy TACFIRE Experience—Centurion Shield 90." *Field Artillery* (February 1991):16–19. Pertains to the 1st Battalion, 36th Field Artillery.

37th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per bend or and gules two bendlets wavy azure (celestial) and of the first between lion rampant of the second and a dolphin counter-embowed of the first.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a mountain with five peaks azure (celestial) bearing a bezant charged with a roundel barry wavy of six of the first and second surmounted by a sword-breaker palewise of the first.

Motto: On the Minute.

Symbolism: Scarlet is used for artillery. The lion, taken from the arms of Belgium, refers to the unit's actions in the Ardennes-Alsace campaign and at Elsenborn for which it was cited by the Belgian Army. The two wavy bands, representing the Rhine and Naktong rivers, stand for the unit's combat service in the Rhineland and in Korea. The five waves of the blue band refer to its participation in five World War II campaigns. The dolphin stands for Korea, which is bounded on three sides by the sea. It refers particularly to the unit's participation in breaking through the Pusan perimeter after retreating nearly to the sea.

The crest commemorates the action of the unit at Hongchon, Korea, for which it was cited for extraordinary heroism in helping to suppress the Chinese Communist forces in their offensive of May 1951. The roundel with yellow and red wavy bands represents the human tide of the Chinese assault. The sword-breaker, a medieval weapon, refers to the destruction of enemy military power at Hongchon. The mountain represents Korea's mountainous terrain. The five peaks allude to the five unit decorations awarded the organization for service in the Korean conflict.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as the 37th Field Artillery and assigned to the 13th Division. Organized 17 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 11 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as the 37th Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as the 37th Field Artillery Battalion; concurrently, assigned to the 2d Division (later redesignated as the 2d Infantry Division) and activated at Fort Sam Houston, Texas. Reorganized and redesignated 20 February 1956 as the 37th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.

Relieved 20 June 1957 from assignment to the 2d Infantry Division; concurrently, reorganized and redesignated as the 37th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 37th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 February 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Korean War
- UN Defensive
- UN Offensive
- CCF Intervention
- First UN Counteroffensive
- CCF Spring Offensive
- UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered TAEGU (37th Field Artillery Battalion [less Battery A] cited; DA GO 49, 1951)

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHIPYONG-NI (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 49, 1951)

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered HONGCHON (2d Infantry Division cited; DA GO 72, 1951)

Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1999–2000 (1st Battalion, 37th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 29, 2001)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action on Elsenborn Crest (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered NAKTONG RIVER LINE (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 10, 1954)

1st BATTALION, 37th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(2d Infantry Division)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery A, 37th Field Artillery, an element of the 13th Division. Organized 17 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 11 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 37th Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 37th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, as an element of the 2d Division (later redesignated as the 2d Infantry Division). Reorganized and redesignated 20 February 1956 as Battery A, 37th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.

Reorganized and redesignated 20 June 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Howitzer Battalion, 37th Artillery, and relieved from assignment to the 2d Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Howitzer Battalion, 37th Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 16 December 1957 as Battery A, 37th Artillery (remainder of battalion concurrently inactivated). Reorganized and redesignated 1 June 1960 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Howitzer Battalion, 37th Artillery (organic elements concurrently activated). Battalion assigned 20 May 1963 to the 172d Infantry Brigade. Redesignated 1 July 1963 as the 1st Battalion, 37th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 37th Field Artillery. Relieved 15 April 1986 from assignment to the 172d Infantry Brigade and assigned to the 6th Infantry Division. Inactivated 2 October 1986 at Fort Richardson, Alaska, and relieved from assignment to the 6th Infantry Division. Assigned 16 April 1995 to the 2d Infantry Division and activated at Fort Lewis, Washington.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered TAEGU

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHIPYONG-NI (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 49, 1951)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered HONGCHON (2d Infantry Division cited; DA GO 72, 1951)

*Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1999–2000 (1st Battalion, 37th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 29, 2001)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action on Elsenborn Crest (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered NAKTONG RIVER LINE (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 10, 1954)

2d BATTALION, 37th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery B, 37th Field Artillery, an element of the 13th Division. Organized 17 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 11 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 37th Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 37th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, as an element of the 2d Division (later redesignated as the 2d Infantry Division). Reorganized and redesignated 20 February 1956 as Battery B, 37th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.

Inactivated 20 June 1957 at Fort Richardson, Alaska, and relieved from assignment to the 2d Infantry Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Howitzer Battalion, 37th Artillery. Activated 25 June 1958 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma (organic elements constituted 10 June 1958 and activated 25 June 1958). Redesignated 1 April 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 37th Artillery. Inactivated 16 July 1988 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered TAEGU (37th Field Artillery Battalion [less Battery A] cited; DA GO 49, 1951)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHIPYONG-NI (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 49, 1951)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered HONGCHON (2d Infantry Division cited; DA GO 72, 1951)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action on Elsenborn Crest (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered NAKTONG RIVER LINE (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 10, 1954)

3d BATTALION, 37th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery C, 37th Field Artillery, an element of the 13th Division. Organized 17 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 11 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 37th Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery C, 37th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, as an element of the 2d Division (later redesignated as the 2d Infantry Division). Reorganized and redesignated 20 February 1956 as Battery C, 37th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.

Inactivated 20 June 1957 at Fort Richardson, Alaska, and relieved from assignment to the 2d Infantry Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 37th Artillery. Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Howitzer Battalion, 37th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 in Europe. Redesignated 24 March 1964 as the 3d Battalion, 37th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 37th Field Artillery. Inactivated 16 July 1988 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered TAEGU (37th Field Artillery Battalion [less Battery A] cited; DA GO 49, 1951)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHIPYONG-NI (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 49, 1951)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered HONGCHON (2d Infantry Division cited; DA GO 72, 1951)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action on Elsenborn Crest (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered NAKTONG RIVER LINE (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 10, 1954)

4th BATTALION, 37th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery D, 37th Field Artillery, an element of the 13th Division. Organized 17 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 11 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 37th Field Artillery.

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery A, 37th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 37th Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 37th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, as an element of the 2d Division [later redesignated as the 2d Infantry Division]; reorganized and redesignated 20 February 1956 as Battery A, 37th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.)

Former Battery D, 37th Field Artillery, reconstituted 20 June 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 37th Artillery. Redesignated 30 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 37th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 June 1959 at Clarksburg, West Virginia. Redesignated 1 December 1963 as the 4th Battalion, 37th Artillery. Inactivated 31 January 1968 at Clarksburg, West Virginia. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 37th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered TAEGU

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHIPYONG-NI (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 49, 1951)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered HONGCHON (2d Infantry Division cited; DA GO 72, 1951)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action on Elsenborn Crest (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered NAKTONG RIVER LINE (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 10, 1954)

5th BATTALION, 37th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery E, 37th Field Artillery, an element of the 13th Division. Organized 17 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 11 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington.

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery E, 37th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 37th Field Artillery, redesignated I October 1940 as Battery B, 37th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, as an element of the 2d Division [later redesignated as the 2d Infantry Division]; reorganized and redesignated 20 February 1956 as Battery B, 37th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.)

Former Battery E, 37th Field Artillery, reconstituted 20 June 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 37th Artillery. Redesignated 17 March 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Howitzer Battalion, 37th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, allotted to the Army Reserve, and assigned to the 79th Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 6 April 1959 at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Inactivated 28 February 1963 at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and relieved from assignment to the 79th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Howitzer Battalion, 37th Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 5th Battalion, 37th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered TAEGU (37th Field Artillery Battalion [less Battery A] cited; DA GO 49, 1951)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHIPYONG-NI (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 49, 1951)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered HONGCHON (2d Infantry Division cited; DA GO 72, 1951)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action on Elsenborn Crest (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered NAKTONG RIVER LINE (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 10, 1954)

6th BATTALION, 37th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(2d Infantry Division)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery F, 37th Field Artillery, an element of the 13th Division. Organized 17 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 11 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery F, 37th Field Artillery.

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery C, 37th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery C, 37th Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery C, 37th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, as an element of the 2d Division [later redesignated as the 2d Infantry Division]; reorganized and redesignated 20 February 1956 as Battery C, 37th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.)

Former Battery F, 37th Field Artillery, reconstituted 20 June 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 37th Artillery. Redesignated 31 March 1960 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Howitzer Battalion, 37th Artillery, and assigned to the 2d Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 2 May 1960 at Fort Benning, Georgia. Redesignated 20 February 1963 as the 6th Battalion, 37th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 6th Battalion, 37th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered TAEGU (37th Field Artillery Battalion [less Battery A] cited; DA GO 49, 1951)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHIPYONG-NI (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 49, 1951)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered HONGCHON (2d Infantry Division cited; DA GO 72, 1951)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action on Elsenborn Crest (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered NAKTONG RIVER LINE (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (37th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 10, 1954)

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Hayeland, Rick. "Arctic Artillery." *Field Artillery Journal* 46 (May-June 1978):72–75. Pertains to Battery C, 1st Battalion, 37th Field Artillery.

Hermes, Walter G. *Truce Tent and Fighting Front.* United States Army in the Korean War. Washington: Government Printing Office, 1966.

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38th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, three pallets accosted by eight shells or.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, the peak of Mount Rainier proper charged with a mullet gules.

Motto: Steel Behind the Rock.

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The three pallets and shells indicate the numerical designation and character of the organization.

The peak of Mount Rainier and the lone star appearing on the crest refer to the locations where the organization was organized and reactivated.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield, crest, and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as the 38th Field Artillery and assigned to the 13th Division. Organized 17 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 10 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as the 38th Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as the 38th Field Artillery Battalion, assigned to the 2d Division (later redesignated as the 2d Infantry Division), and activated at Fort Sam Houston, Texas. Inactivated 4 March 1958 at Fort Lewis, Washington, and relieved from assignment to the 2d Infantry Division.

Reorganized and redesignated 31 March 1958 as the 38th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 38th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 June 1993 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Korean War
- UN Defensive
- UN Offensive
- CCF Intervention
- First UN Counteroffensive
- CCF Spring Offensive
- UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered HONGCHON (2d Infantry Division cited; DA GO 72, 1951)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action on Elsenborn Crest (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered NAKTONG RIVER LINE (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 10, 1954)

1st BATTALION, 38th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(2d Infantry Division)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery A, 38th Field Artillery, an element of the 13th Division. Organized 17 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 10 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 38th Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 38th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, as an element of the 2d Division (later redesignated as the 2d Infantry Division). Inactivated 4 March 1958 at Fort Lewis, Washington, and relieved from assignment to the 2d Infantry Division

Redesignated 31 March 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 38th Artillery. Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Missile Battalion, 38th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 in Germany. Inactivated 20 March 1963 in Germany. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Missile Battalion, 38th Field Artillery. Redesignated 13 September 1972 as the 1st Battalion, 38th Field Artillery, assigned to the 2d Infantry Division, and activated in Korea. Inactivated 1 October 1983 in Korea. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 38th Field Artillery, redesignated 16 June 1993 as Battery A, 38th Field Artillery, and activated in Korea. Reorganized and redesignated 16 October 2001 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 38th Field Artillery (organic elements concurrently activated).

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered HONGCHON (2d Infantry Division cited; DA GO 72, 1951)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action on Elsenborn Crest (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered NAKTONG RIVER LINE (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 10, 1954)

2d BATTALION, 38th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery B, 38th Field Artillery, an element of the 13th Division. Organized 17 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 10 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 38th Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 38th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, as an element of the 2d Division (later redesignated as the 2d Infantry Division). Inactivated 4 March 1958 at Fort Lewis, Washington, and relieved from assignment to the 2d Infantry Division.

Redesignated 31 March 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Battalion, 38th Artillery. Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Gun Battalion, 38th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 in Germany. Inactivated 20 December 1963 in Germany. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Gun Battalion, 38th Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 2d Battalion, 38th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered HONGCHON (2d Infantry Division cited; DA GO 72, 1951)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action on Elsenborn Crest (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered NAKTONG RIVER LINE (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 10, 1954)

3d BATTALION, 38th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery C, 38th Field Artillery, an element of the 13th Division. Organized 17 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 10 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 38th Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery C, 38th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, as an element of the 2d Division (later redesignated as the 2d Infantry Division). Inactivated 4 March 1958 at Fort Lewis, Washington, and relieved from assignment to the 2d Infantry Division.

Redesignated 31 March 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Gun Battalion, 38th Artillery. Activated 25 June 1958 in Korea (organic elements constituted 24 April 1958 and activated 25 June 1958). Battalion inactivated 24 December 1960 in Korea. Redesignated 22 December 1961 as the 3d Missile Battalion, 38th Artillery. Activated 6 February 1962 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 25 March 1963 as the 3d Battalion, 38th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 38th Field Artillery. Inactivated 30 September 1974 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered HONGCHON (2d Infantry Division cited; DA GO 72, 1951)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action on Elsenborn Crest (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered NAKTONG RIVER LINE (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 10, 1954)

4th BATTALION, 38th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery D, 38th Field Artillery, an element of the 13th Division. Organized 17 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 10 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 38th Field Artillery.

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery A, 38th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 38th Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 38th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, as an element of the 2d Division [later redesignated as the 2d Infantry Division]; inactivated 4 March 1958 at Fort Lewis, Washington, and relieved from assignment to the 2d Infantry Division.)

Former Battery D, 38th Field Artillery, reconstituted 31 March 1958 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 38th Artillery. Redesignated 13 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 38th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 May 1959 with Headquarters at Saginaw, Michigan. (Location of Headquarters changed 1 April 1960 to Bay City, Michigan.) Redesignated 1 August 1963 as the 4th Battalion, 38th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 38th Field Artillery. (Location of Headquarters changed 8 January 1990 to Saginaw, Michigan.) Inactivated 15 October 1993 at Saginaw, Michigan.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered HONGCHON (2d Infantry Division cited; DA GO 72, 1951)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action on Elsenborn Crest (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered NAKTONG RIVER LINE (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 10, 1954)

5th BATTALION, 38th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery E, 38th Field Artillery, an element of the 13th Division. Organized 17 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 10 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery E, 38th Field Artillery.

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery B, 38th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 38th Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 38th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, as an element of the 2d Division [later redesignated as the 2d Infantry Division]; inactivated 4 March 1958 at Fort Lewis, Washington, and relieved from assignment to the 2d Infantry Division.)

Former Battery E, 38th Field Artillery, reconstituted 31 March 1958 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 38th Artillery. Redesignated 31 March 1960 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Howitzer Battalion, 38th Artillery, and assigned to the 2d Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 2 May 1960 at Fort Benning, Georgia. Redesignated 25 June 1963 as the 5th Battalion, 38th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Battalion, 38th Field Artillery. Inactivated 13 September 1972 in Korea and relieved from assignment to the 2d Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered HONGCHON (2d Infantry Division cited; DA GO 72, 1951)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action on Elsenborn Crest (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered NAKTONG RIVER LINE (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (38th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 10, 1954)

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39th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, issuing from base a phoenix or rising from flames proper.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, in front of a cloud argent an isosceles triangle sable and a war mace palewise the staff counterchanged and the head with six spikes azure charged with a crescent of the first all surmounted in base by four arrowheads in pile conjoined at the point gold.

Motto: *Celeritas in Conficiendo* (Speed in Action).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The fabulous bird, the phoenix, symbolizes the reactivation and restoration of the organization.

The war mace, from the arms of Colmar in northern France, commemorates the organization's most distinguished war service. The head of the mace is blue in reference to the color of the Presidential Unit Citation streamer awarded for that action. The six spikes of the mace stand for the organization's six unit decorations. The crescent alludes to the location of the unit's first service under fire—Algeria–French Morocco. The four arrowheads are for four assault landings. The cloud and the radiating arrowheads simulate a burst of artillery fire. The black triangle represents the armament area in North Korea known as the "Iron Triangle" during the Korean War. It commemorates the organization's action in that locality.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as the 39th Field Artillery and assigned to the 13th Division. Organized 9 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 26 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as the 39th Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as the 39th Field Artillery Battalion, assigned to the 3d Division (later redesignated as the 3d Infantry Division), and activated at Fort Lewis, Washington.

Relieved 1 July 1957 from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division; concurrently, reorganized and redesignated as the 39th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 39th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 August 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
- Tunisia
- Sicily (with arrowhead)
- Naples-Foggia
- Anzio (with arrowhead)
- Rome-Arno
- Southern France (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Korean War
- CCF Intervention
- First UN Counteroffensive
- CCF Spring Offensive
- UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

Vietnam
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970
- Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- Consolidation I
- Consolidation II

Southwest Asia
- Defense of Saudi Arabia
- Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered COLMAR (3d Infantry Division cited; WD GO 44, 1945)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COLMAR (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Chryssoun Aristion Andrias (Bravery Gold Medal of Greece), Streamer embroidered KOREA (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 2, 1956)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered UIJONGBU CORRIDOR (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 20, 1953)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered IRON TRIANGLE (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 29, 1954)

1st BATTALION, 39th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(3d Infantry Division)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery A, 39th Field Artillery, an element of the 13th Division. Organized 9 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 26 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 39th Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 39th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Lewis, Washington, as an element of the 3d Division (later redesignated as the 3d Infantry Division).

Inactivated 1 July 1957 at Fort Benning, Georgia, and relieved from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 39th Artillery. Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Missile Battalion, 39th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 in Germany. Inactivated 15 April 1964 in Germany. Redesignated 10 October 1969 as the 1st Battalion, 39th Artillery, and activated in Vietnam. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 39th Field Artillery. Inactivated 15 January 1996 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 39th Field Artillery, redesignated 16 February 1996 as Battery A, 39th Field Artillery, assigned to the 3d Infantry Division, and activated at Fort Stewart, Georgia. Reorganized and redesignated 16 September 2000 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 39th Field Artillery (organic elements concurrently activated).

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
- *Tunisia
- *Sicily (with arrowhead)
- *Naples-Foggia
- *Anzio (with arrowhead)
- *Rome-Arno
- *Southern France (with arrowhead)
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Korean War
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953
- *Cease-Fire

Vietnam
- *Summer–Fall 1969
- *Winter–Spring 1970
- *Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- *Consolidation I
- *Consolidation II

Southwest Asia
- *Defense of Saudi Arabia
- *Liberation and Defense of Kuwait

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered COLMAR (3d Infantry Division cited; WD GO 44, 1945)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COLMAR (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Chryssoun Aristion Andrias (Bravery Gold Medal of Greece), Streamer embroidered KOREA (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 2, 1956)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered UNIJONGBU CORRIDOR (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 20, 1953)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered IRON TRIANGLE (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 29, 1954)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1971 (1st Battalion, 39th Artillery, cited; DA GO 6, 1974)

Headquarters Battery additionally entitled to: Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered QUANG TRI PROVINCE (Headquarters and Service Battery, 1st Battalion, 39th Artillery, cited; DA GO 2, 1971)

Battery A additionally entitled to: Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 2001 (Battery A, 1st Battalion, 39th Field Artillery, cited; Memorandum, AHRC-PDO-PA [ALO] (600-8-22) for Director, U.S. Army Center of Military History, ATTN: DAMH-PDO, 24 October 2006)

2d BATTALION, 39th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery B, 39th Field Artillery, an element of the 13th Division. Organized 9 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 26 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 39th Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 39th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Lewis, Washington, as an element of the 3d Division (later redesignated as the 3d Infantry Division).

Inactivated 1 July 1957 at Fort Benning, Georgia, and relieved from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Battalion, 39th Artillery. Redesignated 2 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Gun Battalion, 39th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 25 September 1958 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 1 April 1960 as the 2d Howitzer Battalion, 39th Artillery, assigned to the 3d Infantry Division, and activated in Germany. Redesignated 3 June 1963 as the 2d Battalion, 39th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 39th Field Artillery. Inactivated 16 August 1988 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Naples-Foggia
*Anzio (with arrowhead)
*Rome-Arno
*Southern France (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Korean War

*CCF Intervention
*First UN Counteroffensive
*CCF Spring Offensive
*UN Summer–Fall Offensive
*Second Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
*Third Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered COLMAR (3d Infantry Division cited; WD GO 44, 1945)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COLMAR (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Chryssoun Aristion Andrias (Bravery Gold Medal of Greece), Streamer embroidered KOREA (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 2, 1956)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered UIJONGBU CORRIDOR (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 20, 1953)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered IRON TRIANGLE (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 29, 1954)

3d BATTALION, 39th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery C, 39th Field Artillery, an element of the 13th Division. Organized 9 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 26 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 39th Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery C, 39th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Lewis, Washington, as an element of the 3d Division (later redesignated as the 3d Infantry Division).

Inactivated 1 July 1957 at Fort Benning, Georgia, and relieved from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 39th Artillery. Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Gun Battalion, 39th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 in Germany. Inactivated 20 December 1963 in Germany. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Gun Battalion, 39th Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 3d Battalion, 39th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
- *Tunisia
- *Sicily (with arrowhead)
- *Naples-Foggia
- *Anzio (with arrowhead)
- *Rome-Arno
- *Southern France (with arrowhead)
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Korean War
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered COLMAR (3d Infantry Division cited; WD GO 44, 1945)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COLMAR (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Chryssoun Aristion Andrias (Bravery Gold Medal of Greece), Streamer embroidered KOREA (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 2, 1956)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered UIJONGBU CORRIDOR (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 20, 1953)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered IRON TRIANGLE (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 29, 1954)

4th BATTALION, 39th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery D, 39th Field Artillery, an element of the 13th Division. Organized 9 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 26 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 39th Field Artillery.

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery A, 39th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 39th Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 39th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Lewis, Washington, as an element of the 3d Division [later redesignated as the 3d Infantry Division].)

Former Battery D, 39th Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 July 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 39th Artillery. Redesignated 24 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 39th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 September 1959 with Headquarters at Pontiac, Michigan. Inactivated 31 December 1965 at Pontiac, Michigan. Redesignated 10 January 1967 as the 4th Battalion, 39th Artillery, withdrawn from the Army Reserve, and allotted to the Regular Army. Activated 25 March 1967 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 39th Field Artillery. Inactivated 13 September 1972 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
- *Tunisia
- *Sicily (with arrowhead)
- *Naples-Foggia
- *Anzio (with arrowhead)
- *Rome-Arno
- *Southern France (with arrowhead)
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Korean War
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered COLMAR (3d Infantry Division cited; WD GO 44, 1945)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COLMAR (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Chryssoun Aristion Andrias (Bravery Gold Medal of Greece), Streamer embroidered KOREA (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 2, 1956)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered UIJONGBU CORRIDOR (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 20, 1953)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered IRON TRIANGLE (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 29, 1954)

5th BATTALION, 39th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery E, 39th Field Artillery, an element of the 13th Division. Organized 9 August 1918 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Demobilized 26 February 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery E, 39th Field Artillery.

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery B, 39th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 39th Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 39th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Lewis, Washington, as an element of the 3d Division [later redesignated as the 3d Infantry Division].)

Former Battery E, 39th Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 July 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 39th Artillery. Redesignated 2 November 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Missile Battalion, 39th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 20 February 1960 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 25 October 1963 in Germany. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Missile Battalion, 39th Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 5th Battalion, 39th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Naples-Foggia
*Anzio (with arrowhead)
*Rome-Arno
*Southern France (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Korean War

*CCF Intervention
*First UN Counteroffensive
*CCF Spring Offensive
*UN Summer–Fall Offensive
*Second Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
*Third Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered COLMAR (3d Infantry Division cited; WD GO 44, 1945)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COLMAR (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Chryssoun Aristion Andrias (Bravery Gold Medal of Greece), Streamer embroidered KOREA (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 2, 1956)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered UIJONGBU CORRIDOR (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 20, 1953)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered IRON TRIANGLE (39th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 2, 1956)

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Also see bibliography of the 3d Infantry Division in John B. Wilson, *Armies, Corps, Divisions, and Separate Brigades.* Army Lineage Series. Washington: Government Printing Office, 1999.

40th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a dexter arm embowed in armor, the upper part in fess grasping a Lochaber axe fesswise or.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, in front of a mound vert a fleur-de-lis azure within a chain of five broken links forming an oval opened at the top of the first.

Motto: All for One.

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The arm in striking position signifies the readiness of the organization.

The five broken chain links symbolize the unit's five World War II battle honors. The fleur-de-lis refers to the area of Europe where it fought in World War II. The color green alludes to hope and liberation.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as the 40th Field Artillery and assigned to the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as the 40th Field Artillery. Activated 4 June 1941 at Camp Roberts, California. Regiment broken up 1 March 1943 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 40th Field Artillery Group; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 974th and 975th Field Artillery Battalions, respectively.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 40th Field Artillery Group, inactivated 15 March 1946 in Germany. Activated 26 April 1951 at Camp Carson, Colorado. Redesignated 9 September 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 40th Field Artillery Missile Group. Redesignated 20 July 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 40th Artillery Group. Inactivated 16 September 1962 in Germany.

974th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 10 January 1946 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as the 509th Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 25 June 1958 as the 509th Armored Field Artillery

Battalion and assigned to the 3d Armored Division. Activated 30 July 1948 at Fort Knox, Kentucky. Inactivated 1 October 1957 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 3d Armored Division.

975th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 13 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as the 510th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 1 February 1949 in Austria. Redesignated 20 August 1956 as the 510th Field Artillery Rocket Battalion. Inactivated 1 June 1958 in Italy.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 40th Artillery Group; 509th Armored Field Artillery Battalion; and the 510th Field Artillery Rocket Battalion consolidated 16 September 1962 to form the 40th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 40th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 September 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Transferred 15 January 1996 to the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970
- Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII

Southwest Asia
- Defense of Saudi Arabia
- Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Navy), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1967 (1st Battalion, 40th Artillery, cited; DA GO 32, 1973)

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered SAIGON-LONG BINH (2d Battalion, 40th Artillery, cited; DA GO 48, 1968)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1968 (1st Battalion, 40th Artillery, cited; DA GO 73, 1968. 2d Battalion, 40th Artillery, cited; DA GO 5, 1969)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (1st Battalion, 40th Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1970)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (Battery A, 40th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 14, 1997)

1st BATTALION, 40th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(TRADOC)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery A, 40th Field Artillery, an element of the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 40th Field Artillery. Activated 4 June 1941 at Camp Roberts, California.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as Battery A, 974th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 10 January 1946 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery A, 509th Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 25 June 1948 as Battery A, 509th Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 30 July 1948 at Fort Knox, Kentucky, as an element of the 3d Armored Division. Inactivated 1 October 1957 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 3d Armored Division.

Redesignated 2 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Missile Battalion, 40th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 at Fort Bliss, Texas. Inactivated 24 April 1963 at Fort Bliss, Texas. Redesignated 6 January 1966 as the 1st Howitzer Battalion, 40th Artillery. Activated 21 February 1966 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 15 August 1966 as the 1st Battalion, 40th Artillery. Inactivated 20 November 1969 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 40th Field Artillery. Assigned 13 September 1972 to the 3d Armored Division and activated in Germany. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 40th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 16 September 1987 as Battery A, 40th Field Artillery, and remained assigned to the 3d Armored Division (remainder of battalion concurrently inactivated). Battery A, 40th Field Artillery, inactivated 15 January 1992 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 3d Armored Division. Redesignated 15 January 1996 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 40th Field Artillery; Headquarters concurrently transferred to the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command and activated at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Vietnam
*Counteroffensive, Phase II
*Counteroffensive, Phase III
*Tet Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase IV
*Counteroffensive, Phase V
*Counteroffensive, Phase VI
*Tet 69/Counteroffensive
*Summer–Fall 1969
*Winter–Spring 1970

Southwest Asia
*Defense of Saudi Arabia
*Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
*Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Navy), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1967 (1st Battalion, 40th Artillery, cited; DA GO 32, 1973)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1968 (1st Battalion, 40th Artillery, cited; DA GO 73, 1968)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (1st Battalion, 40th Artillery, cited; DA GO 39, 1970)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (Battery A, 40th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 14, 1997)

2d BATTALION, 40th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery B, 40th Field Artillery, an element of the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 40th Field Artillery. Activated 4 June 1941 at Camp Roberts, California.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as Battery B, 974th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 10 January 1946 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery B, 509th Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 25 June 1948 as Battery B, 509th Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 30 July 1948 at Fort Knox, Kentucky, as an element of the 3d Armored Division. Inactivated 1 October 1957 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 3d Armored Division.

Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Missile Battalion, 40th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 in Germany. Inactivated 15 December 1963 in Germany. Redesignated 23 March 1966 as the 2d Battalion, 40th Artillery, and assigned to the 199th Infantry Brigade. Activated 1 June 1966 at Fort Benning, Georgia. Inactivated 15 October 1970 at Fort Benning, Georgia, and relieved from assignment to the 199th Infantry Brigade. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 40th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Vietnam
- *Counteroffensive, Phase II
- *Counteroffensive, Phase III
- *Tet Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- *Counteroffensive, Phase V
- *Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- *Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- *Summer–Fall 1969
- *Winter–Spring 1970
- *Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase VII

DECORATIONS

*Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered SAIGON–LONG BINH (2d Battalion, 40th Artillery, cited; DA GO 48, 1968)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1968 (2d Battalion, 40th Artillery, cited; DA GO 5, 1969)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968 (2d Battalion, 40th Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1970)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1970 (2d Battalion, 40th Artillery, cited; DA GO 51, 1971)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1970 (2d Battalion, 40th Artillery, cited; DA GO 51, 1971)

Batteries A and D each additionally entitled to: Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered FISH HOOK (Batteries A and D, 2d Battalion, 40th Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1972)

3d BATTALION, 40th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery C, 40th Field Artillery, an element of the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 40th Field Artillery. Activated 4 June 1941 at Camp Roberts, California.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as Battery C, 974th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 10 January 1946 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery C, 509th Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 25 June 1948 as Battery C, 509th Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 30 July 1948 at Fort Knox, Kentucky, as an element of the 3d Armored Division. Inactivated 1 October 1957 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 3d Armored Division.

Redesignated 17 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Howitzer Battalion, 40th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 15 August 1959 at Syracuse, New York. Redesignated 1 October 1963 as the 3d Battalion, 40th Artillery. Inactivated 31 January 1968 at Syracuse, New York. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 40th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

4th BATTALION, 40th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery D, 40th Field Artillery, an element of the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 40th Field Artillery. Activated 4 June 1941 at Camp Roberts, California.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as Battery A, 975th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 13 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery A, 510th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 1 February 1949 in Austria. Redesignated 20 August 1956 as Battery A, 510th Field Artillery Rocket Battalion. Inactivated 1 June 1958 in Italy.

Redesignated 17 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 40th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 September 1959 with Headquarters at Waterbury, Connecticut. Ordered into active military service 15 October 1961 at Waterbury, Connecticut; released 4 August 1962 from active military service and reverted to reserve status. Inactivated 22 December 1965 at Waterbury, Connecticut. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Howitzer Battalion, 40th Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 4th Battalion, 40th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

5th BATTALION, 40th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery E, 40th Field Artillery, an element of the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery E, 40th Field Artillery. Activated 4 June 1941 at Camp Roberts, California.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as Battery B, 975th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 13 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery B, 510th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 1 February 1949 in Austria. Inactivated 20 August 1956 in Germany; concurrently, redesignated as Battery B, 510th Field Artillery Rocket Battalion.

Redesignated 2 November 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Missile Battalion, 40th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 23 January 1960 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 1 November 1963 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Missile Battalion, 40th Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 5th Battalion, 40th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

6th BATTALION, 40th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery F, 40th Field Artillery, an element of the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery F, 40th Field Artillery. Activated 4 June 1941 at Camp Roberts, California.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as Battery C, 975th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 13 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery C, 510th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 1 February 1949 at Camp McCauley, Austria. Inactivated 20 August 1956 in Germany; concurrently, redesignated as Battery C, 510th Field Artillery Rocket Battalion.

Redesignated 21 June 1963 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 40th Artillery, and assigned to the 3d Armored Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 September 1963 in Germany. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 6th Battalion, 40th Field Artillery. Inactivated 13 September 1972 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 3d Armored Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

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Kimmel, Irving, ed. *3rd Armored Division,"Spearhead," Fort Knox, Kentucky*. Dallas: Miller Publishing Co., 1956. Contains information about the 509th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.

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41st FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a bend barry of eight argent, of the field and azure repeated, overall a broad arrow or.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, argent and gules, a four headed wyvern without wings of the first scaled azure and armed and langued or grasping a mace silver with seven spikes gold charged with a roundel parti per pale gules and vert.

Motto: Mission Accomplished.

Symbolism: The bend, from the coat of arms approved for the former 41st Coast Artillery, and the broad arrow from that of the 41st Field Artillery Battalion, symbolize the consolidation of these two units. The bend carries the eight bars of the old Hawaiian flag and arms indicating the service of the old 41st Coast Artillery in the Coast Defenses of Honolulu. The broad arrow was used in the coat of arms of the 41st Field Artillery Battalion to symbolize the celerity of movement and shock of impact.

The four heads of the wyvern refer to the unit's four spearhead attacks in World War II. Blue and white are the colors of the shoulder sleeve insignia of the 3d Infantry Division to which the unit was once assigned. The mace and the red and green colors, from the arms of Colmar, France, refer to the unit's distinguished action during the capture of that city for which it was awarded unit decorations. Red, green, and white, the colors of the national flag of Italy, allude to the organization's action at Anzio.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 26 April 1918 in the Regular Army as the 41st Artillery (Coast Artillery Corps). Organized 1 October 1918 at Fort Monroe, Virginia. Demobilized 22 December 1918 at Fort Monroe, Virginia. Reconstituted 15 January 1921 in the Regular Army as the Hawaiian Railway Battalion. Organized 22 December 1921 at Fort Kamehameha, Territory of Hawaii. Redesignated 1 June 1922 as the 41st

Artillery Battalion (Railway) (Coast Artillery Corps). Reorganized and designated 1 July 1924 as the 41st Coast Artillery (Railway). Inactivated (less 1st Battalion) 21 April 1942 at Fort Hase, Territory of Hawaii. Reorganized 22 May 1943 as the 41st Coast Artillery (Harbor Defense). Disbanded (less Batteries A, D, and G) 25 May 1944 in Hawaii (Batteries D and G—hereafter separate lineages). (Battery A concurrently redesignated as the 831st Coast Artillery Battery; disbanded 13 August 1944 in Hawaii.)

1st Battalion, 41st Coast Artillery, and the 831st Coast Artillery Battery reconstituted 28 June 1950 in the Regular Army; concurrently, consolidated with the 41st Field Artillery Battalion (active) (*see* ANNEX), and consolidated unit designated as the 41st Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 3d Infantry Division. Relieved 6 April 1951 from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division. Assigned 2 December 1954 to the 3d Infantry Division. Inactivated 1 July 1957 at Fort Benning, Georgia, and relieved from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division.

Reorganized and redesignated 31 July 1959 as the 41st Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 41st Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 August 1988 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

ANNEX

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as the 41st Field Artillery and assigned to the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as the 41st Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as the 41st Field Artillery Battalion, assigned to the 3d Division (later redesignated as the 3d Infantry Division), and activated at Fort Lewis, Washington.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
- Tunisia
- Sicily (with arrowhead)
- Naples-Foggia
- Anzio (with arrowhead)
- Rome-Arno
- Southern France (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland
- Central Europe
- Central Pacific

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase I
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970
- Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- Consolidation I
- Consolidation II

Southwest Asia
- Defense of Saudi Arabia
- Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered COLMAR (3d Infantry Division cited; WD GO 44, 1945)

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BINH THUAN PROVINCE (Battery E, 41st Artillery, cited; DA GO 2, 1973)

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered IRAQ-KUWAIT (2d Battalion, 41st Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 27, 1994)

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered IRAQ (6th Battalion, 41st Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 27, 1994)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1968 (Battery E, 41st Artillery, cited; DA GO 1, 1969)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (Battery E, 41st Artillery, cited; DA GO 53, 1970)

Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1983–1985 (1st Battalion, 41st Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 30, 1987)

Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1994 (1st Battalion [less Battery C]), 41st Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 27, 1994. 4th Battalion, 41st Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 14, 1997)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COLMAR (41st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (41st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

1st BATTALION, 41st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(3d Infantry Division)

Constituted 26 April 1918 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 41st Artillery (Coast Artillery Corps). Organized 1 October 1918 at Fort Monroe, Virginia. Demobilized 22 December 1918 at Fort Monroe, Virginia. Reconstituted 15 January 1921 in the Regular Army as Battery A, Hawaiian Railway Battalion. Organized 22 December 1921 at Fort Kamehameha, Territory of Hawaii. Redesignated 1 June 1922 as Battery A, 41st Artillery Battalion (Railway) (Coast Artillery Corps). (Additionally designated 30 June 1922 as the 199th Company, Coast Artillery Corps; additional designation abolished 1 July 1924.) Redesignated 1 July 1924 as Battery A, 41st Coast Artillery (Railway). Reorganized 22 May 1943 as Battery A, 41st Coast Artillery (Harbor Defense). Reorganized and redesignated 25 May 1944 as the 831st Coast Artillery Battery. Disbanded 13 August 1944 in Hawaii.

Reconstituted 28 June 1950 in the Regular Army; concurrently, consolidated with Battery A, 41st Field Artillery Battalion (active) (*see* ANNEX), and consolidated unit designated as Battery A, 41st Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 3d Infantry Division. (41st Field Artillery Battalion relieved 6 April 1951 from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division; reassigned 2 December 1954 to the 3d Infantry Division.)

Inactivated 1 July 1957 at Fort Benning, Georgia, and relieved from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Missile Battalion, 41st Artillery, and activated in Germany (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Battalion inactivated 25 June 1963 in Germany. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Missile Battalion, 41st Field Artillery. Redesignated 13 September 1972 as the 1st Battalion, 41st Field Artillery, and activated in Germany. Inactivated 17 January 1986 in Germany. Assigned 16 August 1988 to the 24th Infantry Division and activated at Fort Stewart, Georgia. Relieved 15 February 1996 from assignment to the 24th Infantry Division and assigned to the 3d Infantry Division.

ANNEX

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery A, 41st Field Artillery, an element of the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 41st Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 41st Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Lewis, Washington, as an element of the 3d Division (later redesignated as the 3d Infantry Division).

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Naples-Foggia
*Anzio (with arrowhead)
*Rome-Arno
*Southern France (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland
*Central Europe
*Central Pacific

Southwest Asia

*Defense of Saudi Arabia
*Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
*Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered COLMAR (3d Infantry Division cited; WD GO 44, 1945)

*Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1983–1985 (1st Battalion, 41st Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 30, 1987)

*Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1994 (1st Battalion [less Battery C]), 41st Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 27, 1994)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COLMAR (41st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (41st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

2d BATTALION, 41st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 26 April 1918 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 41st Artillery (Coast Artillery Corps). Organized 1 October 1918 at Fort Monroe, Virginia. Demobilized 22 December 1918 at Fort Monroe, Virginia. Reconstituted 15 January 1921 in the Regular Army as Battery B, Hawaiian Railway Battalion. Organized 22 December 1921 at Fort Kamehameha, Territory of Hawaii. Redesignated 1 June 1922 as Battery B, 41st Artillery Battalion (Railway) (Coast Artillery Corps). (Additionally designated 30 June 1922 as the 200th Company, Coast Artillery Corps; additional designated abolished 1 July 1924.) Reorganized and redesignated 1 July 1924 as Battery B, 41st Coast Artillery (Railway). Reorganized 22 May 1943 as Battery B, 41st Coast Artillery (Harbor Defense). Disbanded 25 May 1944 in Hawaii.

Reconstituted 28 June 1950 in the Regular Army; concurrently, consolidated with Battery B, 41st Field Artillery Battalion (active) (*see* ANNEX), and consolidated unit designated as Battery B, 41st Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 3d Infantry Division. (41st Field Artillery Battalion relieved 6 April 1951 from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division; reassigned 2 December 1954 to the 3d Infantry Division.) Inactivated 1 July 1957 at Fort Benning, Georgia, and relieved from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division.

Redesignated 31 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Battalion, 41st Artillery. Redesignated 1 April 1960 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Howitzer Battalion, 41st Artillery, assigned to the 3d Infantry Division, and activated in Germany (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 3 June 1963 as the 2d Battalion, 41st Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 41st Field Artillery. Inactivated 15 October 1991 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division.

ANNEX

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery B, 41st Field Artillery, an element of the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 41st Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 41st Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Lewis, Washington, as an element of the 3d Division (later redesignated as the 3d Infantry Division).

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Naples-Foggia
*Anzio (with arrowhead)
*Rome-Arno
*Southern France (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland
*Central Europe
*Central Pacific

Southwest Asia

*Defense of Saudi Arabia
*Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
*Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered COLMAR (3d Infantry Division cited; WD GO 44, 1945)

*Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered IRAQ-KUWAIT (2d Battalion, 41st Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 27, 1994)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COLMAR (41st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (41st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

3d BATTALION, 41st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery C, 41st Field Artillery, an element of the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 41st Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery C, 41st Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Lewis, Washington, as an element of the 3d Division (later redesignated as the 3d Infantry Division). (41st Field Artillery Battalion relieved 6 April 1951 from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division; reassigned 2 December 1954 to the 3d Infantry Division.) Inactivated 1 July 1957 at Fort Benning, Georgia, and relieved from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division.

Redesignated 30 June 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Howitzer Battalion, 41st Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 8 August 1959 with Headquarters at Brooklyn, New York. Ordered into active military service 1 October 1961 at Brooklyn, New York; released 12 August 1962 from active military service and reverted to reserve status. (Location of Headquarters changed 20 September 1962 to Fort Tilden, New York.) Redesignated 1 October 1963 as the 3d Battalion, 41st Artillery. Inactivated 30 December 1965 at Fort Tilden, New York. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 41st Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 August 1988 from the Army Reserve and allotted to the Regular Army; concurrently, assigned to the 24th Infantry Division and activated at Fort Stewart, Georgia. Inactivated 15 February 1996 at Fort Stewart, Georgia, and relieved from assignment to the 24th Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
- *Tunisia
- *Sicily (with arrowhead)
- *Naples-Foggia
- *Anzio (with arrowhead)
- *Rome-Arno
- *Southern France (with arrowhead)
- *Rhineland
- *Central Europe

Central Pacific

Southwest Asia
- *Defense of Saudi Arabia
- *Liberation and Defense of Kuwait

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered COLMAR (3d Infantry Division cited; WD GO 44, 1945)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COLMAR (41st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (41st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

4th BATTALION, 41st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery D, 41st Field Artillery, an element of the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 41st Field Artillery.

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery A, 41st Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 41st Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 41st Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Lewis, Washington, as an element of the 3d Division [later redesignated as the 3d Infantry Division]; consolidated 28 June 1950 with the 831st Coast Artillery Battery [organized in 1918] and consolidated unit designated as Battery A, 41st Field Artillery Battalion [41st Field Artillery Battalion relieved 6 April 1951 from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division; reassigned 2 December 1954 to the 3d Infantry Division].) Former Battery D, 41st Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 July 1957 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 31 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 41st Artillery. Redesignated 25 March 1960 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Missile Battalion, 41st Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 23 April 1960 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 24 June 1961 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Activated 14 January 1963 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 24 October 1963 as the 4th Battalion, 41st Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 41st Field Artillery. Inactivated 13 September 1972 in Germany. Assigned 16 August 1988 to the 197th Infantry Brigade and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia. Relieved 16 August 1991 from assignment to the 197th Infantry Brigade and assigned to the 24th Infantry Division. Inactivated 15 February 1996 at Fort Benning, Georgia, and relieved from assignment to the 24th Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Naples-Foggia
*Anzio (with arrowhead)
*Rome-Arno
*Southern France (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland
*Central Europe
Central Pacific

Southwest Asia
*Defense of Saudi Arabia
*Liberation and Defense of Kuwait

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered COLMAR (3d Infantry Division cited; WD GO 44, 1945)

*Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1994 (4th Battalion, 41st Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 14, 1997)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COLMAR (41st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (41st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

5th BATTALION, 41st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery E, 41st Field Artillery, an element of the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery E, 41st Field Artillery.

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery B, 41st Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 41st Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 41st Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Lewis, Washington, as an element of the 3d Division [later redesignated as the 3d Infantry Division]; consolidated 28 June 1950 with Battery B, 41st Coast Artillery [organized in 1918], and consolidated unit designated as Battery B, 41st Field Artillery Battalion [41st Field Artillery Battalion relieved 6 April 1951 from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division; reassigned 2 December 1954 to the 3d Infantry Division].) Former Battery E, 41st Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 July 1957 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 24 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Missile Battalion, 41st Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 May 1959 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 1 November 1963 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Missile Battalion, 41st Artillery, redesignated 25 April 1966 as Battery E, 41st Artillery. Activated 25 June 1966 at Fort Bliss, Texas. Inactivated 26 December 1971 in Vietnam; concurrently, redesignated as Battery E, 41st Field Artillery. Redesignated 23 September 1983 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 41st Field Artillery, assigned to the 194th Armored Brigade, and activated at Fort Knox, Kentucky (organic elements concurrently activated). Battalion inactivated 17 August 1986 at Fort Knox, Kentucky, and relieved from assignment to the 194th Armored Brigade. Assigned 16 August 1988 to the 3d Infantry Division and activated in Germany. Inactivated 15 February 1996 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Naples-Foggia
*Anzio (with arrowhead)
*Rome-Arno
*Southern France (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland
*Central Europe
Central Pacific

Vietnam
*Counteroffensive, Phase II
*Counteroffensive, Phase III
*Tet Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase IV
*Counteroffensive, Phase V
*Counteroffensive, Phase VI
*Tet 69/Counteroffensive
*Summer–Fall 1969
*Winter–Spring 1970
*Sanctuary Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase VII
*Consolidation I
*Consolidation II

Southwest Asia
*Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered COLMAR (3d Infantry Division cited; WD GO 44, 1945)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BINH THUAN PROVINCE (Battery E, 41st Artillery, cited; DA GO 2, 1973)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1968 (Battery E, 41st Artillery, cited; DA GO 1, 1969)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (Battery E, 41st Artillery, cited; DA GO 39, 1970)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COLMAR (41st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (41st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1969 (Battery E, 41st Artillery, cited; DA GO 53, 1970)

6th BATTALION, 41st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery F, 41st Field Artillery, an element of the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 6 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery F, 41st Field Artillery.

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery C, 41st Field Artillery Battalion (Battery C, 41st Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery C, 41st Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Lewis, Washington, as an element of the 3d Division [later redesignated as the 3d Infantry Division]; [41st Field Artillery Battalion relieved 6 April 1951 from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division; assigned 2 December 1954 to the 3d Infantry Division.]) Former Battery F, 41st Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 July 1957 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 31 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 41st Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 41st Field Artillery. Assigned 16 August 1988 to the 3d Infantry Division and activated in Germany (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Battalion inactivated 15 October 1991 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Naples-Foggia
*Anzio (with arrowhead)
*Rome-Arno
*Southern France (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland
*Central Europe
Central Pacific

Southwest Asia
*Defense of Saudi Arabia
*Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
*Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered COLMAR (3d Infantry Division cited; WD GO 44, 1945)

*Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered IRAQ (6th Battalion, 41st Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 27, 1994)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COLMAR (41st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (41st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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42d FIELD ARTILLERY
(Straight Arrows)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, two bendlets between four shells, two in chief and two in base, all or.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a dexter hand grasping four spears pointing in four directions of the compass or.

Motto: *Festina Lente* (Make Haste Slowly).

Symbolism: Scarlet is the color used for artillery. The shells indicate the nature of the organization and with the bendlets denote the numerical designation of the organization.

The hand grasping the spears indicates firepower in any direction.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 29 June 1918 in the Regular Army as the 1st Battalion, 42d Artillery (Coast Artillery Corps). Organized 7 August 1918 in France. Inactivated 17 August 1921 at Camp Eustis, Virginia. Redesignated 20 February 1924 as the 1st Battalion, 42d Coast Artillery. Disbanded 14 June 1944.

Reconstituted 28 June 1950 in the Regular Army, consolidated with the 42d Field Artillery Battalion (active) (*see* ANNEX), and consolidated unit designated as the 42d Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 4th Infantry Division.

Relieved 1 April 1957 from assignment to the 4th Infantry Division; concurrently, reorganized and redesignated as the 42d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 42d Field Artillery. Withdrawn 15 January 1996 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

ANNEX

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as the 42d Field Artillery and assigned to the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 7 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as the 42d Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as the 42d Field Artillery Battalion, assigned to the 4th Division (later redesignated as the 4th Infantry Division), and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia. Inactivated 16 February 1946 at Camp Butner, North Carolina. Activated 15 July 1947 at Fort Ord, California.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Alsace 1918

World War II
- Normandy (with arrowhead)
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970
- Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- Consolidation I
- Consolidation II
- Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered LUXEMBOURG (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 30, 1946)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (5th Battalion, 42d Artillery, cited; DA GO 36, 1970)

Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1996–1997 (4th Battalion, 42d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 25, 2001)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

1st BATTALION, 42d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 2 February 1907 in the Regular Army as the 130th Company, Coast Artillery Corps. Organized 1 August 1907 at Fort Adams, Rhode Island. Redesignated in June 1916 as the 4th Company, Fort Adams (Rhode Island). Redesignated 22 July 1917 as Battery I, 7th Provisional Regiment, Coast Artillery Corps. Redesignated 5 February 1918 as Battery I, 52d Artillery (Coast Artillery Corps).

Redesignated 7 August 1918 as Battery A, 42d Artillery (Coast Artillery Corps). Inactivated 17 August 1921 at Camp Eustis, Virginia. (Additionally designated 1 June 1922 as the 130th Company, Coast Artillery Corps; additional designation abolished 20 February 1924.) Redesignated 20 February 1924 as Battery A, 42d Coast Artillery. Disbanded 14 June 1944.

Reconstituted 28 June 1950 in the Regular Army; concurrently, consolidated with Battery A, 42d Field Artillery Battalion (active) (*see* ANNEX), and consolidated unit designated as Battery A, 42d Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 4th Infantry Division.

Inactivated 1 April 1957 at Fort Lewis, Washington, and relieved from assignment to the 4th Infantry Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 42d Artillery. Redesignated 28 March 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Missile Battalion, 42d Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 18 April 1958 in Korea. Redesignated 10 January 1966 as the 1st Battalion, 42d Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 42d Field Artillery. Inactivated 30 September 1977 in Korea.

ANNEX

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery A, 42d Field Artillery, an element of the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 7 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 42d Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 42d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia, as an element of the 4th Division (later redesignated as the 4th Infantry Division). Inactivated 16 February 1946 at Camp Butner, North Carolina. Activated 15 July 1947 at Fort Ord, California.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

*Alsace 1918

World War II

*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered LUXEMBOURG (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 30, 1946)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

2d BATTALION, 42d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 7 October 1901 in the Regular Army as the 117th Company, Coast Artillery, Artillery Corps. Organized in October 1901 at Sullivan's Island, South Carolina. Redesignated 2 February 1907 as the 117th Company, Coast Artillery Corps. Redesignated in June 1916 as the 2d Company, Fort Adams (Rhode Island). Redesignated 22 July 1917 as Battery K, 7th Provisional Regiment, Coast Artillery Corps. Redesignated 5 February 1918 as Battery K, 52d Artillery (Coast Artillery Corps).

Redesignated 7 August 1918 as Battery B, 42d Artillery (Coast Artillery Corps). Inactivated 17 August 1921 at Camp Eustis, Virginia. (Additionally designated 1 June 1922 as the 117th Company, Coast Artillery Corps; additional designation abolished 20 February 1924.) Redesignated 20 February 1924 as Battery B, 42d Coast Artillery. Disbanded 14 June 1944.

Reconstituted 28 June 1950 in the Regular Army; concurrently, consolidated with Battery B, 42d Field Artillery Battalion (active) (*see* ANNEX), and consolidated unit designated as Battery B, 42d Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 4th Infantry Division.

Inactivated 1 April 1957 at Fort Lewis, Washington, and relieved from assignment to the 4th Infantry Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Battalion, 42d Artillery. Redesignated 2 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Missile Battalion, 42d Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 21 June 1958 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Assigned 1 February 1963 to the 11th Air Assault Division. Redesignated 7 February 1963 as the 2d Battalion, 42d Artillery. Redesignated 30 June 1965 as the 2d Missile Battalion, 42d Artillery, and relieved from assignment to the 11th Air Assault Division. Redesignated 25 March 1967 as the 2d Battalion, 42d Artillery. Inactivated 1 April 1968 at Fort Benning, Georgia. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 42d Field Artillery. Activated 1 October 1973 in Germany. Inactivated 16 July 1987 in Germany.

ANNEX

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery B, 42d Field Artillery, an element of the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 7 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 42d Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 42d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia, as an element of the 4th Division (later redesignated as the 4th Infantry Division). Inactivated 16 February 1946 at Camp Butner, North Carolina. Activated 15 July 1947 at Fort Ord, California.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Alsace 1918

World War II
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered LUXEMBOURG (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 30, 1946)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

3d BATTALION, 42d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery C, 42d Field Artillery, an element of the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 7 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 42d Field Artillery.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery C, 42d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia, as an element of the 4th Division (later redesignated as the 4th Infantry Division). Inactivated 16 February 1946 at Camp Butner, North Carolina. Activated 15 July 1947 at Fort Ord, California.

Inactivated 1 April 1957 at Fort Lewis, Washington, and relieved from assignment to the 4th Infantry Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 42d Artillery. Redesignated 30 June 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Howitzer Battalion, 42d Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 8 August 1959 with Headquarters at Newark, New Jersey. Redesignated 1 October 1963 as the 3d Battalion, 42d Artillery. (Location of Headquarters changed 1 December 1964 to Jersey City, New Jersey.) Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 42d Field Artillery. Assigned 1 October 1983 to the 157th Infantry Brigade. (Location of Headquarters changed 16 February 1984 to Bristol, Pennsylvania.) Inactivated 1 September 1995 at Bristol, Pennsylvania, and relieved from assignment to the 157th Infantry Brigade.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Alsace 1918

World War II
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered LUXEMBOURG (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 30, 1946)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

4th BATTALION, 42d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(4th Infantry Division)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery D, 42d Field Artillery, an element of the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 7 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 42d Field Artillery.

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery A, 42d Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 42d Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 42d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia, as an element of the 4th Division [later redesignated as the 4th Infantry Division]; inactivated 16 February 1946 at Fort Ord, California; consolidated 28 June 1950 with Battery A, 42d Coast Artillery [organized in 1907], and consolidated unit designated as Battery A, 42d Field Artillery Battalion.)

Former Battery D, 42d Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 April 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 42d Artillery. Redesignated 23 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 42d Artillery, and assigned to the 4th Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 6 May 1959 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Redesignated 1 October 1963 as the 4th Battalion, 42d Artillery. Inactivated 15 December 1970 at Fort Carson, Colorado. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 42d Field Artillery. Activated 16 January 1996 at Fort Hood, Texas.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Alsace 1918

World War II
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Vietnam
*Counteroffensive, Phase II
*Counteroffensive, Phase III
*Tet Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase IV
*Counteroffensive, Phase V
*Counteroffensive, Phase VI
*Tet 69/Counteroffensive
*Summer–Fall 1969
*Winter–Spring 1970
*Sanctuary Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase VII

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered LUXEMBOURG (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 30, 1946)

*Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1996–1997 (4th Battalion, 42d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 25, 2001)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1969 (4th Battalion, 42d Artillery, cited; DA GO 3, 1970)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1969–1970 (4th Battalion, 42d Artillery, cited; DA GO 52, 1971)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1969 (4th Battalion, 42d Artillery, cited; DA GO 53, 1970)

Battery A additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered DAK TO DISTRICT (Battery A, 4th Battalion, 42d Artillery, cited; DA GO 38, 1971), and Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered DUC LAP (Battery A, 4th Battalion, 42d Artillery, cited; DA GO 36, 1970)

Battery B additionally entitled to: Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered PLEIKU PROVINCE (Battery B, 4th Battalion, 42d Artillery, cited; DA GO 17, 1968), and Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered CENTRAL HIGHLANDS (Battery B, 4th Battalion, 42d Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1970)

Battery C additionally entitled to: Valorous Unit Award; Streamer embroidered KONTUM (Battery C, 4th Battalion, 42d Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1970)

5th BATTALION, 42d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 July 1918 in the National Army as Battery E, 42d Field Artillery, an element of the 14th Division. Organized 10 August 1918 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Demobilized 7 February 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery E, 42d Field Artillery.

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery B, 42d Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 42d Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 42d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia, as an element of the 4th Division [later redesignated as the 4th Infantry Division]; inactivated 15 February 1946 at Camp Butner, North Carolina; activated 15 July 1947 at Fort Ord, California; consolidated 28 June 1950 with Battery B, 42d Coast Artillery [organized in 1901], and consolidated unit designated as Battery B, 42d Field Artillery Battalion.)

Former Battery E, 42d Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 April 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 42d Artillery. Redesignated 24 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Missile Battalion, 42d Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 20 June 1959 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 25 October 1963 in Germany. Redesignated 27 January 1967 as the 5th Battalion, 42d Artillery, and activated at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Battalion, 42d Field Artillery. Inactivated 31 July 1972 at Fort Lewis, Washington.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Alsace 1918

World War II
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Vietnam
*Counteroffensive, Phase IV
*Counteroffensive, Phase V
*Counteroffensive, Phase VI
*Tet 69/Counteroffensive
*Summer–Fall 1969
*Winter–Spring 1970
*Sanctuary Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase VII
*Consolidation I
*Consolidation II
*Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered LUXEMBOURG (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 30, 1946)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (5th Battalion, 42d Artillery, cited; DA GO 36, 1970)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (42d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1970–1971 (5th Battalion, 42d Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1972)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1971 (5th Battalion, 42d Artillery, cited; DA GO 54, 1974)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1969–1971 (5th Battalion, 42d Artillery, cited; DA GO 51, 1971)

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Also see bibliography of the 4th Infantry Division in John B. Wilson, *Armies, Corps, Divisions, and Separate Brigades.* Army Lineage Series. Washington: Government Printing Office, 1999.

73d FIELD ARTILLERY
(Thunderbolts)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a lightning flash in bend or.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, issuant out of a snow-bank two cubit arms proper grasping the halves of a spear broken chevronwise of the first; pale wise overall a caltrop azure in front of two smaller caltrops, one to dexter and one to sinister, bendwise and bendsinisterwise, respectively, both gold.

Motto: Speed and Power Always.

Symbolism: The scarlet is for the field artillery, the gold lightning bolt is symbolic of the speed and power of the armored artillery.

The design of the crest alludes to the 73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion's participation in the 1944 winter counteroffensive of the Germans and is symbolized by the caltrops (military devices used to impede and delay the movements of the enemy). The two smaller caltrops allude to St. Vith and Echternach and the larger to Bastogne, the latter being colored blue in reference to the Presidential Unit Citation awarded the battalion for its role in the defense of Bastogne. The snow refers to the severe winter during the period the battalion made its heroic and historic stand against the German attack. This action blunted the German counteroffensive and is symbolized by the two arms breaking a spear.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as the 73d Field Artillery. Organized 12 October 1918 at Camp Jackson, South Carolina. Demobilized 28 December 1918 at Camp Jackson, South Carolina. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as the 73d Field Artillery.

Redesignated 13 January 1941 as the 73d Field Artillery Battalion. Assigned 19 March 1942 to the 2d Cavalry Division and activated at Fort Riley, Kansas.

Reorganized and redesignated 15 July 1942 as the 73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion; concurrently, relieved from assignment to the 2d Cavalry Division and assigned to the 9th Armored Division. Inactivated 9 October 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Relieved 27 February 1951 from assignment to the 9th Armored Division and assigned to the 1st Armored Division. Activated 7 March 1951 at Fort Hood, Texas.

Inactivated 15 February 1957 at Fort Polk, Louisiana, and relieved from assignment to the 1st Armored Division; concurrently, reorganized and redesignated as the 73d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 73d Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 27, 1959)

1st BATTALION, 73d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as Battery A, 73d Field Artillery. Organized 12 October 1918 at Camp Jackson, South Carolina. Demobilized 28 December 1918 at Camp Jackson, South Carolina. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 73d Field Artillery.

Redesignated 13 January 1941 as Battery A, 73d Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 19 March 1942 at Fort Riley, Kansas, as an element of the 2d Cavalry Division. Reorganized and redesignated 15 July 1942 as Battery A, 73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 9th Armored Division. Inactivated 9 October 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. (73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion relieved 27 February 1951 from assignment to the 9th Armored Division and assigned to the 1st Armored Division.) Activated 7 March 1951 at Fort Hood, Texas.

Reorganized and redesignated 15 February 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Field Artillery Battalion, 73d Artillery, an element of the 1st Armored Division (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 24 September 1960 as the 1st Rocket Howitzer Battalion, 73d Artillery. Redesignated 3 February 1962 as the 1st Battalion, 73d Artillery. Relieved 5 May 1971 from assignment to the 1st Armored Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 73d Field Artillery. Inactivated 1 October 1983 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

*Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 27, 1959)

2d BATTALION, 73d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as Battery B, 73d Field Artillery. Organized 12 October 1918 at Camp Jackson, South Carolina. Demobilized 28 December 1918 at Camp Jackson, South Carolina. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 73d Field Artillery.

Redesignated 13 January 1941 as Battery B, 73d Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 19 March 1942 at Fort Riley, Kansas, as an element of the 2d Cavalry Division. Reorganized and redesignated 15 January 1942 as Battery B, 73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 9th Armored Division. Inactivated 9 October 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. (73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion relieved 27 February 1951 from assignment to the 9th Armored Division and assigned to the 1st Armored Division.) Activated 7 March 1951 at Fort Hood, Texas. Inactivated 15 February 1957 at Fort Hood, Texas, and relieved from assignment to the 1st Armored Division.

Redesignated 30 August 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Field Artillery Battalion, 73d Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion assigned 1 October 1957 to the 3d Armored Division and activated in Germany. Redesignated 1 June 1960 as the 2d Rocket Howitzer Battalion, 73d Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1963 as the 2d Battalion, 73d Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 73d Field Artillery. Inactivated 17 June 1974 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

*Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 27, 1959)

3d BATTALION, 73d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as Battery C, 73d Field Artillery. Organized 12 October 1918 at Camp Jackson, South Carolina. Demobilized 28 December 1918 at Camp Jackson, South Carolina. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 73d Field Artillery.

Redesignated 13 January 1941 as Battery C, 73d Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 19 March 1942 at Fort Riley, Kansas, as an element of the 2d Cavalry Division. Reorganized and redesignated 15 July 1942 as Battery C, 73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 9th Armored Division. Inactivated 9 October 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. (73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion relieved 27 February 1951 from assignment to the 9th Armored Division and assigned to the 1st Armored Division.) Activated 7 March 1951 at Fort Hood, Texas.

Inactivated 15 February 1957 at Fort Polk, Louisiana, and relieved from assignment to the 1st Armored Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 73d Artillery. Redesignated 7 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Howitzer Battalion, 73d Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, allotted to the Army Reserve, and assigned to the 77th Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 May 1959 with Headquarters at Poughkeepsie, New York. Inactivated 26 March 1963 at Poughkeepsie, New York, and relieved from assignment to the 77th Infantry Division. Withdrawn 13 October 1966 from the Army Reserve and allotted to the Regular Army. Activated 1 January 1967 at Fort Irwin, California. Redesignated 31 May 1969 as the 3d Battalion, 73d Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 73d Field Artillery. Inactivated 21 July 1972 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 16, 1945)

*Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 27, 1959)

4th BATTALION, 73d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as Battery D, 73d Field Artillery. Organized 12 October 1918 at Camp Jackson, South Carolina. Demobilized 28 December 1918 at Camp Jackson, South Carolina. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 73d Field Artillery.

Absorbed 13 January 1941 as Battery A, 73d Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 73d Field Artillery, redesignated 13 January 1941 as Battery A, 73d Field Artillery Battalion; activated 19 March 1942 at Fort Riley, Kansas, as an element of the 2d Cavalry Division; reorganized and redesignated 15 July 1942 as Battery A, 73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 9th Armored Division; inactivated 9 October 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia [73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion relieved 27 February 1951 from assignment to the 9th Armored Division and assigned to the 1st Armored Division]; activated 7 March 1951 at Fort Hood, Texas.)

Former Battery D, 73d Field Artillery, reconstituted 15 February 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 73d Artillery. Redesignated 6 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 73d Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, allotted to the Army Reserve, and assigned to the 94th Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 May 1959 with Headquarters at Lawrence, Massachusetts. Inactivated 1 March 1963 at Lawrence, Massachusetts, and relieved from assignment to the 94th Infantry Division. Redesignated 27 January 1967 as the 4th Battalion, 73d Artillery, withdrawn from the Army Reserve, and allotted to the Regular Army. Activated 25 February 1967 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Inactivated 28 May 1971 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 73d Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (73d Armored. Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

*Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 27, 1959)

5th BATTALION, 73d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as Battery E, 73d Field Artillery. Organized 12 October 1918 at Camp Jackson, South Carolina. Demobilized 28 December 1918 at Camp Jackson, South Carolina. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery E, 73d Field Artillery.

Absorbed 13 January 1941 by Battery B, 73d Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 73d Field Artillery, redesignated 13 January 1941 as Battery B, 73d Field Artillery Battalion; activated 19 March 1942 at Fort Riley, Kansas, as an element of the 2d Cavalry Division; reorganized and redesignated 15 July 1942 as Battery B, 73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 9th Armored Division; inactivated 9 October 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia [73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion relieved 27 February 1951 from assignment to the 9th Armored Division and assigned to the 1st Armored Division]; activated 7 March 1951 at Fort Hood, Texas.)

Former Battery E, 73d Field Artillery, reconstituted 15 February 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 73d Artillery. Redesignated 10 December 1962 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Missile Battalion, 73d Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 3 January 1963 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 25 March 1963 as the 5th Battalion, 73d Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Battalion, 73d Field Artillery. Inactivated 30 September 1973 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

*Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (73d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 27, 1959)

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75th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, in chief a lizard statant or.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, three cannon barrels, muzzles adjoining at the top of the first, the outer ones charged with a gunstone, the center one with a taeguk proper.

Motto: *Paratus Facere* (Prepared to Do).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery, and the gold lizard represents the origin of the 75th Field Artillery in the state of Alabama, once known as the "Lizard State."

The cannon barrels denote the artillery heritage of the organization, and three are used to refer to the widely separated land areas where the unit served. The outer barrels represent World War II and participation in the Aleutian Islands and Po Valley campaigns. The center one and taeguk refer to the Korean War, and together with the gunstones symbolize the unit's participation in four campaigns, with the taeguk also denoting the award of the Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as the 75th Field Artillery. Organized 7 October 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama. Demobilized 11 December 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as the 75th Field Artillery.

Redesignated 13 January 1941 as the 75th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 22 January 1941 at Fort Ord, California. Inactivated 10 February 1946 at Camp Hood, Texas. Activated 15 December 1950 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 23 June 1957 in Korea.

Reorganized and redesignated 31 March 1958 as the 75th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 75th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
Aleutian Islands
Po Valley

Korean War
Second Korean Winter
Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
Third Korean Winter
Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1952 (75th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 33, 1953, as amended by DA GO 41, 1955)

1st BATTALION, 75th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as Battery A, 75th Field Artillery. Organized 7 October 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama. Demobilized 11 December 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 75th Field Artillery.

Redesignated 13 January 1941 as Battery A, 75th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 22 January 1941 at Fort Ord, California. Inactivated 10 February 1946 at Camp Hood, Texas. Activated 15 December 1950 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 23 June 1957 in Korea.

Redesignated 31 March 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 75th Artillery. Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Howitzer Battalion, 75th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 in Germany. Redesignated 24 March 1964 as the 1st Battalion, 75th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 75th Field Artillery. Inactivated 16 May 1988 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War Il
*Aleutian Islands
*Po Valley

Korean War
*Second Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
*Third Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1952 (75th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 33, 1953, as amended by DA GO 41, 1955)

2d BATTALION, 75th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as Battery B, 75th Field Artillery. Organized 7 October 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama. Demobilized 11 December 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 75th Field Artillery.

Redesignated 13 January 1941 as Battery B, 75th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 22 January 1941 at Fort Ord, California. Inactivated 10 February 1946 at Camp Hood, Texas. Activated 15 December 1950 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 23 June 1957 in Korea.

Redesignated 31 March 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Battalion, 75th Artillery. Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Howitzer Battalion, 75th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 in Germany. Redesignated 24 March 1964 as the 2d Battalion, 75th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 75th Field Artillery. Inactivated 16 March 1989 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Aleutian Islands
*Po Valley

Korean War
*Second Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
*Third Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1952 (75th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 33, 1953, as amended by DA GO 41, 1955)

3d BATTALION, 75th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as Battery C, 75th Field Artillery. Organized 7 October 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama. Demobilized 11 December 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 75th Field Artillery.

Redesignated 13 January 1941 as Battery C, 75th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 22 January 1941 at Fort Ord, California. Inactivated 10 February 1946 at Camp Hood, Texas. Activated 15 December 1950 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 23 June 1957 in Korea.

Redesignated 31 March 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 75th Artillery. Redesignated 24 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Howitzer Battalion, 75th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 October 1959 with Headquarters at Springfield, Missouri. Redesignated 1 October 1963 as the 3d Battalion, 75th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 75th Field Artillery. Inactivated 1 September 1996 at Springfield, Missouri.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Aleutian Islands
*Po Valley

Korean War
*Second Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
*Third Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1952 (75th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 33, 1953, as amended by DA GO 41, 1955)

4th BATTALION, 75th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as Battery D, 75th Field Artillery. Organized 7 October 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama. Demobilized 11 December 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 75th Field Artillery.

Absorbed 13 January 1941 by Battery A, 75th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 75th Field Artillery, redesignated 13 January 1941 as Battery A, 75th Field Artillery Battalion; activated 22 January 1941 at Fort Ord, California; inactivated 10 February 1946 at Camp Hood, Texas; activated 15 December 1950 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma; inactivated 23 June 1957 in Korea.)

Former Battery D, 75th Field Artillery, reconstituted 31 March 1958 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 75th Artillery. Redesignated 24 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 75th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 October 1959 with Headquarters at Chicago, Illinois. (Location of Headquarters changed 31 December 1965 to Peoria, Illinois.) Redesignated 31 January 1968 as the 4th Battalion, 75th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 75th Field Artillery. (Location of Headquarters changed 15 April 1991 to Bartonville, Illinois.) Inactivated 15 October 1993 at Bartonville, Illinois.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Aleutian Islands
*Po Valley

Korean War
*Second Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
*Third Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1951 (75th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 33, 1953, as amended by DA GO 41, 1955)

BATTERY F, 75th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as Battery F, 75th Field Artillery. Organized 7 October 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama. Demobilized 11 December 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery F, 75th Field Artillery.

Absorbed 13 January 1941 by Battery C, 75th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery C, 75th Field Artillery, redesignated 13 January 1941 as Battery C, 75th Field Artillery Battalion; activated 22 January 1941 at Fort Ord, California; inactivated 10 February 1946 at Camp Hood, Texas; activated 15 December 1950 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma; inactivated 23 June 1957 in Korea.)

Former Battery F, 75th Field Artillery, reconstituted 31 March 1958 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 75th Artillery. Redesignated 25 August 1965 as Battery F, 75th Artillery. Activated 2 November 1965 at Fort Benning, Georgia. Inactivated 16 November 1965 at Fort Benning, Georgia. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery F, 75th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II–AP
Aleutian Islands

World War II–EAME
Po Valley

Korean War
Second Korean Winter
Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
Third Korean Winter
Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1952 (75th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 33, 1953, as amended by DA GO 41, 1955)

BATTERY G, 75th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 75th Field Artillery. Organized 7 October 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama. Demobilized 11 December 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama. Reconstituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 75th Field Artillery.

Absorbed 13 January 1941 by Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 75th Field Artillery Battalion. (Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 75th Field Artillery, redesignated 13 January 1941 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 75th Field Artillery Battalion; activated 22 January 1941 at Fort Ord, California; inactivated 10 February 1946 at Camp Hood, Texas; activated 15 December 1950 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma; inactivated 23 June 1957 in Korea.)

Former Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 75th Field Artillery, reconstituted 31 March 1958 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 7th Battalion, 75th Artillery. Redesignated 25 July 1967 as Battery G, 75th Artillery, and activated at Fort Stewart, Georgia. Inactivated 30 June 1971 at Fort Stewart, Georgia. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery G, 75th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II–AP
Aleutian Islands

World War II–EAME
Po Valley

Korean War
Second Korean Winter
Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
Third Korean Winter
Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1952 (75th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 33, 1953, as amended by DA GO 41, 1955)

BIBLIOGRAPHY

No published histories.

76th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Azure, three bendlets sinister argent, a round shot proper; on a canton tenne, the headdress of the dragoons of 1836 proper.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, argent and azure, a cavalry sabre or and a round of 75-mm. fixed ammunition proper in saltire.

Motto: Duty, The Spirit of 76.

Symbolism: The regiment was organized in 1917 as the 18th Cavalry from personnel of the 2d Cavalry, changed to the 76th Field Artillery in the same year, and served in France in the 3d Division, the insignia of which forms the basis of the shield. The canton is orange, the color of the 2d Cavalry shield, and the charge thereon is the crest of the regiment. The crest shows the dual cavalry-artillery character of the regiment. The round shot symbolizes the motto.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as the 18th Cavalry. Organized 13 June 1917 at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont. Converted and redesignated 1 November 1917 as the 76th Field Artillery. Assigned 12 November 1917 to the 3d Division. Relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 3d Division. Assigned 1 July 1940 to the 7th Division.

Reorganized and redesignated 22 January 1941 as the 76th Field Artillery Battalion. Relieved 1 June 1941 from assignment to the 7th Division. Inactivated 27 November 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 1 August 1946 as the 76th Armored Field Artillery Battalion and activated at Fort Knox, Kentucky. Inactivated (less Battery A) 24 August 1948 at Fort Knox, Kentucky. (Battery A reorganized and redesignated 28 August 1953 as the 576th Armored Field Artillery Battery; inactivated 4 October 1954 at Fort Knox, Kentucky.) Redesignated 8 October 1954 as the 76th Field Artillery Battalion and activated at Fort Devens, Massachusetts (576th Armored Field Artillery Battery concurrently redesignated as Battery A, 76th Field Artillery Battalion). Inactivated (less Battery B) 15 February 1958 at Fort Devens, Massachusetts (Battery B concurrently inactivated in Iceland).

Reorganized and redesignated 31 July 1959 as the 76th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 76th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 February 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Champagne-Marne
- Aisne-Marne
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Champagne 1918

World War II
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

DECORATIONS

French Croix de Guerre with Gilt Star, World War I, Streamer embroidered CHAMPAGNE-MARNE and AISNE-MARNE (76th Field Artillery cited; WD GO 11, 1924)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (76th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

BATTERY A, 76th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops A and B, 18th Cavalry. Organized 13 June 1917 at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery A, 76th Field Artillery. (76th Field Artillery assigned 12 November 1917 to the 3d Division.) Inactivated 28 April 1930 at Fort Francis E. Warren, Wyoming. Activated 1 December 1938 at Fort Francis E. Warren, Wyoming. (76th Field Artillery relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 3d Division; assigned 1 July 1940 to the 7th Division.)

Reorganized and redesignated 22 January 1941 as Battery A, 76th Field Artillery Battalion. (76th Field Artillery Battalion relieved 1 June 1941 from assignment to the 7th Division.) Inactivated 27 November 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 1 August 1946 as Battery A, 76th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Knox, Kentucky. Reorganized and redesignated 28 August 1953 as the 576th Armored Field Artillery Battery. Inactivated 4 October 1954 at Fort Knox, Kentucky. Redesignated 8 October 1954 as Battery A, 76th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Devens, Massachusetts.

Reorganized and redesignated 15 February 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Howitzer Battalion, 76th Artillery, and assigned to the 2d Infantry Brigade (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Battalion inactivated 25 March 1962 at Fort Devens, Massachusetts. Relieved 20 April 1962 from assignment to the 2d Infantry Brigade. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Howitzer Battalion, 76th Field Artillery. Redesignated 13 September 1972 as the 1st Battalion, 76th Field Artillery, assigned to the 3d Infantry Division, and activated in Germany. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 76th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 16 February 1987 as Battery A, 76th Field Artillery, and remained assigned to the 3d Infantry Division (remainder of battalion concurrently inactivated). Battery inactivated 15 January 1992 in Germany. Activated 16 August 1995 in Germany. Inactivated 15 February 1996 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Champagne-Marne
- Aisne-Marne
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Champagne 1918

World War II–EAME
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

DECORATIONS

French Croix de Guerre with Gilt Star, World War I, Streamer embroidered CHAMPAGNE-MARNE and AISNE-MARNE (76th Field Artillery cited; WD GO 11, 1924)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (76th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

2d BATTALION, 76th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops C and D, 18th Cavalry. Organized 13 June 1917 at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery B, 76th Field Artillery. (76th Field Artillery assigned 12 November 1917 to the 3d Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 3d Division; assigned 1 July 1940 to the 7th Division.)

Reorganized and redesignated 22 January 1941 as Battery B, 76th Field Artillery Battalion. (76th Field Artillery Battalion relieved 1 June 1941 from assignment to the 7th Division.) Inactivated 27 November 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 1 August 1946 as Battery B, 76th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Knox, Kentucky. Inactivated 24 August 1948 at Fort Knox, Kentucky. Redesignated 9 October 1954 as Battery B, 76th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Devens, Massachusetts. Inactivated 15 February 1958 in Iceland.

Redesignated 24 April 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Gun Battalion, 76th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Redesignated 25 June 1958 as the 2d Howitzer Battalion, 76th Artillery, and activated in Korea. Redesignated 20 June 1964 as the 2d Battalion, 76th Artillery. Inactivated 21 June 1971 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 76th Field Artillery. Activated 21 December 1975 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Inactivated 19 May 1978 at Fort Riley, Kansas.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Champagne-Marne
*Aisne-Marne
*St. Mihiel
*Meuse-Argonne
*Champagne 1918

World War II
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*French Croix de Guerre with Gilt Star, World War I, Streamer embroidered CHAMPAGNE-MARNE and AISNE-MARNE (76th Field Artillery cited; WD GO 11, 1942)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (76th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

3d BATTALION, 76th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops E and F, 18th Cavalry. Organized 13 June 1917 at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery C, 76th Field Artillery. (76th Field Artillery assigned 12 November 1917 to the 3d Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 3d Division; assigned 1 July 1940 to the 7th Division.)

Reorganized and redesignated 22 January 1941 as Battery C, 76th Field Artillery Battalion. (76th Field Artillery Battalion relieved 1 June 1941 from assignment to the 7th Division.) Inactivated 27 November 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 1 August 1946 as Battery C, 76th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Knox, Kentucky. Inactivated 24 August 1948 at Fort Knox, Kentucky. Redesignated 8 October 1954 as Battery C, 76th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Devens, Massachusetts. Inactivated 15 February 1958 at Fort Devens, Massachusetts.

Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Howitzer Battalion, 76th Artillery, and activated at Fort Carson, Colorado (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Battalion inactivated 25 September 1958 at Fort Carson, Colorado. Assigned 1 April 1960 to the 3d Infantry Division and activated in Germany. Redesignated 18 April 1963 as the 3d Battalion, 76th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 76th Field Artillery. Inactivated 13 September 1972 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 3d Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- *Champagne-Marne
- *Aisne-Marne
- *St. Mihiel
- *Meuse-Argonne
- *Champagne 1918

World War II
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*French Croix de Guerre with Gilt Star, World War I, Streamer embroidered CHAMPAGNE-MARNE and AISNE-MARNE (76th Field Artillery cited; WD GO 11, 1924)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (76th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

4th BATTALION, 76th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops G and H, 18th Cavalry. Organized 13 June 1917 at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery D, 76th Field Artillery. (76th Field Artillery assigned 12 November 1917 to the 3d Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 3d Division; assigned 1 July 1940 to the 7th Division.)

Absorbed 22 January 1941 by Battery A, 76th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 76th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 22 January 1941 as Battery A, 76th Field Artillery Battalion [76th Field Artillery Battalion relieved 1 June 1941 from assignment to the 7th Division]; inactivated 27 November 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey; redesignated 1 August 1946 as Battery A, 76th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Knox, Kentucky; reorganized and redesignated 28 August 1953 as the 576th Armored Field Artillery Battery; inactivated 4 October 1954 at Fort Knox, Kentucky; redesignated 8 October 1954 as Battery A, 76th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Devens, Massachusetts.) Former Battery D, 76th Field Artillery, reconstituted 15 February 1958 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 31 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 76th Artillery. Redesignated 1 July 1960 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 76th Artillery, assigned to the 7th Infantry Division, and activated in Korea (organic elements concurrently constituted). Redesignated 1 July 1963 as the 4th Battalion, 76th Artillery. Inactivated 2 April 1971 at Fort Lewis, Washington, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 76th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- *Champagne-Marne
- *Aisne-Marne
- *St. Mihiel
- *Meuse-Argonne
- *Champagne 1918

World War II
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War I, Streamer embroidered CHAMPAGNE-MARNE and AISNE-MARNE (76th Field Artillery cited; WD GO 11, 1924)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (76th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1960–1971 (7th Infantry Division cited; DA GO 50, 1971)

5th BATTALION, 76th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops I and K, 18th Cavalry. Organized 13 June 1917 at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery E, 76th Field Artillery. (76th Field Artillery assigned 12 November 1917 to the 3d Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 3d Division; assigned 1 July 1940 to the 7th Division.)

Absorbed 22 January 1941 by Battery B, 76th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 76th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 22 January 1941 as Battery B, 76th Field Artillery Battalion [76th Field Artillery Battalion relieved 1 June 1941 from assignment to the 7th Division]; inactivated 27 November 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey; redesignated 1 August 1946 as Battery B, 76th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Knox, Kentucky; inactivated 24 August 1948 at Fort Knox, Kentucky; redesignated 8 October 1954 as Battery B, 76th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Devens, Massachusetts.) Former Battery E, 76th Field Artillery, reconstituted 15 February 1958 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 17 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Howitzer Battalion, 76th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 September 1959 with Headquarters at Winooski, Vermont. (Location of Headquarters changed 1 December 1960 to Burlington, Vermont.) Redesignated 19 December 1963 as the 5th Battalion, 76th Artillery. Inactivated 22 December 1965 at Burlington, Vermont. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Battalion, 76th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- *Champagne-Marne
- *Aisne-Marne
- *St. Mihiel
- *Meuse-Argonne
- *Champagne 1918

World War II
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War I, Streamer embroidered CHAMPAGNE-MARNE and AISNE-MARNE (76th Field Artillery cited; WD GO 11, 1924)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (76th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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77th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, five fleurs-de-lis, three and two, or; on a chief dovetailed of the last a prickly pear cactus proper.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a mount vert supporting a falcon proper.

Motto: *En Garde* (On Guard).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The yellow dovetailed chief symbolizes the formation of the organization from cavalry. The cactus indicates service as cavalry on the Mexican border. The five fleurs-de-lis signify the five major engagements in France in World War I as artillery.

The crest is taken from the arms of Montfaucon, as most of the 77th Field Artillery was there when the armistice was signed.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as the 19th Cavalry. Organized 23 May–11 June 1917 at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, Converted and redesignated 1 November 1917 as the 77th Field Artillery. Assigned 19 November 1917 to the 4th Division. Inactivated 21 September 1921 at Camp Lewis, Washington. Relieved 24 March 1923 from assignment to the 4th Division and assigned to the 7th Division. Relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 7th Division and assigned to the 4th Division. (1st Battalion activated 1 January 1935 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.) Activated (less 1st Battalion) 1 November 1935 at Fort D. A. Russell, Texas. Relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 4th Division. Regiment broken up 24 February 1944 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 77th Field Artillery Group; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 634th and 631st Field Artillery Battalions, respectively.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 77th Field Artillery Group, inactivated 25 September 1945 in Italy. Activated 27 August 1951 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 25 September 1956 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

634th Field Artillery Battalion redesignated 15 May 1945 as the 77th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 4 January 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 77th Field Artillery Battalion, redesignated 1 August 1946 as the 77th Field Artillery Battery and activated at Fort Winfield Scott, California (organic elements of the 77th Field Artillery Battalion concurrently disbanded). 77th Field Artillery Battery inactivated 25 November 1946 at Fort Winfield Scott, California. Redesignated 19 March 1948 as the 77th Armored Field Artillery Battery. Redesignated 1 February 1949 as the 77th Field Artillery Battery and activated in Austria. Inactivated 31 July 1955 in Austria. Redesignated 20 December 1956 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 634th Field Artillery Rocket Battalion (organic elements of former 77th Field Artillery Battalion concurrently reconstituted as elements of the 634th Field Artillery Rocket Battalion). Battalion activated 1 January 1957 at Fort Hood, Texas. Inactivated 26 June 1958 at Fort Hood, Texas.

631st Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 8 September 1945 in Italy. Redesignated 4 November 1946 as the 85th Field Artillery Battalion. Assigned 1 July 1948 to the 10th Infantry Division and activated at Fort Riley, Kansas. Inactivated 1 July 1957 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 10th Infantry Division.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 77th Field Artillery Group; 634th Field Artillery Rocket Battalion; and the 85th Field Artillery Battalion consolidated 27 June 1958 to form the 77th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 77th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 17 August 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Aisne-Marne
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Champagne 1918
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Sicily (with arrowhead)
- Naples-Foggia
- Anzio
- Rome-Arno
- Southern France (with arrowhead)
- North Apennines
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe
- Po Valley

Vietnam
- Defense
- Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970
- Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- Consolidation I
- Consolidation II

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered PLEIKU PROVINCE (1st Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 40, 1967)

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered SUOI TRE (2d Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 59, 1968)

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered FISH HOOK (1st Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1972)

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM (4th Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 13, 1974)

1st BATTALION, 77th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(nondivisional)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops A and B, 19th Cavalry. Organized 11 June 1917 at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont. Converted, consolidated, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery A, 77th Field Artillery. (77th Field Artillery assigned 19 November 1917 to the 4th Division.) Inactivated 21 September 1921 at Camp Lewis, Washington. (77th Field Artillery relieved 24 March 1923 from assignment to the 4th Division and assigned to the 7th Division; relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 7th Division and assigned to the 4th Division.) Activated 1 January 1935 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. (77th Field Artillery relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 4th Division.)

Reorganized and redesignated 24 February 1944 as Battery A, 634th Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 15 May 1945 as Battery A, 77th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 4 January 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Disbanded 1 August 1946. Reconstituted 20 December 1956 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 634th Field Artillery Rocket Battalion. Activated 1 January 1957 at Fort Hood, Texas.

Reorganized and redesignated 25 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Missile Battalion, 77th Artillery (organic elements constituted 1 June 1958 and activated 25 June 1958). Battalion inactivated 25 June 1959 in Germany. Redesignated 1 July 1960 as the 1st Howitzer Battalion, 77th Artillery, assigned to the 1st Cavalry Division, and activated in Korea. Redesignated 1 September 1963 as the 1st Battalion, 77th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 77th Field Artillery. Inactivated 16 June 1986 at Fort Hood, Texas, and relieved from assignment to the 1st Cavalry Division. Assigned 17 August 1986 to the 194th Armored Brigade and activated at Fort Knox, Kentucky. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 77th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 17 September 1990 as Battery A, 77th Field Artillery, and remained assigned to the 194th Armored Brigade (remainder of battalion concurrently inactivated). Inactivated 29 June 1995 at Fort Knox, Kentucky, and relieved from assignment to the 194th Armored Brigade. Battery redesignated 16 June 1996 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 77th Field Artillery, and activated at Fort Sill, Oklahoma (organic elements concurrently activated).

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Aisne-Marne
*St. Mihiel
*Meuse-Argonne
*Champagne 1918
*Lorraine 1918

World War II
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Naples-Foggia
*Anzio
*Rome-Arno
*Southern France (with arrowhead)
North Apennines
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe
Po Valley

Vietnam
*Defense
*Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase II
*Counteroffensive, Phase III
*Tet Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase IV
*Counteroffensive, Phase V
*Counteroffensive, Phase VI
*Tet 69/Counteroffensive
*Summer–Fall 1969
*Winter–Spring 1970
*Sanctuary Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase VII

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered PLEIKU PROVINCE (1st Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 40, 1967)

*Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered FISH HOOK (1st Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1972)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1965–1969 (1st Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 59, 1969)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1969–1970 (1st Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1972)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1970–1971 (1st Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1972)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1969–1970 (1st Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1972)

Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Valorous Unit Award; Streamer embroidered PHOUC LONG PROVINCE (Headquarters and Service Battery, 1st Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 2, 1971)

Battery C additionally entitled to: Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered QUANG TIN PROVINCE (Battery C, 1st Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 39, 1970), and Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered TAY NINH PROVINCE (Battery C, 1st Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 5, 1973)

2d BATTALION, 77th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops C and D, 19th Cavalry. Organized 11 June 1917 at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery B, 77th Field Artillery. (77th Field Artillery assigned 19 November 1917 to the 4th Division.) Inactivated 21 September 1921 at Camp Lewis, Washington. (77th Field Artillery relieved 24 March 1923 from assignment to the 4th Division and assigned to the 7th Division; relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 7th Division and assigned to the 4th Division.) Activated 1 January 1935 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. (77th Field Artillery relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 4th Division.)

Reorganized and redesignated 24 February 1944 as Battery B, 634th Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 15 May 1945 as Battery B, 77th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 4 January 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Disbanded 1 August 1946. Reconstituted 16 July 1957 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 1 August 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Missile Battalion, 77th Artillery, and activated at Fort Hood, Texas (organic elements constituted 16 July 1957 and activated 1August 1957). Battalion inactivated 2 January 1959 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 23 April 1959 as the 2d Howitzer Battalion, 77th Artillery, and assigned to the 4th Infantry Division. Activated 6 May 1959 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Redesignated 1 October 1963 as the 2d Battalion, 77th Artillery. Relieved 1 August 1967 from assignment to the 4th Infantry Division and assigned to the 25th Infantry Division. Inactivated 15 December 1970 at Fort Carson, Colorado; concurrently, relieved from assignment to the 25th Infantry Division and assigned to the 4th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 77th Field Artillery. Relieved 17 June 1986 from assignment to the 4th Infantry Division and activated in Germany. Inactivated 1 March 1988 in Germany. Activated 16 May 1988 in Germany. Inactivated 1 March 1991 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Aisne-Marne
*St. Mihiel
*Meuse-Argonne
*Champagne 1918
*Lorraine 1918

World War II
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Naples-Foggia
*Anzio
*Rome-Arno
*Southern France (with arrowhead)
North Apennines
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe
Po Valley

Vietnam
*Counteroffensive, Phase II
*Counteroffensive, Phase III
*Tet Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase IV
*Counteroffensive, Phase V
*Counteroffensive, Phase VI
*Tet 69/Counteroffensive
*Summer–Fall 1969
*Winter–Spring 1970
*Sanctuary Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase VII

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered SUOI TRE (2d Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 59, 1968)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1967 (2d Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 48, 1971)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1968 (2d Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 48, 1971)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1970 (2d Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 5, 1973)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1970 (2d Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 51, 1971)

3d BATTALION, 77th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops I and K, 19th Cavalry. Organized 11 June 1917 at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery E, 77th Field Artillery. (77th Field Artillery assigned 19 November 1917 to the 4th Division.) Inactivated 21 September 1921 at Camp Lewis, Washington. (77th Field Artillery relieved 24 March 1923 from assignment to the 4th Division and assigned to the 7th Division; relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 7th Division.) Activated 1 May 1939 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. (77th Field Artillery relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 4th Division.) Redesignated 1 April 1940 as Battery C, 77th Field Artillery.

Reorganized and redesignated 24 February 1944 as Battery C, 634th Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 15 May 1945 as Battery C, 77th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 4 January 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Disbanded 1 August 1946.

Reconstituted 27 June 1958 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 77th Artillery. Redesignated 31 March 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Howitzer Battalion, 77th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, allotted to the Army Reserve, and assigned to the 63d Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 May 1959 with Headquarters at Van Nuys, California. Redesignated 1 April 1963 as the 3d Battalion, 77th Artillery. Inactivated 31 December 1965 at Van Nuys, California, and relieved from assignment to the 63d Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 77th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- *Aisne-Marne
- *St. Mihiel
- *Meuse-Argonne
- *Champagne 1918
- *Lorraine 1918

World War II
- *Sicily (with arrowhead)
- *Naples-Foggia
- *Anzio
- *Rome-Arno
- *Southern France (with arrowhead)
- North Apennines
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe
- Po Valley

DECORATIONS

None.

4th BATTALION, 77th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops G and H, 19th Cavalry. Organized 11 June 1917 at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont. Converted, consolidated, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery D, 77th Field Artillery. (77th Field Artillery assigned 19 November 1917 to the 4th Division.) Inactivated 21 September 1921 at Camp Lewis, Washington. (77th Field Artillery relieved 24 March 1923 from assignment to the 4th Division and assigned to the 7th Division; relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 7th Division and assigned to the 4th Division.) Activated 1 November 1935 at Fort D.A. Russell, Texas. (77th Field Artillery relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 4th Division.)

Reorganized and redesignated 24 February 1944 as Battery A, 631st Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 8 September 1945 in Italy. Redesignated 4 November 1946 as Battery A, 85th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 1 July 1948 at Fort Riley, Kansas, as an element of the 10th Infantry Division. Inactivated 1 July 1957 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 10th Infantry Division.

Redesignated 27 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 77th Artillery. Redesignated 19 March 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 77th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, allotted to the Army Reserve, and assigned to the 90th Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 April 1959 with Headquarters at Austin, Texas. Inactivated 15 March 1963 at Austin, Texas, and relieved from assignment to the 90th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 July 1968 as the 4th Battalion, 77th Artillery, withdrawn from the Army Reserve, allotted to the Regular Army, assigned to the 101st Airborne Division, and activated at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 77th Field Artillery. Inactivated 21 January 1978 at Fort Campbell, Kentucky, and relieved from assignment to the 101st Airborne Division. Activated 15 April 1983 in Germany. Inactivated 15 October 1991 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Aisne-Marne
*St. Mihiel
*Meuse-Argonne
*Champagne 1918
*Lorraine 1918

World War II
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Naples-Foggia
Anzio
*Rome-Arno
Southern France (with arrowhead)
*North Apennines
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe
*Po Valley

Vietnam
*Counteroffensive, Phase V
*Counteroffensive, Phase VI
*Tet 69/Counteroffensive
*Summer–Fall 1969
*Winter–Spring 1970
*Sanctuary Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase VII
*Consolidation I
*Consolidation II

DECORATIONS

*Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM (4th Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 13, 1974)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (4th Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1970)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1971 (4th Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 6, 1974)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1970 (4th Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 48, 1971)

Battery C additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army); Streamer embroidered DONG AP BIA MOUNTAIN (Battery C, 4th Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 16, 1972)

5th BATTALION, 77th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops E and F, 19th Cavalry. Organized 11 June 1917 at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery C, 77th Field Artillery. (77th Field Artillery assigned 19 November 1917 to the 4th Division.) Inactivated 21 September 1921 at Camp Lewis, Washington. (77th Field Artillery relieved 24 March 1923 from assignment to the 4th Division and assigned to the 7th Division; relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 7th Division and assigned to the 4th Division.) Activated 1 November 1935 at Fort D. A. Russell, Texas. (77th Field Artillery relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 4th Division.) Redesignated 1 April 1940 as Battery E, 77th Field Artillery.

Reorganized and redesignated 24 February 1944 as Battery B, 631st Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 8 September 1945 in Italy. Redesignated 4 November 1946 as Battery B, 85th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 1 July 1948 at Fort Riley, Kansas, as an element of the 10th Infantry Division. Inactivated 1 July 1956 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 10th Infantry Division.

Redesignated 27 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 77th Artillery. Redesignated 17 January 1962 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Missile Battalion, 77th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 19 September 1962 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 15 October 1963 as the 5th Battalion, 77th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Battalion, 77th Field Artillery. Inactivated 30 June 1973 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- *Aisne-Marne
- *St. Mihiel
- *Meuse-Argonne
- *Champagne 1918
- *Lorraine 1918

World War II
- *Sicily (with arrowhead)
- *Naples-Foggia
- Anzio
- *Rome-Arno
- Southern France (with arrowhead)
- *North Apennines
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe
- *Po Valley

DECORATIONS

None.

BATTERY F, 77th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops L and M, 19th Cavalry. Organized 11 June 1917 at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery F, 77th Field Artillery. (77th Field Artillery assigned 19 November 1917 to the 4th Division.) Inactivated 21 September 1921 at Camp Lewis, Washington. (77th Field Artillery relieved 24 March 1923 from assignment to the 4th Division and assigned to the 7th Division; relieved 1 January 1930 from assignment to the 7th Division and assigned to the 4th Division.) Activated 1 May 1939 at Fort D. A. Russell, Texas. (77th Field Artillery relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 4th Division.)

Reorganized and redesignated 24 February 1944 as Battery C, 631st Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 8 September 1945 in Italy. Redesignated 4 November 1946 as Battery C, 85th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 1 July 1948 at Fort Riley, Kansas, as an element of the 10th Infantry Division. Inactivated 1 July 1957 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 10th Infantry Division.

Redesignated 27 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 77th Artillery. Redesignated 20 July 1966 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Howitzer Battalion, 77th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 15 October 1966 at Fort Irwin, California. Redesignated 1 April 1968 as the 6th Battalion, 77th Artillery. Inactivated 1 June 1969 in Vietnam. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 77th Artillery, redesignated 30 April 1971 as Battery F, 77th Artillery, and activated in Vietnam. Inactivated 12 August 1971 in Vietnam. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery F, 77th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Aisne-Marne
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Champagne 1918
- Lorraine 1918

World War II–EAME
- Sicily (with arrowhead)
- Naples-Foggia
- Rome-Arno
- North Apennines
- Po Valley

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- Consolidation I

DECORATIONS

Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1968 (6th Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 48, 1971)

Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (6th Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 59, 1969)

Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (6th Battalion, 77th Artillery, cited; DA GO 51, 1971)

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78th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a billete or; on a canton of the last voided sable, a sun in splendor of the second charged with an Arabic number "13" of the third.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a six-point mullet gules charged with the Arabic number "78" or.

Motto: *Semel et Simul* (At Once and Together).

Symbolism: The field is red for artillery. The gold billets are from the arms of Franchè Comté. The 78th Field Artillery was organized in 1917 as the 20th Cavalry from personnel of the 13th Cavalry, and that regiment's badge is represented in the canton.

The crest is the 6th Infantry Division shoulder sleeve insignia charged with the number of the regiment.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield, crest, and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as the 20th Cavalry. Organized 1 June 1917 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Converted and redesignated 18 November 1917 as the 78th Field Artillery and assigned to the 6th Division. Inactivated (less Batteries B and F) 7 September 1921 at Camp Grant, Illinois. (Battery B inactivated 23 September 1921 at Fort Sheridan, Illinois; Battery F inactivated 14 October 1921 at Fort Snelling, Minnesota.) Relieved 2 October 1939 from assignment to the 6th Division.

Redesignated 15 July 1940 as the 78th Field Artillery Battalion, assigned to the 2d Armored Division, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia. Redesignated 1 January 1942 as the 78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.

Inactivated 1 July 1957 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 2d Armored Division; concurrently, reorganized and redesignated as the 78th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 78th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 January 1988 from the Combat Arms Regimental System, reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System, and transferred to the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

Streamer without inscription

World War II

Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
Sicily (with arrowhead)
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 28, 1948)

French Croix de Guerre with Silver Star, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 43, 1950)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

1st BATTALION, 78th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(TRADOC)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops A and B, 20th Cavalry. Organized 1 June 1917 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 18 November 1917 as Battery A, 78th Field Artillery, an element of the 6th Division. Inactivated 7 September 1921 at Camp Grant, Illinois. (78th Field Artillery relieved 2 October 1939 from assignment to the 6th Division.)

Redesignated 15 July 1940 as Battery A, 78th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia, as an element of the 2d Armored Division. Redesignated 1 January 1942 as Battery A, 78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 July 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Howitzer Battalion, 78th Artillery, an element of the 2d Armored Division (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 8 July 1963 as the 1st Battalion, 78th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 78th Field Artillery. Inactivated 1 October 1983 at Fort Hood, Texas, and relieved from assignment to the 2d Armored Division. Headquarters transferred 28 February 1987 to the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command and activated at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

*Streamer without inscription

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 28, 1948)

*French Croix de Guerre with Silver Star, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

2d BATTALION, 78th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops C and D, 20th Cavalry. Organized 1 June 1917 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 18 November 1917 as Battery B, 78th Field Artillery, an element of the 6th Division. Inactivated 23 September 1921 at Fort Sheridan, Illinois. (78th Field Artillery relieved 2 October 1939 from assignment to the 6th Division.)

Redesignated 15 July 1940 as Battery B, 78th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia, as an element of the 2d Armored Division. Redesignated 1 January 1942 as Battery B, 78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 April 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Howitzer Battalion, 78th Artillery; concurrently, relieved from assignment to the 2d Armored Division and assigned to the 4th Armored Division (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 25 June 1963 as the 2d Battalion, 78th Artillery. Relieved 10 May 1971 from assignment to the 4th Armored Division and assigned to the 1st Armored Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 78th Field Artillery. Inactivated 16 January 1988 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 1st Armored Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

*Streamer without inscription

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 28, 1948)

*French Croix de Guerre with Silver Star, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

3d BATTALION, 78th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops E and F, 20th Cavalry. Organized 1 June 1917 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 18 November 1917 as Battery C, 78th Field Artillery, an element of the 6th Division. Inactivated 7 September 1921 at Camp Grant, Illinois. (78th Field Artillery relieved 2 October 1939 from assignment to the 6th Division.)

Redesignated 15 July 1940 as Battery C, 78th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia, as an element of the 2d Armored Division. Redesignated 1 January 1942 as Battery C, 78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.

Inactivated 1 July 1957 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 2d Armored Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 78th Artillery. Redesignated 19 March 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Howitzer Battalion, 78th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, allotted to the Army Reserve, and assigned to the 90th Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 April 1959 with Headquarters at Amarillo, Texas. Redesignated 15 March 1963 as the 3d Battalion, 78th Artillery. Inactivated 31 December 1965 at Amarillo, Texas, and relieved from assignment to the 90th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 78th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Streamer without inscription

World War II
*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Sicily (with arrowhead) (with arrowhead)
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 28, 1948)

*French Croix de Guerre with Silver Star, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

4th BATTALION, 78th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops G and H, 20th Cavalry. Organized 1 June 1917 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 18 November 1917 as Battery D, 78th Field Artillery, an element of the 6th Division. Inactivated 7 September 1921 at Camp Grant, Illinois. (78th Field Artillery relieved 2 October 1939 from assignment to the 6th Division.)

Redesignated 15 July 1940 as Battery D, 78th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia, as an element of the 2d Armored Division. Inactivated 15 December 1941 at Fort Benning, Georgia.

Relieved 1 July 1957 from assignment to the 2d Armored Division and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 78th Artillery. Redesignated 11 May 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 78th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, allotted to the Army Reserve, and assigned to the 102d Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 June 1959 with Headquarters at Kansas City, Missouri. Redesignated 28 March 1963 as the 4th Battalion, 78th Artillery. Inactivated 31 December 1965 at Kansas City, Missouri, and relieved from assignment to the 102d Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 78th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Streamer without inscription

World War II
Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
Sicily (with arrowhead)
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY

BATTERY E, 78th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops I and K, 20th Cavalry. Organized 1 June 1917 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 18 November 1917 as Battery E, 78th Field Artillery, an element of the 6th Division. Inactivated 7 September 1921 at Camp Grant, Illinois. (78th Field Artillery relieved 2 October 1939 from assignment to the 6th Division.)

Absorbed 15 July 1940 by Battery B, 78th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 78th Field Artillery, redesignated 15 July 1940 as Battery B, 78th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia, as an element of the 2d Armored Division; redesignated 1 January 1942 as Battery B, 78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.) Former Battery E, 78th Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 April 1957 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 1 July 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 78th Artillery. Redesignated 2 October 1962 as Battery E, 78th Artillery, and assigned to the 194th Armored Brigade. Activated 21 December 1962 at Fort Ord, California. Reorganized and redesignated 15 May 1964 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 78th Artillery (organic elements constituted 24 April 1964 and activated 15 May 1964). Headquarters and Headquarters, 5th Battalion, 78th Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 4 January 1968 as Battery E, 78th Artillery (remainder of battalion concurrently inactivated). Battery inactivated 18 May 1970 at Fort Ord, California, and relieved from assignment to the 194th Armored Brigade. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery E, 78th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

Silver band without campaign inscription

World War II–EAME

Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
Sicily (with arrowhead)
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 28, 1948)

French Croix de Guerre with Silver Star, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

6th BATTALION, 78th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops L and M, 20th Cavalry. Organized 1 June 1917 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 18 November 1917 as Battery F, 78th Field Artillery, an element of the 6th Division. Inactivated 14 October 1921 at Fort Snelling, Minnesota. (78th Field Artillery relieved 2 October 1939 from assignment to the 6th Division.)

Absorbed 15 July 1940 by Battery C, 78th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery C, 78th Field Artillery, redesignated 15 July 1940 as Battery C, 78th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia, as an element of the 2d Armored Division; redesignated 1 January 1942 as Battery C, 78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.)

Former Battery F, 78th Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 July 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 78th Artillery. Assigned 24 November 1967 to the 6th Infantry Division and activated at Fort Campbell, Kentucky (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Battalion inactivated 25 July 1968 at Schofield Barracks, Hawaii. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 6th Battalion, 78th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

*Streamer without inscription

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 28, 1948)

*French Croix de Guerre with Silver Star, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (78th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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"2–78th FA Joins Project Partnership." *Field Artillery Journal* 44 (November-December 1976):27.

"2–78th FA Wins Harmon Award." *Field Artillery Journal* 52 (January-February 1984):29.

"2–78th wins honors." *Field Artillery Journal* 51 (November-December 1983):36.

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Also see bibliography of the 2d Armored Division in John B. Wilson, *Armies, Corps, Divisions, and Separate Brigades.* Army Lineage Series. Washington: Government Printing Office, 1999.

79th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Or, a bend and on a canton to sinister gules a sun in splendor of the first charged with the numeral "13" sable and in base within an annulet vert a gunstone charged with an hourglass gules.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a horse's head armored proper.

Motto: Our Country-Our Regiment.

Symbolism: The 21st Cavalry was organized in June 1917 from personnel of the 13th Cavalry (later designated the 13th Armor) and was converted to the 79th Field Artillery in November of the same year. Its original cavalry character is shown by the color of the field and its field artillery service by the red bend. On the canton is a device from the badge of the 13th Cavalry. The insignia in base is the shoulder sleeve insignia of the 7th Infantry Division with colors reversed, surrounded by a green band.

The armored horse's head represents cavalry and armor, respectively.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and crest of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as the 21st Cavalry. Organized 1 June 1917 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Converted and redesignated 1 November 1917 as the 79th Field Artillery. Assigned 6 December 1917 to the 7th Division. Inactivated 14 September 1921 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Division. Assigned 1 January 1930 to the 7th Division. Relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 7th Division. (1st Battalion activated 1 June 1940 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.) Activated (less 1st Battalion) 1 June 1941 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Regiment broken up 23 February 1943 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 79th Field Artillery Group; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 697th and 698th Field Artillery Battalions, respectively.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 79th Field Artillery Group, inactivated 30 June 1946 in Germany.

697th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 12 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as the 555th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 1 January 1949 in Korea. Assigned 10 October 1954 to the 71st Infantry Division. Inactivated 15 September 1956 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Relieved 16 July 1957 from assignment to the 71st Infantry Division.

698th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 14 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as the 567th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 20 March 1951 at Camp Polk, Louisiana. Inactivated 16 January 1956 in Germany.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 79th Field Artillery Group, and the 555th and 567th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 16 July 1957 to form the 79th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 79th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 August 1995 from the Combat Arms Regimental System, reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System, and transferred to the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Streamer without inscription

World War II
- Naples-Foggia
- Rome-Arno
- North Apennines
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Korean War
- UN Defensive
- UN Offensive
- CCF Intervention
- First UN Counteroffensive
- CCF Spring Offensive
- UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- Consolidation I
- Consolidation II
- Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BINH LONG (Battery F, 79th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 19, 1974)

1st BATTALION, 79th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(TRADOC)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops A and B, 21st Cavalry. Organized 1 June 1917 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery A, 79th Field Artillery. (79th Field Artillery assigned 6 December 1917 to the 7th Division.) Inactivated 14 September 1921 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Division. (79th Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 7th Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 7th Division.) Activated 1 June 1940 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 23 February 1943 as Battery A, 697th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 12 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery A, 555th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 1 January 1949 in Korea. (555th Field Artillery Battalion assigned 10 October 1954 to the 71st Infantry Division.) Inactivated 15 September 1956 at Fort Lewis, Washington.

Relieved 16 July 1957 from assignment to the 71st Infantry Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 79th Artillery. Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Missile Battalion, 79th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 24 June 1958 in Italy. Inactivated 25 June 1959 in Italy. Redesignated 1 July 1960 as the 1st Howitzer Battalion, 79th Artillery, assigned to the 7th Infantry Division, and activated in Korea. Redesignated 1 July 1963 as the 1st Battalion, 79th Artillery. Inactivated 2 April 1971 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 79th Field Artillery. Activated 21 October 1975 at Fort Ord, California. Inactivated 1 October 1983 at Fort Ord, California, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Infantry Division. Headquarters transferred 16 August 1995 to the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command and activated at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Streamer without inscription

World War II
*Naples-Foggia
*Rome-Arno
*North Apennines
Normandy
Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Korean Wear
*UN Defensive
*UN Offensive
*CCF Intervention
*First UN Counteroffensive
*CCF Spring Offensive
*UN Summer–Fall Offensive
*Second Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
*Third Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (555th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 49, 1954)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1953–1954 (555th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 50, 1954)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1960–1971 (7th Infantry Division cited; DA GO 50, 1971)

2d BATTALION, 79th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops C and D, 21st Cavalry. Organized 1 June 1917 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery B, 79th Field Artillery. (79th Field Artillery assigned 6 December 1917 to the 7th Division.) Inactivated 14 September 1921 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Division. (79th Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 7th Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 7th Division.) Activated 1 June 1940 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 23 February 1943 as Battery B, 697th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 12 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery B, 555th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 1 January 1949 in Korea. (555th Field Artillery Battalion assigned 10 October 1954 to the 71st Infantry Division.) Inactivated 15 September 1956 at Fort Lewis, Washington.

Relieved 16 July 1957 from assignment to the 71st Infantry Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Battalion, 79th Artillery. Redesignated 2 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Missile Battalion, 79th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 26 June 1958 at Fort Hood, Texas. Inactivated 19 February 1962 at Fort Carson, Colorado. Redesignated 6 February 1964 as the 2d Battalion, 79th Artillery. Activated 15 April 1964 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 30 November 1968 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 79th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Streamer without inscription

World War II
*Naples-Foggia
*Rome-Arno
*North Apennines
Normandy
Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Korean War
*UN Defensive
*UN Offensive
*CCF Intervention
*First UN Counteroffensive
*CCF Spring Offensive
*UN Summer–Fall Offensive
*Second Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
*Third Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (555th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 49, 1954)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1953–1954 (555th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 50, 1954)

3d BATTALION, 79th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops E and F, 21st Cavalry. Organized 1 June 1917 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery C, 79th Field Artillery. (79th Field Artillery assigned 6 December 1917 to the 7th Division.) Inactivated 14 September 1921 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Division. (79th Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 7th Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 7th Division.) Activated 1 June 1940 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 23 February 1943 as Battery C, 697th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 12 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery C, 555th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 1 January 1949 in Korea. (555th Field Artillery Battalion assigned 10 October 1954 to the 71st Infantry Division.) Inactivated 15 September 1956 at Fort Lewis, Washington. (555th Field Artillery Battalion relieved 16 July 1957 from assignment to the 71st Infantry Division.)

Redesignated 1 August 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Missile Battalion, 79th Artillery, and activated at Fort Hood, Texas (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 2 August 1965 as the 3d Battalion, 79th Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 79th Field Artillery. Inactivated 16 August 1987 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Streamer without inscription

World War II
*Naples-Foggia
*Rome-Arno
*North Apennines
Normandy
Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Korean War
*UN Defensive
*UN Offensive
*CCF Intervention
*First UN Counteroffensive
*CCF Spring Offensive
*UN Summer–Fall Offensive
*Second Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
*Third Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1953 (555th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 49, 1954)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1953–1954 (555th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 50, 1954)

4th BATTALION, 79th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops G and H, 21st Cavalry. Organized 1 June 1917 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery D, 79th Field Artillery. (79th Field Artillery assigned 6 December 1917 to the 7th Division.) Inactivated 14 September 1921 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 7th Division. (79th Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 7th Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 7th Division.) Activated 1 June 1941 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 23 February 1943 as Battery A, 698th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 14 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery A, 698th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 14 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery A, 567th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 20 March 1951 at Camp Polk, Louisiana. Inactivated 16 January 1956 in Germany.

Redesignated 16 July 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 79th Artillery. Redesignated 24 March 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 79th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 April 1959 with Headquarters at Ada, Oklahoma. Inactivated 31 December 1965 at Ada, Oklahoma. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Howitzer Battalion, 79th Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 4th Battalion, 79th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Streamer without inscription

World War II
Naples-Foggia
*Rome-Arno
*North Apennines
Normandy
Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Korean War
UN Defensive
UN Offensive
CCF Intervention
First UN Counteroffensive
CCF Spring Offensive
UN Summer–Fall Offensive
Second Korean Winter
Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
Third Korean Winter
Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*French Croix de Guerre with Silver-Gilt Star, World War II, Streamer embroidered ROME-ARNO (698th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

5th BATTALION, 79th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops I and K, 21st Cavalry. Organized 1 June 1917 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery E, 79th Field Artillery. (79th Field Artillery assigned 6 December 1917 to the 7th Division.) Inactivated 14 September 1921 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Division. (79th Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 7th Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 7th Division.) Activated 1 June 1941 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 23 February 1943 as Battery B, 698th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 14 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery B, 567th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 20 March 1951 at Camp Polk, Louisiana. Inactivated 16 January 1956 in Germany.

Redesignated 16 July 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 79th Artillery. Redesignated 20 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Howitzer Battalion, 79th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 15 May 1959 with Headquarters at St. Petersburg, Florida. Inactivated 31 December 1965 at St. Petersburg, Florida. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Howitzer Battalion, 79th Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 5th Battalion, 79th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Streamer without inscription

World War II
Naples-Foggia
*Rome-Arno
*North Apennines
Normandy
Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Korean War
UN Defensive
UN Offensive
CCF Intervention
First UN Counteroffensive
CCF Spring Offensive
UN Summer–Fall Offensive
Second Korean Winter
Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
Third Korean Winter
Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*French Croix de Guerre with Silver-Gilt Star, World War II, Streamer embroidered ROME-ARNO (698th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

BATTERY F, 79th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops L and M, 21st Cavalry. Organized 1 June 1917 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery F, 79th Field Artillery. (79th Field Artillery assigned 6 December 1917 to the 7th Division.) Inactivated 14 September 1921 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Division. (79th Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 7th Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 7th Division.) Activated 1 June 1941 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 23 February 1943 as Battery C, 698th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 14 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 5 February 1947 as Battery C, 567th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 20 March 1951 at Camp Polk, Louisiana. Inactivated 16 January 1956 in Germany.

Redesignated 16 July 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 79th Artillery. Redesignated 30 June 1971 as Battery F, 79th Artillery, assigned to the 1st Cavalry Division, and activated in Vietnam. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery F, 79th Field Artillery. Inactivated 22 August 1972 in Vietnam. Activated 24 March 1974 at Fort Hood, Texas. Inactivated 20 December 1974 at Fort Hood, Texas, and relieved from assignment to the 1st Cavalry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Silver band without campaign inscription

World War II–EAME
- Anzio
- Rome-Arno
- North Apennines
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- Consolidation I
- Consolidation II
- Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BINH LONG (Battery F, 79th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 19, 1974)

French Croix de Guerre with Silver-Gilt Star, World War I1, Streamer embroidered ROME-ARNO (698th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1971–1972 (Battery F, 79th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 19, 1974)

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80th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Party per fess and gules, a fess dancette ermine. On a canton sable an orle of the first.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a boar's head proper.

Motto: *Toujours L'Audace* (Always Brave).

Symbolism: The dual character of the regiment is shown by the colors of the field, yellow for cavalry, red for artillery. World War I service is indicated by the fess which is based on the arms of ancient Brittany and the arms of Vannes where the unit served. The canton refers to the coat of arms of the 11th Cavalry, from which men were transferred to form the 22d Cavalry, predecessor of the present regiment.

The boar's head, from the arms of the Oglethorpe family, closely identified with Georgia, the state in which the unit was organized, is an ancient symbol of hospitality.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as the 22d Cavalry. Organized 21 June 1917 at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. Converted and redesignated 1 November 1917 as the 80th Field Artillery. Assigned 6 December 1917 to the 7th Division. Inactivated 10 September 1921 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Division. Assigned 1 January 1930 to the 7th Division. (3d Battalion activated 1 October 1933 at Fort Des Moines, Iowa; 2d Battalion activated 30 September 1939 at Fort Des Moines, Iowa.) Activated (less 2d and 3d Battalions) 12 October 1939 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 7th Division and assigned to the 6th Division (later redesignated as the 6th Infantry Division).

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as the 80th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 20 July 1947 in Korea. Activated 4 October 1950 at Fort Ord, California. Inactivated 3 April 1956 at Fort Ord, California, and relieved from assignment to the 6th Infantry Division.

Reorganized and redesignated 31 July 1959 as the 80th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 80th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 October 1990 from the Combat Arms Regimental System, reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System, and transferred to the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Streamer without inscription

World War II
New Guinea
Luzon (with arrowhead)

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered LUZON (80th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1946)

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 to 4 JULY 1945 (6th Infantry Division Artillery cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

1st BATTALION, 80th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops A and B, 22d Cavalry. Organized 21 June 1917 at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery A, 80th Field Artillery. (80th Field Artillery assigned 6 December 1917 to the 7th Division.) Inactivated 20 September 1921 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Division. (80th Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 7th Division.) Activated 12 October 1939 at Fort Lewis, Washington. (80th Field Artillery relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 7th Division and assigned to the 6th Division [later redesignated as the 6th Infantry Division].)

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 80th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 20 July 1947 in Korea. Activated 4 October 1950 at Fort Ord, California. Inactivated 3 April 1956 at Fort Ord, California, and relieved from assignment to the 6th Infantry Division.

Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Missile Battalion, 80th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 24 June 1958 in Italy. Inactivated 25 November 1963 in Italy. Redesignated 24 November 1967 as the 1st Battalion, 80th Artillery, assigned to the 6th Infantry Division, and activated at Fort Campbell, Kentucky. Inactivated 25 July 1968 at Fort Campbell, Kentucky. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 80th Field Artillery. Relieved 1 October 1974 from assignment to the 6th Infantry Division and activated in Germany. Inactivated 16 July 1987 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

*Streamer without inscription

World War II

*New Guinea
*Luzon (with arrowhead)

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered LUZON (80th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 47, 1946)

*Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (6th Infantry Division Artillery cited; DAGO 47, 1950)

2d BATTALION, 80th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(TRADOC)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops C and D, 22d Cavalry. Organized 21 June 1917 at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery B, 80th Field Artillery. (80th Field Artillery assigned 6 December 1917 to the 7th Division.) Inactivated 10 September 1921 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Division. (80th Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 7th Division.) Activated 12 October 1939 at Fort Lewis, Washington. (80th Field Artillery relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 7th Division and assigned to the 6th Division [later redesignated as the 6th Infantry Division].)

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 80th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 20 July 1947 in Korea. Activated 4 October 1950 at Fort Ord, California. Inactivated 3 April 1956 at Fort Ord, California, and relieved from assignment to the 6th Infantry Division.

Redesignated 2 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Missile Battalion, 80th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 25 March 1963 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Missile Battalion, 80th Field Artillery. Redesignated 28 February 1987 as the 2d Battalion, 80th Field Artillery; Headquarters concurrently transferred to the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command and activated at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Streamer without inscription

World War II
*New Guinea
*Luzon (with arrowhead)

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered LUZON (80th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 47, 1946)

*Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (6th Infantry Division Artillery cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

3d BATTALION, 80th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops G and H, 22d Cavalry. Organized 21 June 1917 at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery C, 80th Field Artillery. (80th Field Artillery assigned 6 December 1917 to the 7th Division.) Inactivated 10 September 1921 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Division. (80th Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 7th Division.) Activated 12 October 1939 at Fort Lewis, Washington. (80th Field Artillery relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 7th Division and assigned to the 6th Division [later redesignated as the 6th Infantry Division].)

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery C, 80th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 20 July 1947 in Korea. Activated 4 October 1950 at Fort Ord, California. Inactivated 3 April 1956 at Fort Ord, California, and relieved from assignment to the 6th Infantry Division.

Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Gun Battalion, 80th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 in Germany. Inactivated 9 January 1961 in Germany. Redesignated 27 February 1963 as the 3d Battalion, 80th Artillery. Activated 15 April 1963 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 23 June 1970 in Germany. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 80th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Streamer without inscription

World War II
*New Guinea
*Luzon (with arrowhead)

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered LUZON (80th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 47, 1946)

*Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (6th Infantry Division Artillery cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

4th BATTALION, 80th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops E and F, 22d Cavalry. Organized 21 June 1917 at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery D, 80th Field Artillery. (80th Field Artillery assigned 6 December 1917 to the 7th Division.) Inactivated 10 September 1921 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Division. (80th Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 7th Division.) Activated 30 September 1939 at Fort Des Moines, Iowa. (80th Field Artillery relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 7th Division and assigned to the 6th Division [later redesignated as the 6th Infantry Division].)

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery D, 80th Field Artillery Battalion. Disbanded 1 May 1943 at Camp San Luis Obispo, California. Reconstituted 24 June 1958 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Battery D, 80th Field Artillery.

Redesignated 4 May 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 80th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 June 1958 with Headquarters at Peoria, Illinois. Redesignated 1 December 1963 as the 4th Battalion, 80th Artillery. Inactivated 31 December 1965 at Peoria, Illinois. Withdrawn 10 January 1967 from the Army Reserve and allotted to the Regular Army. Activated 1 March 1967 at Fort Carson, Colorado. Inactivated 26 February 1971 at Fort Carson, Colorado. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 80th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Streamer without inscription

World War II
Luzon
New Guinea (with arrowhead)

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered LUZON

5th BATTALION, 80th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops, I and L, 22d Cavalry. Organized 21 June 1917 at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery E, 80th Field Artillery. (80th Field Artillery assigned 6 December 1917 to the 7th Division.) Inactivated 10 September 1921 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Division. (80th Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 7th Division.) Activated 30 September 1939 at Fort Des Moines, Iowa. (80th Field Artillery relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 7th Division and assigned to the 6th Division [later redesignated as the 6th Infantry Division].)

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery A, 80th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 80th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 80th Field Artillery Battalion; inactivated 20 July 1947 in Korea; activated 4 October 1950 at Ford Ord, California; inactivated 3 April 1956 at Fort Ord, California, and relieved from assignment to the 6th Infantry Division.) Former Battery E, 80th Field Artillery, reconstituted 24 June 1958 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 31 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 80th Artillery. Assigned 15 November 1969 to the 5th Infantry Division and activated at Fort Carson, Colorado (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Battalion inactivated 15 December 1970 at Fort Carson, Colorado, and relieved from assignment to the 5th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Battalion, 80th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

*Streamer without inscription

World War II

*New Guinea

*Luzon (with arrowhead)

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered LUZON (80th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 47, 1946)

*Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (6th Infantry Division Artillery cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

6th BATTALION, 80th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops K and M, 22d Cavalry. Organized 21 June 1917 at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery F, 80th Field Artillery. (80th Field Artillery assigned 6 December 1917 to the 7th Division.) Inactivated 10 September 1921 at Camp George G. Meade, Maryland, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Division. (80th Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 7th Division.) Activated 1 October 1933 at Fort Des Moines, Iowa.

Absorbed 30 September 1939 by Battery B, 80th Field Artillery. (Battery B, 80th Field Artillery, activated 12 October 1939 at Fort Lewis, Washington [80th Field Artillery relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 7th Division and assigned to the 6th Division (later redesignated as the 6th Infantry Division)]; reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 80th Field Artillery Battalion; inactivated 20 July 1947 in Korea; activated 4 October 1950 at Fort Ord California; inactivated 3 April 1956 at Ford Ord, California, and relieved from assignment to the 6th Infantry Division.) Former Battery F, 80th Field Artillery, reconstituted 24 June 1958 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 31 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 80th Artillery. Redesignated 1 July 1960 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Howitzer Battalion, 80th Artillery, assigned to the 7th Infantry Division, and activated in Korea (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 1 July 1963 as the 6th Battalion, 80th Artillery. Inactivated 2 April 1971 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Activated 21 November 1975 at Fort Ord, California. Inactivated in 1984 at Fort Ord, California, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Streamer without inscription

World War II
*New Guinea
*Luzon (with arrowhead)

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered LUZON (80th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 47, 1946)

*Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (6th Infantry Division Artillery cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1960–1971 (7th Infantry Division cited; DA GO 50, 1971)

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Also see bibliography of the 6th Infantry Division in John B. Wilson, *Armies, Corps, Divisions, and Separate Brigades.* Army Lineage Series. Washington: Government Printing Office, 1999.

81st FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a cross or, quarter voided of the field. In dexter chief on a canton ermine an orle sable.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a cannon of the first in saltire with a cavalry sabre argent hilted or and surmounted by a demi-pegasus rampant of the last winged of the third.

Motto: *Libertas Justitia Humanitas* (Liberty, Justice, Humanity).

Symbolism: The 23d Cavalry was organized at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia, by transfer of men from the 11th Cavalry in June 1917, and in November of the same year it was converted to field artillery. This is shown by the colors of the shield and wreath. The regiment served in Brittany in World War I; this is indicated by the ermine canton. The black line within the border of the canton is taken from the arms of the 11th Cavalry.

The crossed cannon and sabre of the crest also denote the regiment's conversion from cavalry to field artillery.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as the 23d Cavalry. Organized 21 June 1917 at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. Converted and redesignated 3 November 1917 as the 81st Field Artillery. Assigned 18 February 1918 to the 8th Division. Relieved 5 September 1919 from assignment to the 8th Division. Inactivated 1 February 1922 at Camp Bragg, North Carolina. Assigned 1 January 1930 to the 8th Division. Relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 8th Division. (1st Battalion activated 1 July 1940 at Fort Lewis, Washington.)

Reorganized and redesignated 16 December 1940 as the 81st Field Artillery Battalion. inactivated 7 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Activated 22 May 1947 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 30 November 1948 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Assigned 10 August 1950 to the 101st Airborne Division. Activated 25 August 1950 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 1 December 1953 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Redesignated 27 April 1954 as the 81st Airborne Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 15 May 1954 at Fort Jackson, South

Carolina. Inactivated 25 April 1957 at Fort Campbell, Kentucky, and relieved from assignment to the 101st Airborne Division.

Reorganized and redesignated 31 July 1959 as the 81st Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 81st Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Streamer without inscription

World War II
Asiatic-Pacific Theater, Streamer without inscription
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1983–1985 (1st Battalion, 81st Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 30, 1987)

1st BATTALION, 81st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops A and B, 23d Cavalry. Organized 21 June 1917 at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 3 November 1917 as Battery A, 81st Field Artillery. (81st Field Artillery assigned 18 February 1918 to the 8th Division; relieved 5 September 1919 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Inactivated 1 February 1922 at Camp Bragg, North Carolina. (81st Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 8th Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Activated 8 June 1940 at Fort Lewis, Washington.

Reorganized and redesignated 16 December 1940 as Battery A, 81st Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 7 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Activated 22 May 1947 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 30 November 1948 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. (81st Field Artillery Battalion assigned 10 August 1950 to the 101st Airborne Division.) Activated 25 August 1950 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 1 December 1953 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Redesignated 27 April 1954 as Battery A, 81st Airborne Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 15 May 1954 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Inactivated 25 April 1957 at Fort Campbell, Kentucky, and relieved from assignment to the 101st Airborne Division.

Redesignated 2 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Missile Battalion, 81st Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 26 June 1958 at Fort Hood, Texas. Inactivated 25 August 1961 at Fort Carson, Colorado. Redesignated 27 February 1963 at the 1st Battalion, 81st Artillery. Activated 15 April 1963 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 81st Field Artillery. Inactivated 17 January 1986 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

*Streamer without inscription

World War II

*Asiatic-Pacific Theater, Streamer without inscription
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1983–1985 (1st Battalion, 81st Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 30, 1987)

2d BATTALION, 81st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops C and D, 23d Cavalry. Organized 21 June 1917 at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 3 November 1917 as Battery B, 81st Field Artillery. (81st Field Artillery assigned 18 February 1918 to the 8th Division; relieved 5 September 1919 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Inactivated 1 February 1922 at Camp Bragg, North Carolina. (81st Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 8th Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Activated 1 July 1940 at Fort Lewis, Washington.

Reorganized and redesignated 16 December 1940 as Battery B, 81st Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 7 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Activated 22 May 1947 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 30 November 1948 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. (81st Field Artillery Battalion assigned 10 August 1950 to the 101st Airborne Division.) Activated 25 August 1950 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 1 December 1953 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Redesignated 27 April 1954 as Battery B, 81st Airborne Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 15 May 1954 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Inactivated 25 April 1957 at Fort Campbell, Kentucky, and relieved from assignment to the 101st Airborne Division.

Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Missile Battalion, 81st Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 in Germany. Inactivated 15 October 1963 in Germany. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Missile Battalion, 81st Field Artillery. Redesignated 31 August 1973 as the 2d Battalion, 81st Field Artillery, assigned to the 8th Infantry Division, and activated in Germany. Inactivated 1 April 1984 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 8th Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

*Streamer without inscription

World War II

*Asiatic-Pacific Theater, Streamer without inscription
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

3d BATTALION, 81st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops E and F, 23d Cavalry. Organized 21 June 1917 at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 3 November 1917 as Battery C, 81st Field Artillery. (81st Field Artillery assigned 18 February 1918 to the 8th Division; relieved 5 September 1919 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Inactivated 1 February 1922 at Camp Bragg, North Carolina. (81st Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 8th Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Activated 1 July 1940 at Fort Lewis, Washington.

Reorganized and redesignated 16 December 1940 as Battery C, 81st Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 7 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Activated 22 May 1947 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 30 November 1948 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. (81st Field Artillery Battalion assigned 10 August 1950 to the 101st Airborne Division.) Activated 25 August 1950 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 1 December 1953 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Redesignated 27 April 1954 as Battery C, 81st Airborne Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 15 May 1954 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Inactivated 25 April 1957 at Fort Campbell, Kentucky, and relieved from assignment to the 101st Airborne Division.

Redesignated 25 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Gun Battalion, 81st Artillery, and activated in Germany (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Battalion inactivated 18 June 1960 in Germany. Redesignated 17 January 1962 as the 3d Missile Battalion, 81st Artillery. Activated 22 June 1962 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 25 March 1963 as the 3d Battalion, 81st Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 81st Field Artillery. Inactivated 29 May 1977 in Korea.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

*Streamer without inscription

World War II

*Asiatic-Pacific Theater, Streamer without inscription
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

4th BATTALION, 81st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

AR
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops G and H, 23d Cavalry. Organized 21 June 1917 at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. Consolidated; converted, and redesignated 3 November 1917 as Battery D, 81st Field Artillery. (81st Field Artillery assigned 18 February 1918 to the 8th Division; relieved 5 September 1919 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Inactivated 1 February 1922 at Camp Bragg, North Carolina. (81st Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 8th Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 8th Division.)

Absorbed 16 December 1940 by Battery A, 81st Field Artillery Battalion (active). (Battery A, 81st Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 16 December 1940 as Battery A, 81st Field Artillery Battalion; inactivated 7 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey; activated 22 May 1947 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma; inactivated 30 November 1948 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma [81st Field Artillery Battalion assigned 10 August 1950 to the 101st Airborne Division]; activated 25 August 1950 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky; inactivated 1 December 1953 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky; redesignated 27 April 1954 as Battery A, 81st Airborne Field Artillery Battalion; activated 15 May 1954 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina.) Former Battery D, 81st Field Artillery, reconstituted 25 April 1957 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 24 March 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 81st Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 April 1959 with Headquarters at Jonesboro, Arkansas. Inactivated 31 December 1965 at Jonesboro, Arkansas. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Howitzer Battalion, 81st Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 4th Battalion, 81st Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

*Streamer without inscription

World War II

*Asiatic-Pacific Theater, Streamer without inscription
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

5th BATTALION, 81st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops I and K, 23d Cavalry. Organized 21 June 1917 at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 3 November 1917 as Battery E, 81st Field Artillery. (81st Field Artillery assigned 18 February 1918 to the 8th Division; relieved 5 September 1919 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Inactivated 1 February 1922 at Camp Bragg, North Carolina. (81st Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 8th Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 8th Division.)

Absorbed 16 December 1940 by Battery B, 81st Field Artillery Battalion (active). (Battery B, 81st Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 16 December 1940 as Battery B, 81st Field Artillery Battalion; inactivated 7 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey; activated 22 May 1947 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma; inactivated 30 November 1948 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma [81st Field Artillery Battalion assigned 10 August 1950 to the 101st Airborne Division]; activated 25 August 1950 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky; inactivated 1 December 1953 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky; redesignated 27 April 1954 as Battery B, 81st Airborne Field Artillery Battalion; activated 15 May 1954 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina.) Former Battery E, 81st Field Artillery, reconstituted 25 April 1957 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 31 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 81st Artillery. Redesignated 1 May 1960 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Howitzer Battalion, 81st Artillery, assigned to the 8th Infantry Division, and activated in Germany (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 1 April 1963 as the 5th Battalion, 81st Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Battalion, 81st Field Artillery. Inactivated 31 August 1973 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 8th Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Streamer without inscription

World War II
*Asiatic-Pacific Theater, Streamer without inscription
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

6th BATTALION, 81st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops L and M, 23d Cavalry. Organized 21 June 1917 at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 3 November 1917 as Battery F, 81st Field Artillery. (81st Field Artillery assigned 5 February 1918 to the 8th Division; relieved 5 September 1919 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Inactivated 1 February 1922 at Camp Bragg, North Carolina. (81st Field Artillery assigned 1 January 1930 to the 8th Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 8th Division.)

Absorbed 16 December 1940 by Battery C, 81st Field Artillery Battalion (active). (Battery C, 81st Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 16 December 1940 as Battery C, 81st Field Artillery Battalion; inactivated 7 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey; activated 22 May 1947 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma; inactivated 30 November 1948 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma [81st Field Artillery Battalion assigned 10 August 1950 to the 101st Airborne Division]; activated 25 August 1950 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky; inactivated 1 December 1953 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky; redesignated 27 April 1954 as Battery C, 81st Airborne Field Artillery Battalion; activated 15 May 1954 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina.) Former Battery F, 81st Field Artillery, reconstituted 25 April 1957 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 31 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 81st Artillery. Assigned 17 July 1963 to the 11th Air Assault Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 18 July 1963 at Fort Benning, Georgia. Inactivated 1 July 1965 at Fort Benning, Georgia. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 6th Battalion, 81st Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

*Streamer without inscription

World War II

*Asiatic-Pacific Theater, Streamer without inscription
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

"Artillery driver reups for 'clean' machine." *Field Artillery Journal* 46 (January-February 1978):16. Pertains to the 2d Battalion, 81st Field Artillery.

History and Operations of the Eighty-First Field Artillery Battalion, 8 June 1940 to 7 May 1945. Erfurt, Germany: Ohlenrothsche Buchdruckerei, 1945. Also printed at Steinbach-Hallenberg, Germany, 1945.

History and Operations, 174th Field Artillery Group. Schmalkalden, Germany, 1945.

8th Infantry Division, 50th Anniversary. Germany, 1968. Contains information about the 5th Battalion, 81st Field Artillery.

82d FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, on fess wavy argent an artillery projectile in pale point down sable; on a canton or, a dragon passant tenne.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, argent and gules, a Pegasus courant or langued and unguled of the second.

Motto: Can or Will.

Symbolism: The field of red is for artillery. The 82d Field Artillery was organized in 1917 as the 24th Cavalry from personnel of the 1st Cavalry, and the dragon on the canton is from the arms of the 1st Cavalry. The first hostile shot fired by the regiment was across the Rio Grande in clearing Juarez, Mexico, of the Villistas during 15–16 June 1919. This is shown by the projectile on the wavy fess.

The crest symbolizes horse artillery, occasionally known in times past as flying artillery.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as the 24th Cavalry. Organized 5 June 1917 at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming. Converted and redesignated 1 November 1917 as the 82d Field Artillery and assigned to the 15th Cavalry Division. Relieved in May 1918 from assignment to the 15th Cavalry Division. Regiment (less 1st Battalion) inactivated 9 September 1921 at Fort Bliss, Texas (1st Battalion concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 82d Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 1st Cavalry Division; 2d Battalion redesignated as the 84th Field Artillery Battalion). Regiment assigned 17 March 1930 to the 1st Cavalry Division (82d Field Artillery Battalion concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 1st Battalion, 82d Field Artillery; 84th Field Artillery Battalion redesignated as the 2d Battalion, 82d Field Artillery). Activated (less 1st Battalion) 1 December 1934 at Fort Bliss, Texas.

Reorganized and redesignated 3 January 1941 as the 82d Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 15 October 1957 in Japan and relieved from assignment to the 1st Cavalry Division.

Reorganized and redesignated 31 July 1959 as the 82d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 82d Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 June 1988 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- New Guinea
- Bismarck Archipelago
- Leyte (with arrowhead)
- Luzon

Korean War
- UN Defensive
- UN Offensive
- CCF Intervention
- First UN Counteroffensive
- CCF Spring Offensive
- UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- Second Korean Winter

Vietnam
- Defense
- Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970
- Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- Consolidation I
- Consolidation II
- Cease-Fire

Southwest Asia
- Defense of Saudi Arabia
- Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered PLEIKU PROVINCE (Battery E, 82d Artillery, cited; DA GO 40, 1967)

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered FISH HOOK (Battery E, 82d Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1972)

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered IRAQ (3d Battalion, 82d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 27, 1994)

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered IRAQ-KUWAIT (2d and 4th Battalions, 82d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 14, 1997)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1967 (Battery E, 82d Artillery, cited; DA GO 17, 1968)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1969 (3d Battalion, 82d Artillery, cited; DA GO 39, 1970; Battery E, 82d Artillery, cited; DA GO 36, 1970)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (1st Battalion, 82d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 27, 1994)

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Chryssoun Aristion Andrias (Bravery Gold Medal of Greece), Streamer embroidered KOREA (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 2, 1956)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered WAEGWAN-TAEGU (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

1st BATTALION, 82d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(1st Cavalry Division)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops A and B, 24th Cavalry. Organized 5 June 1917 at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery A, 82d Field Artillery, an element of the 15th Cavalry Division. (82d Field Artillery relieved in May 1918 from assignment to the 15th Cavalry Division.) Reorganized and redesignated 9 September 1921 as Battery A, 82d Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 1st Cavalry Division. Reorganized and redesignated 17 March 1930 as Battery A, 82d Field Artillery.

Reorganized and redesignated 3 January 1941 as Battery A, 82d Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 15 October 1957 in Japan, and relieved from assignment to the 1st Cavalry Division.

Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Missile Battalion, 82d Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 24 June 1958 in Italy. Inactivated 20 April 1964 in Italy. Redesignated 31 October 1967 as the 1st Battalion, 82d Artillery. Assigned 10 January 1968 to the 23d Infantry Division and activated at Fort Lewis, Washington. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 82d Field Artillery. Relieved 30 November 1971 from assignment to the 23d Infantry Division. Assigned 21 June 1975 to the 1st Cavalry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *New Guinea
- *Bismarck Archipelago
- *Leyte (with arrowhead)
- *Luzon

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter

Vietnam
- *Counteroffensive, Phase V
- *Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- *Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- *Summer–Fall 1969
- *Winter–Spring 1970
- *Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- *Consolidation I

Southwest Asia
- *Defense of Saudi Arabia
- *Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- *Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (1st Battalion, 82d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 27, 1994)

*Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

*Chryssoun Aristion Andrias (Bravery Gold Medal of Greece), Streamer embroidered KOREA (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 2, 1956)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered WAEGWAN-TAEGU (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1969–1970 (1st Battalion, 82d Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1972)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1971 (1st Battalion, 82d Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1972)

2d BATTALION, 82d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(1st Cavalry Division)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops C and D, 24th Cavalry. Organized 5 June 1917 at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery B, 82d Field Artillery, an element of the 15th Cavalry Division. (82d Field Artillery relieved in May 1918 from assignment to the 15th Cavalry Division.) Reorganized and redesignated 9 September 1921 as Battery B, 82d Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 1st Cavalry Division. Reorganized and redesignated 17 March 1930 as Battery B, 82d Field Artillery.

Reorganized and redesignated 3 January 1941 as Battery B, 82d Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 15 October 1957 in Japan and relieved from assignment to the 1st Cavalry Division.

Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Missile Battalion, 82d Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 in Germany. Inactivated 25 March 1964 in Germany. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Missile Battalion, 82d Field Artillery. Redesignated 16 January 1988 as the 2d Battalion, 82d Field Artillery, assigned to the 3d Armored Division, and activated in Germany. Inactivated 15 November 1991 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 3d Armored Division. Assigned 16 December 1992 to the 1st Cavalry Division and activated at Fort Hood, Texas.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *New Guinea
- *Bismarck Archipelago
- *Leyte (with arrowhead)
- *Luzon

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter

Southwest Asia
- *Defense of Saudi Arabia
- *Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- *Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

*Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered IRAQ-KUWAIT (2d Battalion, 82d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 14, 1997)

*Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

*Chryssoun Aristion Andrias (Bravery Gold Medal of Greece), Streamer embroidered KOREA (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 2, 1956)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered WAEGWAN-TAEGU (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

3d BATTALION, 82d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(1st Cavalry Division)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops E and F, 24th Cavalry. Organized 5 June 1917 at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery C, 82d Field Artillery, an element of the 15th Cavalry Division. (82d Field Artillery relieved in May 1918 from assignment to the 15th Cavalry Division.) Reorganized and redesignated 9 September 1921 as Battery C, 82d Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 1st Cavalry Division. Reorganized and redesignated 17 March 1930 as Battery C, 82d Field Artillery. Inactivated 1 December 1934 at Fort Bliss, Texas.

Redesignated 3 January 1941 as Battery C, 82d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Bliss, Texas. Inactivated 15 October 1957 in Japan and relieved from assignment to the 1st Cavalry Division.

Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Gun Battalion, 82d Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 in Germany. Inactivated 20 December 1963 in Germany. Redesignated 10 September 1964 as the 3d Battalion, 82d Artillery, and assigned to the 196th Infantry Brigade. Activated 15 September 1965 at Fort Devens, Massachusetts. Relieved 15 February 1969 from assignment to the 196th Infantry Brigade and assigned to the 23d Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 82d Field Artillery. Relieved 1 November 1971 from assignment to the 23d Infantry Division and assigned to the 196th Infantry Brigade. Inactivated 30 June 1972 at Oakland, California, and relieved from assignment to the 196th Infantry Brigade. Assigned 16 June 1986 to the 1st Cavalry Division and activated at Fort Hood, Texas.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*New Guinea
*Bismarck Archipelago
*Leyte (with arrowhead)
*Luzon

Korean War
*UN Defensive
*UN Offensive
*CGF Intervention
*First UN Counteroffensive
*GGF Spring Offensive
*UN Summer–Fall Offensive
*Second Korean Winter

Vietnam
*Counteroffensive, Phase II
*Counteroffensive, Phase III
*Tet Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase IV
*Counteroffensive, Phase V
*Counteroffensive, Phase VI
*Tet 69/Counteroffensive
*Summer–Fall 1969
*Winter–Spring 1970
*Sanctuary Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase VII
*Consolidation I
*Consolidation II
*Cease-Fire

Southwest Asia
*Defense of Saudi Arabia
*Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
*Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

*Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered IRAQ (3d Battalion, 82d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 27, 1994)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1969 (3d Battalion, 82d Artillery, cited; DA GO 39, 1970)

*Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

*Chryssoun Aristion Andrias (Bravery Gold Medal of Greece), Streamer embroidered KOREA (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 2, 1956)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered WAEGWAN-TAEGU (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1969–1970 (3d Battalion, 82d Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1972)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1971 (Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 82d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 6, 1974)

4th BATTALION, 82d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops G and H, 24th Cavalry. Organized 5 June 1917 at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery D, 82d Field Artillery, an element of the 15th Cavalry Division. (82d Field Artillery relieved in May 1918 from assignment to the 15th Cavalry Division.) Inactivated 9 September 1921 at Fort Bliss, Texas; concurrently, redesignated as Battery A, 84th Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 17 March 1930 as Battery D, 82d Field Artillery, an element of the 1st Cavalry Division. Activated 1 December 1934 at Fort Bliss, Texas.

Absorbed 3 January 1941 by Battery A, 82d Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 82d Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 3 January 1941 as Battery A, 82d Field Artillery Battalion; inactivated 15 October 1957 in Japan and relieved from assignment to the 1st Cavalry Division.) Former Battery D, 82d Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 June 1958 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 20 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 82d Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 June 1959 with Headquarters at Tuscaloosa, Alabama. Redesignated 1 August 1963 as the 4th Battalion, 82d Artillery. Inactivated 31 January 1968 at Tuscaloosa, Alabama. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 82d Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 June 1988 from the Army Reserve, allotted to the Regular Army, assigned to the 3d Armored Division, and activated in Germany. Relieved 15 September 1992 from assignment to the 3d Armored Division. Inactivated 30 June 1995 at Fort Polk, Louisiana.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *New Guinea
- *Bismarck Archipelago
- *Leyte (with arrowhead)
- *Luzon

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter

Southwest Asia
- *Defense of Saudi Arabia
- *Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- *Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

*Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered IRAQ (4th Battalion, 82d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 14, 1997)

*Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

*Chryssoun Aristion Andrias (Bravery Gold Medal of Greece), Streamer embroidered KOREA (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 2, 1956)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered WAEGWAN-TAEGU (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

BATTERY E, 82d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops I and K, 24th Cavalry. Organized 5 June 1917 at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery E, 82d Field Artillery, an element of the 15th Cavalry Division. (82d Field Artillery relieved in May 1918 from assignment to the 15th Cavalry Division.) Inactivated 9 September 1921 at Fort Bliss, Texas; concurrently, redesignated as Battery B, 84th Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 17 March 1930 as Battery E, 82d Field Artillery, an element of the 1st Cavalry Division. Activated 1 December 1934 at Fort Bliss, Texas.

Absorbed 3 January 1941 by Battery B, 82d Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 82d Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 3 January 1941 as Battery B, 82d Field Artillery Battalion; inactivated 15 October 1957 in Japan and relieved from assignment to the 1st Cavalry Division.) Former Battery E, 82d Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 June 1958 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 31 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 82d Artillery. Redesignated 1 July 1960 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Howitzer Battalion, 82d Artillery, assigned to the 1st Cavalry Division, and activated in Korea (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 1 September 1963 as the 5th Battalion, 82d Artillery. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 82d Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 1 July 1965 as Battery E, 82d Artillery (remainder of battalion concurrently inactivated). Battery inactivated 10 April 1971 in Vietnam. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery E, 82d Field Artillery. Activated 21 January 1977 at Fort Hood, Texas. Inactivated 16 August 1987 at Fort Hood, Texas, and relieved from assignment to the 1st Cavalry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II – AP
New Guinea
Bismarck Archipelago
Leyte (with arrowhead)
Luzon

Korean War
UN Defensive
UN Offensive
CCF Intervention
First UN Counteroffensive
CCF Spring Offensive
UN Summer–Fall Offensive
Second Korean Winter

Vietnam
Defense
Counteroffensive
Counteroffensive, Phase II
Counteroffensive, Phase III
Tet Counteroffensive
Counteroffensive, Phase IV
Counteroffensive, Phase V
Counteroffensive, Phase VI
Tet 69/Counteroffensive
Summer–Fall 1969
Winter–Spring 1970
Sanctuary Counteroffensive
Counteroffensive, Phase VII

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered PLEIKU PROVINCE (Battery E, 82d Artillery, cited; DA GO 40, 1967)

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered FISH HOOK (Battery E, 82d Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1972)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1967 (Battery E, 82d Artillery, cited; DA GO 17, 1968)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1969 (Battery E, 82d Artillery, cited; DA GO 36, 1970)

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Chryssoun Aristion Andrias (Bravery Gold Medal of Greece), Streamer embroidered KOREA (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 2, 1956)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered WAEGWAN-TAEGU (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1965–1969 (Battery E, 82d Artillery, cited; DA GO 59, 1969)

Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1969–1970 (Battery E, 82d Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1972)

Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1970–1971 (Battery E, 82d Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1972)

Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1969–1970 (Battery E, 82d Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1972)

6th BATTALION, 82d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops L and M, 24th Cavalry. Organized 5 June 1917 at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery F, 82d Field Artillery, an element of the 15th Cavalry Division. (82d Field Artillery relieved in May 1918 from assignment to the 15th Cavalry Division.) Inactivated 9 September 1921 at Fort Bliss, Texas; concurrently, redesignated as Battery C, 84th Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 17 March 1930 as Battery F, 82d Field Artillery, an element of the 1st Cavalry Division. Activated 27 August 1940 at Fort Bliss, Texas.

Absorbed 3 January 1941 by Battery C, 82d Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery C, 82d Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 3 January 1941 as Battery C, 82d Field Artillery Battalion.) Former Battery F, 82d Field Artillery, reconstituted 15 October 1957 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 31 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 82d Artillery (organic elements constituted 30 March 1967). Battalion activated 1 June 1967 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 6th Battalion, 82d Field Artillery. Inactivated 30 November 1971 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *New Guinea
- *Bismarck Archipelago
- *Leyte (with arrowhead)
- *Luzon

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter

DECORATIONS

*Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

*Chryssoun Aristion Andrias (Bravery Gold Medal of Greece), Streamer embroidered KOREA (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 2, 1956)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered WAEGWAN-TAEGU (82d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1951)

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83d FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Party per chevron or and gules, a chevronel azure between in sinister chief a Cheyenne war bonnet and in base a grizzly bear passant both proper. On a canton tenne a dragon passant of the first.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a bison statant argent.

Motto: *Flagrante Bello* (During Hostilities).

Symbolism: The shield is yellow for cavalry and red for artillery. The blue chevronel denotes the regiment's short period of service overseas during World War I. The Cheyenne war bonnet refers to the birthplace of the organization in Wyoming. The bear, from the crest of the state of California, commemorates service in the 8th Division at Camp Fremont, California. The canton represents the regiment's formation as the 25th Cavalry by transfer of men from the 1st Cavalry (formerly the 1st Regiment of Dragoons) in 1917.

The crest also symbolizes the birthplace of the regiment.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as the 25th Cavalry. Organized 5 June 1917 at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming. Converted and redesignated 1 November 1917 as the 83d Field Artillery. Assigned 17 December 1917 to the 8th Division. Relieved 5 September 1919 from assignment to the 8th Division. Inactivated (less 1st Battalion) 7 January 1922 at Camp Benning, Georgia. Disbanded (less 1st Battalion) 28 February 1927 (1st Battalion concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 83d Field Artillery Battalion). Regiment (less 1st Battalion) reconstituted 17 March 1930 in the Regular Army and assigned to the 8th Division (83d Field Artillery Battalion concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 1st Battalion, 83d Field Artillery). Relieved 1 October 1933 from assignment to the 8th Division and assigned to the 4th Division (2d Battalion concurrently activated at Fort Bragg, North Carolina). Relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the

4th Division. Assigned 1 June 1940 to the 4th Division and activated (less 1st and 2d Battalions) at Fort Benning, Georgia. Relieved 20 July 1940 from assignment to the 4th Division and assigned to the 8th Division.

Reorganized and redesignated 9 January 1941 as the 83d Field Artillery Battalion. Relieved 1 June 1941 from assignment to the 8th Division. Reorganized and redesignated 21 October 1942 as the 83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Assigned 6 July 1945 to the 9th Armored Division. Inactivated 7 October 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Redesignated 1 August 1946 as the 83d Field Artillery Battalion; concurrently, relieved from assignment to the 9th Armored Division and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia. Inactivated 23 November 1948 at Fort Benning, Georgia. Activated 11 February 1950 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Inactivated 1 June 1958 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 July 1959 as the 83d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 83d Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Streamer without inscription

World War II
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970
- Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII

DECORATIONS

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

1st BATTALION, 83d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops A and B, 25th Cavalry. Organized 5 June 1917 at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery A, 83d Field Artillery. (83d Field Artillery assigned 17 December 1917 to the 8th Division; relieved 5 September 1919 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Reorganized and redesignated 28 February 1927 as Battery A, 83d Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 17 March 1930 as Battery A, 83d Field Artillery, an element of the 8th Division. (83d Field Artillery relieved 1 October 1933 from assignment to the 8th Division and assigned to the 4th Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 4th Division; assigned 1 June 1940 to the 4th Division; relieved 20 July 1940 from assignment to the 4th Division and assigned to the 8th Division.)

Reorganized and redesignated 9 January 1941 as Battery A, 83d Field Artillery Battalion. (83d Field Artillery Battalion relieved 1 June 1941 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Reorganized and redesignated 21 October 1942 as Battery A, 83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion. (83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion assigned 6 July 1945 to the 9th Armored Division.) Inactivated 7 October 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Redesignated 1 August 1946 as Battery A, 83d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia (83d Field Artillery Battalion concurrently relieved from assignment to the 9th Armored Division). Inactivated 23 November 1948 at Fort Benning, Georgia. Activated 11 February 1950 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Howitzer Battalion, 83d Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 5 May 1964 as the 1st Battalion, 83d Artillery. Inactivated 7 June 1971 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 83d Field Artillery. Assigned 13 September 1972 to the 8th Infantry Division and activated in Germany. Inactivated 1 April 1984 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 8th Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Streamer without inscription

World War II
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Vietnam
*Counteroffensive, Phase II
*Counteroffensive, Phase III
*Tet Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase IV
*Counteroffensive, Phase V
*Counteroffensive, Phase VI
*Tet 69/Counteroffensive
*Summer–Fall 1969
*Winter–Spring 1970
*Sanctuary Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase VII

DECORATIONS

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1971 (1st Battalion, 83d Artillery, cited; DA GO 6, 1974)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1968 (1st Battalion, 83d Artillery, cited; DA GO 51, 1971)

Battery C additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army); Streamer embroidered DONG AP BIA MOUNTAIN (Battery C, 1st Battalion, 83d Artillery, cited; DA GO 16, 1972)

2d BATTALION, 83d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops C and D, 25th Cavalry. Organized 5 June 1917 at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery B, 83d Field Artillery. (83d Field Artillery assigned 17 December 1917 to the 8th Division; relieved 5 September 1919 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Reorganized and redesignated 28 February 1927 as Battery B, 83d Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 17 March 1930 as Battery B, 83d Field Artillery, an element of the 8th Division. Inactivated 5 June 1930 at Fort Benning, Georgia. (83d Field Artillery relieved 1 October 1933 from assignment to the 8th Division and assigned to the 4th Division.) Activated 1 December 1934 at Fort Benning, Georgia. (83d Field Artillery relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 4th Division; assigned 1 June 1940 to the 4th Division; relieved 20 July 1940 from assignment to the 4th Division and assigned to the 8th Division.)

Reorganized and redesignated 9 January 1941 as Battery B, 83d Field Artillery Battalion. (83d Field Artillery Battalion relieved 1 June 1941 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Reorganized and redesignated 21 October 1942 as Battery B, 83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion. (83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion assigned 6 July 1945 to the 9th Armored Division.) Inactivated 7 October 1941 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Redesignated 1 August 1946 as Battery B, 83d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia (83d Field Artillery Battalion concurrently relieved from assignment to the 9th Armored Division). Inactivated 23 November 1948 as Fort Benning, Georgia. Activated 11 February 1950 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Howitzer Battalion, 83d Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 24 March 1964 as the 2d Battalion, 83d Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 83d Field Artillery. Inactivated 16 July 1988 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Streamer without inscription

World War II
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

3d BATTALION, 83d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops E and F, 25th Cavalry. Organized 5 June 1917 at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery C, 83d Field Artillery. (83d Field Artillery assigned 17 December 1917 to the 8th Division; relieved 5 September 1919 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Reorganized and redesignated 28 February 1927 as Battery C, 83d Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 17 March 1930 as Battery C, 83d Field Artillery, an element of the 8th Division. (83d Field Artillery relieved 1 October 1933 from assignment to the 8th Division and assigned to the 4th Division; relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 4th Division; assigned 1 June 1940 to the 4th Division; relieved 20 July 1940 from assignment to the 4th Division and assigned to the 8th Division.)

Reorganized and redesignated 9 January 1941 as Battery C, 83d Field Artillery Battalion. (83d Field Artillery Battalion relieved 1 June 1941 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Reorganized and redesignated 21 October 1942 as Battery C, 83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion. (83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion assigned 6 July 1945 to the 9th Armored Division.) Inactivated 7 October 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Redesignated 1 August 1946 as Battery C, 83d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia (83d Field Artillery Battalion concurrently relieved from assignment to the 9th Armored Division). Inactivated 23 November 1948 at Fort Benning, Georgia. Activated 11 February 1950 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Inactivated 1 June 1958 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

Redesignated 20 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Howitzer Battalion, 83d Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 June 1959 with Headquarters at Laurel, Mississippi. Redesignated 15 August 1963 as the 3d Battalion, 83d Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 83d Field Artillery. Inactivated 15 January 1996 at Laurel, Mississippi.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

*Streamer without inscription

World War II

*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

4th BATTALION, 83d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops G and H, 25th Cavalry. Organized 5 June 1917 at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery D, 83d Field Artillery. (83d Field Artillery assigned 17 December 1917 to the 8th Division; relieved 5 September 1919 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Inactivated 7 January 1922 at Camp Benning, Georgia. Disbanded 28 February 1927. Reconstituted 17 March 1930 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 83d Field Artillery, an element of the 8th Division. Activated 1 October 1933 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, as an element of the 4th Division. (83d Field Artillery relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 4th Division; assigned 1 June 1940 to the 4th Division; relieved 20 July 1940 from assignment to the 4th Division and assigned to the 8th Division.)

Absorbed 9 January 1941 by Battery A, 83d Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 83d Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 9 January 1941 as Battery A, 83d Field Artillery Battalion [83d Field Artillery Battalion relieved 1 June 1941 from assignment to the 8th Division]; reorganized and redesignated 21 October 1942 as Battery A, 83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion [83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion assigned 6 July 1945 to the 9th Armored Division]; inactivated 7 October 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia; redesignated 1 August 1946 as Battery A, 83d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia [83d Field Artillery Battalion concurrently relieved from assignment to the 9th Armored Division]; inactivated 23 November 1948 at Fort Benning, Georgia; activated 11 February 1950 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.) Former Battery D, 83d Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 June 1958 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 20 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 83d Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 May 1959 with Headquarters at Charleston, South Carolina. Redesignated 1 August 1963 as the 4th Battalion, 83d Artillery. Inactivated 31 January 1968 at Charleston, South Carolina. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 83d Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

*Streamer without inscription

World War II

*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

5th BATTALION, 83d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops I and K, 25th Cavalry. Organized 5 June 1917 at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery E, 83d Field Artillery. (83d Field Artillery assigned 17 December 1917 to the 8th Division; relieved 5 September 1919 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Inactivated 7 January 1922 at Camp Benning, Georgia. Disbanded 28 February 1927. Reconstituted 17 March 1930 in the Regular Army as Battery E, 83d Field Artillery, an element of the 8th Division. Activated I October 1933 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, as an element of the 4th Division. (83d Field Artillery relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 4th Division; assigned 1 June 1940 to the 4th Division; relieved 20 July 1940 from assignment to the 4th Division and assigned to the 8th Division.)

Absorbed 9 January 1941 by Battery B, 83d Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 83d Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 9 January 1941 as Battery B, 83d Field Artillery Battalion [83d Field Artillery Battalion relieved 1 June 1941 from assignment to the 8th Division]; reorganized and redesignated 21 October 1942 as Battery B, 83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion [83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion assigned 6 July 1945 to the 9th Armored Division]; inactivated 7 October 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia; redesignated 1 August 1946 as Battery B, 83d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia [83d Field Artillery Battalion concurrently relieved from assignment to the 9th Armored Division]; inactivated 23 November 1948 at Fort Benning, Georgia; activated 11 February 1950 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.) Former Battery E, 83d Field Artillery, reconstituted I June 1958 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 31 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 83d Artillery. Redesignated 1 May 1960 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Howitzer Battalion, 83d Artillery, assigned to the 8th Infantry Division, and activated in Germany (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 1 April 1963 as the 5th Battalion, 83d Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Battalion, 83d Field Artillery. Inactivated 13 September 1972 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

*Streamer without inscription

World War II

*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

6th BATTALION, 83d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Regular Army as Troops L and M, 25th Cavalry. Organized 5 June 1917 at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming. Consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 November 1917 as Battery F, 83d Field Artillery. (83d Field Artillery assigned 17 December 1917 to the 8th Division; relieved 5 September 1919 from assignment to the 8th Division.) Inactivated 7 January 1922 at Camp Benning, Georgia. Disbanded 28 February 1927. Reconstituted 17 March 1930 in the Regular Army as Battery F, 83d Field Artillery, an element of the 8th Division. (83d Field Artillery relieved 1 October 1933 from assignment to the 8th Division and assigned to the 4th Division.) Activated 1 December 1938 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. (83d Field Artillery relieved 16 October 1939 from assignment to the 4th Division; assigned 1 June 1940 to the 4th Division; relieved 20 July 1940 from assignment to the 4th Division and assigned to the 8th Division.)

Absorbed 9 January 1941 by Battery C, 83d Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery C, 83d Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 9 January 1941 as Battery C, 83d Field Artillery Battalion [83d Field Artillery Battalion relieved 1 June 1941 from assignment to the 8th Division]; reorganized and redesignated 21 October 1942 as Battery C, 83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion [83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion assigned 6 July 1945 to the 9th Armored Division]; inactivated 7 October 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia; redesignated 1 August 1946 as Battery C, 83d Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia [83d Field Artillery Battalion concurrently relieved from assignment to the 9th Armored Division]; inactivated 23 November 1948 at Fort Benning, Georgia; activated 11 February 1950 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.) Former Battery F, 83d Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 June 1958 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 31 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 83d Artillery. Withdrawn 5 November 1962 from the Regular Army and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 15 February 1963 with Headquarters at Ogden, Utah. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 6th Battalion, 83d Field Artillery. Inactivated 16 October 1990 at Ogden, Utah.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Streamer without inscription

World War II
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (83d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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"Training exercise an 'all-hands' affair." *Field Artillery Journal* 46 (November-December 1978):17. Pertains to Battery A, 1st Battalion, 83d Field Artillery.

Also see bibliography of the 8th Infantry Division (1917–58) in John B. Wilson, *Armies, Corps, Divisions and Separate Brigades.* Army Lineage Series. Washington: Government Printing Office, 1999.

84th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, on a saltire or a winged spur of the first.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a crescent of the first, a fountain within a chevron raguly sable overall, and issuant therefrom a fleur-de-lis gold, the outer leaves in base conjoined to the crescent.

Motto: Performance Above All.

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The saltire is taken from the state flag of Alabama, the birthplace of the regiment. The winged spur signifies that the unit was formerly mounted.

The two Presidential Unit Citations awarded the organization during World War II are symbolized by the crescent for French Tunisia and the raguly chevron from the bridgehead at Remagen. The irregular upper edge of the chevron alludes to the attempted destruction of the Ludendorff bridge by the retreating enemy. The fountain is used to represent the organization's action along the Meuse River, and the fleur-de-lis symbolizes the unit's action in the Ardennes.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as the 84th Field Artillery. Partially organized 3 October 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama. Demobilized 13 December 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama. Reconstituted 17 March 1930 in the Regular Army as the 84th Field Artillery and assigned to the 3d Cavalry Division. (1st Battalion activated 1 July 1936 at Fort Riley, Kansas.) Relieved 30 September 1939 from assignment to the 3d Cavalry Division (1st Battalion concurrently inactivated at Fort Riley, Kansas).

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as the 84th Field Artillery Battalion, assigned to the 9th Division (later redesignated as the 9th Infantry Division), and activated at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Inactivated 20 November 1946 in Germany. Activated 12 July 1948 at Fort Dix, New Jersey. Inactivated 1 December 1957 at Fort Carson, Colorado, and relieved from assignment to the 9th Infantry Division.

Reorganized and redesignated 31 July 1959 as the 84th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 84th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 June 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- Algeria–French Morocco
- Tunisia
- Sicily
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered THALA, TUNISIA (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 51, 1946)

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered REMAGEN BRIDGEHEAD (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 65, 1946)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action along the Meuse River (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

1st BATTALION, 84th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as Battery A, 84th Field Artillery. (84th Field Artillery demobilized 13 December 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama.) Reconstituted 17 March 1930 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 84th Field Artillery, an element of the 3d Cavalry Division. Activated 1 July 1936 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Inactivated 30 September 1939 at Fort Riley, Kansas, and relieved from assignment to the 3d Cavalry Division.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 84th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, as an element of the 9th Division (later redesignated as the 9th Infantry Division). Inactivated 20 November 1946 in Germany. Activated 12 July 1948 at Fort Dix, New Jersey. Inactivated 1 December 1957 at Fort Carson, Colorado, and relieved from assignment to the 9th Infantry Division.

Redesignated 2 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Missile Battalion, 84th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 19 April 1962 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 1 February 1966 as the 1st Battalion, 84th Artillery, assigned to the 9th Infantry Division, and activated at Fort Riley, Kansas. Inactivated 25 September 1969 in Hawaii. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 84th Field Artillery. Activated 21 October 1972 at Fort Lewis, Washington. Inactivated 15 January 1991 at Fort Lewis, Washington, and relieved from assignment to the 9th Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
- *Tunisia
- *Sicily
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Vietnam
- *Counteroffensive, Phase II
- *Counteroffensive, Phase III
- *Tet Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- *Counteroffensive, Phase V
- *Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- *Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- *Summer–Fall 1969

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered THALA, TUNISIA (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 51, 1946)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered REMAGEN BRIDGEHEAD (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 65, 1946)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action along the Meuse River (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of the Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1968 (1st Battalion, 84th Artillery, cited; DA GO 31, 1969, as amended by DA GO 43, 1969, and DA GO 46, 1969)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1969 (1st Battalion, 84th Artillery, cited; DA GO 59, 1969)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1969 (1st Battalion, 84th Artillery, cited; DA GO 59, 1969)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1969 (1st Battalion, 84th Artillery, cited; DA GO 51, 1971)

2d BATTALION, 84th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as Battery B, 84th Field Artillery. (84th Field Artillery demobilized 13 December 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama.) Reconstituted 17 March 1930 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 84th Field Artillery, an element of the 3d Cavalry Division. Activated 1 July 1936 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Inactivated 30 September 1939 at Fort Riley, Kansas, and relieved from assignment to the 3d Cavalry Division.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 84th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, as an element of the 9th Division (later redesignated as the 9th Infantry Division). Inactivated 20 November 1946 in Germany. Activated 12 July 1948 at Fort Dix, New Jersey. Inactivated 1 December 1957 at Fort Carson, Colorado, and relieved from assignment to the 9th Infantry Division.

Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Missile Battalion, 84th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 in Germany. Inactivated 25 January 1964 in Germany. Redesignated 30 March 1967 as the 2d Battalion, 84th Artillery. Activated 26 May 1967 at Fort Carson, Colorado. Inactivated 26 February 1971 at Fort Carson, Colorado. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 84th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered THALA, TUNISIA (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 51, 1946)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered REMAGEN BRIDGEHEAD (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 65, 1946)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action along the Meuse River (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

3d BATTALION, 84th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as Battery C, 84th Field Artillery. (84th Field Artillery demobilized 13 December 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama.) Reconstituted 17 March 1930 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 84th Field Artillery, an element of the 3d Cavalry Division. Activated 1 July 1936 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Inactivated 30 September 1939 at Fort Riley, Kansas, and relieved from assignment to the 3d Cavalry Division.

Redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery C, 84th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, as an element of the 9th Division (later redesignated as the 9th Infantry Division). Inactivated 20 November 1946 in Germany. Activated 12 July 1948 at Fort Dix, New Jersey. Inactivated 1 December 1957 at Fort Carson, Colorado, and relieved from assignment to the 9th Infantry Division.

Redesignated 1 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Gun Battalion, 84th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1958 in Europe. Inactivated 18 June 1960 in Germany. Redesignated 23 December 1963 as the 3d Battalion, 84th Artillery. Activated 1 February 1964 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 84th Field Artillery. Inactivated 17 January 1986 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco
*Tunisia
*Sicily
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered THALA, TUNISIA (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 51, 1946)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered REMAGEN BRIDGEHEAD (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 65, 1946)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action along the Meuse River (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

4th BATTALION, 84th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as the Battery D, 84th Field Artillery. (84th Field Artillery demobilized 13 December 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama.) Reconstituted 17 March 1930 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 84th Field Artillery, an element of the 3d Cavalry Division. (84th Field Artillery relieved 30 September 1939 from assignment to the 3d Cavalry Division.)

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery A, 84th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 84th Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery A, 84th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, as an element of the 9th Division [later redesignated as the 9th Infantry Division]; inactivated 20 November 1946 in Germany; activated 12 July 1948 at Fort Dix, New Jersey; inactivated 1 December 1957 at Fort Carson, Colorado, and relieved from assignment to the 9th Infantry Division.) Former Battery D, 84th Field Artillery, reconstituted 2 June 1958 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 24 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 84th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 October 1959 with Headquarters at Columbia, Missouri. Redesignated 1 December 1963 as the 4th Battalion, 84th Artillery. Inactivated 31 December 1965 at Columbia, Missouri. Withdrawn 27 January 1967 from the Army Reserve and allotted to the Regular Army. Activated 23 February 1967 at Fort Carson, Colorado. Inactivated 26 February 1971 at Fort Carson, Colorado. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 84th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered THALA, TUNISIA (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 51, 1946)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered REMAGEN BRIDGEHEAD (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 65, 1946)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action along the Meuse River (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

5th BATTALION, 84th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as Battery E, 84th Field Artillery. (84th Field Artillery demobilized 13 December 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama.) Reconstituted 17 March 1930 in the Regular Army as Battery E, 84th Field Artillery, an element of the 3d Cavalry Division. (84th Field Artillery relieved 30 September 1939 from assignment to the 3d Cavalry Division.)

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery B, 84th Field Artillery Battalion. Battery B, 84th Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery B, 84th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, as an element of the 9th Division [later redesignated as the 9th Infantry Division]; inactivated 20 November 1946 in Germany; activated 12 July 1948 at Fort Dix, New Jersey; inactivated 1 December 1957 at Fort Carson, Colorado, and relieved from assignment to the 9th Infantry Division.) Former Battery E, 84th Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 June 1958 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 24 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Howitzer Battalion, 84th Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 May 1959 with Headquarters at South Bend, Indiana. Redesignated 31 January 1963 as the 5th Battalion, 84th Artillery. Inactivated 31 January 1968 at South Bend, Indiana. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Battalion, 84th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
*Tunisia
*Sicily
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered THALA, TUNISIA (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 51, 1946)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered REMAGEN BRIDGEHEAD (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 65, 1946)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action along the Meuse River (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

6th BATTALION, 84th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 16 September 1918 in the National Army as Battery F, 84th Field Artillery. (84th Field Artillery demobilized 13 December 1918 at Camp Sheridan, Alabama.) Reconstituted 17 March 1930 in the Regular Army as Battery F, 84th Field Artillery, an element of the 3d Cavalry Division. (84th Field Artillery relieved 30 September 1939 from assignment to the 3d Cavalry Division.)

Absorbed 1 October 1940 by Battery C, 84th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery C, 84th Field Artillery, redesignated 1 October 1940 as Battery C, 84th Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, as an element of the 9th Division [later redesignated as the 9th Infantry Division]; inactivated 20 November 1946 in Germany; activated 12 July 1948 at Fort Dix, New Jersey; inactivated 1 December 1957 at Fort Carson, Colorado, and relieved from assignment to the 9th Infantry Division.) Former Battery F, 84th Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 June 1958 in the Regular Army.

Redesignated 31 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 84th Artillery (organic elements constituted 29 May 1967). Battalion activated 25 August 1967 at Fort Irwin, California. Inactivated 7 August 1969 in Vietnam. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 6th Battalion, 84th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

*Algeria–French Morocco
*Tunisia
*Sicily
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Vietnam

*Tet Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase IV
*Counteroffensive, Phase V
*Counteroffensive, Phase VI
*Tet 69/Counteroffensive
*Summer–Fall 1969

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered THALA, TUNISIA (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 51, 1946)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered REMAGEN BRIDGEHEAD (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 65, 1946)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action along the Meuse River (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (84th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Steamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (6th Battalion, 84th Artillery, cited; DA GO 54, 1974)

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86th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules on a pile or, between two lions rampant respecting each other of the last, a shell burst proper.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Vermont Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a buck's head erased within a garland of pine (all proper).

Motto: *Hic Murus Aheneus* (This is a Brazen Wall).

Symbolism: Scarlet is for artillery. The gold pile is representative of the entering wedge driven into enemy territory by the fire of the organization, which is illustrated by the shell burst. The motto alludes to the "brazen wall" formed by an artillery barrage, i.e., "curtain of fire."

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Vermont)

1st Battery, Vermont Light Artillery, organized 16 January 1862 at Montpelier and mustered into Federal service 18 February 1862 at Brattleboro; mustered out of Federal service 10 August 1864 at Brattleboro.

2d Battery, Vermont Light Artillery, organized 13 December 1861 at Montpelier and mustered into Federal service 16–24 December 1861 at Brandon; mustered out of Federal service 31 July 1865 at Burlington.

3d Battery, Vermont Light Artillery, organized 23 November 1863 at Burlington and mustered into Federal service 1 January 1864 at Burlington; mustered out of Federal service 13–15 June 1865 at Burlington.

1st, 2d, and 3d Batteries, Vermont Light Artillery, reorganized 22 November 1867 in the Vermont Volunteer Militia as a battery of light artillery to consist of three sections with Headquarters at Springfield. Reorganized 27 November 1872 as a section of light artillery at Northfield (Norwich Cadets). Reorganized 11 April 1877 at Brattleboro as the Vermont Light Battery with a section at Northfield (Norwich Cadets). (Vermont Volunteer Militia redesignated in 1894 as the Vermont National Guard.) Vermont Light Battery (less section at Northfield) disbanded 10 August 1899 at Brattleboro; section at Northfield (Norwich Cadets) continued as a battery of field artillery.

Norwich Cadets expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 19 November 1907 as Battery A, Light Artillery, and Company A, Signal Corps.

Battery A, Light Artillery, and Company A, Signal Corps, consolidated, converted, and redesignated 1 January 1911 as the 1st Squadron, 1st Cavalry. 1st Squadron, 1st Cavalry, mustered into Federal service 24 June 1916 at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont. Disbanded 19 July 1916 at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont.

Vermont Light Battery reconstituted 3 July 1946 in the Vermont National Guard as the 206th Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 43d Infantry Division. Organized and Federally recognized 3 April 1947 with Headquarters at Burlington. Ordered into active Federal service 5 September 1950 at home stations. (206th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 30 December 1952 with Headquarters at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont.) Released 15 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control with Headquarters at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 206th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS). (Location of Headquarters changed 1 January 1955 to Winooski.)

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1959 as the 124th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 43d Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 February 1964 as the 86th Artillery and reorganized to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 86th Armored Brigade. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 50th Armored Division. Reorganized 1 June 1975 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Reorganized 1 May 1980 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 50th Armored Division. Reorganized 1 June 1988 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 26th Infantry Division. Withdrawn 1 May 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 September 1993 to consist of the 1st Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Civil War
- Wilderness
- Petersburg
- Louisiana 1862
- Louisiana 1863
- Louisiana 1864
- Texas 1863

Headquarters Battery (Williston), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War I
Champagne-Marne
Aisne-Marne
St. Mihiel
Meuse-Argonne
Ile de France 1918
Lorraine 1918

World War II – AP
New Guinea
Northern Solomons (with arrowhead)
Luzon (with arrowhead)

Battery A (Waterbury), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Civil War
Gettysburg
Virginia 1861
Virginia 1862

World War II – AP
New Guinea
Northern Solomons (with arrowhead)
Luzon (with arrowhead)

DECORATIONS

Headquarters Battery (Williston), 1st Battalion, entitled to: Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (172d Infantry cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Battery A (Waterbury), 1st Battalion, entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered IPO DAM, LUZON (2d Battalion, 172d Infantry, cited; WD GO 90, 1945) and Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (172d Infantry cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

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92d FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a pallet rompu or, in sinister fess a dexter mailed clenched fist, couped at the wrist proper.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, argent and gules, a castle of the first with entrance arch sanguine and two turrets enflamed proper the battlements between the turrets supporting a Rose of Sharon also proper and in base a bow fesswise sable with drawstring or armed with a fire arrow point up palewise enflamed all proper.

Motto: Brave Cannons.

Symbolism: Scarlet and yellow are the colors used for artillery. The mailed fist symbolizes the armored attack of the organization.

The fire arrow hurled from an arbalest, an early artillery weapon, symbolizes the mission of the regiment. The shape of the bow further alludes to the Battle of the Bulge in which the unit participated. The flames refer to the fire support provided in the Normandy invasion for which it was awarded the Presidential Unit Citation. The arrow further alludes to its assault landings, and the medieval castle traditionally represents the areas in which the unit fought during World War II: Belgium, France, and Germany. The Rose of Sharon (the Korean national flower) symbolizes service in Korea for which the unit was awarded the Korean Presidential Unit Citation.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as the 92d Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 January 1942 as the 92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 2d Armored Division. Activated 8 January 1942 at Fort Benning, Georgia. Relieved 10 November 1950 from assignment to the 2d Armored Division. Inactivated 27 July 1955 in Japan.

Reorganized and redesignated 31 March 1958 as the 92d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September

1971 as the 92d Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1 July 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- Sicily (with arrowhead)
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Korean War
- UN Defensive
- UN Offensive
- CCF Intervention
- First UN Counteroffensive
- CCF Spring Offensive
- UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970
- Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- Consolidation I

Southwest Asia
- Defense of Saudi Arabia
- Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 108, 1945)

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHINHUNG-NI (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 9, 2005)

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered DAK TO–BEN HET (1st Battalion, 92d Artillery, cited; DA GO 48, 1971)

Navy Unit Commendation, Streamer embroidered SAUDI ARABIA–KUWAIT (Battery A, 92d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 34, 1992)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered INCHON TO HUNGNAM (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 8, 1952)

BATTERY A, 92d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 92d Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 January 1942 as Battery A, 92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 2d Armored Division. Activated 8 January 1942 at Fort Benning, Georgia. (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion relieved 10 November 1950 from assignment to the 2d Armored Division.) Inactivated 27 July 1955 in Japan.

Redesignated 31 March 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 92d Artillery. Redesignated 25 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Howitzer Battalion, 92d Artillery, and activated in Germany (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 5 February 1968 as the 1st Battalion, 92d Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 92d Field Artillery. Assigned 30 November 1971 to the 2d Armored Division. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 92d Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 1 July 1986 as Battery A, 92d Field Artillery, and remained assigned to the 2d Armored Division (remainder of battalion concurrently inactivated). Battery inactivated 15 September 1991 at Fort Hood, Texas. Activated 16 December 1992 at Fort Hood, Texas. Inactivated 15 January 1996 at Fort Hood, Texas, and relieved from assignment to the 2d Armored Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II–EAME
- Sicily (with arrowhead)
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Korean War
- UN Defensive
- UN Offensive
- CCF Intervention
- First UN Counteroffensive
- CCF Spring Offensive
- UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970
- Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- Consolidation I

Southwest Asia
- Defense of Saudi Arabia
- Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 108, 1945)

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHINHUNG-NI (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 9, 2005)

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered DAK TO–BEN HET (1st Battalion, 92d Artillery, cited; DA GO 48, 1971)

Navy Unit Commendation, Streamer embroidered SAUDI ARABIA–KUWAIT (Battery A, 92d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 34, 1992)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered INCHON TO HUNGNAM (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 8, 1952)

Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1967–1971 (1st Battalion, 92d Artillery, cited; DA GO 54, 1974)

2d BATTALION, 92d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 92d Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 January 1942 as Battery B, 92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 2d Armored Division. Activated 8 January 1942 at Fort Benning, Georgia. (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion relieved 10 November 1950 from assignment to the 2d Armored Division.) Inactivated 27 July 1955 in Japan.

Redesignated 31 March 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Battalion, 92d Artillery. Redesignated 25 June 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Howitzer Battalion, 92d Artillery, and activated in Europe (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 24 March 1964 as the 2d Battalion, 92d Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 92d Field Artillery. Inactivated 16 April 1988 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Sicily (with arrowhead)
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 108, 1945)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHINHUNG-NI (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 9, 2005)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered INCHON TO HUNGNAM (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 8, 1952)

3d BATTALION, 92d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 92d Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 January 1942 as Battery C, 92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 2d Armored Division. Activated 8 January 1942 at Fort Benning, Georgia. (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion relieved 10 November 1950 from assignment to the 2d Armored Division.) Inactivated 27 July 1955 in Japan.

Redesignated 31 March 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 92d Artillery. Redesignated 30 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Howitzer Battalion, 92d Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 June 1959 with Headquarters at Canton, Ohio. Redesignated 1 December 1963 as the 3d Battalion, 92d Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 92d Field Artillery. (Location of Headquarters changed 26 October 1969 to Akron, Ohio.) Inactivated 15 March 1996 at Akron, Ohio.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Sicily (with arrowhead)
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Korean War
- *UN Defensive
- *UN Offensive
- *CCF Intervention
- *First UN Counteroffensive
- *CCF Spring Offensive
- *UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- *Second Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- *Third Korean Winter
- *Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 108, 1945)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHINHUNG-NI (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 9, 2005)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered INCHON TO HUNGNAM (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 8, 1952)

4th BATTALION, 92d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

AR
(inactive)

Constituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 92d Field Artillery. Absorbed 8 January 1942 by Battery A, 92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion, activated 8 January 1942 at Fort Benning, Georgia, as an element of the 2d Armored Division [92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion relieved 10 November 1950 from assignment to the 2d Armored Division]; inactivated 27 July 1955 in Japan.)

Former Battery D, 92d Field Artillery, reconstituted 31 March 1958 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 92d Artillery. Redesignated 30 April 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Howitzer Battalion, 92d Artillery, withdrawn from the Regular Army, and allotted to the Army Reserve (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 1 June 1959 with Headquarters at Clearfield, Pennsylvania. Ordered into active military service at Clearfield, Pennsylvania; released 10 August 1962 from active military service and reverted to reserve status. Redesignated 31 January 1968 as the 4th Battalion, 92d Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 92d Artillery. (Location of Headquarters changed 15 November 1971 to Erie, Pennsylvania.) Inactivated 15 December 1993 at Erie, Pennsylvania.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Korean War

*UN Defensive
*UN Offensive
*CCF Intervention
*First UN Counteroffensive
*CCF Spring Offensive
*UN Summer–Fall Offensive
*Second Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
*Third Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 108, 1945)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHINHUNG-NI (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 9, 2005)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered INCHON TO HUNGNAM (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 8, 1952)

5th BATTALION, 92d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery E, 92d Field Artillery. Absorbed 8 January 1942 by Battery B, 92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion, activated 8 January 1942 at Fort Benning, Georgia, as an element of the 2d Armored Division [92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion relieved 10 November 1950 from assignment to the 2d Armored Division]; inactivated 27 July 1955 in Japan.)

Former Battery E, 92d Field Artillery, reconstituted 31 March 1958 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 92d Artillery. Redesignated 1 April 1960 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Howitzer Battalion, 92d Artillery, assigned to the 24th Infantry Division, and activated in Germany (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Battalion inactivated 1 February 1963 in Germany. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 5th Howitzer Battalion, 92d Field Artillery. Redesignated 15 September 2003 as the 5th Battalion, 92d Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Korean War

*UN Defensive
*UN Offensive
*CCF Intervention
*First UN Counteroffensive
*CCF Spring Offensive
*UN Summer–Fall Offensive
*Second Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
*Third Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 108, 1945)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHINHUNG-NI (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 9, 2005)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered INCHON TO HUNGNAM (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 8, 1952)

6th BATTALION, 92d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery F, 92d Field Artillery. Absorbed 8 January 1942 by Battery C, 92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery C, 92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion, activated 8 January 1942 at Fort Benning, Georgia, as an element of the 2d Armored Division [92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion relieved 10 November 1950 from assignment to the 2d Armored Division]; inactivated 27 July 1955 in Japan.)

Former Battery F, 92d Field Artillery, reconstituted 31 March 1958 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 92d Artillery. Assigned 31 May 1963 to the 2d Armored Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 8 July 1963 at Fort Hood, Texas. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 6th Battalion, 92d Field Artillery. Inactivated 30 November 1971 at Fort Hood, Texas.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Sicily (with arrowhead)
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Korean War

*UN Defensive
*UN Offensive
*CCF Intervention
*First UN Counteroffensive
*CCF Spring Offensive
*UN Summer–Fall Offensive
*Second Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
*Third Korean Winter
*Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 108, 1945)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHINHUNG-NI (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 9, 2005)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered INCHON TO HUNGNAM (92d Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 8, 1952)

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Swindell, Archie C. *24th Infantry Division: Follow Me! Special Taro Leaf Historical Edition. Reactivation Day, 1960.* Germany, 1960. Contains information about the 5th Battalion, 92d Field Artillery.

Also see bibliography of the 2d Armored Division (World War II) in John B. Wilson, *Armies, Corps, Divisions, and Separate Brigades.* Army Lineage Series. Washington: Government Printing Office, 1999.

94th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per chevron gules and or, issuant from base a guisarme in pale proper.

Crest: On a wreath, argent and gules, issuing from four flames of fire proper, a lion passant gardant or, armed and langued azure, charged on the shoulder with an annulet of the last surmounted by a lightning flash of the second the dexter paw supporting a lance of the first flotant to sinister there from a banner the upper third extended to form a streamer of the like bearing an escutcheon parti per pale of the second and fourth.

Motto: Flexible.

Symbolism: The shield is divided scarlet and yellow, scarlet being the artillery color and yellow the color of artillery markings. The guisarme, a weapon used in ancient times to reach the enemy behind the defense, symbolizes the operations of the organization.

The crest commemorates the unit's combat action in World War II and subsequent service in Germany with the United States Constabulary. The lion is taken from the arms of Normandy where the organization initially contacted the enemy. The flames of fire refer to the four decorations awarded during World War II. The scarlet and blue shield, taken from the arms of Bastogne, and the white color of the banner, alluding to snow, refer to the organization's participation in the rescue of Bastogne in heavy snowfall during the Ardennes campaign. The banner is of a type frequently used in Europe in the Middle Ages. The annulet and lightning flash, simulating the insignia of the United States Constabulary, allude to the unit's postwar service in Germany.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as the 94th Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 January 1942 as the 94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.

Assigned 6 January 1942 to the 4th Armored Division and activated at Pine Camp, New York. Converted and redesignated 1 May 1946 as the 94th Constabulary Squadron; concurrently, relieved from assignment to the 4th Armored Division and assigned to the 11th Constabulary Regiment. Converted and redesignated 6 January 1948 as the 94th Field Artillery Battalion and relieved from assignment to the 11th Constabulary Regiment. Inactivated 20 May 1949 in Germany; concurrently, redesignated as the 94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 4th Armored Division. Activated 15 June 1954 at Fort Hood, Texas.

Relieved 1 April 1957 from assignment to the 4th Armored Division; concurrently, reorganized and redesignated as the 94th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 94th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 November 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970
- Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- Consolidation I
- Consolidation II
- Cease-Fire

Southwest Asia
- Defense of Saudi Arabia
- Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered ARDENNES (4th Armored Division cited; WD GO 54, 1945)

Presidential Unit Citation (Navy), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1967 (2d Battalion, 94th Artillery, cited; DA GO 32, 1973)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (Battery A, 94th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 1, 1996)

Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1995–1996 (Battery A, 94th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 25, 2001)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered MOSELLE RIVER (94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

1st BATTALION, 94th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(1st Armored Division)

Constituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery A, 94th Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 January 1942 as Battery A, 94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 6 January 1942 at Pine Camp, New York, as an element of the 4th Armored Division. Converted and redesignated 1 May 1946 as Troop A, 94th Constabulary Squadron, an element of the 11th Constabulary Regiment. Converted and redesignated 6 January 1948 as Battery A, 94th Field Artillery Battalion (94th Field Artillery Battalion concurrently relieved from assignment to the 11th Constabulary Regiment). Inactivated 20 May 1949 in Germany; concurrently, redesignated as Battery A, 94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 4th Armored Division. Activated 15 June 1954 at Fort Hood, Texas.

Inactivated 1 April 1957 at Fort Hood, Texas, and relieved from assignment to the 4th Armored Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 94th Artillery. Assigned 19 June 1963 to the 4th Armored Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 25 June 1963 in Germany. Relieved 10 May 1971 from assignment to the 4th Armored Division and assigned to the 1st Armored Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 94th Field Artillery. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 94th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 1 November 1986 as Battery A, 94th Field Artillery, and remained assigned to the 1st Armored Division (remainder of battalion concurrently inactivated). Battery inactivated 15 January 1992 in Germany. Activated 16 July 1995 in Germany. Reorganized and redesignated 16 September 2000 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 94th Field Artillery (organic elements concurrently activated).

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Southwest Asia
*Defense of Saudi Arabia
*Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
*Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered ARDENNES (4th Armored Division cited; WD GO 54, 1945)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (Battery A, 94th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 1, 1996)

*Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1995–1996 (Battery A, 94th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 25, 2001)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered MOSELLE RIVER (94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

2d BATTALION, 94th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery B, 94th Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 January 1942 as Battery B, 94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 6 January 1942 at Pine Camp, New York, as an element of the 4th Armored Division. Converted and redesignated 1 May 1946 as Troop B, 94th Constabulary Squadron, an element of the 11th Constabulary Regiment. Converted and redesignated 6 January 1948 as Battery B, 94th Field Artillery Battalion (94th Field Artillery Battalion concurrently relieved from assignment to the 11th Constabulary Regiment). Inactivated 20 May 1949 in Germany; concurrently, redesignated as Battery B, 94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 4th Armored Division. Activated 15 June 1954 at Fort Hood, Texas.

Inactivated 1 April 1957 at Fort Hood, Texas, and relieved from assignment to the 4th Armored Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Battalion, 94th Artillery. Activated 1 June 1966 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma (organic elements constituted 29 March 1966 and activated I June 1966). Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 94th Field Artillery. Inactivated 31 July 1972 at Fort Lewis, Washington.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Normandy
- *Northern France
- *Rhineland
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Vietnam
- *Counteroffensive, Phase II
- *Counteroffensive, Phase III
- *Tet Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- *Counteroffensive, Phase V
- *Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- *Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- *Summer–Fall 1969
- *Winter–Spring 1970
- *Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- *Consolidation I
- *Consolidation II
- *Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered ARDENNES (4th Armored Division cited; WD GO 54, 1945)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Navy), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1967 (2d Battalion, 94th Artillery, cited; DA GO 32, 1973)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered MOSELLE RIVER (94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1971 (2d Battalion, 94th Artillery, cited; DA GO 6, 1974)

Battery A additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Navy), Streamer embroidered CHU LAI (Battery A, 2d Battalion, 94th Artillery cited; DA GO 59, 1969)

BATTERY C, 94th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery C, 94th Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 January 1942 as Battery C, 94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 6 January 1942 at Pine Camp, New York, as an element of the 4th Armored Division. Converted and redesignated 1 May 1946 as Troop C, 94th Constabulary Squadron, an element of the 11th Constabulary Regiment. Converted and redesignated 6 January 1948 as Battery C, 94th Field Artillery Battalion (94th Field Artillery Battalion concurrently relieved from assignment to the 11th Constabulary Regiment). Inactivated 20 May 1949 in Germany; concurrently, redesignated as Battery C, 94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 4th Armored Division. Activated 15 June 1954 at Fort Hood, Texas.

Inactivated 1 April 1957 at Fort Hood, Texas, and relieved from assignment to the 4th Armored Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 94th Artillery. Redesignated 23 August 1963 as Battery C, 94th Artillery. Assigned 1 September 1963 to the United States Army Berlin Brigade and activated in Germany. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery C, 94th Field Artillery. Inactivated 2 October 1986 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the United States Army Berlin Brigade.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II–EAME
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered ARDENNES (4th Armored Division cited; WD GO 54, 1945)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered MOSELLE RIVER (94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

BATTERY D, 94th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 1 October 1933 in the Regular Army as Battery D, 94th Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 January 1942 as Battery D, 94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 6 January 1942 at Pine Camp, New York, as an element of the 4th Armored Division. Absorbed 10 September 1943 by Battery A, 94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, converted and redesignated 1 May 1946 as Troop A, 94th Constabulary Squadron, an element of the 11th Constabulary Regiment; converted and redesignated 6 January 1948 as Battery A, 94th Field Artillery Battalion [94th Field Artillery Battalion concurrently relieved from assignment to the 11th Constabulary Regiment]; inactivated 20 May 1949 in Germany; concurrently, redesignated as Battery A, 94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 4th Armored Division; activated 15 June 1954 at Fort Hood, Texas.)

Former Battery D, 94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, reconstituted 1 April 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 94th Artillery. Activated 10 August 1967 at Fort Lewis, California (organic elements constituted 10 May 1967 and activated 10 August 1967). Battalion inactivated 31 March 1970 at Fort Irwin, California. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Battalion, 94th Artillery, redesignated 30 June 1971 as Battery D, 94th Artillery, and activated at Fort Knox, Kentucky. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery D, 94th Field Artillery. Inactivated 21 December 1975 at Fort Knox, Kentucky.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II–EAME
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered ARDENNES (4th Armored Division cited; WD GO 54, 1945)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered MOSELLE RIVER (94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (94th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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Langford, Gary D. "Iron Rain: MLRS Storms onto the Battlefield." *Field Artillery* (December 1991):50–54. Pertains to the present 1st Battalion, 94th Field Artillery.

Merriam, John H. "Artillery's Part in the Bastogne Break-In." *Field Artillery Journal* 35 (July 1945):407.

"Readiness Shown by 'Project Partnership.'" *Field Artillery Journal* 42 (September-October 1974):61. Pertains to the 1st Battalion, 94th Field Artillery.

Thomson, Robert. "Outpost of Democracy." *Field Artillery Journal* 45 (May-June 1977):52–54. Pertains to Battery C, 94th Field Artillery.

Also see bibliography of the 4th Armored Division (World War II) in John B. Wilson, *Armies, Corps, Divisions, and Separate Brigades.* Army Lineage Series. Washington: Government Printing Office, 1999.

101st FIELD ARTILLERY
(South Regiment)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a fleur-de-lis crowned or, in sinister chief an anchor and cannon saltirewise argent (badge of the IX Corps, Civil War); on a canton of the last a tomahawk and a powder horn crosswise azure, stringed and veruled of the second.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Massachusetts Army National Guard: From a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a dexter arm embowed, clothed blue and ruffed white proper, the hand grasping a broad sword argent, the pommel and hilt or.

Motto: *Vincere est Vivere* (To Conquer is to Live).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The tomahawk and powder horn allude to the earliest history of the regiment. The canton is white, the old infantry color. The anchor and cannon device is a portion of the corps badge of the 2d Division, IX Corps, in which Battery A (11th Battery, Massachusetts Light Artillery, United States Volunteers) served during the Civil War. The crowned fleur-de-lis is taken from the coat of arms of Verdun and represents the World War I service of the organization.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

Description: A gold metal and enamel device consisting of the gold bust of a Native American affronté attired with two feathers. Attached below a red scroll the motto inscribed in gold letters.

Symbolism: The bust of the Native American is adapted from the seal of Massachusetts cut in 1628.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Massachusetts)

Organized 13 December 1636 in the Massachusetts Militia from new and existing train bands in Boston, Dorchester, Roxbury, Weymouth, and Hingham as the South Regiment. Redesignated 7 September 1643 as the Suffolk Regiment. Expanded 16 October 1680 to form the Boston Regiment and the Suffolk Regiment (Suffolk Regiment—hereafter separate lineage). (While remaining in Massachusetts

service during the Revolutionary War, the Boston Regiment additionally formed Henry Jackson's Additional Continental Regiment, authorized 12 January 1777 and organized at Boston from elements of the Boston Regiment and the Independent Company of Cadets; consolidated 9 April 1779 with Lee's Additional Continental Regiment [authorized 12 January 1777 and organized at Boston] and consolidated unit designated as Henry Jackson's Additional Continental Regiment; redesignated 24 July 1780 as the 16th Massachusetts Regiment; disbanded 1 January 1781 at New Windsor, New York.) Boston Regiment redesignated 1 April 1788 as the 1st Regiment, 1st Brigade, 1st Division.

Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 2 August 1798 as the Legionary Brigade, 1st Division, to consist of the Sublegion of Artillery (Volunteer Militia); the Sublegion of Light Infantry (Volunteer Militia); and the 1st, 2d, and 3d Sublegions (Standing Militia). Reorganized and redesignated 12 March 1810 as the 3d Brigade, 1st Division, to consist of the Battalion of Artillery (Volunteer Militia) and the 1st, 2d, and 3d Regiments (Standing Militia). (Flank [Volunteer Militia] companies in Federal service September–October 1814 as elements of the Elite Brigade.) Reorganized 1 July 1834 to consist of the Regiment of Light Infantry (Volunteer Militia), the Regiment of Artillery (Volunteer Militia), and the 1st, 2d, and 3d Regiments (Standing Militia). (Regiment of Artillery reorganized and redesignated 2 July 1836 as the Battalion of Artillery.)

Regiment of Light Infantry and Battalion of Artillery reorganized 17 April 1840 in the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia as the 1st Regiment of Light Infantry and the 1st and 2d Battalions of Artillery; Standing Militia elements concurrently disbanded. (1st and 2d Battalions of Artillery consolidated 4 June 1844 to form the 5th Regiment of Artillery.) 1st Regiment of Light Infantry and 5th Regiment of Artillery reorganized and redesignated 26 February 1855 as the 1st and 2d Regiments of Infantry. Reorganized 1 February–1 March 1859 as the 2d Regiment of Infantry and the 2d Battalion of Infantry. Reorganized 15 December 1860 as the 2d Regiment of Infantry, the 4th Battalion of Riflemen, and the 2d Battalion of Infantry. Reorganized 11 March 1861 as the 2d Regiment of Infantry, the 4th Battalion of Riflemen, and the 2d and 4th Battalions of Infantry.

While remaining in state service, the 2d Regiment of Infantry additionally formed the 1st Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry Regiment (mustered into Federal service 23–27 May 1861 at Boston; mustered out of Federal service 25 May 1864 at Boston) and the 42d Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry Regiment (mustered into Federal service 14 October 1862 at Readville; mustered out of Federal service 20 August 1863 at Boston; mustered into Federal service 22 July 1864 at Readville; mustered out of Federal service 11 November 1864 at Readville).

4th Battalion of Riflemen mustered into Federal service 16 July 1861 at Fort Independence, Massachusetts, as the 13th Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry Regiment; mustered out of Federal service 1 August 1864 at Boston.

2d Battalion of Infantry mustered into Federal service 20 October 1862 at Readville as the 43d Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry Regiment; mustered out of Federal service 30 July 1863 at Readville.

While remaining in state service, the 4th Battalion of Infantry additionally formed the 24th Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry Regiment (mustered into Federal service 6 December 1861 at Readville; mustered out of Federal service

20 January 1866 at Richmond, Virginia) and the 44th Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry Regiment (mustered into Federal service 12 September 1862 at Readville; mustered out of Federal service 18 June 1863 at Boston).

Former 2d and 4th Battalions of Infantry reorganized 10 August 1865 in the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia as the 7th Regiment of Infantry; reorganized and redesignated 20 July 1870 as the 1st Battalion of Infantry; redesignated 25 March 1874 as the 4th Battalion of Infantry.

Former 2d Regiment of Infantry and 4th Battalion of Riflemen reorganized 18 May 1866 in the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia as the 10th Regiment of Infantry; redesignated 7 September 1866 as the 1st Regiment of Infantry; reorganized and redesignated 14 July 1876 as the 1st Battalion of Infantry.

1st and 4th Battalions of Infantry consolidated 3 December 1878 with the 3d Battalion of Infantry (*see* ANNEX 1) and consolidated unit reorganized and redesignated as the 1st Regiment of Infantry.

Converted and redesignated 1 June 1897 as the 1st Regiment of Heavy Artillery. Mustered into Federal service 9 May 1898 at Fort Warren, Massachusetts, as the 1st Massachusetts Volunteer Heavy Artillery; mustered out of Federal service 14 November 1898 at home stations and reorganized as the 1st Regiment of Heavy Artillery. Reorganized and redesignated 1 November 1905 as the Corps of Coast Artillery. (Massachusetts Volunteer Militia redesignated 15 November 1907 as the Massachusetts National Guard.) Redesignated 16 January 1917 as the 1st Coast Defense Command. Mustered into Federal service 3 August 1917 at home stations; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 31 August 1917 as the 16th–27th Companies, Coast Defenses of Boston, and the 20th Band, Coast Artillery Corps.

16th, 17th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 24th, and 25th Companies demobilized in November 1918 at Forts Revere, Strong, Andrews, Heath, and Standish, Massachusetts.

18th, 19th, 20th, and 26th Companies reorganized and redesignated 1 December 1917 as Batteries F and D, Supply Company, and Battery B, respectively, 55th Artillery (Coast Artillery Corps). Companies demobilized in February 1919 at Camp Winfield Scott, California, while regiment continued in active status.

27th Company redesignated in November 1918 as the 15th Company, Coast Defenses of Boston. Demobilized in September 1919 at Fort Andrews, Massachusetts.

20th Band, Coast Artillery Corps, demobilized 23 December 1918 at Fort Warren, Massachusetts.

Former 1st Coast Defense Command (less the 24th and 25th Companies, Coast Defenses of Boston—formerly the 3d Battalion of Infantry) reorganized 31 March 1920 in the Massachusetts National Guard; Headquarters Federally recognized 14 March 1921 at Boston (former 24th and 25th Companies, Coast Defenses of Boston, reorganized and Federally recognized 6 December 1920 as the 2d Battalion, 1st Field Artillery—*see* ANNEX 1).

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1923 as the 241st Artillery (Coast Artillery Corps). Redesignated 30 April 1924 as the 241st Coast Artillery. Inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at home stations. (4th Battalion reorganized and redesignated 13 September 1943 as the 3d Battalion, 8th Coast Artillery; 3d Battalion and Medical Detachment inactivated 12–18 April 1944 at

Camp Shelby, Mississippi, Camp Hood, Texas, and Camp Chaffee, Arkansas; Band reorganized and redesignated 15 June 1944 as the 86th Army Ground Forces Band—hereafter separate lineages.) Remainder of regiment broken up 7 October 1944 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as the 187th and 241st Coast Artillery Battalions.

187th Coast Artillery Battalion (less Batteries C and E) and 241st Coast Artillery Battalion (less Batteries A, D, and E) inactivated 1 April 1945 at Forts Ruckman, Dawes, Standish, and Warren, Massachusetts, and at Nahant and Sagamore; remaining batteries concurrently reorganized and redesignated as Batteries A, B, C, D, and E, Harbor Defenses of Boston. Harbor Defenses of Boston inactivated 30 June 1946 at Forts Warren and Dawes, Massachusetts, and elements reverted to former designations as elements of the 187th and 241st Coast Artillery Battalions.

Reorganized and Federally recognized 3 February 1948 as the 704th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion with Headquarters at Boston. Ordered into active Federal service 16 March 1951 at Boston; released 19 March 1953 from active Federal service and reverted to state control. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 704th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 1 February 1958 as the 704th Missile Battalion.

Consolidated 1 May 1959 with the 772d Missile Battalion (*see* ANNEX 2) and the 972d Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX 3) to form the 241st Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Missile Battalions and the 3d Gun Battalion. Reorganized 1 May 1962 to consist of the 1st and 2d Missile Battalions. Reorganized 1 March 1963 to consist of the 1st Missile Battalion. Reorganized 1 January 1966 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Redesignated 1 April 1972 as the 241st Air Defense Artillery.

Converted and redesignated 1 November 1974 as the 241st Field Artillery, to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 26th Infantry Division.

Consolidated 1 December 1975 with the 101st Field Artillery (*see* ANNEX 4) and consolidated unit designated as the 101st Field Artillery, to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 26th Infantry Division. Withdrawn 1 March 1988 from the Combat Arms Regimental System; concurrently consolidated with the 102d Field Artillery (organized in 1786) and consolidated unit reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System as the 101st Field Artillery, to consist of the 1st Battalion. Consolidated 1 September 1993 with the 211th Field Artillery (*see* ANNEX 1) and consolidated designated as the 101st Field Artillery, to consist of the 1st Battalion and Battery E, elements of the 42d Infantry Division. (Former 102d Field Artillery withdrawn 1 October 1996 and reorganized as a parent regiment under the United States Army Regimental System—hereafter separate lineage). (Battery E, 101st Field Artillery, ordered into active Federal service 18 May 1997 at Rehoboth; released 31 December 1997 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.)

ANNEX 1

Organized 17 April 1840 in the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia from existing units in Bristol County as the 2d Battalion of Light Infantry. Expanded 26 February 1855 to form the 4th Regiment of Infantry. Mustered into Federal service 17 April

1861 at Boston; mustered out of Federal service 22 July 1861 at Boston. Mustered into Federal service 23 September 1862 at Lakeville; mustered out of Federal service 28 August 1863 at Boston. Consolidated in 1866 with the 3d Regiment of Infantry (*see* ANNEX 5) and consolidated unit designated as the 3d Regiment of Infantry. Reorganized and redesignated 14 July 1876 as the 3d Battalion of Infantry. Consolidated 3 December 1878 with the 1st and 4th Battalions of Infantry (organized in 1636) to form the 1st Regiment of Infantry.

Converted and redesignated 1 June 1897 as the 1st Regiment of Heavy Artillery. Mustered into Federal service 9 May 1898 at Fort Warren, Massachusetts, as the 1st Massachusetts Volunteer Heavy Artillery; mustered out of Federal service 14 November 1898 at home stations and reorganized as the 1st Regiment of Heavy Artillery. Reorganized and redesignated 1 November 1905 as the Corps of Coast Artillery. (Massachusetts Volunteer Militia redesignated 15 November 1907 as the Massachusetts National Guard.) Redesignated 16 January 1917 as the 1st Coast Defense Command. Mustered into Federal service 3 August 1917 at home stations; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 31 August 1917 as the 16th–27th Companies, Coast Defenses of Boston, and the 20th Band, Coast Artillery Corps. 24th and 25th Companies, Coast Defenses of Boston (formerly the 3d Battalion of Infantry) demobilized in November 1918 at Forts Heath and Standish, Massachusetts (16th–23d and 26th–27th Companies, Coast Defenses of Boston, and 20th Band, Coast Artillery Corps—hereafter separate lineages).

Reorganized and Federally recognized 6 December 1920 in the Massachusetts National Guard as the 2d Battalion, 1st Field Artillery, with Headquarters at Brockton. Redesignated 30 September 1921 as the 2d Battalion, 101st Field Artillery. (101st Field Artillery assigned 31 March 1923 to the 26th Division.) Inducted into Federal service 16 January 1941 at home stations. Reorganized and redesignated 12 February 1942 as the 212th Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 1 September 1942 as the 212th Armored Field Artillery Battalion; concurrently relieved from assignment to the 26th Division and assigned to the 6th Armored Division. Inactivated 21 September 1945 at Camp Myles Standish, Massachusetts, and relieved from assignment to the 6th Armored Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 12 December 1946 as the 212th Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at New Bedford.

Consolidated 1 May 1959 with the 126th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX 6), the 685th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX 7), and the 747th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX 8) to form the 211th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 3d Howitzer Battalions, the 2d Automatic Weapons Battalion, the 4th Gun Battalion, and the 5th Detachment. Reorganized 31 October 1961 to consist of the 1st and 3d Howitzer Battalions, the 2d Automatic Weapons Battalion, and the 4th Gun Battalion. Reorganized 1 May 1962 to consist of the 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 1 March 1963 to consist of the 1st, 3d, and 4th Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 1 March 1964 to consist of the 1st and 4th Howitzer Battalions and the 3d Battalion. Reorganized 19 December 1967 to consist of the 1st Battalion. (1st Battalion ordered into active Federal service 13 May 1968 at New Bedford; released 12 December 1969 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Redesignated 1 March 1972 as the 211th Field Artillery.

Reorganized 1 April 1975 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 26th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 March 1988 to consist of the 1st Battalion and Battery E, elements of the 26th Infantry Division.

ANNEX 2

Organized and Federally recognized 29 January 1948 from elements of the former 241st Coast Artillery at Chelsea and new companies as the 772d Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion, with Headquarters at Chelsea. Reorganized and redesignated 1 July 1951 as the 772d Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. (Location of Headquarters changed 13 May 1952 to Boston.) Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 772d Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion. (Location of Headquarters changed 4 November 1957 to Chelsea.) Reorganized and redesignated 1 February 1958 as the 772d Missile Battalion.

ANNEX 3

Constituted 2 September 1863 in the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia as an infantry company in the Independent Division. Organized 10 September 1863 at Boston as an unattached infantry company. Redesignated 20 August 1864 as the 14th Unattached Company. Redesignated 20 August 1866 as Company A, 2d Battalion of Infantry. Disbanded 6 July 1876 at Boston. Reorganized 1 June 1877 in the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia at Boston as an unattached infantry company in the 1st Brigade. Redesignated 3 December 1878 as Company L, 6th Regiment of Infantry. Mustered into Federal service 13 May 1898 at South Framingham as Company L, 6th Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 21 January 1899 at Boston and reorganized as Company L, 6th Infantry Regiment. (Massachusetts Volunteer Militia redesignated 15 November 1907 as the Massachusetts National Guard.) Mustered into Federal service 6 April 1917 at Boston; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917 as the 1st Separate Company, Infantry. Reorganized and redesignated 1 January 1918 as Company L, 372d Infantry, an element of the 93d Division. Demobilized 27 February 1919 at Camp Devens, Massachusetts. Reorganized 20 June 1919 in the Massachusetts National Guard at Boston as Company L, 6th Infantry (Provisional). Disbanded 12 July 1920 at Boston.

Reconstituted 30 November 1920 in the Massachusetts National Guard as the 2d Separate Battalion, Infantry, with companies organized and Federally recognized 29 April 1921–20 March 1922 at Boston. Redesignated 1 January 1925 as the 3d Battalion, 372d Infantry. Inducted into Federal service 10 March 1941 at Boston. Inactivated 31 January 1946 in the Territory of Hawaii.

Reorganized and Federally recognized 5 November 1947 at Boston as the 272d Field Artillery Battalion. Ordered into active Federal service 18 September 1950 at home stations; released 18 January 1953 from active Federal service and reverted to state control. Converted and redesignated 1 January 1956 as the 972d Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion.

ANNEX 4

Organized 31 October 1836 in the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia at Boston as the National Lancers. Consolidated 5 October 1852 with the Boston Light Dragoons (organized 5 March 1852 at Boston) to form the 1st Battalion of Light Dragoons. While remaining in state service, the 1st Battalion of Light Dragoons additionally formed elements of the 1st Massachusetts Volunteer Cavalry Regiment (mustered into Federal service 1 November 1861 at Readville; mustered out of Federal service 26 June 1865 at Washington, D.C.). 1st Battalion of Light Dragoons broken up 20 August 1864 to form separate cavalry companies. Reorganized 27 March 1865 as the 1st Battalion of Cavalry. Reorganized and redesignated 19 May 1906 as the 1st Squadron of Cavalry. (Massachusetts Volunteer Militia redesignated 15 November 1907 as the Massachusetts National Guard.) Mustered into Federal service 22–27 June 1916 at Framingham; mustered out of Federal service 18 November 1916 at Boston. Mustered into Federal service 3 August 1917 at Framingham; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Squadron (less Troop B) converted and redesignated 18 August 1917 as the 102d Machine Gun Battalion and assigned to the 26th Division; Troop B concurrently converted and redesignated as Headquarters Troop, 26th Division. 102d Machine Gun Battalion and Headquarters Troop, 26th Division, demobilized 29 April 1919 at Camp Devens, Massachusetts. Reorganized and Federally recognized 24 June 1920 in the Massachusetts National Guard at Boston as the 1st Separate Squadron of Cavalry. Redesignated 31 March 1921 as the 1st Squadron of Cavalry. Reorganized and redesignated 30 November 1921 as the 110th Cavalry and assigned to the 23d Cavalry Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 3 July 1924 at Boston. Relieved 19 February 1927 from assignment to the 23d Cavalry Division and assigned to the 22d Cavalry Division (2d Squadron concurrently allotted to the Rhode Island National Guard). (2d Squadron allotted 10 May 1929 to the Massachusetts National Guard; 1st Squadron redesignated 4 June 1937 as the 3d Squadron and 1st Squadron allotted to the Connecticut National Guard.) Relieved 1 April 1939 from assignment to the 22d Cavalry Division and assigned to the 21st Cavalry Division. (1st Squadron allotted 16 May 1940 to the Massachusetts National Guard.)

Converted and redesignated 9 October 1940 as the 180th Field Artillery; concurrently relieved from assignment to the 21st Cavalry Division and assigned to the 26th Division. Inducted into Federal service 16 January 1941 at Boston. Regiment (less 2d Battalion) redesignated 12 February 1942 as the 200th Field Artillery (less 2d Battalion) and relieved from assignment to the 26th Division; 2d Battalion concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 180th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 26th Infantry Division.

1st Battalion, 200th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as the 221st Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the Americal Division (Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 200th Field Artillery, concurrently disbanded). 221st Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 26 November 1945 at Fort Lawton, Washington. Relieved 5 July 1946 from assignment to the Americal Division.

180th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 1 January 1946 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia.

221st and 180th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 11 December 1946 with Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 200th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Massachusetts National Guard), and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized as the 180th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 26th Infantry Division, with Headquarters at Boston.

Consolidated 1 May 1959 with the 101st Field Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX 9) to form the 101st Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions and the 3d Rocket Howitzer Battalion, elements of the 26th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 March 1963 to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Battalions, elements of the 26th Infantry Division. Reorganized 19 December 1967 to consist of the 1st and 3d Battalions, elements of the 26th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 March 1972 as the 101st Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 November 1974 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 26th Infantry Division.

ANNEX 5

Organized 17 April 1840 in the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia from existing units in Plymouth and Bristol Counties as the 3d Regiment of Light Infantry. Redesignated 26 February 1855 as the 3d Regiment of Infantry. Mustered into Federal service 17 April 1861 at Boston; mustered out of Federal service 22 July 1861 at Boston. Mustered into Federal service in September 1862 at Lakeville; mustered out of Federal service 26 June 1863 at Boston.

ANNEX 6

Organized 15 June 1942 in the Massachusetts National Guard while in Federal service at Vallejo, California, as the 3d Battalion, 211th Coast Artillery. Reorganized and redesignated 10 September 1943 as the 324th Antiaircraft Artillery Searchlight Battalion. Inactivated (less Battery B) 30 August 1944 at Vallejo, California (Battery B inactivated 10 January 1946 at Fort Lawton, Washington). Redesignated 1 December 1947 as the 324th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Consolidated 16 February 1948 with elements of the former 241st Coast Artillery from Boston and New Bedford and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized as the 324th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion with Headquarters at New Bedford. Reorganized and redesignated 1 January 1949 as the 324th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion and assigned to the 26th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 February 1949 as the 126th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 126th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion. (Location of Headquarters changed 15 February 1955 to Taunton.)

ANNEX 7

Organized and Federally recognized 27 January 1948 in the Massachusetts Army National Guard as the 685th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion with Headquarters at Bourne. Reorganized and redesignated in 1949 as the 685th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Ordered into active Federal

service 1 May 1951 at home stations; released 31 January 1953 from active Federal service and reverted to state control. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 685th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion.

ANNEX 8

Organized and Federally recognized 26 January 1948 in the Massachusetts Army National Guard from elements of the former 241st Coast Artillery at Fall River as the 747th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 1 July 1951 as the 747th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 747th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion.

ANNEX 9

Organized 1 November 1853 in the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia at Boston as the Company of Light Artillery (Boston Light Artillery), 1st Brigade. Mustered into Federal service 18 May 1861 at Elk Ridge, Maryland, as Cook's Battery, Boston Light Artillery; mustered out of Federal service 2 August 1861 near Baltimore, Maryland, and resumed volunteer status as the Company of Light Artillery (Boston Light Artillery), 1st Brigade (later redesignated as the 1st Battery of Light Artillery). While remaining in state service the Company of Light Artillery, 1st Brigade, additionally formed the 1st Battery, Massachusetts Volunteer Light Artillery (mustered into Federal service 3 October 1861 at North Cambridge and mustered out of Federal service 19 October 1864 at Boston); 3d Battery, Massachusetts Volunteer Light Artillery (mustered into Federal service 16 September 1861 at Lynnfield and mustered out of Federal service 16 September 1864 at Boston); 8th Battery, Massachusetts Volunteer Light Artillery (mustered into Federal service 1 July 1862 at North Cambridge and mustered out of Federal service 29 November 1862 at Washington, D.C.); 11th Battery, Massachusetts Volunteer Light Artillery (nine months) (mustered into Federal service 25 August 1862 at Readville and mustered out of Federal service 29 May 1863 at Boston); 11th Battery, Massachusetts Volunteer Light Artillery (three years) (mustered into Federal service 2 January 1864 at Readville and mustered out of Federal service 16 June 1865 at Readville). 1st Battery of Light Artillery disbanded 27 May 1862 at Boston. Reconstituted 6 August 1862 in the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia as the 1st Battery, Light Artillery.

Consolidated 15 June 1871 with the 2d Battery of Light Artillery (organized in 1865 at Boston) and consolidated unit reorganized and redesignated as the 1st Battalion of Light Artillery with Headquarters at Boston. Consolidated 14 July 1876 with the 2d Battalion of Light Artillery (organized 29 July 1873 from existing light batteries outside of Boston) and consolidated unit designated as the 1st Battalion of Light Artillery. (Massachusetts Volunteer Militia redesignated 15 November 1907 as the Massachusetts National Guard.) Reorganized and redesignated 15 November 1907 as the 1st Battalion, 1st Regiment of Field Artillery. Mustered into Federal service 18 June 1916 at Framingham; mustered out of Federal service 27 November 1917 and reverted to state control. Mustered into Federal service 3 August 1917 at Boxford; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 22 August 1917 as the 1st Battalion, 101st Field Artillery, an element of the 26th Division. Demobilized 29 April 1919 at

Camp Devens, Massachusetts. Reorganized and Federally recognized 31 March 1920 in the Massachusetts National Guard at Boston as the 1st Battalion, 101st Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1920 as the 1st Battalion, 1st Regiment of Field Artillery. Redesignated 30 September 1921 as the 1st Battalion, 101st Field Artillery. (101st Field Artillery assigned 31 March 1923 to the 26th Division). Inducted into Federal service 16 January 1941 at Boston. Reorganized and redesignated 12 February 1942 as the 101st Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 26th Infantry Division. Inactivated 25 December 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Consolidated 8 July 1946 with Headquarters, 101st Field Artillery (organized and Federally recognized 25 June 1916 at Boston; disbanded 12 February 1942; reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Massachusetts National Guard) and consolidated unit designated as the 101st Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and Federally recognized 11 December 1946 with Headquarters at Boston.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Revolutionary War
- Monmouth
- Pennsylvania 1777
- Rhode Island 1778
- Rhode Island 1779
- New Jersey 1780

Civil War
- Bull Run
- Peninsula
- Manassas
- Antietam
- Fredericksburg
- Chancellorsville
- Gettysburg
- Wilderness
- Spotsylvania
- Cold Harbor
- Petersburg
- Appomattox
- Virginia 1861
- Virginia 1862
- Virginia 1863
- Virginia 1864
- North Carolina 1862
- North Carolina 1863
- Florida 1863
- Louisiana 1863
- Maryland 1863
- South Carolina 1863
- Texas 1863

World War I
- Champagne-Marne
- Aisne-Marne
- Oise-Aisne
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Ile de France 1918
- Lorraine 1918
- Champagne 1918

World War II
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe
- Guadalcanal
- Northern Solomons
- Leyte
- Southern Philippines (with arrowhead)

DECORATIONS

Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1997 (Battery E, 101st Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 25, 2001)

French Croix de Guerre with Silver-Gilt Star, World War II, Streamer embroidered LAN FROICOURT (212th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (101st and 180th Field Artillery Battalions cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (221st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

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102d FIELD ARTILLERY
(Second Corps Of Cadets)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a chevron azure fimbriated or, charged with a diminished chevronel of the like, in chief the tower of Chateau-Thierry and the tower of Verdun and in base a fleur-de-lis (for Soissons) all of the third.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Massachusetts Army National Guard: From a wreath, or and gules, a dexter arm embowed, clothed blue and ruffed white proper, the hand grasping a broad sword argent, the pommel and hilt or.

Motto: *Sic Itur ad Astra* (This is the Way to the Stars).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The pointed tower in dexter chief represents the Champagne-Marne operation and is from the arms of Chateau-Thierry; the embattled tower in sinister chief represents the Meuse-Argonne operation and is from the arms of Verdun; the fleur-de-lis in base represents the Aisne-Marne operation and is for Soissons; the three divisions of the chevron represent World War I service in Ile de France, Lorraine, and St. Mihiel.

The motto, taken from Virgil's *Aeneid,* IX, 641, is the motto for the Second Corps of Cadets, adopted when they were organized. Translated, the motto means "Go on, raise your glories higher, tis thus that men to heaven aspire."

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Massachusetts)

Organized 10 July 1786 in the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia at Salem as the Cadet Company and assigned to the 1st Brigade, 2d Division. Redesignated in 1828 as the Salem Independent Cadets (designation varied slightly during the period 1786–1862). While remaining in state service the Salem Independent Cadets

additionally formed Company D, 14th Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry Regiment (mustered into Federal service 5 July 1861 at Fort Warren, Massachusetts; converted and redesignated 1 January 1862 as Company D, 1st Massachusetts Heavy Artillery Regiment; mustered out of Federal service 16 August 1865 at Washington, D.C.). Salem Independent Cadets mustered into Federal service 26 May 1862 at Fort Warren, Massachusetts, as the Salem Cadets; mustered out of Federal service 11 October 1862 at Fort Warren, Massachusetts. Redesignated in 1866 as the Second Company of Cadets.

Expanded in 1874 to form a battalion and redesignated as the Second Corps of Cadets. (Massachusetts Volunteer Militia redesignated 15 November 1907 as the Massachusetts National Guard.)

Converted and redesignated 24 December 1915 as the 2d Battalion, Field Artillery (Second Corps of Cadets). Redesignated 26 February 1916 as the 2d Battalion, 1st Regiment of Field Artillery. Mustered into Federal service 18 June 1916 at Framingham; mustered out of Federal service 14 November 1916 at Framingham. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 22 August 1917 as the 2d Battalion, 101st Field Artillery, an element of the 26th Division. Demobilized 29 April 1919 at Camp Devens, Massachusetts. Reorganized and redesignated 31 March 1920 in the Massachusetts National Guard as the 2d Battalion, 102d Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1920 as the 2d Battalion, 2d Field Artillery. Redesignated 30 September 1921 as the 2d Battalion, 102d Field Artillery, an element of the 26th Division. Inducted into Federal service 16 January 1941 at Salem.

Reorganized and redesignated 12 February 1942 as the 102d Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 26th Infantry Division. Inactivated 25 December 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Reorganized and Federally recognized 12 December 1946 at Salem.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 May 1959 as the 102d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 26th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 March 1972 as the 102d Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 April 1975 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 26th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 September 1978 to consist of the 1st Battalion and Battery E, elements of the 26th Infantry Division.

Withdrawn 1 March 1988 from the Combat Arms Regimental System; concurrently consolidated with the 101st Field Artillery (organized in 1636) and consolidated unit reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System as the 101st Field Artillery, to consist of the 1st Battalion. Consolidated 1 September 1993 with the 211th Field Artillery (organized in 1840) and consolidated unit designated as the 101st Field Artillery, to consist of the 1st Battalion and Battery E, elements of the 42d Infantry Division.

Former 102d Field Artillery withdrawn 1 October 1996 and reorganized as a parent regiment under the United States Army Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Battalion (101st Field Artillery—hereafter separate lineage).

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Civil War
Spotsylvania
Cold Harbor
Petersburg
Appomattox
Virginia 1861
Virginia 1862
Virginia 1863

World War I
Champagne-Marne
Aisne-Marne
St. Mihiel
Meuse-Argonne
Ile de France 1918
Lorraine 1918

World War II
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

Battery B (Methuen), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

War with Spain
Puerto Rico

World War II–AP
Guadalcanal
Northern Solomons
Leyte
Southern Philippines (with arrowhead)

DECORATIONS

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (102d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Battery B (Methuen), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered GUADALCANAL (182d Infantry [less Band and 3d Battalion] cited; DA GO 73, 1948) and Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (182d Infantry cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

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103d FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a chevron between six fleurs-de-lis, four and two, and a field piece on a mount, under muzzle of cannon a pyramid of cannon balls.

Crest: That for the regiments and battalions of the Rhode Island Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, an anchor paleways or.

Motto: Play the Game.

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The field piece and cannonballs on a mound are taken from the old Providence Marine Corps Artillery coat buttons. The cannon refers to Civil War service at Bunker Hill, Virginia. The gold chevron indicates the cavalry origin of the Second Battalion, while the six fleurs-de-lis represent service during World War I.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Rhode Island)

Organized and chartered in October 1801 in the Rhode Island Militia at Providence as the Providence Marine Corps of Artillery. While remaining in state service the Providence Marine Corps of Artillery additionally formed the 1st Light Battery, Rhode Island Volunteers (Tompkins' Marine Artillery) (mustered into Federal service 2 May 1861 at Washington, D.C., and mustered out of Federal service 2 August 1861 at Providence; Battery A, 1st Rhode Island Volunteer Light Artillery (2d Light Battery) (mustered into Federal service 6 June 1861 at Providence, consolidated 23 September 1864 with Battery B, 1st Rhode Island Volunteer Light Artillery [mustered into Federal service 13 August 1861 at Providence] and consolidated unit designated as Battery B, 1st Rhode Island Volunteer Light Artillery, and mustered out of Federal service 13 June 1865 at Providence); 10th Light Battery, Rhode Island Volunteers (mustered into Federal service 26 May 1862 at Providence and mustered out of Federal service 30 August 1862 at Providence). Providence Marine Corps Artillery redesignated 1 May 1875 as Company A, 1st Battalion of Light Artillery. Redesignated 28 May 1879 as Battery A, Light Artillery. (Rhode Island Militia redesignated 1 June 1887 as the

Brigade of Rhode Island Militia.) While remaining in state service Battery A, Light Artillery, additionally formed Light Battery A, Rhode Island Volunteer Artillery (mustered into Federal service 25 June 1898 at Quonset Point and mustered out of Federal service 26 October 1898 at Quonset Point). (Brigade of Rhode Island Militia redesignated 15 April 1907 as the Rhode Island National Guard.) Battery A, Light Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 4 November 1908 as Light Battery A, Field Artillery. Mustered into Federal service 24 June 1916 at Quonset Point; mustered out of Federal service 14 November 1916 at Providence. Redesignated 2 January 1917 as Battery A, Rhode Island Field Artillery.

Expanded 15 June 1917 to form the 1st Separate Battalion, Rhode Island Field Artillery. Mustered into Federal service 25 July 1917 at Quonset Point; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 20 August 1917 as the 1st Battalion, 103d Field Artillery, an element of the 26th Division. Demobilized 29 April 1919 at Camp Devens, Massachusetts. Reorganized April–November 1921 in the Rhode Island National Guard at Providence as the 1st Battalion, Field Artillery, with Headquarters Federally recognized 17 November 1921 at Providence. Redesignated 25 November 1921 as the 1st Battalion, 103d Field Artillery, an element of the 43d Division.

Consolidated 2 January 1930 with the 2d Squadron, 122d Cavalry (*see* ANNEX), and consolidated unit reorganized and redesignated as the 103d Field Artillery, with Headquarters at Providence. Inducted into Federal service 24 February 1941 at home stations. Regiment broken up 19 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: 1st and 2d Battalions as the 103d and 169th Field Artillery Battalions, respectively, elements of the 43d Infantry Division; Headquarters disbanded (Headquarters Battery as the 43d Cavalry Reconnaissance Troop and the Band as the Band, 43d Division Artillery—hereafter separate lineages).

103d Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 22 October 1945 at Camp Stoneman, California. Reorganized and Federally recognized 15 October 1946 with Headquarters at Providence. Ordered into active Federal service 5 September 1950 at home stations. (103d Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 8 October 1952 with Headquarters at Providence.) Released 15 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 103d Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

169th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 22 October 1945 at Camp Stoneman, California. Relieved 21 May 1946 from assignment to the 43d Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 19 January 1948 with Headquarters at Providence. Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1949 as the 169th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion and assigned to the 43d Infantry Division. Ordered into active Federal service 5 September 1950 at home stations. (169th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 6 October 1952 with Headquarters at Providence; redesignated 1 April 1953 as the 169th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion [NGUS].) Reorganized and redesignated 1 April 1953 as the 169th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion. Released 15 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 169th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

103d Field Artillery Battalion and the 169th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion consolidated 1 April 1959 with Headquarters, 103d Field Artillery (concurrently reconstituted in the Rhode Island Army National Guard) to form the 103d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Rocket Howitzer Battalion and the 2d, 3d, and 4th Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 43d Infantry Division. Reorganized 18 March 1963 to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 1 January 1965 to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Howitzer Battalions and Battery F. Reorganized 1 March 1966 to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions. Redesignated 1 March 1972 as the 103d Field Artillery.

ANNEX

Organized and chartered in October 1842 in the Rhode Island Militia at Providence as the Providence Horse Guards. Expanded 17 April 1865 to form the Providence Horse Guards Battalion. Consolidated 1 May 1875 with the Pawtucket Horse Guards (organized 12 May 1864 in the Rhode Island Militia at Pawtucket as the North Providence and Pawtucket Cavalry; redesignated 6 March 1871 as the Pawtucket Horse Guards) to form the 1st Battalion of Cavalry. (Rhode Island Militia redesignated 1 June 1887 as the Brigade of Rhode Island Militia; redesignated 15 April 1907 as the Rhode Island National Guard.) Reorganized and redesignated 4 November 1908 as the 1st Squadron of Cavalry. Redesignated 30 April 1914 as the Cavalry Detachment. Mustered into Federal service 14 June 1916 at Quonset Point as the Provisional Squadron of Cavalry. Redesignated 4 July 1916 as the 1st Squadron of Cavalry. Mustered out of Federal service in November 1916 at Providence. Redesignated 2 January 1917 as the 1st Separate Squadron, Rhode Island Cavalry. Mustered into Federal service 25 July 1917 at Quonset Point; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Converted and redesignated 20 August 1917 as the 103d Machine Gun Battalion and assigned to the 26th Division. Demobilized 30 April 1919 at Camp Devens, Massachusetts. Reorganized October 1919–February 1922 in the Rhode Island National Guard at Providence as the 1st Squadron, Cavalry, with Headquarters Federally recognized 29 May 1922 at Providence. Reorganized and redesignated 24 February 1927 as the 2d Squadron, 110th Cavalry. Reorganized and redesignated 1 April 1929 as the 2d Squadron, 122d Cavalry.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Civil War
- Bull Run
- Peninsula
- Antietam
- Fredericksburg
- Chancellorsville
- Gettysburg
- Wilderness
- Spotsylvania
- Cold Harbor
- Petersburg
- Appomattox
- Virginia 1861
- Virginia 1862
- Virginia 1863
- Virginia 1864

World War I
- Champagne-Marne
- Aisne-Marne
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Ile de France 1918
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Guadalcanal
- New Guinea
- Northern Solomons
- Luzon (with arrowhead)

DECORATIONS

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (43d Infantry Division cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

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107th FIELD ARTILLERY
(Fourteenth Pennsylvania)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, on a saltire azure fimbriated or between a castle, a rattlesnake coiled to strike, and a fleur-de-lis of the third, and in base a battle-axe argent, eight mullets of the last.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Pennsylvania Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a lion rampant guardant proper holding in dexter paw a naked scimitar argent, hilted or, and in sinister paw an escutcheon argent on a fess sable three plates.

Motto: Gettysburg to the Marne.

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The blue saltire represents Civil War service of an element with the Federal forces, and the white stars the engagements during that war. The castle, taken from the Puerto Rican Occupation Medal, denotes service of an element in the War with Spain, the coiled rattlesnake Mexican border duty, the fleur-de-lis overseas service during World War I, and the battle-axe, a medieval weapon in common use in the Europe, symbolizes combat service in Europe during World War II.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Pennsylvania)

Constituted 14 December 1870 in the Pennsylvania National Guard as the 14th Infantry Regiment. Organized 3 January 1871 from existing companies at Pittsburgh. Mustered into Federal service 12 May 1898 at Mount Gretna as the 14th Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 28 February 1899 and resumed state status as the 14th Infantry Regiment.

Converted and redesignated 1 March 1916 as the 1st Field Artillery Regiment. Mustered into Federal service 5 July 1916 at Mount Gretna; mustered out of Federal service 28 November–4 December 1916 at Pittsburgh. Mustered into

Federal service 15–25 July 1917; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 11 October 1917 as the 107th Field Artillery and assigned to the 28th Division. Demobilized 21 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reorganized 16 October 1919 in the Pennsylvania National Guard at Pittsburgh as the 1st Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 April 1921 as the 107th Field Artillery and assigned to the 28th Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 22 June 1921 at Pittsburgh. Inducted into Federal service 17 February 1941 at home stations. Regiment broken up 17 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery disbanded; 2d Battalion as the 229th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 28th Infantry Division (1st Battalion as the 107th Field Artillery Battalion and relieved from assignment to the 28th Division—hereafter separate lineage).

229th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 22 October 1945 at Camp Shelby, Mississippi. Consolidated 22 October 1946 with Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 107th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Pennsylvania National Guard), and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized at Pittsburgh as the 107th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 28th Infantry Division. Ordered into active Federal service 5 September 1950 at Pittsburgh. (107th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 25 August 1953 at Pittsburgh.) Released 15 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 107th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

Reorganized and redesignated 1 June 1959 as the 107th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 28th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 28th Infantry Division. Reorganized 17 February 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 42d Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 107th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 April 1975 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 28th Infantry Division. Withdrawn 5 April 1988 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Oise-Aisne
- Ypres-Lys
- Meuse-Argonne
- Champagne 1918
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Battery B (Hampton Battery – Pittsburgh), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Civil War
Valley
Manassas
Antietam
Chancellorsville
Gettysburg
Virginia 1862
Virginia 1863
Virginia 1864

War with Spain
Puerto Rico

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered ARDENNES (229th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DAGO 63, 1947)

Luxembourg Croix de Guerre, Streamer embroidered LUXEMBOURG (229th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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Also see bibliography of the 28th Infantry Division Artillery in this volume and that of the 28th Infantry Division in John B. Wilson, *Armies, Corps, Divisions, and Separate Brigades.* Army Lineage Series. Washington: Government Printing Office, 1999.

108th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per chevron debased azure and gules, two chevronels argent, upper charged with an annulet between a mascle and a cross patée all of the first, the lower charged with a keystone of the second; in chief a fasces or charged with the letters "NG" palewise sable, and in base a lion rampant of the fourth.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Pennsylvania Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, argent and azure, a lion rampant guardant proper, holding in dexter paw a naked scimitar argent, hilted or, and in sinister paw an escutcheon argent on a fess sable three plates.

Motto: *Non Sibi, Sed Patriae* (Not Self, But Country).

Symbolism: The shield is blue to indicate that a previous regiment of the same number was organized originally as infantry; red indicates the field artillery service during World War I of that regiment. The fasces is taken from the original emblem adopted by the previous organization when it began as a company of infantry in 1840. The three charges on the upper chevron represent the three Corps badges as worn during the Civil War: the annulet, I Corps, 2d Division; the mascle, III Corps, 2d Division; and the cross patée (described during the Civil War as a "Maltese Cross"), V Corps, 3d Division, Army of the Potomac. The upper chevron is representative of the Potomac River, the lower chevron of the Marne. The keystone is the shoulder sleeve insignia of the 28th Infantry Division. The rampant lion is for the service of the former 108th Field Artillery under the command of the King of Belgium during World War I.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Pennsylvania)

Organized 1 April 1975 from existing units in the Pennsylvania Army National Guard as the 166th Field Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms

Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 28th Infantry Division.

Redesignated 1 October 1975 as the 108th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 5 April 1988 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Authorized to display the honors of the historic 108th Field Artillery as "a challenge and a trust."

Civil War
- Manassas
- Antietam
- Fredericksburg
- Chancellorsville
- Gettysburg
- Wilderness
- Spotsylvania
- Cold Harbor
- Petersburg
- Virginia 1863

World War I
- Oise-Aisne
- Ypres-Lys
- Meuse-Argonne
- Champagne 1918
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Korean War
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

Headquarters Battery (Carlisle), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War I
- Champagne-Marne
- Aisne-Marne

Battery C (Chambersburg), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War I
Champagne-Marne
Aisne-Marne

World War II–EAME
Naples-Foggia
Rome-Arno
North Apennines

Service Battery (Lebanon), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

War with Spain
Puerto Rico

World War I
Champagne-Marne
Aisne-Marne

World War II–EAME
Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
Tunisia
Naples-Foggia (with arrowhead)
Rome-Arno

Southwest Asia
Defense of Saudi Arabia
Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered KOREA 1953 (Battery C, 235th Field Artillery Observation Battalion, cited; DA GO 95, 1953)

Luxembourg Croix de Guerre, Streamer embroidered LUXEMBOURG (108th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Battery B (Gettysburg), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered EUROPEAN THEATER (728th Ordnance Light Maintenance Company cited; GO 11, 28th Infantry Division, 6 February 1945)

Battery C (Chambersburg), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: French Croix de Guerre with Silver-Gilt Star, World War II, Streamer embroidered ROME-ARNO (939th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Service Battery (Lebanon), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army); Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (121st Transportation Company cited; DA GO 27, 1994)

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No published histories.

109th FIELD ARTILLERY
(Wyoming Valley Guards)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, on a saltire azure fimbriated or, between in chief a fleur-de-lis and in base a rattlesnake coiled to strike, two arrows saltirewise of the last.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Pennsylvania Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a lion rampant guardant proper, holding in dexter paw a naked scimitar argent, hilted or, and in sinister paw an escutcheon argent on a fess sable three plates.

Motto: *En Avant* (Forward).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The blue saltire indicates service as infantry in the Civil War; the arrows, Indian War service; the rattlesnake, Mexican War and Mexican Border service; and the fleur-de-lis, World War I service.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is a red Indian arrowhead, representing service of the unit during the Indian Wars.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Pennsylvania)

Constituted 11 May 1775 in the Connecticut Militia as the 24th Regiment. Organized 17 October 1775 in the Wyoming Valley region. (1st and 2d Independent Westmoreland Companies [also known as Wyoming Companies] authorized 23 August 1776 in the Continental Army; organized 26 August–21 September 1776 in Westmoreland County, Connecticut [Wyoming Valley region]; consolidated 23 June 1778 as Captain Simon Spaulding's Wyoming Independent Company; disbanded 1 January 1781 at Fort Wyoming [Wilkes-Barre], Connecticut, and personnel reverted to the 24th Regiment, Connecticut Militia.) 24th Regiment reorganized in 1781 as the 1st Company, 5th Regiment. (Wyoming Valley region awarded 30 December 1782 to Pennsylvania.) Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated in 1787 in the Pennsylvania Militia in Luzerne County as Colonel Hollenback's Battalion. Redesignated 11 April 1793 as the 3d Regiment, Luzerne County. Redesignated 9 April 1799 as the 35th Regiment. (Artillery Company, 35th Regiment, mustered into

Federal service 5 May 1813 at Erie; mustered out of Federal service 5 November 1813 at Erie.) Redesignated 19 March 1816 as the 2d Regiment. Volunteer companies of the 2d Regiment reorganized and redesignated 9 August 1821 as the Wyoming Volunteer Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 22 February 1834 as the Wyoming Volunteer Regiment. (Wyoming Artillerists and Wyoming Yagers consolidated and mustered into Federal service 16 December 1846 at Pittsburgh as Company I, 1st Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry Regiment; mustered out of Federal service 20 July 1848 at Pittsburgh.) Mustered into Federal service 22–24 April 1861 at Harrisburg as the 8th Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry Regiment; mustered out of Federal service 29 July 1861 at Harrisburg. Reorganized and mustered into Federal service 18 October 1862 at Wilkes-Barre and Harrisburg as the 143d Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry Regiment; mustered out of Federal service 12 June 1865 at Hart Island, New York. (Pennsylvania Militia redesignated 9 April 1870 as the Pennsylvania National Guard.) Reorganized 11 January 1871 in the Pennsylvania National Guard in Luzerne County as the 15th Infantry Regiment. Consolidated 28 November 1873 with the 17th Infantry Regiment (constituted 23 November 1871 in the Pennsylvania National Guard and organized from new and existing companies in Luzerne County) and consolidated unit reorganized and redesignated as the 9th Infantry Regiment. Disbanded 23 September 1878 in Luzerne County. Reconstituted 24 June 1879 in the Pennsylvania National Guard as the 9th Infantry Regiment. Reorganized 25 July 1879 at Wilkes-Barre. Mustered into Federal service 11 May 1898 at Mount Gretna as the 9th Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 29 October 1898 at Wilkes-Barre. Reorganized 5 January–28 March 1899 with Headquarters at Wilkes-Barre.

Converted and redesignated 16 August 1916 as the 3d Field Artillery Regiment. Mustered into Federal service 8 September 1916 at Mount Gretna; mustered out of Federal service 23–27 March 1917 at Wilkes-Barre. Mustered into Federal service 16–19 July 1917 at home stations; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 11 October 1917 as the 109th Field Artillery and assigned to the 28th Division. Demobilized 17 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reorganized 1919–1921 in the Pennsylvania National Guard in northern Pennsylvania as the 3d Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 April 1921 as the 109th Field Artillery and assigned to the 28th Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 29 June 1921 at Wilkes-Barre. Inducted into Federal service 17 February 1941 at home stations. Regiment broken up 17 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters disbanded; Headquarters Battery consolidated with the Pioneer Company, 628th Tank Destroyer Battalion (organized in 1941) and consolidated unit designated as the Pioneer Company, 628th Tank Destroyer Battalion; 1st Battalion as the 2d Battalion, 193d Field Artillery, and relieved from assignment to the 28th Division; 2d Battalion as the 109th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 28th Infantry Division.

Pioneer Company, 628th Tank Destroyer Battalion, redesignated 22 July 1942 as the Reconnaissance Company, 628th Tank Destroyer Battalion. Inactivated 14 November 1945 at Camp Myles Standish, Massachusetts.

2d Battalion, 193d Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 23 February 1943 as the 688th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 2 December 1945 at Camp Myles Standish, Massachusetts. Reorganized and Federally recognized 11 May

1948 as the 967th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, with Headquarters at Wilkes-Barre. Ordered into active Federal service 1 May 1951 at home stations; released 19 March 1955 from active Federal service and reverted to state control. Federal recognition withdrawn 15 January 1956.

109th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 30 October 1945 at Camp Shelby, Mississippi. Consolidated 17 December 1946 with Headquarters, 109th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Pennsylvania National Guard), and the Reconnaissance Company, 628th Tank Destroyer Battalion (see above), and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized as the 109th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 28th Infantry Division, with Headquarters at Wilkes-Barre. Ordered into active Federal service 5 September 1950 at Wilkes-Barre. (109th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 27 July 1953 at Wilkes-Barre.) Released 15 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 109th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS). Consolidated 15 January 1956 with the 967th Armored Field Artillery Battalion (see above) and consolidated unit designated as the 109th Field Artillery Battalion.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 June 1959 as the 109th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 28th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 28th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 109th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 September 1977 to consist of the 1st Battalion and Battery F, elements of the 28th Infantry Division. Withdrawn 5 April 1988 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Revolutionary War
Brandywine
Germantown
New Jersey 1777
Pennsylvania 1777
Pennsylvania 1778
Pennsylvania 1779
New York 1779

Mexican War
Vera Cruz
Cerro Gordo

Civil War
Chancellorsville
Gettysburg
Wilderness
Spotsylvania
Cold Harbor
Petersburg
Virginia 1861
Virginia 1863

World War I
Oise-Aisne
Ypres-Lys
Meuse-Argonne
Champagne 1918
Lorraine 1918

World War II
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered ARDENNES (109th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 10, 1948)

Luxembourg Croix de Guerre, Streamer embroidered LUXEMBOURG (109th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Headquarters Battery (Wilkes-Barre), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army); Streamer embroidered EUROPEAN THEATER (Service Battery, 109th Field Artillery Battalion, cited; GO 37, 28th Infantry Division, 18 April 1945)

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110th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Parti per chevron gules and paly of six pieces, or and sable, a bend counterchanged, in chief a garland of the second, the dexter half laurel the sinister oak.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Maryland Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a cross bottony per cross quarterly gules and argent.

Motto: *Sicut Quercus* (As the Oak).

Symbolism: The red color on the shield indicates the arm of service, the wreath symbolizes participation in World War I and is divided per pale, the dexter half showing laurel leaves symbolizing achievement, and the sinister half, oak leaves in allusion to the beautiful grove of oak leaves in which an armory of the regiment was located. The Calvert arms in the base are from the shield of the state of Maryland.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Maryland)

Constituted 28 December 1915 in the Maryland National Guard as the Light Artillery Battery. Organized from Plattsburgh graduates and mustered into state service 29 December 1915 at Baltimore. Mustered into Federal service 5 July 1916; mustered out of Federal service 6 October 1916. Expanded April-July 1917 to form Batteries A, B, and C, Maryland Field Artillery. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Consolidated 18 September 1917 with National Guard units from Maryland and the District of Columbia to form the 112th Field Artillery and assigned to the 29th Division. Redesignated 27 November 1917 as the 110th Field Artillery and remained assigned to the 29th Division. Demobilized 4 June 1919 at Camp Lee, Virginia. Reorganized and Federally recognized 31 March 1925 in the Maryland National Guard as the 110th Field Artillery, with Headquarters at Pikesville, and assigned to the 29th Division. Inducted into Federal service 3 February 1941 at home stations. Regiment broken up 28 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: 1st and 2d Battalions as the

110th and 224th Field Artillery Battalions, respectively, elements of the 29th Infantry Division (remainder of regiment disbanded).

110th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 6 January 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Reorganized and Federally recognized 25 November 1946 with Headquarters at Pikesville.

224th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 16 January 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Reorganized and Federally recognized 25 November 1946 with Headquarters at Pikesville.

Headquarters, 110th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Maryland National Guard) and the 110th and 224th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 March 1959 to form the 110th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 29th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 March 1963 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions, elements of the 29th Infantry Division. Reorganized 21 January 1968 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 28th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 110th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 April 1975 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 58th Infantry Brigade. Reorganized 1 July 1986 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 29th Infantry Division. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I

Streamer without inscription

World War II

Normandy (with arrowhead)
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

Battery A (Westminster), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War I

Meuse-Argonne
Alsace 1918

DECORATIONS

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered BEACHES OF NORMANDY (110th and 224th Field Artillery Battalions cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Headquarters Battery (Pikesville) and Battery C (Pikesville), 2d Battalion, each additionally entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army); Streamer embroidered EUROPEAN THEATER (Service Battery, 110th Field Artillery Battalion, cited; GO 66, 29th Infantry Division, 26 February 1945; Service Battery, 224th Field Artillery Battalion, cited; GO 97, 29th Infantry Division, 16 March 1945)

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111th FIELD ARTILLERY
(First Virginia Artillery)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, two pallets argent, a saltire azure fimbriated of the second, overall a fleur-de-lis or.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Virginia Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, argent and gules, Virtue, the genius of the Commonwealth dressed as an Amazon, resting on a spear with one hand and holding a sword in the other; and treading on Tyranny, represented by a man prostrate, a crown falling from his head, a broken chain in his left hand and a scourge in his right, all proper.

Motto: *Nunquam Non Paratus* (Never Unprepared).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery, with the two vertical white stripes, thus suggesting the battle streamer for the War of 1812. The blue saltire edged with white is for service in the Confederate States Army in the Civil War. The gold fleur-de-lis is for service in France in World War I.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Virginia)

Organized 8 November 1877 in the Virginia Volunteers from existing units as the 1st Battalion of Artillery with Headquarters at Richmond. Redesignated 1 September 1908 as the 1st Battalion, Field Artillery. (Virginia Volunteers redesignated 3 June 1916 as the Virginia National Guard.) Mustered into Federal service 18 June 1916 at Richmond; mustered out of Federal service 14–22 March 1917 at Richmond. Mustered into Federal service 29 June 1917 at Richmond. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 4 August 1917 as the 1st Field Artillery. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 15 September 1917 as the 111th Field Artillery and assigned to the 29th Division. Demobilized 2 June 1919 at Camp Lee, Virginia. Reorganized 25 October 1932 in the Virginia National Guard as the 111th Field Artillery and assigned to the 29th Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 26 May 1923 at Norfolk. (Location of Headquarters changed

28 August 1939 to Hampton.) Inducted into Federal service 12 March 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows:

Headquarters disbanded at Fort George G. Meade, Maryland; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 111th and 227th Field Artillery Battalions, elements of the 29th Infantry Division; (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

111th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 16 January 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Reorganized and Federally recognized 1 November 1946 with Headquarters at Norfolk.

227th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 16 January 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 2 July 1946 as the 442d Field Artillery Battalion and relieved from assignment to the 29th Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 20 December 1946 with Headquarters at Richmond.

111th and 442d Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 June 1959 with Headquarters, 111th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Virginia National Guard), the 615th Missile Battalion (organized and Federally recognized 13 September 1954 with Headquarters at South Norfolk), the 710th Missile Battalion (*see* ANNEX), and the 129th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (organized and Federally recognized 13 December 1946 with Headquarters at Norfolk) to form the 111th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 29th Infantry Division, the 2d Howitzer Battalion, the 3d Automatic Weapons Battalion, and the 4th and 5th Missile Battalions. (2d Howitzer Battalion ordered into active Federal service 15 October 1961 at Richmond; released 9 August 1962 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Reorganized 22 March 1963 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 29th Infantry Division; the 2d Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 29th Infantry Division; the 3d Automatic Weapons Battalion; the 4th Missile Battalion; and the 5th and 6th Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 1 October 1964 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 29th Infantry Division; the 2d and 6th Howitzer Battalions; the 3d Automatic Weapons Battalion; the 4th Missile Battalion; and the 5th Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 258th Infantry Brigade. Reorganized 1 November 1965 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 29th Infantry Division; the 2d and 6th Howitzer Battalions; the 3d Battalion; the 4th Missile Battalion; and the 5th Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 258th Infantry Brigade. Reorganized 1 January 1966 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 29th Infantry Division; the 2d and 6th Howitzer Battalions; the 3d and 4th Battalions; and the 5th Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 258th Infantry Brigade. Reorganized 10 December 1967 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 29th Infantry Division; the 2d, 5th, and 6th Howitzer Battalions; and the 3d and 4th Battalions. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 28th Infantry Division, and the 2d, 3d, and 4th Battalions. Reorganized 1 December 1971 to consist of the 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th Battalions.

Reorganized and redesignated (less 3d and 4th Battalions) 1 May 1972 as the 111th Field Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions (3d and 4th Battalions concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 111th Air Defense Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System—hereafter separate lineage).

Reorganized 1 June 1986 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions and Battery E, elements of the 29th Infantry Division. Withdrawn 13 August 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 September 1992 to consist of the 2d Battalion and Battery E, elements of the 29th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 January–2 September 1996 to consist of the 1st Battalion and Battery E, elements of the 29th Infantry Division, and the 2d Battalion.

ANNEX

Constituted 2 July 1946 in the Virginia National Guard as the 710th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Organized and Federally recognized 15 October 1946 with Headquarters at Newport News. Ordered into active Federal service 14 August 1950 at home stations; released 15 April 1952 from active Federal service and reverted to state control. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 710th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 15 February 1958 as the 710th Missile Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Civil War – Confederate Service
- Peninsula
- Sharpsburg
- Fredericksburg
- Chancellorsville
- Gettysburg
- Wilderness
- Spotsylvania
- Cold Harbor
- Petersburg
- Appomattox
- Virginia 1861
- Virginia 1862
- Virginia 1863

World War I
- Streamer without inscription

World War II
- Normandy (with arrowhead)
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Central Europe

Headquarters Battery (Armstrong Battery, Norfolk) and Service Battery (Norfolk), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War I
- Meuse-Argonne
- Alsace 1918

World War II–EAME
- Ardennes-Alsace

Battery B (Norfolk Light Artillery Blues), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Civil War – Confederate Service
Second Manassas

Battery C (Hampton), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War I
Meuse-Argonne
Alsace 1918

Headquarters Battery (Petersburg Grays) and Service Battery (Petersburg Grays), 2d Battalion, each additionally entitled to:

Civil War – Confederate Service
Second Manassas

World War I
Meuse-Argonne
Alsace 1918

Battery A (First and Third Companies, Richmond Howitzers), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Civil War – Confederate Service
First Manassas
Shenandoah
Maryland 1863
Pennsylvania 1863
Virginia 1864

Battery B (Farmville Guard), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Civil War – Confederate Service
First Manassas
Second Manassas
North Carolina 1863
Virginia 1864

World War I
Meuse-Argonne
Alsace 1918

DECORATIONS

Headquarters Battery (Armstrong Battery, Norfolk), 1st Battalion; Service Battery (Norfolk), 1st Battalion; and Battery A (First and Third Companies, Richmond Howitzers), 2d Battalion, each entitled to: French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered BEACHES OF NORMANDY (111th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Battery B (Norfolk Light Artillery Blues), 1st Battalion, entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered EUROPEAN THEATER (29th Signal Company cited; GO 223, 29th Infantry Division, 14 January 1945) and French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered BEACHES OF NORMANDY (111th Field Artillery Battalion and 29th Signal Company cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Battery B (Farmville Guard) and Battery C (Greensville Guards, Emporia), 2d Battalion, each entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroi-

dered NORMANDY (116th Infantry cited; WD GO 73, 1944) and French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered BEACHES OF NORMANDY (111th Field Artillery Battalion and 116th Infantry cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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112th FIELD ARTILLERY
(First New Jersey Artillery)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, on a bend or, two Gatling guns on field mounts fessways sable, between in sinister chief a fleur-de-lis and in dexter base a giant cactus, both of the second.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the New Jersey Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a lion's head erased or collared four fusils gules.

Motto: *A Outrance* (To the Utmost).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. On the gold bend are the two old Gatling guns recalling the old Gatling gun companies. The cactus recalls service on the Mexican border, and the fleur-de-lis service in France.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield, crest, and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(New Jersey)

Organized 3 April 1917 in the New Jersey National Guard from new and existing units as the 1st Battalion, Field Artillery, with Headquarters at Camden. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 17 July 1917 as the 1st Field Artillery. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 15 September 1917 as the 110th Field Artillery and assigned to the 29th Division. Redesignated 27 November 1917 as the 112th Field Artillery and remained assigned to the 29th Division. Demobilized 11 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reorganized 1920–1921 in the New Jersey National Guard as the 1st Battalion, Field Artillery; Headquarters Federally recognized 27 June 1921 at East Orange. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 20 April 1922 as the 112th Field Artillery and assigned to the 44th Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 8 January 1924 at Camden. (Location of Headquarters changed 10 May 1929 to Trenton.) (2d Battalion redesignated 14 June 1936 as the 1st Battalion, 157th Field Artillery, an element of the 44th Division [*see* ANNEX 1]; new 2d Battalion organized and Federally recognized 1 July 1936 with Headquarters at Trenton.) Relieved 1 December 1939 from assignment to the 44th Division (1st Battalion concurrently redesignated as the 1st

Battalion, 165th Field Artillery, an element of the 44th Division [*see* ANNEX 2]; new 1st Battalion concurrently organized from former 1st Battalion, 165th Field Artillery [organized and Federally recognized 15 November 1939 in the New Jersey National Guard with Headquarters at Morristown].) Inducted into Federal service 27 January 1941 at home stations. Regiment broken up 1 May 1943 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and the 1st Battalion as the 695th Field Artillery Battalion; 2d Battalion as the 696th Field Artillery Battalion (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

695th Field Artillery Battalion reorganized and redesignated 26 August 1943 as the 695th Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 2 November 1945 at Camp Myles Standish, Massachusetts. Reorganized and Federally recognized 17 December 1946 with Headquarters at Morristown. Ordered into active Federal service 3 September 1950 at home stations. (695th Armored Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 10 November 1952 at Morristown.) Released 17 December 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 695th Armored Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

696th Field Artillery Battalion reorganized and redesignated 26 August 1943 as the 696th Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 27 October 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Reorganized and Federally recognized 24 September 1946 with Headquarters at Trenton.

695th and 696th Armored Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 March 1959 with the 228th (*see* ANNEX 1), 199th (*see* ANNEX 2), 157th (*see* ANNEX 3), and 286th (*see* ANNEX 4) Armored Field Artillery Battalions to form the 112th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Howitzer Battalions, and the 4th Rocket Howitzer Battalion, elements of the 50th Armored Division, and the 5th and 6th Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 31 January 1963 to consist of the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, and 6th Battalions, elements of the 50th Armored Division, and the 5th Howitzer Battalion. Reorganized 15 March 1966 to consist of the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, and 6th Battalions, elements of the 50th Armored Division, the 5th Howitzer Battalion, and the 7th Battalion. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 3d, 4th, and 6th Battalions, elements of the 50th Armored Division, and the 1st, 5th, and 7th Battalions. Reorganized 1 December 1971 to consist of the 3d, 4th, and 6th Field Artillery Battalions, elements of the 50th Armored Division, and the 1st, 5th, and 7th Battalions. Reorganized 1 April 1972 to consist of the 3d, 4th, and 6th Field Artillery Battalions, elements of the 50th Armored Division, and the 1st and 5th Battalions. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 112th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 July 1975 to consist of the 1st, 3d, 4th, and 5th Battalions, elements of the 50th Armored Division. Reorganized 1 May 1980 to consist of the 1st, 3d, and 4th Battalions, elements of the 50th Armored Division. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 September 1991 to consist of the 1st and 3d Battalions, elements of the 50th Armored Division. Reorganized 1 September 1993 to consist of the 1st and 3d Battalions, elements of the 42d Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 September 1997 to consist of the 3d Battalion and Battery D, elements of the 42d Infantry Division.

ANNEX 1

1st Battalion, 157th Field Artillery, inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at home stations. Redesignated 20 February 1942 as the 1st Battalion, 228th Field Artillery, and relieved from assignment to the 44th Division. Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as the 228th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 27 October 1945 at Camp Myles Standish, Massachusetts. Redesignated 5 July 1946 as the 228th Armored Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 50th Armored Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 31 October 1946 at Camden.

ANNEX 2

1st Battalion, 165th Field Artillery, inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at home stations. Reorganized and redesignated 20 February 1942 as the 199th Field Artillery Battalion and relieved from assignment to the 44th Division. Inactivated 23 October 1945 at Camp Shanks, New York. Redesignated 5 July 1946 as the 199th Armored Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 50th Armored Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 26 November 1946 with Headquarters at East Orange.

ANNEX 3

Organized and Federally recognized 8 June 1936 in the New Jersey National Guard as the 2d Battalion, 157th Field Artillery, an element of the 44th Division, with Headquarters at Atlantic City. Inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at home stations. Disbanded 7 January 1941 at Fort Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the New Jersey National Guard as the 2d Battalion, 157th Field Artillery. Redesignated 9 July 1946 as the 157th Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and Federally recognized 12 February 1947 with Headquarters at Atlantic City. Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1954 as the 157th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.

ANNEX 4

Constituted 9 July 1946 in the New Jersey National Guard as the 308th Antiaircraft Artillery Searchlight Battalion. Redesignated 1 December 1947 as the 308th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Organized and Federally recognized 9 January 1950 with Headquarters at Rio Grande. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 308th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 1 February 1955 as the 286th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Streamer without inscription

World War II
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

Headquarters Battery (Morristown) and Battery A (Morristown), 3d Battalion, each additionally entitled to:

World War I
Meuse-Argonne
Alsace 1918

Battery D (Camden Light Artillery, Cherry Hill) additionally entitled to:

Civil War
Bull Run
Wilderness
Spotsylvania
Cold Harbor
Petersburg
Shenandoah
Appomattox
Virginia 1863

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered MOSELLE RIVER (695th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 68, 1945)

Headquarters Battery (Morristown) and Battery A (Morristown), 3d Battalion, each additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered SCHALBACH (2d Battalion, 114th Infantry, cited; WD GO 27, 1945)

Battery B (Lawrenceville), 3d Battalion, additionally entitled to: French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered MOSELLE RIVER (696th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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113th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a falcon or on a mount issuant from sinister base vert, overall a bend and in dexter base three fleurs-de-lis in bend of the second.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the North Carolina Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a hornet's nest hanging from a bough beset with thirteen hornets all proper.

Motto: Carry On.

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The 113th Field Artillery was attached to the 79th Division and engaged in the action of that division, which resulted in the capture of Montfaucon, 27 September 1918, which is illustrated by the falcon on a mount, taken from the arms of Lorraine. The mount and bend represent service during World War I. The three fleurs-de-lis also represent the battle honors of the organization.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(North Carolina)

Constituted 27 June 1917 in the North Carolina National Guard as the 1st Regiment, North Carolina Field Artillery. Organized June–July 1917 in North Carolina. Mustered into Federal service 28 June–2 August 1917; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 12 September 1917 as the 113th Field Artillery and assigned to the 30th Division. Demobilized 28 March 1919 at Camp Jackson, South Carolina. Reorganized 1921–1924 in the North Carolina National Guard as the 117th Field Artillery (less 2d Battalion allotted to the Alabama National Guard) and assigned to the 39th Division. Relieved 1 July 1923 from assignment to the 39th Division and assigned to the 31st Division. Headquarters Federally recognized 3 March 1924 at Raleigh. Redesignated 12 January 1927 as the 113th Field Artillery and reorganized in the North Carolina National Guard; concurrently, relieved from assignment to the 31st Division and assigned to the 30th Division. Inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at home stations. Regiment (less 1st Battalion) redesignated 16 February 1942

as 196th Field Artillery (less 1st Battalion) and relieved from assignment to the 30th Division; 1st Battalion, 113th Field Artillery, concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 113th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 30th Infantry Division.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 196th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 196th Field Artillery Group. Inactivated 26 October 1945 at Hampton Roads Port of Embarkation, Virginia.

2d Battalion, 196th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as the 690th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 29 March 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Reorganized and Federally recognized 25 June 1947 in eastern North Carolina with Headquarters at New Bern. Ordered into active Federal service 25 June 1951 at home stations. (690th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 26 January 1953 with Headquarters at New Bern.) Released 4 April 1955 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 690th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS)

113th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 20 November 1945 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Consolidated 28 August 1947 with Headquarters, 196th Field Artillery Group (Headquarters Battery, 196th Field Artillery Group—hereafter separate lineage), and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized in north central North Carolina as the 113th Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at Louisburg.

113th and 690th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 April 1959 with the 112th Field Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX), the 449th Field Artillery Battalion (organized in 1953 with Headquarters at Charlotte), and the 295th Field Artillery Battalion (organized in 1953 with Headquarters at Washington) to form the 113th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Rocket Howitzer Battalion and the 2d, 3d, 4th, and 5th Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 30th Infantry Division. Reorganized 10 March 1963 to consist of the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, and 5th Battalions, elements of the 30th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 January 1968 to consist of the 1st, 4th, and 5th Battalions, elements of the 30th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 113th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 December 1973 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 30th Infantry Brigade, and the 4th and 5th Battalions. Withdrawn 17 January 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 September 1996 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 30th Infantry Brigade, and the 5th Battalion.

ANNEX

Organized 26 May 1917 in the North Carolina National Guard as the 1st Separate Squadron North Carolina Cavalry. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Converted and redesignated 12 September 1917 as the 105th Train Headquarters and Military Police and the 115th Machine Gun Battalion and assigned to the 30th Division. Demobilized in April 1919 at Camp Jackson, South Carolina, and Fort

Oglethorpe, Georgia. Reorganized and Federally recognized 4 August 1921 in the North Carolina National Guard as the 1st Separate Squadron Cavalry. Redesignated 23 December 1921 as the 2d Squadron, 109th Cavalry. Redesignated 30 March 1929 as the 3d Squadron, 109th Cavalry.

Converted and redesignated 1 April 1938 as the 2d Battalion, 105th Engineer Regiment, an element of the 30th Division. Inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at home stations. Consolidated 7 February 1942 with Headquarters, Headquarters and Service Company, 105th Engineer Regiment (organized in 1861), and consolidated unit reorganized and redesignated as the 105th Engineer Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 1 August 1942 as the 105th Engineer Combat Battalion. Inactivated 16 November 1945 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina.

Former 2d Battalion, 115th Engineer Regiment, converted and redesignated 12 July 1946 as the 112th Field Artillery Battalion and remained assigned to the 30th Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 9 June 1947 with Headquarters at Lenoir.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Ypres-Lys
- St. Mihiel
- Somme Offensive
- Meuse-Argonne
- Flanders 1918
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Rome-Arno
- Normandy
- Northern France
- North Apennines
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe
- Po Valley

Battery C (Lincolnton), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Korean War
- First UN Counteroffensive
- CCF Spring Offensive
- UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

Battery B (Monroe), 1st Battalion, entitled to: Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action along the Meuse River (690th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Battery C (Lincolnton), 1st Battalion, entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered KOREA 1952–1953 (378th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 71, 1953); Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered KOREA 1953 (378th Engineer

Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 46, 1954); French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered FRANCE (105th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950); Belgian Fourragere 1940 (105th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950); Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (105th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950); Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (105th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950); and Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1952 (378th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 33, 1953, as amended by DA GO 41, 1955)

Headquarters Battery (Louisburg), 5th Battalion, entitled to: Portuguese Order of "Torre e Espada" (Tower and Sword) (Cavalier), Streamer embroidered FRANCE (120th Infantry cited; WD GO 11, 1924); French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered FRANCE (30th Infantry Division cited; DA GO 14, 1959); Belgian Fourragere 1940 (113th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950); Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (113th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950); and Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (113th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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114th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a dragon's head erased or, langued azure.
Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Mississippi Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a slip of magnolia, full flower, with leaves proper, behind a trident sable.
Motto: *Ad Summa Virtue* (Courage to the Last).
Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The dragon overcame its adversaries by its fiery breath; therefore, the firing power of field artillery is emphasized by the dragon's head.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Mississippi)

Organized in April 1917 in the Mississippi National Guard as the 1st Field Artillery with Headquarters at Jackson. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 27 September 1917 as the 140th Field Artillery and assigned to the 39th Division. Demobilized 1 May 1919 at Camp Shelby, Mississippi. Reorganized and Federally recognized 20 May 1926 in the Mississippi National Guard as the 1st Battalion, 178th Field Artillery, an element of the 31st Division, with Headquarters at Greenville. Redesignated 15 November 1932 as the 1st Battalion, 114th Field Artillery, an element of the 31st Division. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 20 May 1933 as the 114th Field Artillery with Headquarters at Greenville. Inducted into Federal service 25 November 1940 at home stations. Redesignated (less 1st Battalion) 26 February 1942 as the 137th Field Artillery (less 2d Battalion) and relieved from assignment to the 31st Division; 1st Battalion, 114th Field Artillery, concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 114th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 31st Infantry Division.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 137th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 24 February 1943 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 137th Field Artillery Group. Inactivated 9 October 1943 at Camp Cooke, California. Consolidated 30 December 1946 with the 114th Field Artillery Battalion (inactivated 21 December 1945 at Camp Stoneman, California) and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized in west central Mississippi as the

114th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 31st Infantry Division, with Headquarters at Greenville. (Location of Headquarters changed 1 January 1949 to Greenwood.) Ordered into active Federal service 16 January 1951 at home stations. (114th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 18 February 1953 with Headquarters at Greenwood.) Released 15 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 114th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

1st Battalion, 137th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 8 February 1943 as the 932d Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 10 December 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Reorganized and expanded to form the 932d Field Artillery Battalion (organized in east central Mississippi and Federally recognized 17 December 1946 with Headquarters at Starkville), an element of the 31st Infantry Division, and the 631st Field Artillery Battalion (see below). 932d Field Artillery Battalion ordered into active Federal service 16 February 1951 at home stations. (932d Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 22 January 1953 with Headquarters at Starkville.) Released 15 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 932d Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

631st Field Artillery Battalion organized in southern Mississippi and Federally recognized 10 April 1947 with Headquarters at Hattiesburg. Reorganized and redesignated 1 September 1949 as the 631st Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Ordered into active Federal service 9 September 1950 at home stations. (631st Armored Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 9 November 1952 with Headquarters at Hattiesburg.) Released 17 December 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 631st Armored Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

114th and 932d Field Artillery Battalions and the 631st Armored Field Artillery Battalion consolidated 1 May 1959 with the 234th Field Artillery Battalion (organized and Federally recognized 12 November 1952 in central Mississippi with Headquarters at Grenada) and the 415th Field Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX) to form the 114th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 31st Infantry Division, the 3d Rocket Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 31st Infantry Division, and the 4th and 5th Howitzer Battalions. (1st, 2d, 4th, and 5th Howitzer Battalions and the 3d Rocket Howitzer Battalion ordered into active Federal service 30 September 1962 at home stations; 4th and 5th Howitzer Battalions released 5 October 1962 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions and 3d Rocket Howitzer Battalion released 9 October 1962 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Reorganized 1 May 1963 to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 31st Infantry Division, and the 4th and 5th Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 15 September 1968 to consist of the 1st and 4th Battalions and the 2d Battalion, an element of the 30th Armored Division. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 114th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 November 1973 to consist of the 1st and 4th Battalions and the 2d Battalion, an element of the 155th Armored Brigade. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. (2d Battalion ordered into active Federal service 7

December 1990 at home stations; released 30 April 1991 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Reorganized 1 September 1994 to consist of the 1st Battalion and the 2d Battalion, an element of the 155th Armored Brigade.

ANNEX

Organized and Federally recognized 16 January 1956 in the Mississippi Army National Guard as the 154th Infantry Battalion with Headquarters at Newton. Converted and redesignated 1 March 1956 as the 415th Field Artillery Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Streamer without inscription

World War II
New Guinea
Southern Philippines
Naples-Foggia
Rome-Arno
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1950 (114th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Battery A (Drew), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered MINDANAO (106th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; WD GO 81, 1946)

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115th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per chevron, or and gules, on a pale counterchanged between in chief two fleurs-de-lis of the second, a castle in base azure.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Tennessee Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, upon a mount vert a hickory tree proper charged with three mullets one and two argent.

Motto: Ever on Call.

Symbolism: A chevron symbolizes support, the chief mission of artillery, and the pale signifies strength; together they indicate "support with strength." The red divisions of the shield represent the batteries of the regiment and allude to firepower. The yellow divisions symbolize three periods of combat: World Wars I and II and the Korean War. The castle from the Spanish flag represents Manila and is for the Philippine Insurrection. The infantry color, blue, is used to denote that the regiment was originally constituted as infantry and served as such in that campaign (blue and red are the colors of the Philippine Insurrection ribbon). The two fleurs-de-lis represent service in Europe during World War I and World War II and are red to indicate artillery.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive insignia consists of the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Tennessee)

Constituted 25 March 1887 in the Tennessee National Guard as the 1st Infantry Regiment. Organized in 1888 in central Tennessee from existing companies with Headquarters at Nashville. Mustered into Federal service 19–26 May 1898 at Nashville as the 1st Tennessee Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 23 November 1899 at the Presidio of San Francisco, California. Reorganized in December 1899 in the Tennessee National Guard as the 1st Infantry Regiment with Headquarters at Nashville. Consolidated in 1900 with the 2d Infantry Regiment (*see* ANNEX 1) and consolidated unit reorganized and redesignated as the 5th

Infantry Regiment. Regiment expanded in 1903 to form the 1st and 2d Infantry Regiments with Headquarters at Nashville and Memphis. 1st and 2d Infantry Regiments consolidated 31 December 1907 and consolidated unit reorganized and redesignated as the 1st Infantry Regiment. Regiment broken up in 1914 and reorganized as the 1st and 2d Separate Battalions of Infantry. Battalions consolidated and mustered into Federal service 22 June 1916 at Memphis as the 1st Infantry Regiment; mustered out of Federal service 24 March 1917 at Memphis. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917; mustered into Federal service 9 September 1917 at Camp Sevier, South Carolina.

Converted and redesignated 14 September 1917 as the 115th Field Artillery and assigned to the 30th Division. Demobilized 13 April 1919 at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. Reorganized 1923–1926 in the Tennessee National Guard as the 115th Field Artillery; Headquarters Federally recognized 2 April 1924 at Memphis. (2d Battalion allotted in 1929 to the South Carolina National Guard; allotted 1 April 1938 to the Tennessee National Guard.) Inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at home stations. Regiment broken up 16 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery disbanded; 2d Battalion as the 1st Battalion, 196th Field Artillery (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages). 1st Battalion, 196th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 8 February 1943 as the 196th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 26 November 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Consolidated 20 March 1947 with Headquarters, 115th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Tennessee National Guard), and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized at Memphis as the 115th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 30th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 March 1949 as the 196th Field Artillery Battalion and relieved from assignment to the 30th Infantry Division. Ordered into active Federal service 19 August 1950 at Memphis. (196th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 29 September 1952 with Headquarters at Memphis; reorganized and redesignated 27 October 1954 as the 196th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 30th Armored Division). 196th Field Artillery Battalion released 18 March 1955 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; concurrently consolidated with the 196th Armored Field Artillery Battalion and consolidated unit designated as the 196th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 30th Armored Division.

Consolidated 1 March 1959 with the 566th and 191st Armored Field Artillery Battalions (*see* ANNEX 2) to form the 115th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Rocket Howitzer Battalion and the 2d and 3d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 30th Armored Division. Reorganized 19 April 1963 to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Battalions, elements of the 30th Armored Division. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 1st and 3d Battalions, elements of the 30th Armored Division. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 115th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 November 1973 to consist of the 1st Battalion and the 3d Battalion, an element of the 30th Armored Brigade. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 September 1995–1 September 1996 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions and the 3d Battalion, an element of the 30th Armored Brigade. Reorganized 1 September 1997 to consist

of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Battalions. (3d Battalion ordered into active Federal service 3–5 September 2002 at home stations; released 2–4 September 2003 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.)

ANNEX 1

2d Infantry Regiment organized 1890–1891 in western Tennessee with Headquarters at Memphis. Mustered into Federal service 7–24 May 1898 at Nashville as the 2d Tennessee Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 8 February 1899 at Columbia, South Carolina, and reorganized in western Tennessee as the 2d Infantry Regiment with Headquarters at Memphis.

ANNEX 2

Constituted 4 December 1939 in the Tennessee National Guard as the 191st Field Artillery. Organized and Federally recognized 9 June 1940 from new and existing units with Headquarters at Nashville. Inducted into Federal service 24 February 1941 at home stations. Regiment broken up 8 February 1943 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: 1st and 2d Battalions as the 191st and 959th Field Artillery Battalions (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

191st Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 3 December 1945 at Camp Shanks, New York. Reorganized and Federally recognized 14 November 1947 in southern Tennessee as the 196th Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at Chattanooga. Redesignated 1 February 1949 as the 115th Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 30th Infantry Division. Reorganized and redesignated 27 October 1954 as the 566th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 30th Armored Division (location of Headquarters concurrently changed to Winchester).

959th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 5 March 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Reorganized and Federally recognized 10 February 1947 in eastern Tennessee as the 191st Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at Maryville. Ordered into active Federal service 1 September 1950 at home stations. (191st Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 8 September 1952 with Headquarters at Maryville.) Released 8 October 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 191st Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS). Reorganized and redesignated 27 October 1954 as the 191st Armored Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 30th Armored Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Philippine Insurrection
Manila
Malolos

World War I
St. Mihiel
Meuse-Argonne
Lorraine 1918

World War II
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

Korean War
First UN Counteroffensive
CCF Spring Offensive
UN Summer–Fall Offensive
Second Korean Winter
Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
Third Korean Winter
Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered HONGCHON (196th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 72, 1951)

Presidential Unit Citation (Navy), Streamer embroidered HWACHON RESERVOIR (196th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 38, 1957)

Navy Unit Commendation, Streamer embroidered PANMUNJOM (196th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 38, 1957)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (196th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1952 (196th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 33, 1953, as amended by DA GO 41, 1955)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1952–1954 (196th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 82, 1954)

Headquarters Battery (Winchester) and Battery B (Shelbyville), 1st Battalion, each additionally entitled to: French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered MOSELLE RIVER (191st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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116th FIELD ARTILLERY
(Gator Red Legs)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a fess azure fimbriated argent, in chief a disc parti per pale of the first and of the second fimbriated of the third and charged with two conventionalized D's back to back of the like (a simulation of the shoulder sleeve insignia of the 31st Division) and in base a fleur-de-lis also of the last.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Florida Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, argent and gules, an alligator statant proper.

Motto: *Vestigia Nulla Retrorsum* (There is No Going Back).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery—the blue fess indicates Federal service in 1898. The charge in the chief of the shield is a modified form of the shoulder sleeve insignia of the 31st Division, the two-colored parting indicating the service of the 31st Division on two sides of the world. The fleur-de-lis indicates service in France.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Florida)

Constituted 18 September 1917 in the National Guard as the 116th Field Artillery and assigned to the 31st Division. Organized 1 October–1 November 1917 at Camp Wheeler, Georgia, with National Guard personnel from Alabama, Florida, and Georgia. Demobilized 16 January 1919 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Reconstituted 14 December 1921 in the Florida National Guard as the 116th Field Artillery and assigned to the 31st Division. Organized 1922–1924 in Florida; Headquarters Federally recognized 20 January 1924 at Tampa. Inducted into Federal service 25 November 1940 at home stations. Regiment broken up 27 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters disbanded; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 116th and 149th Field Artillery Battalions, elements of the 31st Infantry Division (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

116th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 20 December 1945 at Camp Stoneman, California. Relieved 13 June 1946 from assignment to the 31st Infantry Division. Assigned 5 July 1946 to the 51st Infantry Division. Consolidated 7 November 1946 with Headquarters, 116th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945), and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized as the 116th Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at Tampa.

149th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 21 December 1945 at Camp Stoneman, California. Relieved 13 June 1946 from assignment to the 31st Infantry Division. Assigned 5 July 1946 to the 48th Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 8 November 1946 with Headquarters at Lakeland. Reorganized and redesignated 1 November 1955 as the 149th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 48th Armored Division.

116th Field Artillery Battalion and 149th Armored Field Artillery Battalion consolidated 15 April 1959 to form the 116th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 3d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 51st Infantry Division, and the 2d Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 48th Armored Division. Reorganized 15 February 1963 to consist of the 1st and 3d Howitzer Battalions and the 2d Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 53d Separate Infantry Brigade. Reorganized 1 March 1964 to consist of the 1st and 3d Howitzer Battalions and the 2d Battalion, an element of the 53d Armored Brigade. Reorganized 20 January 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion and the 2d Battalion, an element of the 53d Infantry Brigade. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 116th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 October 1984 to consist of the 1st and 3d Battalions and the 2d Battalion, an element of the 53d Infantry Brigade. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 September 1993 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 53d Infantry Brigade, and the 3d Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Streamer without inscription

World War II
New Guinea (with arrowhead)
Southern Philippines

Headquarters Battery (Lakeland), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II – AP
Western Pacific (with arrowhead)

DECORATIONS

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (116th and 149th Field Artillery Battalions cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

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117th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a fleur-de-lis within a diminished bordure dovetailed or.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Alabama Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a slip of cotton plant with full bursting boll proper.

Motto: *Parati Armis* (Ready at the Guns).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery with a yellow bordure, showing that the regiment was originally cavalry and was dovetailed into artillery. The fleur-de-lis is for service in France.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Alabama)

Organized August–September 1916 in the Alabama National Guard as the 1st Cavalry. Mustered into Federal service 23 September 1916. Assigned 18 July 1917 to the 31st Division. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Converted and redesignated 4 October 1917 as the 117th Field Artillery and remained assigned to the 31st Division. Demobilized 17 January 1919 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Reconstituted 1921–1922 in the Alabama National Guard as the 2d Battalion, 141st Field Artillery, an element of the 39th Division. (141st Field Artillery relieved 1 July 1923 from assignment to the 39th Division and assigned to the 31st Division.) 2d Battalion, 141st Field Artillery, expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 17 January 1927 as the 117th Field Artillery with Headquarters at Florala, and remained assigned to the 31st Division. Consolidated 15 March 1929 with the 55th Machine Gun Squadron (organized December 1921–January 1922 in the Alabama National Guard) and consolidated unit designated as the 117th Field Artillery. Inducted into Federal service 25 November 1940 at home stations. Regiment broken up 10 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and the 1st Battalion as the 117th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 31st Infantry Division; 2d Battalion as the 2d Battalion, 137th Field Artillery, and relieved from assignment to the 31st Division (Headquarters Battery consolidated with the Pioneer Company, 631st Tank Destroyer Battalion—hereafter separate lineage).

117th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 8 December 1945 at San Francisco, California. Reorganized and Federally recognized 5 December 1946 with Headquarters at Andalusia. Ordered into active Federal service 16 January 1951 at home stations. (117th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 12 March 1953 with Headquarters at Andalusia.) Released 15 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 117th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

2d Battalion, 137th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 8 February 1943 as the 933d Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 29 October 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Reorganized and Federally recognized 4 December 1946 with Headquarters at Enterprise as an element of the 31st Infantry Division. Ordered into active Federal service 16 January 1951 at home stations. (933d Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 27 February 1953 with Headquarters at Enterprise.) Released 15 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 933d Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

117th and 933d Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 2 May 1959 to form the 117th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 31st Infantry Division. Reorganized 15 April 1963 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions, elements of the 31st Infantry Division. (1st and 2d Battalions ordered into active Federal service 11 June 1963 at home stations; released 23 June 1963 from active Federal service and reverted to state control. Ordered into active Federal service 10 September 1963 at home stations; released 12 September 1963 from active Federal service and reverted to state control. 1st Battalion ordered into active Federal service 20 March 1965 at home stations; released 29 March 1965 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Reorganized 15 January 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 30th Armored Division. Redesignated 1 February 1972 as the 117th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 November 1973 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 31st Armored Brigade. Reorganized 1 November 1980 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 31st Armored Brigade, and the 2d and 3d Battalions. Withdrawn 1 May 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 September 1992 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 31st Armored Brigade, and the 3d Battalion. Reorganized 1 September 1995 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 31st Armored Brigade, and the 2d and 3d Battalions. Reorganized 30 September 2002 to consist of the 1st and 3d Battalions.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Streamer without inscription

World War II
Naples-Foggia
Rome-Arno
Southern France
Rhineland
Central Europe
New Guinea
Southern Philippines

Battery B (Luverne), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II – AP
Papua
East Indies
Luzon

DECORATIONS

French Croix de Guerre with Silver Gilt Star, World War II, Streamer embroidered ROME-ARNO (933d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered ALSACE (933d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (117th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Battery B (Luverne), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered PAPUA (Papuan Forces, United States Army, Southwest Pacific Area, cited; WD GO 21, 1943)

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118th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a saltire gray fimbriated or, in chief a lion passant guardant, in base a fleur-de-lis of the last.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Georgia Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a boar's head erased gules, in the mouth an oak branch vert fructed or.

Motto: *Nescit Cedere* (He Knows No Surrender).

Symbolism: Scarlet is the color traditionally associated with artillery organizations. The lion and fleur-de-lis denote service in the Revolutionary War and World War I, respectively. The gray saltire represents Civil War service as Confederate troops.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield, crest, and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Georgia)

Organized 18 April 1751 in the Georgia Militia in the District of Savannah as four independent volunteer companies, three of foot and one of horse. Mustered into service of the colony 11 June 1751 at Savannah under the command of Captain Noble Jones. Reorganized 2 April 1757 as the 1st Regiment of Foot Militia, Division of Savannah, under the command of Colonel Noble Jones. Reorganized in January 1776 with two battalions (Savannah and Christ Church Parish in the 1st Battalion). Disbanded 29 January 1778 at Savannah when the British captured the city.

Reorganized in 1782 in the Georgia Militia as the 1st Regiment (Savannah and Chatham County in the 1st Battalion), 1st Brigade, 1st Division. 1st Battalion (Chatham Battalion), 1st Regiment, expanded, reorganized and redesignated in 1784 as the 1st Regiment (Chatham Regiment), 1st Brigade, 1st Division. Reorganized in March 1793 to consist of the 1st (or City) Battalion in Savannah and the 2d (or County) Battalion in Chatham County. Reorganized wholly in Savannah in December 1807. (Savannah Volunteer Guards [organized in 1802] and Republican Blues [organized in 1808] mustered into Federal service in east Florida in June 1812 as elements of Colonel Daniel Newman's provisional battalion of Georgia Volunteers; mustered out of Federal service in October 1812.

Heavy Artillery Company [organized in 1812] mustered into Federal service 19 October 1812 at Fort Jackson, Georgia; mustered out of Federal service 23 November 1812.) Mustered into Federal service 22 January 1815 at Savannah as the 1st Regiment, Georgia Volunteers; mustered out of Federal service 23 February 1815. (Volunteer companies in the 1st Regiment, Georgia Militia, reorganized 13 December 1829 as the Chatham Legion.) (Irish Jasper Greens [organized in 1842] mustered into Federal service 12 June 1846 at Columbus as Company F, 1st Regiment, Georgia Volunteers; mustered out of Federal service 26 May 1847 at New Orleans, Louisiana.)

Volunteer companies (Chatham Legion) withdrawn 20 January 1852 from the 1st Regiment and reorganized as the Independent Volunteer Battalion of Savannah to include the following companies: Chatham Artillery (organized in 1785); Savannah Volunteer Guards (organized in 1802); Republican Blues (organized in 1808); Phoenix Riflemen (organized in 1812); Irish Jasper Greens (organized in 1842); German Volunteers (organized in 1845); and the DeKalb Riflemen (organized in 1850); 1st Regiment, Georgia Militia, reorganized with new companies—hereafter separate lineage. Independent Volunteer Battalion of Savannah reorganized and redesignated 17 May 1856 as the Independent Volunteer Regiment of Savannah. Redesignated 20 December 1859 as the 1st Volunteer Regiment of Georgia. Ordered into active state service 2 January 1861 to take possession of Fort Pulaski in the Savannah harbor. Mustered into Confederate service by elements May–July 1861 at Savannah. (Chatham Artillery detached from the regiment 28 September 1861 and reorganized as an independent light battery [Claghorn's or Wheaton's Georgia Battery]; surrendered 26 April 1865 near Greensboro, North Carolina.) Portion of the regiment captured 11 April 1862 at the surrender of Fort Pulaski. (Savannah Volunteer Guards detached from the regiment 11 April 1862 and expanded, reorganized, and redesignated as the 18th Battalion, Georgia Infantry; surrendered 26 April 1865 at Appomattox Court House, Virginia.) (Phoenix Riflemen detachment from the regiment 11 April 1862 and expanded, reorganized, and redesignated as the 13th Battalion, Georgia Infantry; absorbed 23 December 1862 by the 63d Georgia Volunteer Infantry Regiment—(*see* below.) Regiment reorganized in October 1862 as the 1st Georgia Volunteer Infantry Regiment upon exchange of elements at Fort Pulaski. Consolidated in April 1865 with the 57th and 63d Georgia Volunteer Infantry Regiments and redesignated as the 1st Georgia Composite Infantry Regiment. Surrendered 26 April 1865 near Durham, North Carolina.

Former 1st Volunteer Regiment (Chatham Regiment) of Georgia reorganized 26 September 1872 in the Georgia Volunteers at Savannah as the 1st Infantry Regiment. Elements consolidated with elements of the 2d and 4th Infantry Regiments and mustered into Federal service 11 May 1898 at Griffin as the 1st Georgia Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 18 November 1898 at Macon and resumed state status as the 1st Regiment of Infantry. (Georgia Volunteers redesignated 21 December 1899 as the Georgia State Troops; redesignated 1 October 1905 as the Georgia National Guard.) Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917.

Converted and redesignated 23 September 1917 as the 118th Field Artillery and assigned to the 31st Division. Demobilized 14–18 January 1919 at Camp

Gordon, Georgia. Reorganized in 1921 in the Georgia National Guard as the 1st Field Artillery; Headquarters Federally recognized 30 December 1921 at Savannah. Redesignated 27 April 1922 as the 118th Field Artillery and assigned to the 30th Division. (Battery A [Chatham Artillery] withdrawn 17 April 1925 and reorganized as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 55th Field Artillery Brigade.) 118th Field Artillery and Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 55th Field Artillery Brigade, inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at Savannah. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 55th Field Artillery Brigade, reorganized and redesignated 7 February 1942 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery (Georgia part), 30th Division Artillery; 118th Field Artillery concurrently broken up and its elements reorganized and redesignated as elements of the 30th Infantry Division as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery and the 1st Battalion as the 118th Field Artillery Battalion; 2d Battalion as the 230th Field Artillery Battalion.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 30th Division Artillery, inactivated 20 November 1945 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Redesignated 5 July 1946 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery (Georgia part), 48th Division Artillery. Reorganized and Federally recognized 18 June 1947 at Savannah. Reorganized and redesignated 1 November 1955 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 48th Armored Division Artillery.

118th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 20 November 1945 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Relieved 5 July 1946 from assignment to the 30th Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 21 April 1947 at Savannah. Reorganized and redesignated 1 November 1955 as the 118th Armored Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 48th Armored Division.

230th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 20 November 1945 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Relieved 5 July 1946 from assignment to the 30th Infantry Division and assigned to the 48th Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 22 April 1947 at Savannah. Reorganized and redesignated 1 November 1955 as the 230th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 48th Armored Division.

118th and 230th Armored Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 July 1959 to form the 118th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 48th Armored Division. Reorganized 16 April 1963 to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Battalions, elements of the 48th Armored Division.

Regiment broken up 1 January 1968 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters, Headquarters and Service Battery, 1st Battalion, consolidated with Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 48th Armored Division Artillery (*see* above), and consolidated unit reorganized and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 118th Artillery Group (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineage). Redesignated 1 May 1972 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 118th Field Artillery Group. Redesignated 9 May 1978 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 118th Field Artillery Brigade.

Consolidated 1 September 1992 with the 230th Field Artillery (*see* ANNEX) to form the 118th Field Artillery, a parent regiment under the United States Army

Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 48th Infantry Brigade.

ANNEX

Constituted 14 December 1967 in the Georgia Army National Guard as the 230th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Organized 1 January 1968 from existing units to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 30th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 230th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 December 1973 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 48th Infantry Brigade. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. (1st Battalion ordered into active Federal service 30 November 1990 at home stations; released 27 March 1991 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.)

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Revolutionary War
Savannah
Georgia 1776
Florida 1778

War of 1812
Streamer without inscription

Civil War (Confederate service)
Atlanta
Georgia 1861
Georgia 1862
South Carolina 1862
South Carolina 1863
North Carolina 1865

World War I
Streamer without inscription

World War II
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

Headquarters Battery (Chatham Artillery, Savannah), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Civil War (Confederate service)
Peninsula
Sharpsburg
Gettysburg
Petersburg
Appomattox
Maryland 1863
Florida 1864

War with Spain
Santiago

World War II – AP
East Indies
Papua
New Guinea
Luzon

Battery A (Effingham Hussars, Springfield), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Civil War (Confederate service)
Florida 1864

Battery B (Savannah Volunteer Guards/Irish Jasper Greens), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Civil War (Confederate service)
Appomattox
Florida 1864

Southwest Asia
Defense of Saudi Arabia
Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
Cease-Fire

Battery C (Savannah Volunteer Guards), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Civil War (Confederate service)
Appomattox

Service Battery (Brunswick Rifles), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Civil War (Confederate service)
Peninsula
Second Manassas
Sharpsburg
Chancellorsville
Gettysburg
Wilderness
Spotsylvania
Cold Harbor
Appomattox

DECORATIONS

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered UNITED KINGDOM (Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 30th Division Artillery, cited; DA GO 100, 30th Infantry Division, 10 May 1945)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered UNITED KINGDOM–FRANCE (Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 118th Field Artillery Battalion, cited; GO 100, 30th Infantry Division, 10 May 1945)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered BELGIUM-HOLLAND-GERMANY (Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 30th Division Artillery, cited; GO 129, 30th Infantry Division, 23 May 1945)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered EUROPEAN THEATER (Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 230th Field Artillery Battalion, cited; GO 100, 30th Infantry Division, 10 May 1945)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered FRANCE (30th Infantry Division cited; DA GO 14, 1959)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 30th Division Artillery, and 118th and 230th Field Artillery Battalions cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium 1940 (Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 30th Division Artillery, and 118th and 230th Field Artillery Battalions cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes 1940 (Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 30th Division Artillery, and 118th and 230th Field Artillery Battalions cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Headquarters Battery (Chatham Artillery, Savannah), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered PAPUA (Papuan Forces, United States Army, Southwest Pacific Area, cited; WD GO 21, 1943) and Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (101st Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Battery B (Savannah Volunteer Guards/Irish Jasper Greens), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (165th Supply Company cited; DA GO 27, 1994)

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119th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, in sinister chief the badge of the I Corps during the War with Spain argent and in base issuant a demi-lion rampant or; on a canton of the last a bend of the first charged with three alerions of the third.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Michigan Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, argent and gules, a griffin sergeant or.

Motto: *Viam Praeparamus* (We Prepare the Way).

Symbolism: The baptism of fire of this regiment occurred in the Toul Sector; this is represented by the canton, the arms of Lorraine. The silver badge of the 2d Division, I Corps, during the War with Spain is displayed in sinister chief. History shows that for a great many years the district around what is now the city of El Paso, Texas, was known as Ponce de Leon's ranch, having been settled and colonized by a group of the followers of that explorer and who named their new home after their leader. The lion issuant is, therefore, taken from Ponce de Leon's crest to denote service on the Mexican border at El Paso, Texas.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Michigan)

Organized 6 November 1911 from existing units in the Michigan National Guard as the 1st Battalion, Field Artillery. Batteries A and B mustered into Federal service 19 June 1916 (remainder of battalion concurrently disbanded); mustered out of Federal service 23 March 1917. 1st Battalion, Field Artillery, reorganized 26 June 1917 in the Michigan National Guard; Headquarters Federally recognized 5 July 1917 at Lansing. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 23 September 1917 as the 1st Battalion, 119th Field Artillery, an element of the 32d Division. Demobilized 15 May 1919 at Camp Custer, Michigan. Reorganized 1921–1922 in the Michigan National Guard as the 119th Field Artillery and assigned to the 32d Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 10

February 1922 at Lansing. Relieved 11 October 1940 from assignment to the 32d Division. Inducted into Federal service 7 April 1941 at home stations. Regiment broken up 8 February 1943 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 119th Field Artillery Group; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 978th and 979th Field Artillery Battalions, respectively.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 119th Field Artillery Group, inactivated 16 November 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Consolidated with the 978th Field Artillery Battalion (inactivated 30 October 1945 at Camp Myles Standish, Massachusetts), reorganized, and Federally recognized 15 December 1946 as the 119th Field Artillery Battalion, with Headquarters at Lansing, and assigned to the 46th Infantry Division.

979th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 29 October 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Consolidated with the 943d Field Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX), reorganized, and Federally recognized 6 December 1946 as the 943d Field Artillery Battalion, with Headquarters at Jackson, and assigned to the 46th Infantry Division.

119th and 943d Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 15 March 1959 to form the 119th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 46th Infantry Division. Reorganized 15 March 1963 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions, elements of the 46th Infantry Division. (1st and 2d Battalions ordered into active Federal service 24 July 1967 at Camp Grayling, Michigan; released 2 August 1967 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 38th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 February 1972 as the 119th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 20 February 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 September 2003 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 42d Infantry Division.

ANNEX

Organized 20 September 1940 in the Michigan National Guard from existing units as the 2d Battalion, 177th Field Artillery, with Headquarters at Detroit. Inducted into Federal service 7 April 1941 at home stations. Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as the 943d Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 28 November 1945 at Camp Shanks, New York.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Aisne-Marne
- Oise-Aisne
- Meuse-Argonne
- Lorraine 1918
- Alsace 1918
- Champagne 1918

World War II
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Headquarters Battery (Lansing), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Civil War
Bull Run
Peninsula
Fredericksburg
Wilderness
Spotsylvania
Cold Harbor
Petersburg
Appomattox
Mississippi 1863
Tennessee 1863

War with Spain
Santiago

DECORATIONS

French Croix de Guerre with Silver Star, World War I, Streamer embroidered AISNE-MARNE and OISE-AISNE (119th Field Artillery cited; WD GO 11, 1924)

Headquarters Battery (Lansing), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War I, Streamer embroidered OISE-AISNE (125th Infantry cited; WD GO 11, 1924)

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120th FIELD ARTILLERY
(Red Fox Regiment)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a chevron or charged with a chevronel azure, in chief five fleurs-de-lis of the second.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Wisconsin Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a badger couchant proper.

Motto: Eager to Assist.

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The colors of the chevron and the chevronel—yellow and blue—are the colors of the arms of service from which the organization was developed. The combination of colors, red, blue, and yellow, form the colors of the Puerto Rican Occupation Medal ribbon, indicating the service of Battery A in Puerto Rico. The five fleurs-de-lis symbolize the five major engagements of the organization in France during World War I.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield, crest, and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Wisconsin)

Organized May-June 1917 in the Wisconsin National Guard in southeastern and central Wisconsin as the 2d and 3d Squadrons, 1st Cavalry. Mustered into Federal service 31 July 1917 at Camp Douglas, Wisconsin; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Consolidated 28 September 1917 with the 1st Squadron, 1st Cavalry (organized 26 April 1880 at Milwaukee as the Light Horse Squadron); consolidated unit concurrently converted and redesignated as the 120th Field Artillery and assigned to the 32d Division. Demobilized 16 May 1919 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Former 2d and 3d Squadrons, 1st Cavalry, reconstituted 26 November 1919 in the Wisconsin National Guard as the 2d Field Artillery. Reorganized 8 May 1920–9 February 1921 in central Wisconsin. Redesignated 1 April 1921 as the 120th Field Artillery and assigned to the 32d Division. Headquarters Federally recognized 18 May 1922 at Milwaukee. Inducted into Federal service 15 October 1940 at home stations.

Regiment (less 2d Battalion) reorganized and redesignated 1 February 1942 as the 120th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 32d Infantry Division; 2d Battalion concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 129th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 32d Infantry Division. 120th and 129th Field Artillery Battalions inactivated 28 February 1946 in Japan. 120th and 129th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated, reorganized, and Federally recognized 9 June 1947 in central Wisconsin as the 120th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 32d Infantry Division, with Headquarters at Stevens Point.

Reorganized and redesignated 15 February 1959 as the 120th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 32d Infantry Division. (1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions ordered into active Federal service 15 October 1961 at home stations; released 10 August 1962 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions, elements of the 32d Infantry Division. Reorganized 30 December 1967 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 32d Infantry Brigade. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 120th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 21 July 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 October 1997 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 34th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 September 2003 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 32d Infantry Brigade.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Aisne-Marne
- Oise-Aisne
- Meuse-Argonne
- Alsace 1918
- Champagne 1918

World War II
- New Guinea (with arrowhead)
- Leyte
- Luzon

Battery A (Marshfield), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

War with Spain
- Puerto Rico

World War II–AP
- Papua

Battery B (Clintonville), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
- Papua

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered AITAPE (129th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 76, 1946)

French Croix de Guerre with Silver Star, World War I, Streamer embroidered AISNE-MARNE and OISE-AISNE (120th Field Artillery cited; WD GO 11, 1924)

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1950 (120th and 129th Field Artillery Battalions cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Battery A (Marshfield), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered PAPUA (Papuan Forces, United States Army, Southwest Pacific Area, cited; WD GO 21, 1943); Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered LUZON (1st Battalion, 128th Infantry, WD GO 74, 1946); and French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War I, Streamer embroidered OISE-AISNE (128th Infantry cited; WD GO 11, 1924)

Battery B (Clintonville), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered PAPUA (Papuan Forces, United States Army, Southwest Pacific Area, cited; WD GO 21, 1943); Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered PACIFIC THEATER (32d Quartermaster Company cited; GO 289, 32d Infantry Division, 1 September 1945)

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121st FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, on a pale or the shoulder sleeve insignia of the 32d Division (a red arrow having shot through a line) proper, between six fleurs-de-lis of the second.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Wisconsin Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a badger couchant proper.

Motto: *Catervae Ferreae* (Of the Brigade of Iron).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The three divisions of the shield produced by the yellow or gold pale charged with a red arrow signify that the organization was in Federal service three times between 1880 and 1945 and served as part of the 32d Division during World War I; the six fleurs-de-lis, three charged on each side of the pale, representing the engagements in which the regiment participated. The motto indicates that the 121st Field Artillery includes in its personnel a great many descendants of the members of the Iron Brigade of the Civil War.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield, crest, and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Wisconsin)

Constituted 25 March 1880 in the Wisconsin National Guard as the Light Horse Squadron. Organized 26 April 1880 at Milwaukee. Reorganized and redesignated 27 June 1894 as Troop A, 1st Cavalry. Expanded 25 June 1916 to form Troops A and B, 1st Cavalry. Troops A and B, 1st Cavalry, mustered into Federal service 27 June and 24 July 1916, respectively, at Camp Douglas, Wisconsin; mustered out of Federal service 20 October 1916 at Camp Douglas, Wisconsin, and 6 March 1917 at Fort Sheridan, Illinois, respectively. Expanded 29 May 1917 to form the 1st Squadron, 1st Cavalry. Mustered into Federal service 31 July 1917 at Camp Douglas, Wisconsin; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Consolidated 28 September 1917 with the 2d and 3d Squadrons, 1st Cavalry (organized May-June 1917 from new and existing units); consolidated unit concurrently converted and redesignated as the 120th Field Artillery and assigned to the 32d Division. Demobilized 16 May 1919 at Camp Grant,

Illinois. Former 1st Squadron, 1st Cavalry, reconstituted 28 November 1919 in the Wisconsin National Guard as the 1st Cavalry. Reorganized 1919–1921 in southeastern Wisconsin. Redesignated 1 April 1921 as the 105th Cavalry and assigned to the 22d Cavalry Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 24 May 1921 at Milwaukee. (Location of Headquarters changed 1 September 1929 to Chilton.) Relieved 1 July 1937 from assignment to the 22d Cavalry Division and assigned to the 23d Cavalry Division.

Converted and redesignated 1 October 1940 as the 126th Field Artillery and location of Headquarters changed to Beloit; concurrently relieved from assignment to the 23d Cavalry Division and assigned to the 32d Division. Inducted into Federal service 15 October 1940 at home stations. 2d Battalion, 126th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 1 February 1942 as the 1st Battalion, 173d Field Artillery, and relieved from assignment to the 32d Division (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineage).

Reorganized and redesignated 24 February 1943 as the 173d Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 11 September 1945 in Italy. Assigned 13 May 1946 to the 32d Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 31 July 1947 in northwestern Wisconsin with Headquarters at Superior. (Location of Headquarters changed 1 December 1952 to River Falls.)

Consolidated 15 February 1959 with the 121st Field Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX) to form the 121st Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions and the 3d Rocket Howitzer Battalion, elements of the 32d Infantry Division. (1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions and 3d Rocket Howitzer Battalion ordered into active Federal service 15 October 1961 at home stations; released 10 August 1962 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st and 3d Battalions, elements of the 32d Infantry Division. Reorganized 30 December 1967 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 121st Field Artillery. Withdrawn 21 July 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

ANNEX

Constituted in 1916 in the Wisconsin National Guard as the 1st Field Artillery and organized to consist of Battery A (organized 11 May 1885 at Milwaukee), Battery B (organized 8 June 1916 at Green Bay), and Battery C (organized 12 June 1916 at Racine). (Battery A mustered into Federal service 30 June 1916 at Camp Douglas, Wisconsin; mustered out of Federal service 26 October 1916 at Fort Sheridan, Illinois.) Remainder of regiment organized May-June 1917 from new and existing units with Headquarters at Milwaukee. Mustered into Federal service 25 July 1917 at Camp Douglas, Wisconsin; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 19 September 1917 as the 121st Field Artillery and assigned to the 32d Division. Demobilized 17 May 1919 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Reconstituted 28 November 1919 in the Wisconsin National Guard as the 1st Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 April 1921 as the 121st Field Artillery and assigned to the 32d Division. Reorganized 1923–1927 with Headquarters Federally recognized 6 June 1927 at Racine. (Location of Headquarters changed

2 March 1936 to Beloit.) Inducted into Federal service 15 October 1940 at home stations. Regiment broken up 1 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Regiment (less 1st Battalion) as the 173d Field Artillery (less 1st Battalion) and relieved from assignment to the 32d Division; 1st Battalion as the 121st Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 32d Infantry Division.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 173d Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 24 February 1943 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 173d Field Artillery Group. Inactivated 27 November 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey.

2d Battalion, 173d Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 24 February 1943 as the 985th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 8 October 1945 in Europe.

121st Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 28 February 1946 in Japan.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 173d Field Artillery Group, and 121st and 985th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated, reorganized, and Federally recognized 3 June 1947 as the 121st Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 32d Infantry Division, with Headquarters at Whitefish Bay.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Aisne-Marne
- Oise-Aisne
- Meuse-Argonne
- Alsace 1918
- Champagne 1918

World War II
- Naples-Foggia
- Rome-Arno
- Normandy
- Northern France
- North Apennines
- Po Valley
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe
- New Guinea (with arrowhead)
- Leyte
- Luzon

DECORATIONS

French Croix de Guerre with Silver Star, World War I, Streamer embroidered AISNE-MARNE and OISE-AISNE (121st Field Artillery cited; WD GO 11, 1924)

Battery C (Sussex), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Philippine Presidential Unit Citation; Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (121st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

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122d FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per chevron reversed and enhanced, or and gules, on a pairle argent fimbriated to chief of the second, three fleurs-de-lis azure, in chief a prickly pear cactus vert.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Illinois Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, upon a grassy field the blockhouse of Old Fort Dearborn proper.

Motto: *Prompti et Parati* (Prepared and Willing).

Symbolism: The regiment was originally the 1st Illinois Cavalry and as such was mustered into Federal service for the War with Spain. The chief of the shield is yellow for cavalry and edged with red, which gives the colors of Spain. Mexican border duty in 1916 is shown by the green cactus. In 1917 it became the 2d Illinois Artillery, this being shown with the red field of the shield, and on being redesignated the 122d Field Artillery, it was engaged in three major operations in France, shown by the three fleurs-de-lis.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Illinois)

Constituted 21 June 1893 in the Illinois National Guard as the 7th Infantry Regiment and organized at Chicago from the Hibernian Rifles, a former civil-ian-military organization. Mustered into Federal service 18 May 1898 as the 7th Illinois Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 20 October 1898 and resumed state status as the 7th Infantry Regiment. Mustered into Federal service 27 June 1916; mustered out of Federal service 26 January 1917. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Converted and redesignated 12 October 1917 as the 108th Ammunition Train and 108th Supply Train and assigned to the 33d Division. Demobilized 5 June 1919 at Camp Grant, Illinois.

Reorganized 26 June 1919 in the Illinois National Guard at Chicago as the 7th Infantry.

Converted and redesignated 1 May 1921 as the 2d Field Artillery. Redesignated 13 September 1921 as the 124th Field Artillery and assigned to the 33d Division. Inducted into Federal service 5 May 1941 at Chicago. Regiment broken up 12 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery disbanded; 1st Battalion as the 1st Battalion, 208th Field Artillery, and relieved from assignment to the 33d Division; 2d Battalion as the 124th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 33d Infantry Division.

1st Battalion, 208th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as the 208th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 9 April 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Assigned 5 July 1946 to the 33d Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 15 March 1948 at Chicago.

124th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 5 February 1946 in Japan. Reorganized and Federally recognized 4 February 1947 at Chicago.

208th and 124th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 March 1959 with the 122d Field Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX) to form the 122d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 33d Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Battalions, elements of the 33d Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 33d Infantry Brigade. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 122d Field Artillery. Withdrawn 5 February 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 September 1996 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 34th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 October 1997 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 35th Infantry Division.

ANNEX

Constituted 1 July 1897 in the Illinois National Guard as a squadron of cavalry and organized from existing troops. Expanded, reorganized, and mustered into Federal service 21 May 1898 at Springfield as the 1st Illinois Volunteer Cavalry; mustered out of Federal service 11 October 1898 at Fort Sheridan, Illinois. Reorganized in 1899 in the Illinois National Guard as a squadron of cavalry. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 22 June 1899 as the 1st Cavalry. Mustered into Federal service 27 June 1916; mustered out of Federal service 17 November 1916 at Fort Sheridan, Illinois.

Chicago elements of the regiment converted and redesignated 9 June 1917 as the 2d Field Artillery (non-Chicago elements converted and redesignated 24 June 1917 as the 3d Field Artillery—hereafter separate lineage). 2d Field Artillery drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 21 September 1917 as the 122d Field Artillery and assigned to the 33d Division. Demobilized 7–8 June 1919 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Reorganized 11 November 1921 in the Illinois National Guard at Chicago as the 1st Field Artillery. Redesignated 13 September 1921 as the 122d Field Artillery and assigned to the 33d Division. Inducted into Federal service 5 March 1941 at Chicago. Regiment broken up 12 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as

follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery disbanded; 1st Battalion as the 122d Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 33d Infantry Division (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

122d Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 5 February 1946 in Japan. Consolidated 18 December 1946 with Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 122d Field Artillery (concurrently reconstituted in the Illinois National Guard) and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized at Chicago as the 122d Field Artillery Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe
- New Guinea
- Luzon

DECORATIONS

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (33d Infantry Division cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Headquarters Battery (Chicago), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered PACIFIC THEATER 1944–1945 (Service Battery, 122d Field Artillery Battalion, and Service Battery, 124th Field Artillery Battalion, cited; GO 124, 33d Infantry Division, 14 June 1945, and Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered PACIFIC THEATER 1945 (Service Battery, 122d Field Artillery Battalion, and Service Battery, 124th Field Artillery Battalion, cited; GO 306, 33d Infantry Division, 19 October 1945)

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123d FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a chevron azure fimbriated or between three fleurs-de-lis and a lamb couchant of the third.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Illinois Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, upon a grassy field the blockhouse of Old Fort Dearborn proper.

Motto: *Parati et Volentes* (Ready and Willing).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The blue chevron alludes to the infantry origin and the ability with which the regiment always obtained its objective. The three fleurs-de-lis symbolize the three major engagements in which the 123d Field Artillery participated in World War I—Lucey Sector (Lorraine), St. Mihiel Offensive, and Meuse-Argonne Offensive. The lamb is taken from the seal of Puerto Rico and signifies service in Puerto Rico during the War with Spain.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Illinois)

Constituted 4 May 1882 in the Illinois National Guard as the 6th Infantry Regiment and organized from existing units in northwestern Illinois. Mustered into Federal service 11 May 1898 as the 6th Illinois Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 25 November 1898 at Springfield. Reorganized in 1903 in the Illinois National Guard as the 6th Infantry. Mustered into Federal service 25 April 1917 at home stations; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917.

Converted and redesignated 19 September 1917 as the 123d Field Artillery and assigned to the 33d Division. Demobilized 9 June 1919 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Reorganized 17 August 1921 in the Illinois National Guard as the 1st Battalion, 123d Field Artillery, an element of the 33d Division. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 3 June 1936 as the 123d Field Artillery; Headquarters Federally recognized 26 July 1936 at Monmouth. Inducted into Federal service 5 March 1941 at home stations. Regiment broken up 12 February–18 April 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery on

12 February 1942 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 208th Field Artillery, and relieved from assignment to the 33d Division; 1st Battalion on 12 February 1942 as the 123d Field Artillery Battalion and remained assigned to the 33d Division (later redesignated as the 33d Infantry Division); 2d Battalion on 18 April 1942 as the 2d Battalion, 200th Field Artillery, and relieved from assignment to the 33d Division.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 208th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 208th Field Artillery Group. Inactivated 27 March 1945 at Camp Shanks, New York. Reorganized and Federally recognized 17 December 1946 at Monmouth as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 44th Division Artillery. Ordered into active Federal service 15 February 1952 at Monmouth. Released 10 October 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; concurrently consolidated with Headquarters Battery and Service Battery, 210th Field Artillery Battalion (organized and Federally recognized 1 March 1954 at Monmouth), and consolidated unit designated as Headquarters Battery and Service Battery, 210th Field Artillery Battalion, elements of the 33d Infantry Division.

123d Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 5 February 1946 in Japan. Relieved 5 July 1946 from assignment to the 33d Infantry Division and assigned to the 44th Infantry Division. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 4 and 10 April 1947 as the 223d Field Artillery Battalion, with Headquarters at Rock Island, and the 123d Field Artillery Battalion, with Headquarters at Monmouth, elements of the 44th Infantry Division. (Location of Headquarters, 123d Field Artillery Battalion, changed 16 June 1949 to Galesburg.) 123d and 223d Field Artillery Battalions ordered into Federal service 15 February 1952 at home stations. Released 10 October 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; 223d Field Artillery Battalion concurrently consolidated with the 133d Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (organized and Federally recognized 1 March 1954 with Headquarters at Rock Island) and consolidated unit designated as the 133d Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion, an element of the 33d Infantry Division. 123d Field Artillery Battalion consolidated 1 December 1954 with the 209th Field Artillery Battalion (see below) and the 210th Field Artillery Battalion (organized and Federally recognized 1 March 1954 with Headquarters at Monmouth) and consolidated unit designated as the 123d Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 33d Infantry Division.

2d Battalion, 200th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as the 223d Field Artillery Battalion. Assigned 6 December 1942 to the Americal Division. Relieved 26 February 1943 from assignment to the Americal Division. Inactivated 24 December 1945 at Camp Anza, California. Reorganized and Federally recognized 17 March 1947 as the 209th Field Artillery Battalion, with Headquarters at East St. Louis, and assigned to the 44th Infantry Division. Ordered into active Federal service 15 February 1952 at home stations; released 10 October 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.

123d Field Artillery Battalion and the 133d Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion consolidated 1 March 1959 to form the 123d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Rocket Howitzer Battalion and the 2d Howitzer Battalion, elements of the 33d Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions, elements of the 33d Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element

of the 47th Infantry Division. (2d Battalion ordered into active Federal service 7 April 1968 at home stations; released 12 April 1968 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 123d Field Artillery. Withdrawn 5 February 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 10 February 1991 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 34th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 October 1996 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 34th Infantry Division, and the 3d Battalion. Reorganized 1 October 1997 to consist of the 2d and 3d Battalions.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

War with Spain
Puerto Rico

World War I
St. Mihiel
Meuse-Argonne
Lorraine 1918

World War II
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe
New Guinea
Luzon

DECORATIONS

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (33d Infantry Division cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Battery C (Galesburg), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered PACIFIC THEATER 1944–1945 (Service Battery, 123d Field Artillery Battalion, cited; GO 124, 33d Infantry Division, 14 June 1945) and Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered PACIFIC THEATER 1945 (Service Battery, 123d Field Artillery Battalion, cited; GO 306, 33d Infantry Division, 19 October 1945)

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125th FIELD ARTILLERY
(Third Minnesota)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Azure, between a sheathed Roman sword, point to base, and a prickly pear cactus, an Indian quiver holding two arrows or; on a chief gules a fleur-de-lis of the second.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Minnesota Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and azure, a sheaf of wheat proper.

Motto: Faithful.

Symbolism: The shield is blue for infantry, and the organization's service as infantry is indicated by the sheathed Roman sword, taken from the service medal of the War with Spain, for service in that war; the Indian quiver with arrows is symbolic of the Leach Lake Indian uprising, and the prickly pear cactus for service on the Mexican border. The chief is red for artillery and with the fleur-de-lis commemorates the organization's service as field artillery in France during World War I.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Minnesota)

Organized 15 April 1887 in the Minnesota Reserve National Guard as the 3d Infantry Regiment with Headquarters at St. Paul. Recognized in 1889 in the National Guard of Minnesota. Reorganized and redesignated 4 May 1898 as the 14th Minnesota Volunteer Infantry. Mustered into Federal service 8 May 1898 at St. Paul; mustered out of Federal service 18 November 1898 at Fort Snelling, Minnesota. Reorganized in 1900 in the Minnesota National Guard as the 3d Infantry with Headquarters at Duluth. Mustered into Federal service 30 June 1916 at Fort Snelling, Minnesota; mustered out of Federal service 19 December 1916 at Fort Snelling, Minnesota. Mustered into Federal service 24 July 1917; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917.

Converted and redesignated 1 October 1917 as the 125th Field Artillery and assigned to the 34th Division. Demobilized 22 January 1919 at Camp Dodge,

Iowa. Reorganized 1921–1926 in the Minnesota National Guard as the 125th Field Artillery and assigned to the 34th Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 24 July 1924 at Duluth. Inducted into Federal service 10 February 1941 at home stations. Headquarters, 125th Field Artillery, disbanded 1 February 1942; 1st Battalion concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 125th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 34th Infantry Division (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

125th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 3 November 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Relieved 10 June 1946 from assignment to the 34th Infantry Division. Consolidated 20 February 1947 with Headquarters, 125th Field Artillery (reconstituted 5 August 1945 in the Minnesota National Guard), and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized as the 125th Field Artillery Battalion, with Headquarters at Anoka, and assigned to the 47th Infantry Division. Ordered into active Federal service 16 January 1951 at home stations. (125th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 16 January 1953 with Headquarters at Anoka.) Released 2 December 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 125th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

Consolidated 22 February 1959 with the 257th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX) to form the 125th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 47th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 2d and 3d Battalions, elements of the 47th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion and the 2d Battalion, an element of the 47th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 125th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 April 1977 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Withdrawn 30 November 1988 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 September 1992 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 34th Infantry Division.

ANNEX

Constituted 28 June 1946 in the Minnesota National Guard as the 257th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion. Organized and Federally recognized 22 October 1946 with Headquarters at Cloquet. Reorganized and redesignated 16 July 1951 as the 257th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 257th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Streamer without inscription

World War II
Tunisia
Naples-Foggia
Anzio
Rome-Arno
North Apennines
Po Valley

Battery B (Jackson) and Battery C (St. James), 1st Battalion, each additionally entitled to:

World War II–EAME
Rhineland
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered BELVEDERE (125th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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126th FIELD ARTILLERY
(Light Horse Squadron)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per pale or and guiles, two chevronels counterchanged in dexter chief a horse's head erased within an annulet sable.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Wisconsin Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a badger couchant proper.

Motto: Follow Me.

Symbolism: Yellow (or), for cavalry service, is impaled with scarlet for the regiment's conversion to field artillery during World War I. The two chevronels represent the two chevrons of a year's overseas service. The ringed horse's head device is that of the Light Horse Squadron, organized in Milwaukee in 1880, in which the regiment had its origin. The motto "Follow Me" is the keynote of modern cavalry tactics.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield, crest, and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Wisconsin)

Constituted 25 March 1880 in the Wisconsin National Guard as the Light Horse Squadron. Organized 26 April 1880 at Milwaukee. Reorganized and redesignated 27 June 1894 as Troop A, 1st Cavalry. Expanded 25 June 1916 to form Troops A and B, 1st Cavalry. Troops A and B, 1st Cavalry, mustered into Federal service 27 June and 26 July 1916, respectively, at Camp Douglas, Wisconsin; mustered out of Federal service 20 October 1916 at Camp Douglas, Wisconsin, and 6 March 1917 at Fort Sheridan, Illinois, respectively. Expanded 29 May 1917 to form the 1st Squadron, 1st Cavalry. Mustered into Federal service 31 July 1917 at Camp Douglas, Wisconsin; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Consolidated 28 September 1917 with the 2d and 3d Squadrons, 1st Cavalry (organized May-June 1917 from new and existing units); consolidated unit concurrently converted and redesignated as the 120th Field Artillery and assigned to the 32d Division. Demobilized 16 May 1919 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Former 1st Squadron, 1st Cavalry, reconstituted 28 November 1919 in the Wisconsin National Guard as

the 1st Cavalry. Reorganized 1919–1921 in southeastern Wisconsin. Redesignated 1 April 1921 as the 105th Cavalry and assigned to the 22d Cavalry Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 24 May 1921 at Milwaukee. (Location of Headquarters changed 1 September 1929 to Chilton.) Relieved 1 July 1937 from assignment to the 22d Cavalry Division and assigned to the 23d Cavalry Division.

Converted and redesignated 1 October 1940 as the 126th Field Artillery and location of Headquarters changed to Beloit; concurrently relieved from assignment to the 23d Cavalry Division and assigned to the 32d Division. Inducted into Federal service 15 October 1940 at home stations.

Regiment (less 2d Battalion) reorganized and redesignated 1 February 1942 as the 126th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 32d Infantry Division (2d Battalion, 126th Field Artillery—hereafter separate lineage). 126th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 28 February 1946 in Japan. Reorganized and Federally recognized 23 June 1947 in southeastern Wisconsin with Headquarters at Kenosha.

Consolidated 15 February 1959 with the 132d Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX) to form the 126th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Missile Battalion and the 2d Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 32d Infantry Division. (2d Howitzer Battalion ordered into active Federal service 15 October 1961 at home stations; released 10 August 1962 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st Missile Battalion and the 2d Battalion, an element of the 32d Infantry Division. Reorganized 5 November 1963 to consist of Battery B, 1st Missile Battalion, and the 2d Battalion, an element of the 32d Infantry Division. Reorganized 14 February 1964 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 32d Infantry Division, and Battery B, 2d Battalion. Reorganized 30 December 1967 to consist of the 1st Battalion and Battery B, 2d Battalion. Reorganized 1 July 1971 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 126th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 21 July 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

ANNEX

Constituted 1 February 1949 in the Wisconsin Army National Guard as the 132d Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion and assigned to the 32d Infantry Division. Organized and Federally recognized 15 December 1949 in southwestern Wisconsin with Headquarters at Milwaukee. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 132d Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Aisne-Marne
- Oise-Aisne
- Meuse-Argonne
- Alsace 1918
- Champagne 1918

World War II
- New Guinea
- Leyte
- Luzon

Headquarters Battery (Kenosha), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–EAME
Naples-Foggia
Rome-Arno
North Apennines
Po Valley

Battery A (Oak Creek), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
Bismarck Archipelago
East Indies
Papua
Southern Philippines

Battery C (Racine), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
Bismarck Archipelago
East Indies
Papua

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered LUZON (126th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 119, 1946)

French Croix de Guerre with Silver Star, World War I, Streamer embroidered AISNE-MARNE and OISE-AISNE (120th Field Artillery cited; WD GO 11, 1924)

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1950 (126th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Battery A (Whitewater), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered PAPUA (Papuan Forces, United States Army, Southwest Pacific Area, cited; WD GO 21, 1943)

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127th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Or, a diminished bordure vert; on a chief indented azure, two fleurs-de-lis of the first.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Kansas Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and azure, a sunflower slipped proper.

Motto: *Via Vi* (A Way by Force).

Symbolism: The shield is yellow for cavalry, with a green diminished bordure for service on the Mexican border. The indented chief charged with the fleurs-de-lis represents World War I service; it is indented to represent the defensive sector, and the two fleurs-de-lis symbolize the two major engagements, the blue of the chief being taken from the unofficial flag of the state of Kansas.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Kansas)

Organized 12 April 1916 in the Kansas National Guard at Eureka as the 2d Separate Company, Infantry. Mustered into Federal service 23 June 1916 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Converted and redesignated 7 July 1916 as Troop A, Cavalry. Mustered out of Federal service 6 March 1917 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 24 July 1917 as the 1st Squadron Cavalry. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 13 September 1917 (less Troop A) as the 110th Train Headquarters and Military Police, an element of the 35th Division; Troop A concurrently reorganized and redesignated as Headquarters Troop, 35th Division. 110th Train Headquarters and Military Police broken up 26 October 1918 and reorganized in part as the 110th Train Headquarters; remainder redesignated as the 35th Military Police Company, an element of the 35th Division. Headquarters Troop, 35th Division; 110th Train Headquarters; and 35th Military Police Company demobilized in May 1919 at Camp Funston, Kansas. Reorganized 27 September 1919 in the Kansas National Guard as the 1st Squadron Cavalry. Redesignated 4 November 1921 as the 1st Squadron, 114th Cavalry, an element of the 24th Cavalry Division. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated

10 January 1925 as the 114th Cavalry with Headquarters Federally recognized at Topeka. (Location of Headquarters changed 12 March 1926 to Rosedale; on 27 January 1934 to Topeka.)

Converted and redesignated 1 October 1940 as the 127th Field Artillery; concurrently relieved from assignment to the 24th Cavalry Division and assigned to the 35th Division.

2d Battalion reorganized and redesignated 3 February 1942 as the 127th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 35th Infantry Division (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages). 127th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 20 November 1945 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Reorganized and Federally recognized 24 May 1948 with Headquarters at Ottawa.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 May 1959 as the 127th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Rocket Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 35th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion. Reorganized 15 December 1967 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Redesignated 1 February 1972 as the 127th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Meuse-Argonne
- Alsace 1918
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

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128th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, two fleurs-de-lis in pale or, on two flaunches of the like a castle and a cactus of the field.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Missouri Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a grizzly bear standing rampant proper.

Motto: Show Me.

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The Spanish castle taken from the War with Spain campaign medal represents service in Puerto Rico during the War with Spain. The cactus and fleurs-de-lis represent service on the Mexican border and in France, respectively. The flaunches divide the shield in three parts representing the important periods of the organization's history.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Missouri)

Constituted 29 June 1917 in the Missouri National Guard as the 1st Field Artillery and organized from new and existing units. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Redesignated 1 October 1917 as the 128th Field Artillery and assigned to the 35th Division. Demobilized 19 May 1919 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Reorganized 4 December 1920 in the Missouri National Guard as the 1st Battalion, Field Artillery. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 29 January 1921 as the 1st Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 October 1921 as the 128th Field Artillery; Headquarters Federally recognized 21 April 1923 at Columbia. Inducted into Federal service 25 November 1940 at home stations.

1st Battalion, 128th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 26 November 1942 as the 128th Armored Field Artillery Battalion (remainder of regiment concurrently inactivated at Camp Chaffee, Arkansas). 128th Armored Field Artillery Battalion assigned 11 October 1942 to the 6th Armored Division. Inactivated 27 November 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey, and relieved from assignment to the 6th Armored Division. Redesignated 30 June 1946 as the 128th Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 35th Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 14 November 1947 with Headquarters at Mexico.

Consolidated 15 April 1959 with the 128th Field Artillery (less 1st Battalion) to form the 128th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 35th Infantry Division. Reorganized 22 May 1962 to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 35th Infantry Division, and the 3d Missile Battalion. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions and the 3d Missile Battalion. Reorganized 1 December 1964 to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions, the 3d Missile Battalion, and Battery F. Reorganized 1 January 1966 to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions, the 3d Battalion, and Battery F. Reorganized 15 January 1968 to consist of the 1st and 3d Battalions. Reorganized 1 March 1969 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Redesignated 1 March 1972 as the 128th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Meuse-Argonne
- Alsace 1918
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Battery C (Marshall), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
- Aleutian Islands

DECORATIONS

None.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

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129th FIELD ARTILLERY
(Truman's Own)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per bend or and gules, in chief a prickly pear cactus vert and in base three fleurs-de-lis in bend of the first.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Missouri Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a grizzly bear standing rampant proper.

Motto: Send Your Mission.

Symbolism: The colors red and yellow are for artillery. The prickly pear cactus is symbolic of the organization's service on the Mexican border. The three fleurs-de-lis represent three battle honors (Meuse-Argonne, Alsace, and Lorraine) awarded the regiment for service in World War I.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Missouri)

Constituted 22 November 1866 in the Missouri Militia and organized at Kansas City as the Kansas City Guards. Disbanded in April 1873 at Kansas City. Reconstituted 18 November 1887 in the Missouri National Guard and reorganized at Kansas City as the Kansas City Light Battery. Redesignated 18 December 1888 as Battery B. Disbanded 6 November 1899 at Kansas City. Reconstituted 14 June 1905 in the Missouri National Guard and reorganized at Kansas City as Battery B. Consolidated 4 February 1915 with Battery A (organized 15 January 1878 at St. Louis) and Battery C (*see* ANNEX) to form the 1st Separate Battalion, Field Artillery. Mustered into Federal service 25 June 1916 at Nevada; mustered out of Federal service 21–22 December 1916 at Fort Riley, Kansas. (Battery D organized 5 June 1917 at Kansas City; Battery A detached 6 June 1917 from the 1st Separate Battalion, Field Artillery—hereafter separate lineage; Battery D concurrently redesignated as Battery A, 1st Separate Battalion, Field Artillery.) 1st Separate Battalion, Field Artillery, expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 29 June 1917 as the 2d Field Artillery. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Redesignated 1 October 1917 as the 129th Field Artillery and assigned to the 35th Division. Demobilized 6 May 1919 at Fort Riley, Kansas.

Reconstituted 27 June 1946 in the Missouri National Guard as the 129th Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 35th Infantry Division. Organized and Federally recognized 20 October 1947 with Headquarters at Maryville.

Reorganized and redesignated 15 April 1959 as the 129th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 35th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion. Reorganized 15 January 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Redesignated 1 March 1972 as the 129th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

ANNEX

Organized 26 June 1886 in the Missouri National Guard at Independence as Company F, 3d Regiment. Mustered into Federal service 14 May 1898 at Jefferson Barracks, Missouri, as Company F, 3d Missouri Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 7 November 1898 at Kansas City and reverted to state control as Company F, 3d Infantry. Converted and redesignated 23 November 1914 as Battery C.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Meuse-Argonne
Alsace 1918
Lorraine 1918

Headquarters Battery (Maryville) and Battery A (Albany), 1st Battalion, each additionally entitled to:

World War II–EAME
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

Battery B (Chillicothe), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
Aleutian Islands

DECORATIONS

None.

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130th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, on a bend embattled to chief or three fleurs-de-lis of the first, in base a rattlesnake coiled to strike of the second.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Kansas Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a sunflower slipped proper.

Motto: *Semper Parvo Meliores* (Always a Little Better).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The gold bend denotes service in Lorraine during World War I, the embattling to chief indicating the capture of Vauquois Hill. The arms of Lorraine are: Or, on a bend gules three alerions of the field. The three fleurs-de-lis symbolize the regiment's battle honors—Alsace, Lorraine, and Meuse-Argonne. The rattlesnake represents service on the Mexican border.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Kansas)

Constituted 5 May 1917 in the Kansas National Guard as the 1st Field Artillery. Organized from new and existing units in eastern Kansas with Headquarters Federally recognized 13 July 1917 at Topeka. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1917 as the 130th Field Artillery and assigned to the 35th Division. Demobilized 11 May 1919 at Camp Funston, Kansas. Reconstituted 5 August 1919 in the Kansas National Guard as the 1st Field Artillery. Reorganized July 1920–April 1922 in eastern Kansas. Redesignated 4 November 1921 as the 130th Field Artillery and assigned to the 35th Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 18 April 1922 at Topeka. (Location of Headquarters changed 12 March 1926 to Lawrence; on 27 April 1926 to Hutchinson; and on 18 November 1940 to Topeka.) Inducted into Federal service 23 December 1940 at home stations. Regiment broken up 3 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery disbanded; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 130th and 154th Field Artillery Battalions, elements of the 35th Infantry Division.

130th Field Artillery Battalion relieved 27 January 1943 from assignment to the 35th Infantry Division. Inactivated 11 December 1945 at Camp Myles Standish, Massachusetts. Consolidated 22 June 1946 with Headquarters, 130th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Kansas National Guard) and consolidated unit redesignated as the 130th Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and Federally recognized 1 July 1947 with Headquarters at Hutchinson.

154th Field Artillery Battalion relieved 12 January 1943 from assignment to the 35th Infantry Division. Inactivated 1 January 1946 at Camp Stoneman, California. Reorganized and Federally recognized 8 July 1947 as an element of the 35th Infantry Division with Headquarters at Hiawatha.

130th Armored Field Artillery Battalion and the 154th Field Artillery Battalion consolidated 1 May 1959 to form the 130th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion and the 2d Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 35th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 14 February 1964 to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion and the 2d Battalion, an element of the 69th Infantry Brigade. Reorganized 15 December 1967 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 69th Infantry Brigade. (2d Battalion ordered into active Federal service 13 May 1968 at home stations; released 12 December 1969 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Redesignated 1 February 1972 as the 130th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 August 1977 to consist of the 2d Battalion. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Meuse-Argonne
- Alsace 1918
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Aleutian Islands
- European–African–Middle Eastern Theater, Streamer without inscription

DECORATIONS

None.

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131st FIELD ARTILLERY
(The Lost Battalion)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a fleur-de-lis within a diminished bordure or.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Texas Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a mullet argent encircled by a garland of live oak and olive proper.

Motto: We Play the Game.

Symbolism: The service of the 131st Field Artillery is indicated by the red shield. The fleur-de-lis symbolizes service in France in World War I. The diminished bordure indicates that the 131st Field Artillery was one of the younger members of its family—the 36th Division.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Texas)

Constituted 5 May 1917 in the Texas National Guard as the 2d Field Artillery. Organized June-July 1917 in north-central Texas. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 15 October 1917 as the 131st Field Artillery and assigned to the 36th Division. Demobilized 2 April 1919 at Camp Travis, Texas. Reorganized in 1922 in the Texas National Guard as the 131st Field Artillery and assigned to the 36th Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 10 November 1922 at Amarillo. Inducted into Federal service 25 November 1940 at home stations. Regiment broken up 1 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters disbanded; 1st Battalion as the 131st Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 36th Infantry Division; 2d Battalion relieved from assignment to the 36th Division (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

Headquarters, 131st Field Artillery, reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Texas National Guard. Reorganized and Federally recognized 14 May 1947 at Wichita Falls as Headquarters, 49th Armored Division Artillery. Ordered into active Federal service 15 October 1961 at Wichita Falls; released 9 August 1962 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.

131st Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 26 December 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Expanded and redesignated 2 July 1946 to form the 131st and 132d Field Artillery Battalions, elements of the 36th Infantry Division (132d Field Artillery Battalion—hereafter separate lineage). 131st Field Artillery Battalion reorganized and Federally recognized 20 February 1947 with Headquarters at Abilene.

2d Battalion, 131st Field Artillery, surrendered 12 March 1942 to the Japanese *16th Army*. Inactivated 2 April 1946 in the Pacific Theater. Redesignated 2 July 1946 as the 645th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 49th Armored Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 29 May 1947 with Headquarters at Wichita Falls.

131st Field Artillery Battalion and 645th Armored Field Artillery Battalion consolidated 16 March 1959 to form the 131st Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Rocket Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 36th Infantry Division, and the 2d Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 49th Armored Division. (2d Howitzer Battalion ordered into active Federal service 15 October 1961 at home stations; released 9 August 1962 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Reorganized 1 March 1963 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 36th Infantry Division, and the 2d and 3d Battalions, elements of the 49th Armored Division. Consolidated 15 January 1968 with Headquarters, 49th Armored Division Artillery (*see* above), and consolidated unit designated as the 131st Artillery, to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 72d Infantry Brigade. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 131st Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 November 1973 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 49th Armored Division. Withdrawn 4 March 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Federal recognition withdrawn 1 September 1992.

Reconstituted 1 September 1999 in the Texas Army National Guard as the 131st Field Artillery, a parent regiment under the United States Army Regimental System, to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 49th Armored Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Streamer without inscription

World War II
- Naples-Foggia (with arrowhead)
- Anzio
- Rome-Arno
- Southern France (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe
- East Indies

Battery A (San Antonio) and Battery B (Wichita Falls), 2d Battalion, each additionally entitled to:

World War I
Meuse-Argonne

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered DEFENSE OF THE PHILIPPINES (Military and naval forces of the United States and Philippine governments cited; WD GO 22, 1942, as amended by DA GO 46, 1948)

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered JAVA (2d Battalion, 131st Field Artillery, cited; WD GO 70, 1942, as amended by DA GO 51, 1948)

Battery A (San Antonio), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to: French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered VOSGES (Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 36th Division Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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133d FIELD ARTILLERY
(First Texas Artillery)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a bend azure fimbriated or between a fleur-de-lis and a Mexican sombrero of the last.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Texas Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a mullet argent encircled by a garland of live oak and olive proper.

Motto: *Dum Spiramus Tuebimur* (While We Breathe, We Shall Defend).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The blue bend, taken from the Dallas family coat of arms, represents the descent of an element of the organization from the Dallas Artillery Company, earlier known as the Queen City Guards. The sombrero is symbolic of the Mexican border; the fleur-de-lis, service in France.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Texas)

Organized 20 September 1899 in the Texas Volunteer Guard at El Paso as the Border Rifles and assigned to the 4th Infantry Regiment as Company B. (Texas Volunteer Guard redesignated 1 July 1903 as the Texas National Guard.) Expanded 18 July 1905 to form Companies B and K, 4th Infantry Regiment (Company B—hereafter separate lineage). Company K, 4th Infantry Regiment, mustered into Federal service 18 May 1916; mustered out of Federal service 24 March 1917. Mustered into Federal service 11 April 1917; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 15 October 1917 as Company G, 144th Infantry, an element of the 36th Division. Demobilized 21 June 1919 at Camp Bowie, Texas. Expanded, reorganized, and Federally recognized 11 May 1922 in the Texas National Guard as the 2d Battalion, 141st Infantry, an element of the 36th Division (later redesignated as the 36th Infantry Division), with Headquarters at El Paso. Inducted into Federal service 25 November 1940 at home stations. Inactivated 22 November 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia.

Relieved 2 December 1946 from assignment to the 36th Infantry Division; concurrently converted (less Companies F and G), reorganized, and Federally recognized 2 December 1946 as the 696th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion, with Headquarters at El Paso (Companies F and G, 141st Infantry—hereafter separate lineages). Redesignated 1 May 1949 as the 136th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion and assigned to the 36th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 136th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion.

Consolidated 16 March 1959 with the 132d (*see* ANNEX 1), 133d (*see* ANNEX 2), and 155th (*see* ANNEX 3) Field Artillery Battalions to form the 133d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, and 5th Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 36th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 March 1963 to consist of the 2d, 3d, 4th, and 5th Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 36th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 November 1965 to consist of the 2d, 3d, and 5th Battalions, elements of the 36th Infantry Division, and the 4th Battalion, an element of the 36th Infantry Brigade. Reorganized 15 January 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 71st Airborne Brigade, the 3d Battalion, and the 4th Battalion, an element of the 36th Infantry Brigade. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 133d Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 November 1973 to consist of the 1st, 3d, and 4th Battalions, elements of the 49th Armored Division. Reorganized 1 September 1979 to consist of the 1st, 3d, and 4th Battalions and Battery E, elements of the 49th Armored Division. Withdrawn 4 March 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 September 1999 to consist of the 1st, 3d, and 4th Battalions, elements of the 49th Armored Division.

ANNEX 1

Constituted 5 May 1917 in the Texas National Guard as the 1st Battalion, 2d Field Artillery. Organized June-July 1917 in north-central Texas. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 15 October 1917 as the 1st Battalion, 131st Field Artillery, an element of the 36th Division. Demobilized 2 April 1919 at Camp Travis, Texas. Reorganized in 1922 in the Texas National Guard as the 1st Battalion, 131st Field Artillery, an element of the 36th Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 29 October 1922 at Plainview. Inducted into Federal service 25 November 1940 at home stations. Reorganized and redesignated 9 February 1942 as the 131st Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 36th Infantry Division. Inactivated 26 December 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Expanded 2 July 1946 to form the 131st and 132d Field Artillery Battalions, elements of the 36th Infantry Division (131st Field Artillery Battalion—hereafter separate linage). 132d Field Artillery Battalion reorganized and Federally recognized 10 July 1947 in western Texas with Headquarters at Lubbock.

ANNEX 2

Organized in 1922 in the Texas National Guard from new and existing units as the 2d Battalion, 132d Field Artillery, an element of the 36th Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 28 January 1923 at Corsicana. Inducted into Federal service

25 November 1940 at home stations. Reorganized and redesignated 9 February 1942 as the 155th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 36th Infantry Division. Redesignated 5 November 1942 as the 133d Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 18 December 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Reorganized and Federally recognized 12 May 1947 with Headquarters at Corsicana.

ANNEX 3

Constituted 5 May 1917 in the Texas National Guard as the 1st Field Artillery. Organized 4 June 1917 with Headquarters at Dallas. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 15 October 1917 as the 133d Field Artillery and assigned to the 36th Division. Demobilized 2 April 1919 at Camp Bowie, Texas. Reorganized 1 June 1936 in the Texas National Guard as the 133d Field Artillery and assigned to the 36th Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 9 July 1936 at San Antonio. Inducted into Federal service 25 November 1940 at home stations. Headquarters, 133d Field Artillery, disbanded 9 February 1942; 1st Battalion concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 133d Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 36th Infantry Division (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

133d Field Artillery Battalion redesignated 5 November 1942 as the 155th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 18 December 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Expanded 2 July 1946 to form the 155th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 36th Infantry Division, and the 749th Armored Ordnance Battalion, an element of the 49th Armored Division (749th Armored Ordnance Battalion—hereafter separate lineage). 155th Field Artillery Battalion consolidated with Headquarters, 133d Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Texas National Guard), and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized 10 February 1947 in central Texas as the 155th Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at New Braunfels.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Meuse-Argonne

World War II
- Naples-Foggia (with arrowhead)
- Anzio
- Rome-Arno
- Southern France (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Battery B (Port Arthur), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War I
St. Mihiel

World War II–AP
Silver band without campaign inscription

Battery C (Lufkin), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
Leyte (with arrowhead)
Ryukyus (with arrowhead)

Battery B (Seguin), 4th Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
India-Burma
Central Burma

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered COLMAR POCKET (2d Battalion, 141st Infantry, cited; WD GO 56, 1946)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered VOSGES (131st, 133d, and 155th Field Artillery Battalions and 141st Infantry cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Headquarters Battery (Beaumont), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered ALSACE (1st Battalion, 143d Infantry, cited; WD GO 1, 1947)

Battery B (Port Arthur), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BRIEYERES (111th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; WD GO 56, 1946)

Battery C (Lufkin), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (170th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Headquarters Battery (New Braunfels), 4th Battalion, additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered RIVIERA (1st Battalion, 141st Infantry, cited; WD GO 7, 1947) and Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered EUROPEAN THEATER (Service Battery, 133d Field Artillery Battalion, cited; GO 187, 36th Infantry Division, 21 May 1945)

Battery C (Corpus Christi), 4th Battalion, additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered SALERNO (3d Battalion, 141st Infantry, cited; WD GO 16, 1944)

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134th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, on the dexter arm of a saltier azure fimbriated or three alerions argent.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Ohio Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a sheaf of seventeen arrows argent bound by a spring of buckeye (*Aesculus glabra*) fructed proper (two leaves with bursting burr).

Motto: *Fides et Audax* (Faithful and Bold).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The saltier represents Civil War service and is blue to indicate that the service was with the Union forces. The three alerions are taken from the arms of Lorraine to denote World War I service in that Department. This coat of arms was also used by the 135th Field Artillery indicative of the common history shared by both organizations.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Ohio)

Organized 6 July 1839 in the Ohio Militia at Cleveland as the Gun Section, Cleveland Grays, Sergeant D.L. Wood commanding. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated in 1845 as the Cleveland Light Artillery, Captain D.L. Wood commanding. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 1 August 1860 as the 1st Regiment, Ohio Light Artillery, Colonel James Barnett commanding. Mustered into Federal service 21 April 1861; mustered out of Federal service 27 July 1861 at Columbus. Reorganized and mustered into Federal service by batteries 6 September–3 December 1861; mustered out of Federal service by batteries 16 December 1864–31 August 1865 and continued in state service as independent artillery batteries. Reorganized 6 May 1886 in the Ohio National Guard as the 1st Regiment Light Artillery. Elements of the regiment reorganized and redesignated 3 May 1898 as the 1st Battalion, Ohio Volunteer Artillery (remainder of regiment converted to cavalry and infantry). 1st Battalion, Ohio Volunteer Artillery, mustered into Federal service 11 May 1898; mustered out of Federal service 21–23 October 1898 at Columbus and resumed state status as the 1st Regiment

Light Artillery. Regiment disbanded 14 April 1899 with elements continuing as unattached batteries. Reorganized 23 September 1911 as the 1st Battalion, Ohio Light Artillery. Mustered into Federal service 5 July 1916 at Camp Willis, Ohio. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 4 May 1917 as the 1st Field Artillery. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 15 September 1917 as the 134th Field Artillery and assigned to the 37th Division. Demobilized 9 April 1919 at Camp Sherman, Ohio. Reorganized 4 August 1919 in the Ohio National Guard as the 1st Field Artillery. Redesignated in 1920 as the 134th Field Artillery and assigned to the 37th Division. Expanded 1 July 1921 to form the 134th and 135th Field Artillery.

Headquarters, 134th Field Artillery, Federally recognized 5 May 1922 at Columbus. Regiment inducted into Federal service 15 October 1940 at home stations. Reorganized and redesignated 16 January 1942 as the 134th Field Artillery Battalion (concurrently relieved from assignment to the 37th Division) and the 140th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 37th Infantry Division. 134th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 13 October 1945 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina; 140th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 18 December 1945 at Camp Anza, California. 134th and 140th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 22 November 1946 with Headquarters, 134th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Ohio National Guard) and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized as the 174th Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at Columbus. Consolidated 1 September 1959 with the 134th Field Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX 1) to form the 134th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 37th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions, elements of the 37th Infantry Division. Regiment broken up 15 February 1968 as various units in the Ohio Army National Guard.

Headquarters, 135th Field Artillery, Federally recognized 1 February 1922 at Cleveland. Regiment inducted into Federal service 15 October 1940 at home stations. Regiment (less 2d Battalion) reorganized and redesignated 16 January 1942 as the 135th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 37th Infantry Division; 2d Battalion concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 1st Battalion, 174th Field Artillery, and relieved from assignment to the 37th Division. 135th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 13–18 December 1945 at Camp Anza, California. Expanded, reorganized, and Federally recognized 21 November 1946 and 9 July 1947 as the 135th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 37th Infantry Division, with Headquarters at Cleveland, and the 987th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, with Headquarters at Canton.

135th Field Artillery Battalion ordered into active Federal service 15 January 1952 at home stations. (135th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 15 January 1954 with Headquarters at Cleveland.) Released 15 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 135th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

987th Armored Field Artillery Battalion ordered into active Federal service 14 August 1950 at home stations. Reorganized and redesignated 27 September 1952 as the 987th Field Artillery Battalion. Released 28 September 1954 from

active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 987th Field Artillery Battalion.

1st Battalion, 174th Field Artillery reorganized and redesignated 25 February 1943 as the 174th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 23 December 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Reorganized and Federally recognized 20 November 1946 as the 140th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 37th Infantry Division, with Headquarters at Toledo. Ordered into active Federal service 15 January 1952 at home stations. (140th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 15 January 1954 with Headquarters at Toledo.) Released 15 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 140th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

135th, 140th, and 987th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 September 1959 to form the 135th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 37th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 37th Infantry Division. Regiment broken up 15 February–1 May 1968 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as the Howitzer Batteries, 1st and 2d Squadrons, 107th Armored Cavalry. Batteries consolidated 1 May 1977 to form the Howitzer Battery, 3d Squadron, 107th Armored Cavalry.

Former elements of the 134th Artillery and the Howitzer Battery, 3d Squadron, 107th Armored Cavalry, consolidated 2 September 1993 with the 136th Field Artillery (*see* ANNEX 2) to form the 134th Field Artillery, a parent regiment under the United States Army Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 38th Infantry Division. Reorganized 3 December 1999 to consist of the 1st Battalion and Battery F, elements of the 38th Infantry Division.

ANNEX 1

Constituted 7 May 1877 in the Ohio National Guard as unattached cavalry troops and organized from new and existing units as follows: 1st Troop (organized 27 January 1876 at Cincinnati as the Washington Dragoons); 2d Troop (organized 31 June 1876 at Hillsboro as the Scott Dragoons); and 3d Troop (organized 30 July 1877 at Shelby. 1st Troop disbanded 28 January 1879 at Cincinnati; 2d and 3d Troops disbanded 1882–1883 at Hillsboro and Shelby. 1st Cleveland Troop organized 28 April 1886 at Cleveland. Redesignated in 1895 as Troop A (1st Cleveland Troop). Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 3 May 1898 as Troops A, B, and C, 1st Ohio Volunteer Cavalry (remainder of regiment organized from new and existing units). 1st Ohio Volunteer Cavalry mustered into Federal service 11 May 1898 at Camp Bushnell, Ohio; mustered out of Federal service 22–24 October 1898 at Cleveland. Former Troop A (1st Cleveland Troop) reorganized 14 April 1899 in the Ohio National Guard at Cleveland; Troop B reorganized 12 December 1902 in the Ohio National Guard at Columbus. Reorganized 25 July 1910 as the 1st Cavalry Squadron with Headquarters at Cleveland (Troops C and D organized in 1911 at Cincinnati and Toledo, respectively). Mustered into Federal service 6 July 1916 at Columbus; mustered out of Federal service 28 February 1917 at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana.

Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 23 May 1917 as the 2d and 3d Field Artillery. 2d and 3d Field Artillery mustered into Federal service 15 July 1917 at Cleveland and Youngstown, respectively; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 15 September 1917 as the 135th and 136th Field Artillery, respectively, and assigned to the 37th Division. 135th and 136th Field Artillery demobilized 10 April 1919 at Camp Sherman, Ohio.

Converted and reorganized 20 October 1919–18 November 1920 in the Ohio National Guard as the 1st Cavalry; Headquarters Federally recognized at Cincinnati. Redesignated 1 July 1921 as the 107th Cavalry and assigned to the 22d Cavalry Division. (Location of Headquarters changed 10 May 1927 to Cleveland.) Consolidated 1 November 1940 with the 22d Reconnaissance Squadron (organized and Federally recognized 15 September 1939 with Headquarters at Cincinnati) and consolidated unit designated as the 107th Cavalry; concurrently relieved from assignment to the 22d Cavalry Division. Inducted into Federal service 5 May 1941 at home stations. 1st Squadron, 107th Cavalry, reorganized and redesignated 1 January 1944 as the 22d Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron, Mechanized (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages). 22d Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron, Mechanized, inactivated 15 August 1944 at Camp Gruber, Oklahoma.

Reorganized and Federally recognized 23 January 1947 as the 134th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 37th Infantry Division, with Headquarters at Cincinnati. Ordered into active Federal service 15 January 1952 at home stations. (134th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 15 January 1954 with Headquarters at Cincinnati.) Released 15 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 134th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

ANNEX 2

Constituted 25 June 1936 in the Ohio National Guard as the 136th Field Artillery and assigned to the 37th Division. Organized and Federally recognized 1 April 1937 with Headquarters at Columbus. Inducted into Federal service 15 October 1940 at home stations. Regiment (less 1st Battalion) reorganized and redesignated 16 January 1942 as the 174th Field Artillery (less 1st Battalion) and relieved from assignment to the 37th Division; 1st Battalion concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 136th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 37th Infantry Division.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 174th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 25 February 1943 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 174th Field Artillery Group. Inactivated 25 October 1945 at Camp Myles Standish, Massachusetts.

2d Battalion, 174th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 25 February 1943 as the 987th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 27 October 1945 at Camp Cooke, California.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 174th Field Artillery Group, and the 136th and 987th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated, reorganized, and Federally recognized 10 December 1946 as the 136th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 37th Infantry Division, with Headquarters at Dayton. Ordered into active

Federal service 15 January 1952 at home stations. (136th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 15 January 1954 with Headquarters at Dayton.) Released 15 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 136th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

Reorganized and redesignated 1 September 1959 as the 136th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Rocket Howitzer Battalion and the 2d Howitzer Battalion, elements of the 37th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions, elements of the 37th Infantry Division. Reorganized 15 February 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 38th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 136th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 March 1977 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 73d Infantry Brigade (later redesignated as the 37th Infantry Brigade). Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 September 1993 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 38th Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Civil War
- Shiloh
- Valley
- Manassas
- Fredericksburg
- Murfreesborough
- Chancellorsville
- Gettysburg
- Chickamauga
- Chattanooga
- Atlanta
- Franklin
- Nashville
- Kentucky 1862
- Mississippi 1862
- Tennessee 1862
- Tennessee 1863
- Tennessee 1864
- Virginia 1862
- Georgia 1864

World War I
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Normandy (with arrowhead)
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe
- New Guinea
- Northern Solomons
- Luzon (with arrowhead)

Korean War
- First UN Counteroffensive
- CCF Spring Offensive
- UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

Battery A (Marion), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War I
- Ypres-Lys
- Meuse-Argonne

DECORATIONS

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered KOREA 1952–1953 (987th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 21, 1953)

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 174th Field Artillery Group, and 136th and 140th Field Artillery Battalions cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Headquarters Battery (Columbus), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered MANILA (637th Tank Destroyer Battalion cited; WD GO 13, 1946)

Battery C (Piqua), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at St. Vith (987th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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138th FIELD ARTILLERY
(Louisville Legion)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Or, a Kentucky cardinal (*Cardinalis cardinalis*) proper perched on a twig vert; on a chief azure four mullets of the field.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Kentucky Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and azure, within a garland of trumpet vine clasped hands clothed at the wrists proper.

Motto: *Arma Parato Fero* (I Carry Arms in Readiness).

Symbolism: The four mullets represent four wars—Mexican, Civil, War with Spain, and World War I—in which the regiment has participated; the chief azure is symbolic of its history as an infantry organization, and the Kentucky cardinal is emblematic of the state of Kentucky and of the regiment's history as an artillery unit.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Kentucky)

Constituted 21 January 1839 in the Kentucky Militia as the Louisville Legion and organized at Louisville. Mustered into Federal service 17 May 1846 as the 1st Kentucky Volunteer Infantry Regiment; mustered out of Federal service 17 May 1847 at New Orleans, Louisiana. Reorganized 30 June 1851 in the Kentucky Volunteer Militia at Louisville as the Louisville Legion. Reorganized 7 May 1860 in the Kentucky State Guard as the 1st Infantry Regiment (Louisville Legion) to consist of the Louisville Battalion and the Marion Rifle Battalion. 1st Infantry Regiment reorganized in July 1861 at Camp Joe Holt, Indiana, with men of Union sympathy, as the 3d Kentucky Volunteer Infantry Regiment (Louisville Legion). Mustered into Federal service 9 September 1861 as the 5th Kentucky Volunteer Infantry Regiment (Louisville Legion); mustered out of Federal service in September 1864 at Louisville. Reorganized 15 October 1878 in the Kentucky State Guard at Louisville as the 1st Battalion (Louisville Legion). Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated in 1883 as

the 1st Regiment of Infantry (Louisville Legion). Mustered into Federal service 1–10 June 1898 at Lexington as the 1st Kentucky Volunteer Infantry (Louisville Legion); mustered out of Federal service 24 February 1899 at Louisville. Reorganized 31 July 1899 in the Kentucky State Guard at Louisville as the 1st Regiment of Infantry (Louisville Legion). Mustered out of state service 27 November 1900 at Louisville. Reorganized 27 May 1904 in the Kentucky State Guard at Louisville as the 1st Regiment of Infantry (Louisville Legion). (Kentucky State Guard redesignated 19 March 1912 as the Kentucky National Guard.) Mustered into Federal service 25 June 1916 at Fort Thomas, Kentucky. (Company A mustered out of Federal service in February 1917 at Fort Thomas, Kentucky; mustered into Federal service 8 May 1917 at Camp Stanley, Kentucky.) Regiment drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917.

Converted and redesignated 9 October 1917 as the 138th Field Artillery and assigned to the 38th Division. Demobilized 8 January 1919 at Camp Zachary Taylor, Kentucky. Reorganized 1921–1922 in the Kentucky National Guard at Louisville as the 138th Field Artillery and assigned to the 38th Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 30 June 1922 at Louisville. Inducted into Federal service 17 January 1941 at Louisville. (Antiaircraft and Antitank Platoons of Headquarters Batteries, 1st and 2d Battalions, consolidated, converted, and redesignated 15 December 1941 as Company A, 638th Tank Destroyer Battalion, and relieved from assignment to the 38th Division [*see below*].) Regiment broken up 1 March 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery disbanded; 1st Battalion as the 138th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 38th Infantry Division; 2d Battalion as the 198th Field Artillery Battalion and relieved from assignment to the 38th Division.

138th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 1 November 1945 at Camp Anza, California. Relieved 13 May 1946 from assignment to the 38th Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 24 September 1946 at Louisville.

198th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 21 January 1946 at Camp Anza, California. Reorganized and Federally recognized 4 November 1947 at Louisville. Ordered into active Federal service 1 May 1951 at Louisville. (198th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 1 May 1953 with Headquarters at Louisville.) Released 2 December 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 198th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

Company A, 638th Tank Destroyer Battalion, inactivated 7 November 1945 at Fort Benning, Georgia. Expanded, converted, and redesignated 5 August 1946 as the 452d Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and Federally recognized 4 November 1947 at Louisville. Reorganized and redesignated 1 September 1949 as the 452d Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Ordered into active Federal service 11 September 1950 at Louisville. (452d Armored Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 21 September 1952 with Headquarters at Louisville.) Released 17 January 1955 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 452d Armored Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

138th and 198th Field Artillery Battalions and the 452d Armored Field Artillery Battalion consolidated 1 October 1959 with Headquarters, 138th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Kentucky National Guard), 441st and 623d

Field Artillery Battalions (*see* ANNEX 1), and the 640th Field Artillery Battalion (organized and Federally recognized 1 May 1955 with Headquarters at Lexington) to form the 138th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th Howitzer Battalions, 5th Observation Battalion, and Battery A. Reorganized 1 September 1961 to consist of the 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th Howitzer Battalions, 5th Target Acquisition Battalion, and Battery A. Reorganized 1 December 1965 to consist of the 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th Howitzer Battalions, 5th Battalion, and Battery A. Reorganized 1 March 1966 to consist of the 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th Howitzer Battalions, 5th Battalion, and Batteries A and F. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Howitzer Battalions, 4th and 5th Battalions, and Batteries A and F. Reorganized 1 March 1968 to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions, 4th and 5th Battalions, and Batteries A and F. Reorganized 1 May 1968 to consist of the 2d, 4th, and 5th Battalions and Battery A. (2d Battalion ordered into active military service 13 May 1968 at home stations.) Reorganized 1 May 1969 to consist of the 2d and 5th Battalions and Battery A. (2d Battalion released 24 October 1969 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Redesignated 1 March 1972 as the 138th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 May 1974 to consist of the 2d Battalion. Reorganized 1 November 1980 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 149th Armored Brigade. Reorganized 1 November 1985 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 35th Infantry Division. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

ANNEX 1

Constituted 22 May 1846 in the Kentucky Militia as the 1st Kentucky Cavalry and the 2d Kentucky Volunteer Infantry. Organized from volunteers of the enrolled militia, principally from counties in central Kentucky, and mustered into Federal service 9 June 1846 at Louisville; mustered out of Federal service 7 and 9 June 1847, respectively, at New Orleans, Louisiana, and continued in state service as separate volunteer militia companies. Reorganized 15 June 1860 in the Kentucky State Guard as the Lexington Battalion, to include the Lexington Rifles (organized in 1857 by Captain John Hunt Morgan). Expanded 6 November 1860 to form the Lexington Battalion (to include the Lexington Rifles) and the Kentucky River Battalion.

Elements with Union sympathy reorganized April-June 1861 primarily as the 1st and 2d Kentucky Volunteer Infantry Regiments. Mustered into Federal service 4 and 13 June 1861, respectively, at Camp Clay, Ohio; mustered out of Federal service 18 and 19 June 1864, respectively, at Covington.

Elements with Confederate sympathy (less Lexington Rifles) reorganized in July 1861 as elements of the 1st Kentucky Brigade (The Orphan Brigade) and mustered into Confederate service at Camp Boone, Tennessee. Surrendered 4 May 1865 at Washington, Georgia.

Lexington Rifles withdrawn 20 September 1861 from the Kentucky State Guard, reorganized as a separate company of cavalry, and mustered into Confederate service at Bowling Green. Consolidated in October 1861 with two other cavalry companies to form Morgan's Squadron, Kentucky Cavalry. Expanded, reorganized,

and redesignated in June 1862 as the 2d Kentucky Cavalry Regiment (Morgan's Men). Surrendered 8 May 1865 near Woodstock, Georgia.

Former Lexington and Kentucky River Battalions reorganized 18 May 1881 in the Kentucky State Guard as the 3d Battalion with Headquarters at Lexington. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated in 1883 as the 2d Regiment of Infantry with Headquarters at Lexington. Mustered into Federal service 14–25 May 1898 at Lexington as the 2d Kentucky Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 31 October 1898 at Lexington. Reorganized 24 April 1899 in the Kentucky State Guard as the 1st Regiment of Infantry with Headquarters at Lexington. Redesignated 31 July 1899 as the 2d Regiment of Infantry. (Kentucky State Guard redesignated 19 March 1912 as the Kentucky National Guard.) Mustered into Federal service 25 June 1916 at Fort Thomas, Kentucky; mustered out of Federal service 15 February 1917 at Fort Thomas, Kentucky. Mustered into Federal service 21 April 1917 at Camp Stanley, Kentucky; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Consolidated 1 October 1917 with the 3d Regiment of Infantry (less 3d Battalion) (*see* ANNEX 2) and consolidated unit concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 149th Infantry and assigned to the 38th Division. Demobilized in January 1919 at Camp Zachary Taylor, Kentucky.

Former 2d and 3d Regiments of Infantry reorganized 1920–1921 in the Kentucky National Guard as the 1st Infantry and the 53d and 54th Machine Gun Squadrons (1st Infantry—hereafter separate lineage). 53d and 54th Machine Gun Squadrons consolidated 1 April 1929 to form the 123d Cavalry, with Headquarters at Louisville, and assigned to the 22d Cavalry Division. Relieved 1 November 1940 from assignment to the 22d Cavalry Division; regiment concurrently broken up and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Regiment (less 1st and 2d Squadrons) as the 106th Separate Battalion, Coast Artillery, with Headquarters at Frankfort; 1st and 2d Squadrons as the 103d Separate Battalion, Coast Artillery, with Headquarters at Louisville.

106th Separate Battalion, Coast Artillery, inducted into Federal service 6 January 1941 at home stations. Reorganized and redesignated 14 July 1944 as the 106th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion. Inactivated 3 December 1945 at Camp Shanks, New York. Reorganized and Federally recognized 29 January 1947 in south-central Kentucky as the 623d Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at Glasgow. Ordered into active Federal service 23 January 1951 at home stations. Reorganized and redesignated 5 March 1951 as the 623d Armored Field Artillery Battalion. (623d Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 23 January 1953 with Headquarters at Glasgow.) Released 18 March 1955 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 623d Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

103d Separate Battalion, Coast Artillery, inducted into Federal service 24 January 1941 at home stations. Reorganized and redesignated 13 November 1943 as the 103d Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion. Inactivated 1 December 1945 at Camp Shanks, New York. Redesignated 13 May 1946 as the 441st Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and Federally recognized 30 January 1947 in central Kentucky with Headquarters at Lexington. (Location of Headquarters changed 22 November 1953 to Richmond.)

ANNEX 2

Organized 8 May 1882 in the Kentucky State Guard in western Kentucky as the 4th Battalion with Headquarters at Bowling Green. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated in 1883 as the 3d Regiment of Infantry with Headquarters at Bowling Green.Mustered into Federal service 21–31 May 1898 at Lexington as the 3d Kentucky Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 16 May 1899 at Savannah, Georgia. Reorganized 10 October 1899 in the Kentucky State Guard as the 3d Regiment of Infantry with Headquarters at Bowling Green. (Kentucky State Guard redesignated 19 March 1912 as the Kentucky National Guard.) Mustered into Federal service 6 July 1916 at Fort Thomas, Kentucky; mustered out of Federal service 12–15 March 1917 at Fort Thomas, Kentucky. Mustered into Federal service 21 April 1917 at Camp Stanley, Kentucky; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Regiment (less 3d Battalion) consolidated 1 October 1917 with the 2d Regiment of Infantry (*see* ANNEX 1); 3d Battalion concurrently reorganized and redesignated as Companies A and B, 138th Machine Gun Battalion; Company F, 113th Ammunition Train, and Company B, 113th Engineer Regiment, elements of the 38th Division. All elements demobilized in January 1919 at Camp Zachary Taylor, Kentucky.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Mexican War
- Monterey
- Buena Vista

Civil War (Union service)
- Shiloh
- Murfreesborough
- Chickamauga
- Atlanta
- West Virginia 1861
- Mississippi 1862
- Kentucky 1862
- Kentucky 1864
- Tennessee 1863

Civil War (Confederate service)
- Henry and Donelson
- Shiloh
- Murfreesborough
- Chickamauga
- Atlanta
- Kentucky 1862
- Kentucky 1864
- Louisiana 1862
- Mississippi 1862
- Tennessee 1862
- Tennessee 1863
- Indiana 1863
- South Carolina 1865

War with Spain
- Puerto Rico

World War I
- Streamer without inscription

World War II
- New Guinea
- Leyte (with arrowhead)
- Luzon
- Ryukyus
- Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
- Tunisia
- Sicily (with arrowhead)
- Naples-Foggia (with arrowhead)
- Anzio (with arrowhead)
- Rome-Arno
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Southern France (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Korean War
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive

Battery C (Bardstown), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
- Bismarck Archipelago

DECORATIONS

Navy Unit Commendation, Streamer embroidered PANMUNJOM (623d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 38, 1957)

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (138th and 198th Field Artillery Battalions cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Battery C (Bardstown), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered PACIFIC THEATER (113th Ordnance Medium Maintenance Company cited; GO 11, U.S. Army Forces, Northern Solomons, 13 February 1945)

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139th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a chief embattled azure, and in base two palm trees proper, on a pile invected throughout argent, a broad arrow point to base of the second.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Indiana Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a demi-lion rampant argent holding in dexter paw a laurel branch vert.

Motto: *Arma Pacis Fulcra* (Arms Are the Supporters of Peace).

Symbolism: The embattlements refer to the castle walls of Europe and the organization's service in World War I. The invected pile simulates a cyclone, a sobriquet for the 38th Infantry Division to which the unit was assigned. The palms allude to the unit's service in the Asiatic-Pacific Theater during World War II, with participation in the New Guinea, Leyte, and Luzon campaigns. The arrow denotes the assault landing on Luzon, and the colors blue, white, and red refer to the Philippine Presidential Unit Citation awarded the unit.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield, crest, and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Indiana)

Constituted 1 May 1917 in the Indiana National Guard as the 4th Infantry. Organized May-June 1917 with Headquarters at Indianapolis. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917 at Indianapolis.

Converted and redesignated 1 October 1917 as the 139th Field Artillery and assigned to the 38th Division. Demobilized 16 January 1919 at Camp Benjamin Harrison, Indiana. Reorganized 1921–1923 in the Indiana National Guard as the 139th Field Artillery and assigned to the 38th Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 13 November 1922 at Indianapolis. Inducted into Federal service 17 January 1941 at home stations. Headquarters disbanded 1 March 1942; 1st and 2d Battalions concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 139th and 163d Field Artillery Battalions, elements of the 38th Infantry Division (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

139th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 1 November 1945 at Camp Anza, California. Consolidated 1 April 1947 with Headquarters, 139th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Indiana National Guard) and consolidated unit reorganized in central Indiana and Federally recognized as the 139th Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at Crawfordsville.

163d Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 1 November 1945 at Camp Anza, California. Reorganized and Federally recognized 12 May 1947 in southwestern Indiana with Headquarters at Evansville.

139th and 163d Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 February 1959 to form the 139th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions and the 3d Rocket Howitzer Battalion, elements of the 38th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 March 1963 to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Battalions, elements of the 38th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 December 1967 to consist of the 3d Battalion, an element of the 38th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 February 1972 as the 139th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 March 1977 to consist of the 3d Battalion and Battery E, elements of the 38th Infantry Division. Withdrawn 3 June 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. (Battery E ordered into active Federal service 2 November 1996 at Indianapolis; released 29 July 1997 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.)

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Streamer without inscription

World War II
New Guinea
Leyte
Luzon (with arrowhead)

DECORATIONS

Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1996–1997 (Battery E, 139th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 25, 2001)

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (139th and 163d Field Artillery Battalions cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Battery A (Lafayette), 3d Battalion, additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CABALLO ISLAND (Company E, 151st Infantry, cited; WD GO 66, 1945)

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141st FIELD ARTILLERY
(Washington Artillery)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a tiger's face or, affronté arraswise to dexter, langued of the first.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Louisiana Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a pelican in her piety affronté with three young in nest argent, armed and vulned proper.

Motto: Try Us.

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The tiger's face is as depicted on the standard carried by the organization throughout the Mexican War in 1846.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Louisiana)

Organized 7 September 1838 in the Louisiana Militia at New Orleans as the Washington Artillery Company. Reorganized and redesignated in 1841 as the 1st Company, Native Americans (also called the Native American Artillery). Attached in 1844 to the Washington Regiment as the Native American Artillery Company. Detached from the Washington Regiment and mustered into Federal service 19 August 1845 at New Orleans as a battery of Major Gally's Louisiana Light Artillery; mustered out of Federal service 12 November 1845 at New Orleans. Mustered into Federal service 5 May 1846 at New Orleans as Company A, Washington Regiment (Infantry); mustered out of Federal service 4 August 1846 at New Orleans. Redesignated in 1848 as the Washington Artillery Company.

Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 17 January 1861 as the Washington Artillery Battalion (four companies and a band formed by 28 March 1861). Mustered into Confederate service 26 May 1861 at New Orleans (a fifth company organized 27 May 1861 at New Orleans and mustered into Confederate service 6 March 1862 at New Orleans) and joined the Confederate Army in Tennessee. Surrendered (less 5th Company) 9 April 1865 at Appomattox, Virginia, with the Army of Northern Virginia; 5th Company surrendered 8 May 1865 near Meridian, Mississippi, with the Army of Tennessee. Reorganized 22 July 1875 at New

Orleans as an independent militia unit. Mustered into the Louisiana State National Guard 27 December 1879 as the Battalion, Washington Artillery. Mustered out of the Louisiana State National Guard 10 September 1888 and continued as an independent militia unit. Mustered into the Louisiana State National Guard 6 April 1893 as the Battalion, Washington Artillery. (While remaining in state service as the Battalion, Washington Artillery, furnished one composite battery [designated as Battery B, Louisiana Volunteer Field Artillery], which was mustered into Federal service 6 July 1898 at New Orleans and mustered out of Federal service 12 November 1898 at New Orleans.) Transferred 6 July 1904 to the Louisiana Reserve Militia as the Escort Guard of the Governor of Louisiana. Mustered into the Louisiana State National Guard 13 December 1909 as the Battalion, Washington Artillery. (Louisiana State National Guard redesignated in 1910 as the Louisiana National Guard.) Mustered into Federal service 27–28 June 1916 at Camp Stafford, Louisiana, as the 1st Battalion, Louisiana Field Artillery; mustered out of Federal service 28 February 1917 at New Orleans.

Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 20 April 1917 as the 1st Louisiana Field Artillery and mustered into Federal service at New Orleans. Reorganized and redesignated 27 September 1917 as the 141st Field Artillery and assigned to the 39th Division. Demobilized 3 May 1919 at Camp Shelby, Mississippi.

Reorganized and Federally recognized 4 November 1920 in the Louisiana National Guard at New Orleans as Battery A, Field Artillery. Expanded 31 August 1921 as Batteries A and B, Field Artillery. Redesignated 7 January 1922 as Batteries D and E, 141st Field Artillery, elements of the 39th Division. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 2 May 1922 as the 2d Battalion, 141st Field Artillery. Redesignated 18 July 1922 as the 1st Battalion, 141st Field Artillery. (141st Field Artillery relieved 1 July 1923 from assignment to the 39th Division and assigned to the 31st Division.) Reorganized and redesignated 1 September 1926 as the 167th Separate Battalion, Field Artillery, and relieved from assignment to the 31st Division. Redesignated 14 January 1927 as the 141st Separate Battalion, Field Artillery.

Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 6 June 1939 as the 141st Field Artillery. Inducted into Federal service 13 January 1941 at New Orleans. Regiment broken up 7 March 1943 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 141st Field Artillery Group; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 934th and 935th Field Artillery Battalions.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 141st Field Artillery Group, reorganized and redesignated 31 August 1943 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 141st Field Artillery Brigade. Reorganized and redesignated 10 October 1943 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, XIX Corps Artillery. Inactivated 5 September 1945 in France.

934th Field Artillery Battalion redesignated 30 July 1943 as the 141st Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 16 December 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Consolidated 8 November 1946 with Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, XIX Corps Artillery (see above), and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized at New Orleans as the 141st Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 39th Infantry Division.

935th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 26 October 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Reorganized and Federally recognized 8 November 1946 at New Orleans and assigned to the 39th Infantry Division.

141st and 935th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 July 1959 with Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 204th Antiaircraft Artillery Group (*see* ANNEX), 527th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX), and the 219th Antiaircraft Artillery Detachment (organized and Federally recognized 3 April 1951 at New Orleans) to form the 141st Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 39th Infantry Division, the 4th Automatic Weapons Battalion, and the 5th Detachment. Reorganized 1 May 1963 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions, elements of the 39th Infantry Division, and the 4th Howitzer Battalion. Reorganized 1 December 1967 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 256th Infantry Brigade. Reorganized 1 November 1971 to consist of the 1st Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 256th Infantry Brigade. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 141st Field Artillery to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 256th Infantry Brigade. Withdrawn 30 June 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. (1st Battalion ordered into active Federal service 30 November 1990 at New Orleans; released 20 April 1991 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.)

ANNEX

Organized 1921–1923 in the Louisiana National Guard as the 108th Cavalry (less 1st Squadron allotted 21 June 1922 to the Georgia National Guard) and assigned to the 23d Cavalry Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 10 November 1923 at New Orleans.

Converted and redesignated 6 October 1940 as the 105th Separate Battalion, Coast Artillery, and relieved from assignment to the 23d Cavalry Division. Inducted into Federal service 6 January 1941 at home stations. Redesignated 10 July 1942 as the 105th Coast Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 1 July 1944 as the 105th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion. Inactivated 15 September 1945 in Italy.

(Former elements of the 105th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion outside New Orleans reorganized and Federally recognized 11 April 1947 as the 105th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion—hereafter separate lineage.)

Former New Orleans elements of the 105th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion (less Headquarters and Headquarters Battery) reorganized and Federally recognized 23 May 1949 as the 527th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1949 as the 527th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1952 as the 527th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 527th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 105th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion, reorganized and Federally recognized 26 April 1949 at New

Orleans as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 204th Antiaircraft Artillery Group.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Mexican War
Streamer without inscription

Civil War (Confederate service)
First Manassas
Mississippi River
Peninsula
Shiloh
Second Manassas
Sharpsburg
Fredericksburg
Murfreesborough
Chancellorsville
Gettysburg
Chickamauga
Chattanooga
Atlanta
Cold Harbor
Petersburg
Franklin
Nashville
Appomattox
Kentucky 1862
Mississippi 1863
North Carolina 1864
Tennessee 1864
Virginia 1864
Alabama 1865

World War I
Streamer without inscription

World War II
Naples-Foggia
Anzio
Rome-Arno
Southern France (with arrowhead)
North Apennines
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

Headquarters Battery (New Orleans), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–EAME
Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
Tunisia
Sicily (with arrowhead)
Po Valley

Battery B (New Orleans), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–EAME
Normandy
Northern France

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered COLMAR (141st Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 44, 1945, as amended by WD GO 23, 1946)

Headquarters Battery (New Orleans), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered KASSERINE (105th Coast Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 65, 1955)

Batteries A, B, and C (New Orleans), 1st Battalion, each additionally entitled to: French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered CENTRAL ITALY (935th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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142d FIELD ARTILLERY
(Second Arkansas)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Or, on a pile gules between six gunstones pilewise above a Korean taeguk proper, a lozenge of the first bearing a fleur-de-lis of the second.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Arkansas Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, above two sprays of apple blossoms proper, a diamond argent charged with four mullets azure, one in upper point and three in lower, within a border of the last bearing twenty-five mullets of the second.

Motto: Try to Stop Us.

Symbolism: Scarlet and yellow (gold) are the colors used for artillery, and a gunstone is symbolic of a missile. The fleur-de-lis refers to the unit's service in France during World War I. The pile alludes to an arrowhead and with the fleur-de-lis represents the unit's assault landing in Southern France during World War II, the gunstones symbolizing the unit's participation in six other campaigns in Europe. The taeguk refers to the First UN Counteroffensive campaign in the Korean War, and the gunstones are again used to denote the six other Korean War campaigns. The lozenge simulates a diamond and refers to Arkansas, denoting the Army National Guard of the state.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Arkansas)

Organized 1893–1894 in the Arkansas State Guard as the 2d Regiment of Infantry with Headquarters at Newport. Consolidated in part with the 1st, 3d, and 4th Regiments of Infantry and mustered into Federal service 14–25 May 1898 at Little Rock as the 1st and 2d Arkansas Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 25 October 1898 and 25 February 1899 at Little Rock, Arkansas, and Anniston, Alabama, respectively. Former 2d Regiment of Infantry reorganized 1902–1903 in the Arkansas State Guard with Headquarters at Little Rock.

(Arkansas State Guard redesignated 31 March 1907 as the Arkansas National Guard. Mustered into Federal service 7–9 July 1916 at Fort Logan H. Roots, Arkansas; mustered out of Federal service 9 March 1917 at Fort Logan H. Roots, Arkansas. Mustered into Federal service 1 April 1917 at Camp Pike, Arkansas; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917.

Converted and redesignated 1 November 1917 as the 142d Field Artillery and assigned to the 39th Division. Demobilized 26 June 1919 at Camp Pike, Arkansas. Reorganized 1931–1937 in the Arkansas National Guard as the 142d Field Artillery; Headquarters Federally recognized 21 April 1936 at El Dorado. Inducted into Federal service 6 January 1941 at home stations. Headquarters and the 1st Battalion reorganized and redesignated 25 February 1943 as the 936th Field Artillery Battalion; 2d Battalion concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 937th Field Artillery Battalion (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

936th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 16 October 1945 in Italy. Reorganized and Federally recognized 24 October 1946 with Headquarters at Fayetteville. Ordered into active Federal service 19 August 1950 at home stations. (936th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 10 September 1952 with Headquarters at Fayetteville.) Released 10 November 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 936th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS). Ordered into active Federal service 24 September 1957 at home stations; released 23 October 1957 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.

937th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 25 October 1945 at Camp Myles Standish, Massachusetts. Reorganized and Federally recognized 23 October 1946 with Headquarters at Fort Smith. Ordered into active Federal service 19 August 1950 at home stations. (937th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 2 September 1952 with Headquarters at Fort Smith.) Released 26 November 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 937th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

936th and 937th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 June 1959 with the 151st Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX) to form the 142d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, and 5th Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 1 May 1963 to consist of the 1st, 2d, 4th, and 5th Howitzer Battalions, and the 3d Battalion, an element of the 39th Infantry Division. Reorganized 30 April 1964 to consist of the 1st and 5th Howitzer Battalions, 2d and 4th Battalions, and the 3d Battalion, an element of the 39th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 December 1967 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 142d Field Artillery. (1st Battalion and 2d Battalion [less Batteries A and C] ordered into active Federal service 2 June 1980 at home stations; released 3 June 1980 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Withdrawn 5 February 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. (1st and 2d Battalions ordered into active Federal service 21 November 1990 at home stations; released 22 and 21 May 1991, respectively, from active Federal service and reverted to state control.

ANNEX

Organized 2 September 1897 in the Arkansas State Guard at Harrison as Company A (Clendenin Rifles), 4th Regiment of Infantry. Redesignated 16 May 1898 as Company K, 2d Arkansas Volunteer Infantry, and mustered into Federal service at Little Rock; mustered out of Federal service 25 February 1899 at Anniston, Alabama. Reorganized in 1899 in the Arkansas State Guard at Harrison as Company F, 1st Regiment of Infantry. Redesignated in 1904 as Company C, 1st Regiment of Infantry. (Arkansas State Guard redesignated 31 March 1907 as the Arkansas National Guard.) Redesignated in 1911 as Company M, 2d Regiment of Infantry. Mustered into Federal service 6 July 1916 at Fort Logan H. Roots, Arkansas; mustered out of Federal service 9 March 1917 at Fort Logan H. Roots, Arkansas. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917.

Consolidated 1 November 1917 with Company B, 2d Regiment of Infantry (organized 1905–1910 at Fayetteville), and consolidated unit converted and redesignated as Battery B, 142d Field Artillery, an element of the 39th Division. Demobilized 26 June 1919 at Camp Pike, Arkansas. Former Company M, 2d Regiment of Infantry, reorganized and Federally recognized 5 December 1923 in the Arkansas National Guard at Harrison as the Service Battery, 206th Artillery (Coast Artillery Corps). Redesignated 22 April 1924 as the Service Battery, 206th Coast Artillery. Converted and redesignated 28 April 1937 as the Service Battery, 142d Field Artillery. Inducted into Federal service 6 January 1941 at Harrison. Reorganized and redesignated 25 February 1943 as the Service Battery, 936th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 16 October 1945 in Italy. Reorganized and Federally recognized 31 January 1947 at Harrison. Ordered into active Federal service 19 August 1950 at Harrison. (Service Battery, 936th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS], organized and Federally recognized 16 September 1952 at Harrison.) Released 10 November 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the Service Battery, 936th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

Reorganized and redesignated 30 November 1955 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 151st Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (organic elements concurrently organized from new and existing units). Ordered into active Federal service 24 September 1957 at home stations; released 23 October 1957 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Streamer without inscription

World War II
Naples-Foggia
Rome-Arno
Southern France (with arrowhead)
North Apennines
Rhineland
Central Europe
Po Valley

Korean War
First UN Counteroffensive
CCF Spring Offensive
UN Summer–Fall Offensive
Second Korean Winter
Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
Third Korean Winter
Korea, Summer 1953

Southwest Asia
Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Headquarters Battery (Fort Smith) and Battery C (Ozark), 2d Battalion, each entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered HONGCHON (Headquarters Battery and Battery C, 937th Field Artillery Battalion, cited; DA GO 72, 1951) and Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1952 (937th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 51, 1955)

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143d FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, in chief fesswise a sun in splendor of twelve spiked rays (the shoulder sleeve insignia of the 40th Infantry Division) and a fleur-de-lis or, in base a rattlesnake coiled to strike of the like.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the California Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, the setting sun behind a grizzly bear passant on a grassy field all proper.

Motto: *Facta Non Verba* (Deeds not Words).

Symbolism: The gold sun is the shoulder sleeve insignia of the 40th Infantry Division; the rattlesnake represents service on the Mexican border, and the fleur-de-lis service in France.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(California)

Organized 20 December 1912 from existing units in the California National Guard as the 1st Battalion of Field Artillery with Headquarters at Oakland. Mustered into Federal service 28 June 1916; mustered out of Federal service 21 December 1916–6 January 1917. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 3 August 1917 as the 1st Field Artillery Regiment. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 24 September 1917 as the 143d Field Artillery and assigned to the 40th Division. Demobilized 28 January 1919 at the Presidio of San Francisco, California. Reorganized 1 November 1921 in the California National Guard as the 1st Separate Battalion of Field Artillery with Headquarters at Oakland. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 1 July 1924 as the 143d Field Artillery and assigned to the 40th Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 30 July 1924 at Oakland. (Location of Headquarters changed 11 October 1928 to Stockton.) Inducted into Federal service 3 March 1941 at home stations. Headquarters and the 1st Battalion reorganized and redesignated 18 February 1942 as the 143d Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 40th Infantry Division; 2d Battalion concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 164th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 40th Infantry Division (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

143d Field Artillery Battalion relieved 1 September 1942 from assignment to the 40th Infantry Division and assigned to the 27th Infantry Division. Relieved 30 October 1942 from assignment to the 27th Infantry Division and assigned to the 40th Infantry Division. Inactivated 7 April 1946 at Camp Stoneman, California. Reorganized and Federally recognized 22 April 1947 as the 629th Field Artillery Battalion, with Headquarters at Alameda, and assigned to the 49th Infantry Division.

164th Field Artillery Battalion relieved 1 September 1942 from assignment to the 40th Infantry Division. Assigned 1 April 1943 to the 40th Infantry Division. Inactivated 7 April 1946 at Camp Stoneman, California. Reorganized and Federally recognized 18 February 1947 with Headquarters at Stockton and assigned to the 49th Infantry Division.

164th, 629th, 636th (*see* ANNEX 1), and 637th (organized and Federally recognized 17 February 1947 with Headquarters at San Jose as an element of the 49th Infantry Division) Field Artillery Battalions and the 149th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX 2) consolidated 1 May 1959 to form the 143d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Rocket Howitzer Battalion and the 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, and 6th Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 49th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 March 1963 to consist of the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, and 5th Battalions, elements of the 49th Infantry Division. Reorganized 4 December 1965 to consist of the 1st, 2d, 4th, and 5th Battalions, elements of the 49th Infantry Division, and the 3d Battalion, an element of the 49th Infantry Brigade. Reorganized 29 January 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion and the 3d Battalion, an element of the 49th Infantry Brigade. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 143d Field Artillery. Reorganized 13 January 1974 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 40th Infantry Division. Withdrawn 19 January 1988 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

ANNEX 1

Organized and Federally recognized 14 June 1926 in the California National Guard at Sacramento as Battery D, 143d Field Artillery, an element of the 40th Division. Inducted into Federal service 3 March 1941 at Sacramento. Reorganized and redesignated 18 February 1942 as Battery A, 164th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 40th Infantry Division. (164th Field Artillery Battalion relieved 1 September 1942 from assignment to the 40th Infantry Division; assigned 1 April 1943 to the 40th Infantry Division.) Inactivated 7 April 1946 at Camp Stoneman, California. Redesignated 5 August 1946 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 636th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 49th Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 18 September 1947 at Sacramento (organic elements subsequently organized from existing units).

ANNEX 2

Constituted 5 August 1946 in the California National Guard as the 681st Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion. Organized and Federally recognized 27 February 1947 with Headquarters at Belmont. (Location of Headquarters

changed 14 December 1947 to San Mateo.) Redesignated 1 February 1949 as the 149th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion and assigned to the 49th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 149th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Streamer without inscription

World War II
Bismarck Archipelago
Leyte
Luzon (with arrowhead)
Southern Philippines (with arrowhead)

Headquarters Battery (Walnut Creek), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
Aleutian Islands

World War II–EAME
Silver band without campaign inscription

Battery B (Woodland), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
Aleutian Islands
Eastern Mandates (with arrowhead)
Ryukyus

Battery C (Santa Maria), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–EAME
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

Korean War
Second Korean Winter
Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
Third Korean Winter
Korea, Summer 1953

Service Battery (Richmond), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

War with Spain
Manila

Philippine Insurrection
Manila

World War I
St. Mihiel
Meuse-Argonne

World War II–EAME
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Battery A (Lodi), Battery B (Woodland), and Service Battery (Richmond), 1st Battalion, each entitled to: Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (143d and 164th Field Artillery Battalions and 184th Infantry cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Battery C (Santa Maria), 1st Battalion, entitled to: Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1952–1953 (981st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 30, 1954)

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144th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per bend or and gules, in chief a fleur-de-lis of the second, in base a grizzly bear of the first passant.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the California Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, the setting sun behind a grizzly bear passant on a grassy field all proper.

Motto: *Contendimus* (We Fight).

Symbolism: The shield is red, the color of artillery, and yellow the color of artillery guidon markings. The fleur-de-lis represents service in France, and the bear alludes to the nickname of the organization.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(California)

Organized 3 August 1917 in the California National Guard at Santa Barbara as Battery C, 2d Field Artillery Regiment. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 24 September 1917 as Battery C, 144th Field Artillery, an element of the 40th Division. Demobilized 29 January 1919 at San Francisco. Reorganized and Federally recognized 27 May 1930 in the California National Guard at Santa Barbara as Battery E, 143d Field Artillery. Redesignated 14 April 1936 as Battery C, 196th Field Artillery. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 1 July 1936 as the 2d Battalion, 144th Field Artillery.

Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 21 August 1940 as the 144th Field Artillery with Headquarters at Santa Barbara. Inducted into Federal service 3 February 1941 at Santa Barbara. Regiment broken up 8 February 1943 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 144th Field Artillery Group; 2d Battalion as the 981st Field Artillery Battalion (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

981st Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 28 November 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 144th Field Artillery Group, inactivated 23 April 1946 in Europe.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 144th Field Artillery Group, and the 981st Field Artillery Battalion consolidated 25 June 1946; consolidated unit designated as the 981st Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 40th Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 17 December 1946 with Headquarters at Santa Barbara. Ordered into active Federal service 1 September 1950 at home stations. (981st Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 2 September 1952 with Headquarters at Santa Barbara.) Released 30 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 981st Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS). Reorganized and redesignated 1 July 1954 as the 225th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 40th Armored Division.

Consolidated 1 July 1959 with the 143d (*see* ANNEX 1), 214th (*see* ANNEX 2), and 215th (*see* ANNEX 3) Armored Field Artillery Battalions to form the 144th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Rocket Howitzer Battalion and the 2d, 3d, and 4th Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 40th Armored Division. Reorganized 1 March 1963 to consist of the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, and 5th Battalions, elements of the 40th Armored Division. Reorganized 29 January 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 40th Armored Brigade; the 2d Battalion; and the 3d Battalion, an element of the 40th Infantry Brigade. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 144th Field Artillery. Reorganized 13 January 1974 to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Battalions, elements of the 40th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 December 1976 to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Battalions and Battery F, elements of the 40th Infantry Division. Withdrawn 19 January 1988 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. (1st, 2d, and 3d Battalions ordered into active Federal service 1 May 1992 at home stations; released 9 May 1992 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Reorganized 1 December 1993 to consist of the 2d and 3d Battalions and Batteries D and F, elements of the 40th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 September 1997 to consist of the 1st Battalion and Batteries D and F, elements of the 40th Infantry Division.

ANNEX 1

Constituted 5 August 1946 in the California National Guard as the 143d Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 40th Infantry Division. Organized and Federally recognized 22 May 1947 with Headquarters at Santa Monica. Ordered into active Federal service 1 September 1950 at home stations. (143d Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 2 September 1952 with Headquarters at Culver City; location of Headquarters changed 6 October 1953 to Santa Monica.) Released 30 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 143d Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS). Reorganized and redesignated 1 July 1954 as the 143d Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 40th Armored Division.

ANNEX 2

Constituted 5 August 1946 in the California National Guard as the 625th Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 40th Infantry Division. Organized and

Federally recognized 18 June 1947 with Headquarters at Burbank. (Location of Headquarters changed 1 June 1950 to Van Nuys.) Ordered into active Federal service 1 September 1950 at home stations. (625th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 2 September 1952 with Headquarters at Van Nuys.) Released 30 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 625th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS). Reorganized and redesignated 1 July 1954 as the 214th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 40th Armored Division.

ANNEX 3

Constituted 5 August 1946 in the California National Guard as the 980th Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 40th Infantry Division. Organized and Federally recognized 22 April 1947 with Headquarters at Arcadia. Ordered into active Federal service 1 September 1950 at home stations. (980th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 2 September 1952 with Headquarters at Arcadia.) Released 30 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 980th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS). Reorganized and redesignated 1 July 1954 as the 215th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Streamer without inscription

World War II
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

Korean War
Second Korean Winter
Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
Third Korean Winter
Korea, Summer 1953

Battery C (Sylmar), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
Bismarck Archipelago
Luzon (with arrowhead)
Southern Philippines

DECORATIONS

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1952–1953 (143d, 625th, 980th, and 981st Field Artillery Battalions cited; DA GO 50, 1954; 143d and 981st Field Artillery Battalions cited; DA GO 30, 1954)

Battery C (Sylmar), 1st Battalion, entitled to: Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (160th Infantry cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

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145th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a fleur-de-lis or; on a canton of the first a castle of the second in front of a palm tree proper within a dovetailed bordure or.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Utah Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a beehive beset with seven bees all proper.

Motto: *Pro Deo, Pro Patria* (For God, For Country).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery; the gold fleur-de-lis commemorates the service of the 145th Field Artillery in France during World War I. The canton depicts the history of the 1st Field Artillery and the 1st Utah Cavalry, Utah National Guard. The castle and the palm tree on the red background represent the service of Batteries A and B, Utah Volunteer Artillery, in the War with Spain and Philippine Insurrection, respectively. The yellow (or gold) dovetailed border symbolizes the service of the 1st Utah Cavalry on the Mexican border, the canton denoting that the regiment is a descendant of these units.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Utah)

Constituted 8 March 1894 in the Utah National Guard as Light Battery A, Utah Artillery. Organized 26 March 1894 at Salt Lake City. Expanded into Batteries A and B, Utah Volunteer Artillery, and mustered into Federal service 9 May 1898 at Fort Douglas, Utah; mustered out of Federal service 16 August 1899 at the Presidio of San Francisco, California. Reorganized 20 August 1900 in the Utah National Guard at Salt Lake City as Company C, 1st Utah Infantry. Converted and redesignated 17 September 1900 as the 1st Battery, Field Artillery (later redesignated as Battery A). Mustered into Federal service 26 June 1916 at Fort Douglas, Utah; mustered out of Federal service 22 December 1916 at Fort Douglas, Utah.

Consolidated June-July 1917 with the 1st Utah Cavalry to form the 1st Field Artillery. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 3 October 1917 as the 145th Field Artillery and assigned to the 40th Division.

Demobilized 21–29 January 1919 at Logan. Reconstituted (less former 1st Utah Cavalry) 11 October 1921 in the Utah National Guard as the 145th Field Artillery and assigned to the 40th Division. Organized and Federally recognized 13 July 1923 with Headquarters at Salt Lake City. Inducted into Federal service 3 March 1941 at home stations. Relieved 18 February 1942 from assignment to the 40th Division. Regiment broken up 24 March–6 June 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery disbanded 6 June 1942; 1st Battalion on 24 March 1942 as the 213th Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 40th Infantry Division; 2d Battalion on 6 June 1942 as the 145th Field Artillery Battalion.

213th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 7 April 1946 at Camp Stoneman, California. Relieved 25 June 1946 from assignment to the 40th Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 11 December 1946 as the 204th Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at Logan. Ordered into active Federal service 19 August 1950 at home stations. (204th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 11 December 1952 with Headquarters at Logan.) Released 18 March 1955 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 204th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

145th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 26 January 1946 in Korea. Reorganized and Federally recognized 6 November 1947 with Headquarters at Provo. Ordered into active Federal service 3 September 1950 at home stations. (145th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 3 March 1953 with Headquarters at Provo.) Released 18 March 1955 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 145th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

Headquarters, 145th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Utah National Guard), and the 145th and 204th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 July 1959 to form the 145th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 30 April 1964 to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion and the 2d Battalion. Reorganized 1 December 1967 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 145th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Consolidated 1 October 1996 with the 140th Field Artillery (*see* ANNEX) and consolidated unit designated as the 145th Field Artillery to consist of the 1st Battalion.

ANNEX

Constituted 3 December 1941 in the Army of the United States as the 640th Tank Destroyer Battalion. Activated 19 December 1941 at Camp San Luis Obispo, California. Allotted 27 March 1942 to the Utah National Guard. Inactivated 11 January 1946 at Camp Anza, California.

Converted and redesignated 25 June 1946 as the 653d Field Artillery Observation Battalion. Organized and Federally recognized 4 November 1946 with Headquarters at Fort Douglas. Ordered into active Federal service 11 September 1950 at home stations. (653d Field Artillery Observation Battalion

[NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 1 October 1952 with Headquarters at Fort Douglas; redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 653d Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS].) Reorganized and redesignated 8 September 1953 as the 653d Field Artillery Battalion. Released 17 January 1955 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 653d Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

Reorganized and redesignated 1 July 1959 as the 140th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Observation Battalion. Reorganized 1 September 1961 to consist of the 1st Target Acquisition Battalion. Reorganized 15 December 1964 to consist of the 1st Target Acquisition Battalion and Battery F. Reorganized 1 December 1967 to consist of the 1st Battalion and Battery D. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 140th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 November 1978 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

War with Spain
- Manila

Philippine Insurrection
- Manila
- Malolos
- San Isidro

World War I
- Streamer without inscription

World War II
- Eastern Mandates
- Bismarck Archipelago
- Western Pacific
- Leyte
- Luzon (with arrowhead)
- Southern Philippines
- Ryukyus

Korean War
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (145th and 213th Field Artillery Battalions and 640th Tank Destroyer Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Battery B (Manti) and Battery C (Spanish Fork), 1st Battalion, each additionally entitled to: Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 1951–1952 (145th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 33, 1951, as amended by DA GO 41, 1955) and Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1952–1954 (145th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 82, 1954)

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146th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Parti per fess gules and argent, a fess similarly divided embattled azure and of the first fimbriated to chief or, in chief five fleurs-de-lis of the last, in base a scorpion bendways proper.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Washington Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, argent and azure, a raven with wings endorsed issuing out of a ducal coronet all proper.

Motto: Action Front.

Symbolism: The divisions of the shield are three, indicating service as follows: chief—five fleurs-de-lis on a red field to indicate service as field artillery in France and participation in five battles; base—scorpion on a white field to indicate service as infantry on the Mexican border; fess—the colors of the Philippine flag, red and blue, embattled to indicate participation in combat.

The crest is that of George Washington. The state of Washington was part of the Oregon Territory whose American title was established in 1846.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield, crest, and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Washington)

Organized 9 March 1886 and 7 April 1887 from existing companies in the Washington Territorial Militia as the 1st (west of the Cascade Mountains) and 2d (east of the Cascade Mountains) Regiments of Infantry. (Washington Territorial Militia redesignated 28 January 1888 as the Washington National Guard.) 2d Infantry Regiment reorganized and redesignated 23 July 1895 as the 1st Infantry Battalion; 1st Infantry Regiment reorganized and redesignated in 1897 as the 2d Infantry Battalion. Ten companies of the 1st and 2d Infantry Battalions mustered into Federal service 6–13 May 1898 at Tacoma as elements of the 1st Washington Volunteer Infantry and mustered out of Federal service 1 November 1899 at San Francisco, California; two companies of the 1st and 2d Infantry Battalions

mustered into Federal service 2–15 July 1898 at Tacoma as elements of the Independent Battalion, Washington Volunteer Infantry, and mustered out of Federal service 28 October 1898 at Vancouver Barracks, Washington. Elements of the former 1st and 2d Infantry Battalions consolidated 9 November 1899 with the 1st and 2d Infantry Regiments (organized in 1898 in the Washington National Guard) to form the 1st Infantry Regiment. Redesignated 15 May 1903 as the 2d Infantry Regiment. Mustered into Federal service 28 June 1916 at Camp Elmer M. Brown, Washington; mustered out of Federal service 8 October 1916 at American Lake. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Consolidated 19 September–20 October 1917 with elements of the 3d Infantry Regiment, District of Columbia National Guard, to form the 161st Infantry and assigned to the 41st Division. Demobilized 1–8 March 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey, and Camp Dodge, Iowa. Former 2d Infantry Regiment reorganized 1 January 1921 in the Washington National Guard as the 161st Infantry, with Headquarters at Spokane, and assigned to the 41st Division.

1st Battalion and Headquarters and Supply Company, 161st Infantry, consolidated 10 May 1921 with the former Washington National Guard field artillery battalion (*see* ANNEX) to form the 146th Field Artillery, with Headquarters at Seattle, and assigned to the 41st Division (remainder of 161st Infantry—hereafter separate lineage). 146th Field Artillery inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at home stations. Regiment broken up 17 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters disbanded; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 146th and 167th Field Artillery Battalions, elements of the 41st Infantry Division (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

Headquarters, 146th Field Artillery, reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Washington National Guard. Reorganized and Federally recognized 9 March 1948 at Seattle as Headquarters, 66th Field Artillery Group. Ordered into active Federal service 11 September 1950 at Seattle; released 10 July 1952 from active Federal service and reverted to state control. Federal recognition withdrawn 1 August 1952.

146th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 31 December 1945 in Japan. Reorganized and Federally recognized 13 May 1947 with Headquarters at Seattle.

167th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 31 December 1945 in Japan. Reorganized and Federally recognized 9 July 1947 at Vancouver.

Headquarters, 66th Field Artillery Group, and the 146th and 167th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 15 April 1959 to form the 146th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion and 2d Rocket Howitzer Battalion, elements of the 41st Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 March 1963 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions. Reorganized 1 January 1968 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 81st Infantry Brigade. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

ANNEX

Constituted in 1914 in the Washington National Guard as a Field Artillery Battalion. Assigned 18 July 1917 to the 41st Division. Battery A organized and drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917; remainder of battalion organized 25 September 1917 while in Federal service at Camp Greene, North Carolina, from personnel recruited for Washington National Guard Field Artillery. Consolidated 19 September 1917 with Headquarters Company, Supply Company, and 1st Battalion, 2d Infantry (Idaho National Guard), and Battery A, Field Artillery (New Mexico National Guard), to form the 146th Field Artillery and assigned to the 41st Division. Demobilized 28 June 1919 at Camp Lewis, Washington.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Philippine Insurrection
Manila
Luzon 1899

World War I
Champagne-Marne
Aisne-Marne
St. Mihiel
Meuse-Argonne
Champagne 1918

World War II
New Guinea (with arrowhead)
Luzon (with arrowhead)
Southern Philippines

DECORATIONS

Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1989–1990 (2d Battalion, 146th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 17, 1992)

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (146th and 167th Field Artillery Battalions cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

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147th FIELD ARTILLERY
(First South Dakota)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Parti per chevron reversed, gules and azure, a pairle argent between in chief a projectile palewise of the last charged with the insignia of the 32d Infantry Division proper (a red arrow with cross bar), a palm tree and a giant cactus, both or.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the South Dakota Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, argent and gules, a coyote statant proper.

Motto: *Pret et Volontiers* (Ready and Willing).

Symbolism: The shield is red and blue since the regiment has been both artillery and infantry. The charge in chief recalls service in World War I, and those in the lower part of the shield service in the Philippines and on the Mexican border.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(South Dakota)

Organized 1884–1885 in the Dakota Militia as the 2d Regiment. (Territory of Dakota divided 22 February 1889 into North Dakota and South Dakota by Act of Congress.) (Organized Militia of South Dakota redesignated 6 March 1893 as the South Dakota National Guard.) Redesignated 9 September 1893 as the 1st Regiment. Mustered into Federal service 12–19 May 1898 at Sioux Falls as the 1st South Dakota Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 5 October 1899 at the Presidio of San Francisco, California. Reorganized 11 April 1901 in the South Dakota State Guard as the 1st Regiment; 2d Regiment organized August 1901–August 1902. 1st and 2d Regiments reorganized and redesignated 17 March 1903 in the South Dakota National Guard as the 2d and 3d Regiments, respectively. 2d and 3d Regiments consolidated 16 May 1905 to form the 4th Infantry. Mustered into Federal service 30 June 1916; mustered out of Federal service 3 March 1917 at Fort Crook, Nebraska. Mustered into Federal service 15 July 1917 at Aberdeen; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917.

Consolidated 2 October 1917 with Batteries A and B, Oregon Field Artillery, to form the 147th Field Artillery and assigned to the 41st Division. Demobilized 23 May 1919 at Camp Dodge, Iowa. Former 4th Infantry reorganized in part in the South Dakota National Guard as the 147th Field Artillery with Headquarters Federally recognized 11 May 1922 at Pierre (remainder of regiment reorganized as the 2d Battalion, 136th Engineer Regiment—hereafter separate lineage). (Location of Headquarters changed 1 January 1928 to Vermillion, on 8 February 1938 to Rapid City, and on 14 February 1939 to Sioux Falls.) Inducted into Federal service 25 November 1940 at home stations. Regiment broken up 31 December 1943 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, I Corps Artillery; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 260th and 147th Field Artillery Battalions, respectively.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, I Corps Artillery, inactivated 31 May 1946 in Japan. 260th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 10 June 1945 on New Guinea. 147th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 17 January 1946 in Japan.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, I Corps Artillery, and the 260th and 147th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated, reorganized, and Federally recognized 16 February 1947 as the 147th Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at Sioux Falls. Ordered into active Federal service 1 September 1950 at home stations. (147th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 1 September 1952 with Headquarters at Sioux Falls.) Reorganized and redesignated 15 October 1953 as the 147th Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Released 10 October 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control as the 147th Field Artillery Battalion; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 147th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

Consolidated 21 October 1959 with the 260th (*see* ANNEX 1), 642d (*see* ANNEX 2), and 643d (*see* ANNEX 3) Field Artillery Battalions to form the 147th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th Howitzer Battalions. (1st Howitzer Battalion ordered into active Federal service 1 October 1961 at home stations; released 11 August 1962 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Reorganized 15 April 1963 to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 4 January 1968 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 147th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

ANNEX 1

Organized about 1884 in the Dakota Militia at Mitchell, Dakota Territory, as Company I, 2d Regiment. (Territory of Dakota divided 22 February 1889 into North Dakota and South Dakota by Act of Congress.) (Organized Militia of South Dakota redesignated 6 March 1893 as the South Dakota National Guard.) Redesignated 9 September 1893 as Company I, 1st Regiment. Mustered out of state service by May 1898 at Mitchell. Reorganized 7 May 1901 in the South Dakota State Guard at Mitchell as Company D, 1st Regiment. Reorganized and redesignated 17 March 1903 in the South Dakota National Guard as Company D, 2d Regiment. Redesignated 16 May 1905 as Company D, 4th Infantry. Redesignated

17 December 1909 as Company F, 4th Infantry. Mustered out of state service 19 July 1910 at Mitchell. Reorganized about 1914 in the South Dakota National Guard at Mitchell as Company F, 4th Infantry. Mustered into Federal service 30 June 1916; mustered out of Federal service 3 March 1917 at Fort Crook, Nebraska. Mustered into Federal service 15 July 1917 at Mitchell; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917.

Converted and redesignated 5 October 1917 as Company F, 116th Supply Train, an element of the 41st Division. Demobilized 19 February 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey.

Reorganized and Federally recognized 3 August 1921 in the South Dakota National Guard at Mitchell as Battery B, 147th Field Artillery. Inducted into Federal service 25 November 1940 at Mitchell. Reorganized and redesignated 31 December 1943 as Battery B, 260th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 10 June 1945 on New Guinea.

Reorganized and Federally recognized 18 December 1946 at Mitchell as Company B, 196th Infantry. Ordered into active Federal service 1 September 1950 at Mitchell. (Company B, 196th Infantry [NGUS], organized and Federally recognized 1 September 1952 at Mitchell.) Released 10 October 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from Company B, 196th Infantry (NGUS).

Converted and redesignated 15 September 1956 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 260th Field Artillery Battalion (organic elements concurrently organized from new and existing units).

ANNEX 2

Constituted 24 June 1946 in the South Dakota National Guard as Company G, 196th Infantry. Organized and Federally recognized 28 March 1947 at Redfield. Ordered into active Federal service 1 September 1950 at Redfield. (Company G, 196th Infantry [NGUS], organized and Federally recognized 1 September 1952 at Redfield.) Released 10 October 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from Company G, 196th Infantry (NGUS).

Converted and redesignated 15 September 1956 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 642d Field Artillery Battalion (organic elements concurrently organized from existing units).

ANNEX 3

Constituted 24 June 1946 in the South Dakota National Guard as the Antitank Company, 196th Infantry. Organized and Federally recognized 31 January 1946 at Webster. Reorganized and redesignated 24 February 1949 as the Tank Company, 196th Infantry. Ordered into active Federal service 1 September 1950 at Webster. (Tank Company, 196th Infantry [NGUS], organized and Federally recognized 1 September 1952 at Webster.) Released 10 October 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the Tank Company, 196th Infantry (NGUS).

Converted and redesignated 15 September 1956 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 643d Field Artillery Battalion (organic elements concurrently organized from new and existing units).

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Philippine Insurrection
Manila
Malolos

World War I
Alsace
Aisne-Marne
Oise-Aisne
Meuse-Argonne
Lorraine 1918
Champagne 1918

World War II
East Indies
New Guinea (with arrowhead)
Bismarck Archipelago
Luzon (with arrowhead)

Headquarters Battery (Watertown), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–EAME
Tunisia
Naples-Foggia
Anzio
Rome-Arno
North Apennines
Po Valley

DECORATIONS

French Croix de Guerre with Gilt Star, World War I, Streamer embroidered AISNE-MARNE, OISE-AISNE (147th Field Artillery cited; WD GO 11, 1924)

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, I Corps Artillery, and 147th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Headquarters Battery (Watertown), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered EUROPEAN THEATER (34th Signal Company cited; GO 151, 34th Infantry Division, 9 December 1944), and French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered BELVEDERE (34th Signal Company cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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148th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Azure, on a bend gules fimbriated or between a scorpion bendwise and a palm tree on a mount, five fleurs-de-lis, all of the like.

Crests: On wreaths of the colors, or and azure, the Army National Guard crests of Oregon, Idaho, and Utah in the order into which the states were admitted to the Union. Oregon: A semi-disc gules charged with the setting sun with twelve light rays or (the shoulder sleeve insignia of the 41st Infantry Division), behind a beaver sejant proper. Idaho: An elk's head caboshed proper. Utah: A beehive beset with seven bees, all proper.

Motto: Whenever, Wherever.

Symbolism: The shield is blue to recognize a former organization's infantry heritage. The palm tree symbolizes service of a former regiment as infantry in the Philippines and the scorpion service as infantry on the Mexican border. The five fleurs-de-lis on the red bend represent the five engagements of a former element as field artillery in France during World War I.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Idaho, Oregon, and Utah)

Organized 1 September 1989 from new and existing units in the Idaho, Nevada, and Oregon Army National Guard as the 148th Field Artillery, a parent regiment under the United States Army Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 116th Cavalry Brigade. Reorganized 1 June 1993 in the Idaho and Oregon Army National Guard to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 116th Cavalry Brigade. Reorganized 1 December 1996 in the Idaho, Oregon, and Utah Army National Guard to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 116th Cavalry Brigade.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Headquarters Battery (Pocatello, Idaho), 1st Battalion, entitled to:

World War II–EAME
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

World War II–AP
- Papua
- New Guinea (with arrowhead)
- Luzon
- Southern Philippines

Battery A (Blackfoot, Idaho), 1st Battalion, entitled to:

World War II–AP
- New Guinea
- Luzon (with arrowhead)
- Southern Philippines

Battery B (Logan, Utah), 1st Battalion, entitled to:

World War II–AP
- Bismarck Archipelago
- Luzon (with arrowhead)
- Southern Philippines

Korean War
- First UN Counteroffensive
- CCF Spring Offensive
- UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- Second Korean Winter
- UN Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

Battery C (Rigby, Idaho), 1st Battalion, entitled to:

World War II–EAME
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Korean War
- First UN Counteroffensive
- CCF Spring Offensive
- UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969

Service Battery (Idaho Falls, Idaho), 1st Battalion, entitled to:

World War II
Papua
New Guinea (with arrowhead)
Luzon (with arrowhead)
Southern Philippines

Korean War
First UN Counteroffensive
CCF Spring Offensive
UN Summer–Fall Offensive
Second Korean Winter
Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
Third Korean Winter
Korea, Summer 1953

Vietnam
Counteroffensive, Phase V
Counteroffensive, Phase VI
Tet 69/Counteroffensive
Summer–Fall 1969

DECORATIONS

Headquarters Battery (Pocatello, Idaho), 1st Battalion, entitled to: French Croix de Guerre with Silver Star, Streamer embroidered PONT-BROCARD (183d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950); Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (183d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950); and Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (116th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Battery A (Blackfoot, Idaho), 1st Battalion, entitled to: Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (41st Infantry Division cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Battery B (Logan, Utah), 1st Battalion, entitled to: Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (213th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950); Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered UIJONGBU CORRIDOR (204th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 20, 1953); and Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1901–1952 (204th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 33, 1953, as amended by DA GO 41, 1955)

Battery C (Rigby, Idaho), 1st Battalion, entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered KOREA 1953–1954 (116th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 22, 1954); Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (116th Engineer Battalion cited; DA GO 60, 1969); Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1952 (116th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 33, 1953, as amended by DA GO 41, 1955); and Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1952–1954 (116th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 82, 1954)

Service Battery (Idaho Falls, Idaho), 1st Battalion, entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered KOREA 1953–1954 (116th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 22, 1954); Meritorious Unit

Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (116th Engineer Battalion cited; DA GO 60, 1969); Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (116th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950); Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1952 (116th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 33, 1953, as amended by DA GO 41, 1955); and Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1952–1954 (116th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 82, 1954)

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150th FIELD ARTILLERY
(The Raiders)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules on a pale argent six mullets of the field below a fess archy enhanced in the colors of the rainbow, between in fess a castle and a rattlesnake coiled to strike, both or.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Indiana Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, argent and gules, demi-lion rampant argent, holding in dexter paw a laurel branch vert.

Motto: *Fide et Virtute* (With Faith and Valor).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The castle represents service during the War with Spain; the coiled snake, service on the Mexican border; the six mullets, the six major engagements and the rainbow the division (42d) in which the 150th Field Artillery saw service during World War I.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and crest of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Indiana)

Organized 22 November 1882 in the Indiana Legion from existing batteries as the 1st Regiment, Indiana Light Artillery. Reorganized and redesignated 18 July 1889 as the 1st Battalion, Light Artillery. (Indiana Legion redesignated 5 March 1895 as the Indiana National Guard.) (Battery A [Indianapolis] and Battery E [Fort Wayne] mustered into Federal service 10 and 12 May 1898 as the 27th and 28th Light Batteries, respectively; mustered out of Federal service 25 November and 21 November 1898, respectively, at Indianapolis.) Reorganized 20 July 1900 in the Indiana National Guard as the Artillery Battalion. Mustered into Federal service 28–30 June 1916; mustered out of Federal service 19 January 1917 at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana. Mustered into Federal service 2–3 July 1917. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 4 August 1917 as the 1st Field Artillery. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 14 August 1917 as the 150th Field Artillery and assigned to the 42d Division. Demobilized 9 May 1919 at Camp Zachary Taylor, Kentucky. Reorganized in 1921 in the Indiana

National Guard as the 1st Field Artillery. Redesignated 30 June 1921 as the 181st Field Artillery with Headquarters at Kokomo. Redesignated 27 February 1922 as the 150th Field Artillery. Assigned 16 March 1923 to the 38th Division. (Location of Headquarters changed 16 March 1936 to Indianapolis.) Inducted into Federal service 17 January 1941 at home stations. Regiment broken up 1 March 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters disbanded; Headquarters Battery as Headquarters and Service Company, 131st Engineer Regiment, and relieved from assignment to the 38th Division; 1st Battalion as the 150th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 38th Infantry Division; 2d Battalion as the 2d Battalion, 208th Field Artillery, and relieved from assignment to the 38th Division.

Headquarters and Service Company, 131st Engineer Regiment, reorganized and redesignated 15 May 1944 as Headquarters Company, 1129th Engineer Combat Group. Inactivated 28 February 1946 in Japan. Consolidated 24 June 1946 with Headquarters, 150th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Indiana National Guard) and the 150th Field Artillery Battalion (inactivated 1 November 1945 at Los Angeles, California) and consolidated unit designated as the 150th Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and Federally recognized 2 May 1947 with Headquarters at Kokomo.

2d Battalion, 208th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as the 989th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 17 February 1946 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Redesignated 24 June 1946 as the 524th Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 38th Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 28 July 1947 with Headquarters at Bloomington.

150th and 524th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 February 1959 to form the 150th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 38th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 March 1963 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions, elements of the 38th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 February 1972 as the 150th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 March 1977 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 38th Infantry Division. Withdrawn 1 November 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 September 1996 to consist of the 2d Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Champagne-Marne
- Aisne-Marne
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Lorraine 1918
- Champagne 1918

World War II
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe
- New Guinea
- Leyte
- Luzon

DECORATIONS

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (Headquarters Company, 1129th Engineer Combat Group, and 150th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

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151st FIELD ARTILLERY
(First Minnesota Heavy Artillery)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, on saltier azure fimbriated argent, two Indian arrows or behind a branch of prickly pear cactus vert, in chief issuing out of the ordinary rainbow proper behind a fleur-de-lis of the fourth.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Minnesota Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, argent and gules, a sheaf of wheat proper.

Motto: *En Avant* (Forward).

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The blue saltier indicates service in the Civil War, the arrows are for the last Indian uprising in the state, the cactus is for service on the Mexican border, the rainbow is for the 42d Division in World War I, and the fleur-de-lis is for France.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Minnesota)

Organized 1 September–8 October 1864 in the Minnesota Volunteers as the 1st Battalion, Heavy Artillery, and mustered into Federal service. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 25 February 1865 as the 1st Regiment of Heavy Artillery, Minnesota Volunteers. Mustered out of Federal service 27 September 1865.

Emmet Light Artillery Battery organized in 1881 in the Minnesota Volunteers at St. Paul. Consolidated in 1887 with the 1st Troop of Cavalry (organized at St. Paul) to form the Squadron of Mounted Troops and reorganized in the Minnesota National Guard.

(Artillery Platoon, Squadron of Mounted Troops, organized in 1888 in the Minnesota National Guard at Minneapolis; expanded, reorganized, and redesignated in April 1889 as the 2d [or Bennet's] Battery of Light Artillery.) Redesignated in April 1889 as the 1st Battalion of Mounted Troops. (Former 1st Troop of Cavalry disbanded 24 November 1891 at St. Paul.) Reorganized and redesignated 2 May 1893 as the 1st Battalion of Artillery. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 10 March 1913 as the 1st Field Artillery, with the 1st Battalion at St. Paul and the 2d

Battalion at Minneapolis. Mustered into Federal service 1–21 July 1916 at Fort Snelling, Minnesota; mustered out of Federal service 28 February 1917 at Fort Snelling, Minnesota. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 18 August 1917 as the 151st Field Artillery and assigned to the 42d Division. Demobilized 10 May 1919 at Camp Dodge, Iowa. Expanded in 1919 as the 1st Field Artillery and the 6th Infantry.

Minneapolis elements reorganized as the 1st Field Artillery; Headquarters Federally recognized 21 November 1921 as the 151st Field Artillery and assigned to the 34th Division. Inducted into Federal service 10 February 1941 at Minneapolis. Regiment broken up 1 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters disbanded; Headquarters Battery as the Pioneer Company, 634th Tank Destroyer Battalion, and relieved from assignment to the 34th Division; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 151st and 175th Field Artillery Battalions, elements of the 34th Infantry Division. Pioneer Company, 634th Tank Destroyer Battalion, reorganized and redesignated 31 May 1942 as the Reconnaissance Company, 634th Tank Destroyer Battalion; inactivated 29 November 1945 New York Port of Embarkation, New York. 151st and 175th Field Artillery Battalions inactivated 3 November 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. 151st and 175th (less Headquarters [*see* ANNEX]) Field Artillery Battalions, Reconnaissance Company, 634th Tank Destroyer Battalion, and Headquarters, 151st Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Minnesota National Guard) consolidated, reorganized, and Federally recognized 14 October 1946 as the 151st Field Artillery Battalion, with Headquarters at Minneapolis, and assigned to the 47th Infantry Division. Ordered into active Federal service 16 January 1951 at Minneapolis. (151st Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 16 January 1953 at Minneapolis.) Released 2 December 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 151st Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

St. Paul elements consolidated with the 1st and 15th Battalions, Minnesota Home Guard (organized in June 1917 and March 1918, respectively) to form the 6th Infantry; Headquarters Federally recognized 30 January 1919 at St. Paul. Reorganized and redesignated 1 December 1923 as the 206th Infantry (less 2d and 3d Battalions). Converted and redesignated 1 July 1940 as the 216th Coast Artillery (less 2d Battalion). Inducted into Federal service 6 January 1941 at home stations. 1st Battalion reorganized and redesignated 10 September 1943 as the 774th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages). 774th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion inactivated 8 June 1944 at Camp Howze, Texas. Disbanded 26 June 1944. Reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Minnesota National Guard. Reorganized and Federally recognized 24 October 1946 at St. Paul as the 256th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion and assigned to the 47th Infantry Division. Ordered into active Federal service 16 January 1951 at St. Paul. (256th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 16 January 1953 with Headquarters at St. Paul.) Reorganized and redesignated 20 May 1953 as the 256th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion. Released 2 December 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 256th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

151st Field Artillery Battalion and 256th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion consolidated 22 February 1959 to form the 151st Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions and the 3d Rocket Howitzer Battalion, elements of the 47th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st and 3d Battalions, elements of the 47th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 47th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 151st Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 April 1977 to consist of the 1st Battalion and Battery E, elements of the 47th Infantry Division. Withdrawn 30 November 1988 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 10 February 1991 to consist of the 1st Battalion and Battery E, elements of the 34th Infantry Division.

Consolidated 1 September 1992 with the 175th Field Artillery (*see* ANNEX) and consolidated unit designated as the 151st Field Artillery to consist of the 1st Battalion and Battery E, elements of the 34th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 September 1997 to consist of the 1st Battalion and Batteries E and F, elements of the 34th Infantry Division.

ANNEX

Headquarters, 175th Field Artillery Battalion, reorganized and Federally recognized 19 February 1947 at Olivia and assigned to the 47th Infantry Division (organic elements concurrently organized from new and existing units at Olivia and vicinity). Ordered into active Federal service 16 January 1951 at home stations. (175th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 16 January 1953 with Headquarters at Olivia.) Released 2 December 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 175th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

Reorganized 22 February 1959 as the 175th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 47th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 175th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 30 November 1988 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 10 February 1991 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 34th Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Civil War
Streamer without inscription

World War I
Champagne-Marne
Aisne-Marne
St. Mihiel
Meuse-Argonne
Champagne 1918
Lorraine 1918

World War II
Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
Tunisia
Naples-Foggia (with arrowhead)
Anzio
Rome-Arno
North Apennines
Po Valley

Battery E (Anoka) additionally entitled to:

World War II–EAME
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

Battery F (Cambridge) additionally entitled to:

Southwest Asia
Defense of Saudi Arabia
Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered BELVEDERE (151st and 175th Field Artillery Battalions cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Battery E (Anoka) additionally entitled to: Belgian Fourragere 1940 (634th Tank Destroyer Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950); Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Mons (634th Tank Destroyer Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950); Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Eupen-Malmedy (634th Tank Destroyer Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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152d FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a projectile bendwise, scintillant or.
Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Maine Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a pine tree proper.
Motto: On the Way.
Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The projectile with its lightning streaks represents the deadliness of artillery fire.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Maine)

Organized and Federally recognized 15 May 1922 in the Maine National Guard in northeastern Maine as the 1st Battalion, 152d Field Artillery, with Headquarters at Houlton, an element of the 43d Division. Expanded and reorganized 3 April 1929 as the 152d Field Artillery with Headquarters at Bangor. Inducted into Federal service 24 February 1941 at home stations. Redesignated (less 2d Battalion) 19 February 1942 as the 203d Field Artillery (less 2d Battalion) and relieved from assignment to the 43d Division (2d Battalion concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 152d Field Artillery Battalion—hereafter separate lineage). 203d Field Artillery (less Headquarters Battery and 2d Battalion) reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as the 203d Field Artillery Battalion (Headquarters Battery concurrently reorganized and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 203d Field Artillery Group—hereafter separate lineage). 203d Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 26 October 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Redesignated 21 May 1946 as the 152d Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and Federally recognized 6 January 1947 in northeastern Maine with Headquarters at Caribou.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1959 as the 152d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Automatic Weapons Battalion. Reorganized 1 June 1961 to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion. Reorganized 1 December 1964 to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion and Battery F. Reorganized 31 December 1967 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Redesignated 1 February 1972 as the 152d Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1

December 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

Battery A (Waterville), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Southwest Asia
Defense of Saudi Arabia
Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
Cease-Fire

Battery B (Houlton), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War I
Champagne-Marne
Aisne-Marne
St. Mihiel
Meuse-Argonne
Ile de France 1918
Lorraine 1918

DECORATIONS

Battery A (Waterville), 1st Battalion, entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (3620th Transportation Detachment cited; PO 20-2, United States Army Forces Central Command, 3 February 1992)

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156th FIELD ARTILLERY
(First New York)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per bend, azure and gules, bend wavy argent, to chief a taro leaf and fleur-de-lis in bend or; on a canton of the last a cross of the second surmounted by a saltier of the first.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the New York Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, argent and azure, the full rigged ship Half Moon all proper.

Motto: *Semper Procedamus* (Ever Onward).

Symbolism: The blue half of the shield indicates the service of the organization as infantry, the taro leaf representing service in Hawaii during the War with Spain and the fleur-de-lis service in France during World War I. The other half of the shield is red for artillery. The red cross of Saint George and the blue saltier in the canton indicate service in the Revolutionary War and Civil War of elements of the regiment.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(New York)

Constituted 21 March 1898 in the New York National Guard as the 12th and 17th Battalions and organized from existing companies in eastern New York. Consolidated 27 April 1898 with the 10th Battalion (organized 29 December 1860 as the 10th Regiment) to form the 1st New York Volunteer Infantry. Mustered into Federal service 20 May 1898 at Camp Black, New York; mustered out of Federal service 20–26 February 1899 at home stations. Former 12th and 17th Battalions consolidated 15 March 1899 with the 11th Battalion (organized 21 March 1898 with Headquarters at Mount Vernon) to form the 1st Infantry Regiment with Headquarters at New Rochelle. (Location of Headquarters changed 26 October 1899 to Mount Vernon; on 4 November 1901 to Albany.) Consolidated (less former 11th Battalion—hereafter separate lineage) 1 May 1905 with the 4th Infantry Battalion (organized 21 March 1898 with Headquarters at Utica; redesignated 19 April 1899 as the 4th Infantry Battalion with Headquarters at Watertown) and consolidated unit

designated as the 1st Infantry Regiment with Headquarters at Binghamton. Mustered into Federal service 16 July–3 August 1917 at home stations; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. (1st Infantry organized 3 August 1917 in the New York Guard with Headquarters at Utica to replace regiment in Federal service; location of Headquarters changed 22 November 1917 to Newburgh and on 12 May 1920 to Poughkeepsie.) Reorganized and redesignated 4 January 1918 as the 1st Pioneer Infantry. Demobilized 13 January 1919 at Camp Zachary Taylor, Kentucky.

Consolidated 18 October 1921 with the 1st Infantry, New York Guard, and consolidated unit converted and redesignated in the New York National Guard as the 132d Ammunition Train.

Converted and redesignated 17 April 1924 as the 156th Field Artillery and assigned to the 44th Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 8 July 1924 at Newburgh. Inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at home stations. Regiment broken up 16 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery disbanded; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 156th and 170th Field Artillery Battalions, elements of the 44th Infantry Division.

156th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 5 November 1945 at Camp Chaffee, Arkansas. Relieved 17 May 1947 from assignment to the 44th Infantry Division and assigned to the 27th Infantry Division. Consolidated 13 November 1947 with Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 156th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the New York National Guard), and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized as the 156th Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at Kingston. Reorganized and redesignated 1 February 1955 as the 156th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 27th Armored Division. Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1955 as the 156th Field Artillery Battalion and relieved from assignment to the 27th Armored Division. Reorganized and redesignated 16 March 1959 as the 156th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions, elements of the 27th Armored Division.

170th Field Artillery Battalion relieved 27 January 1943 from assignment to the 44th Infantry Division. Inactivated 12 November 1945 at Camp Hood, Texas. Assigned 17 May 1947 to the 27th Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 10 November 1947 with Headquarters at Newburgh. Relieved 1 February 1955 from assignment to the 27th Infantry Division. Reorganized and redesignated 16 March 1959 as the 170th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion. Reorganized 15 April 1963 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 50th Armored Division.

156th and 170th Artillery consolidated 1 February 1968 and consolidated unit designated as the 156th Artillery to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 50th Armored Division. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 156th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 April 1975 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Reorganized 1 April 1986 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 27th Infantry Brigade. Withdrawn 11 March 1988 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Aisne-Marne
Oise-Aisne
Meuse-Argonne

World War II
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

Headquarters Battery (Kingston), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Revolutionary War
New York 1776
New York 1777

World War I
St. Mihiel

Civil War
Mansasas
Antietam
Fredericksburg
Chancellorsville
Gettysburg
Wilderness
Spotsylvania
Cold Harbor
Petersburg
Appomattox
Maryland 1862
Maryland 1863
Virginia 1863

Battery A (Poughkeepsie), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Revolutionary War
New York 1776
New York 1777

World War I
St. Mihiel

Battery C (Rochester), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War I
Somme Offensive
Ypres-Lys
Flanders 1918

World War II
Bismarck Archipelago
Leyte
Luzon
Southern Philippines (with arrowhead)

DECORATIONS

Headquarters Battery (Kingston), 1st Battalion, entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered EUROPEAN THEATER (Service Battery, 156th Field Artillery Battalion, cited; GO 47, 44th Infantry Division, 16 March 1945)

Battery C (Rochester), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (108th Infantry cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

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157th FIELD ARTILLERY
(First Colorado)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per fess embattled gules and or, in chief two wigwams of the second garnished of the first and in base a sea lion brandishing a sword in dexter paw of the last.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Colorado Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a fasces paleways proper with ribbon of red, white, and blue.

Motto: Eager for Duty.

Symbolism: The shield is scarlet and yellow, the Spanish colors, with the parting line embattled in recollection of fortifications. The sea lion of the Philippines recalls that the fortification was the walled city of Manila. The two wigwams recall service against the Indians in frontier days.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Colorado)

Constituted 8 February 1879 in the Colorado National Guard as the 1st Infantry Battalion. Organized 29 December 1881 with Headquarters at Denver. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 22 March 1883 as the 1st Regiment Infantry. Reduced, reorganized, and redesignated 2 April 1889 as the 1st Infantry Battalion. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 15 April 1893 as the 1st Infantry Regiment. Consolidated with the 2d Infantry Regiment (organized 27 May 1887 in the Colorado National Guard) and mustered into Federal service 1–8 May 1898 at Denver as the 1st Colorado Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal Service 8 September 1899 at San Francisco, California, and resumed state status as the 1st Infantry Regiment. Expanded in 1900 to form the 1st and 2d Infantry. 1st and 2d Infantry consolidated 15 June 1916 and consolidated unit designated as the 1st Infantry. (Two battalions mustered into Federal service 26 June–29 July 1916 as the 1st and 2d Separate Battalions, Colorado Infantry.) Entire regiment drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 24 September 1917 as the 157th Infantry and assigned to the 40th Division. Consolidated 13 October 1917 with the 1st Colorado Cavalry (organized in 1880) and consolidated

unit designated as the 157th Infantry. Demobilized 29 April 1919 at Fort D.A. Russell, Wyoming. Former infantry elements reorganized 28 February 1921 in the Colorado National Guard as the 177th Infantry; Headquarters Federally recognized 26 October 1921 at Denver. Redesignated 16 November 1921 as the 157th Infantry and assigned to the 45th Division (later redesignated as the 45th Infantry Division.) Inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at home stations. Inactivated 3 December 1945 at Camp Bowie, Texas. Relieved 10 May 1946 from assignment to the 45th Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 8 January 1947 with Headquarters at Buckley Field. (Location of Headquarters changed 3 September 1947 to Denver.)

Headquarters and the 1st Battalion converted and redesignated 1 August 1955 as the 144th Field Artillery Battalion (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

Consolidated 1 February 1959 with the 168th Field Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX 1), the 183d Field Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX 2), and the 188th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX 3) to form the 157th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 1 January 1968 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions. Redesignated 1 March 1972 as the 157th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

ANNEX 1

Organized 30 September 1911 in the Colorado National Guard at Denver as the 1st Battalion, Field Artillery. Reorganized 20 October 1914 as Batteries A and B, Field Artillery. (Battery B mustered into Federal service 4 July 1916 at Golden.) Reorganized 5 July 1916 as the 1st Separate Battalion, Field Artillery, with Batteries A, B, and C; remainder of battalion mustered into Federal service 20 July–14 August 1916 at Golden. Mustered out of Federal service 6 March 1917 at Fort D.A. Russell, Wyoming. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 19 September 1917 as the 1st Battalion, 148th Field Artillery, an element of the 41st Division. Demobilized 29 June 1919 at Fort D.A. Russell, Wyoming. Reorganized and Federally recognized 9 July 1923 in the Colorado National Guard as the 1st Battalion, 158th Field Artillery (less Battery A allotted to New Mexico), with Headquarters at Denver. Reorganized and redesignated 1 July 1926 (less Battery A) as the 168th Field Artillery Battalion. Consolidated 1 August 1933 with the 117th Separate Squadron Cavalry to form the 168th Field Artillery with Headquarters at Denver. Inducted into Federal service 24 February 1941 at home stations. Headquarters and the 1st Battalion reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as the 168th Field Artillery Battalion (remainder of regiment, including the former 117th Separate Squadron, Cavalry—hereafter separate lineages). 168th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 17 January 1946 at Camp Stoneman, California. Reorganized and Federally recognized 6 January 1947 with Headquarters at Denver.

ANNEX 2

Constituted 10 May 1946 in the Colorado National Guard as Company C, 199th Engineer Combat Battalion. Organized and Federally recognized 12 March 1948 at La Junta. Converted and redesignated 15 December 1949 as Company M, 157th Infantry. Converted and redesignated 1 August 1955 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 183d Field Artillery Battalion (organic elements concurrently organized from existing units).

ANNEX 3

Organized and Federally recognized 14 June 1921 in the Colorado National Guard at Pueblo as Battery A, Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 November 1921 as Battery A, 158th Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 May 1922 as Battery C, 158th Field Artillery. Reorganized and redesignated 1 July 1926 as Battery C, 168th Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 1 August 1933 as Battery C, 168th Field Artillery. Redesignated 1 September 1933 as Battery F, 168th Field Artillery. Inducted into Federal service 24 February 1941 at Pueblo. Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as Battery C, 983d Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 19 December 1945 at Camp Stoneman, California.

Converted and redesignated 10 May 1946 as Company C, 193d Tank Battalion. Reorganized and Federally recognized 18 May 1947 at Pueblo. Redesignated 1 November 1949 as Company C, 193d Heavy Tank Battalion. Ordered into active Federal service 3 September 1950 at Pueblo; released 2 July 1952 from active Federal service and reverted to state control. Redesignated 1 December 1952 as Company C, 193d Tank Battalion.

Converted and redesignated 1 August 1955 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 188th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (organic elements concurrently organized from existing units).

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

War with Spain
- Manila

Philippine Insurrection
- Manila
- Luzon 1899

World War I
- Champagne-Marne
- Aisne-Marne
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Champagne 1918

World War II
- Sicily (with arrowhead)
- Naples-Foggia (with arrowhead)
- Anzio
- Rome-Arno
- Southern France (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe
- New Guinea
- Luzon

Headquarters Battery (Colorado Springs), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
Central Pacific
Leyte
Southern Philippines

Battery C (Pueblo), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
Leyte
Southern Philippines

DECORATIONS

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered ITALY (157th Infantry cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (168th and 983d Field Artillery Battalions cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Headquarters Battery (Boulder), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered ANZIO (2d Battalion, 157th Infantry, cited; WD GO 44, 1944)

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158th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per chevron debased gules and vert, three broad arrows, one and two, points meeting at apex of partition line or, in base a fleur-de-lis of the like.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Oklahoma Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, an Indian's head with war bonnet all proper.

Motto: Unusual Efforts Expended.

Symbolism: The dominant colors, red and yellow, are for artillery. The broad arrow—a large missile thrown by machine—was an early version of artillery. The three broad arrowheads represent the recognition awarded the organization for service in Sicily, Naples, and Southern France. The green wedge symbolizes mountainous Italy, and the fleur-de-lis is for French and Central European service.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield, crest, and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Oklahoma)

Constituted 26 February 1920 in the Oklahoma National Guard as the 158th Field Artillery. Organized 1921–1923 from new and existing units (less 1st Battalion, allotted to the New Mexico National Guard and Battery E, allotted to the Arizona National Guard); Headquarters Federally recognized 15 May 1923 at Anadarko. Inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at home stations. Regiment broken up 11 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery disbanded; 1st Battalion as the 158th Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 45th Infantry Division (2d Battalion as the 207th Field Artillery Battalion—hereafter separate lineage).

158th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 24 November 1945 at Camp Bowie, Texas. Consolidated 27 September 1946 with Headquarters, 158th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Oklahoma National Guard), reorganized, and Federally recognized as the 158th Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at Chickasha. Ordered into active Federal service 1 September 1950 at home stations. (158th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 3

November 1952 with Headquarters at Chickasha.) Released 30 April 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 158th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

Reorganized and redesignated 1 May 1959 as the 158th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 45th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 45th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Reorganized 1 December 1971 to consist of the 1st Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 158th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 May 1975 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions. Reorganized 1 April 1977 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. (1st Battalion ordered into active Federal service 21 November 1990 at home stations; released 23 May 1991 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.)

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- Sicily (with arrowhead)
- Naples-Foggia (with arrowhead)
- Anzio
- Rome-Arno
- Southern France (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Korean War
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

Southwest Asia
- Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- Cease-Fire

Battery B (Duncan), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–EAME
- Northern France

DECORATIONS

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered ACQUAFONDATA (158th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1953 (158th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 30, 1954)

Battery C (Chickasha), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered SALERNO (189th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 113, 1946)

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160th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per fess undy of six or and gules, in chief a projectile of the last and in base a bezant.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Oklahoma Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, an Indian's head with war bonnet, all proper.

Motto: *Toujours en Avant* (Always Forward).

Symbolism: The shield is scarlet and yellow for artillery. The dividing line represents the Red River; the projectile in chief, artillery fire; and the bezant in base, the clean-cut hits made by the regiment.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield, crest, and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Oklahoma)

Constituted in 1920 in the Oklahoma National Guard as the 1st Regiment of Oklahoma Field Artillery. Redesignated 10 October 1921 as the 160th Field Artillery and assigned to the 45th Division. Organized and Federally recognized 22 November 1921 with Headquarters at Tulsa. Inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at home stations. Regiment broken up 11 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery disbanded; 2d Battalion as the 171st Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 45th Infantry Division (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

171st Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 24 November 1945 at Camp Bowie, Texas. Redesignated 12 June 1946 as the 160th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 45th Infantry Division. Consolidated 19 September 1946 with Headquarters, 160th Field Artillery (reconstituted 28 August 1945 in the Oklahoma National Guard), and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized as the 160th Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at Tulsa. Ordered into active Federal service 1 September 1950 at home stations. (160th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 14 October 1952 with Headquarters at Chandler.) Released 30 April 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 160th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

Reorganized and redesignated 1 May 1959 as the 160th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 45th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 45th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 45th Infantry Brigade. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- Sicily (with arrowhead)
- Naples-Foggia
- Anzio
- Rome-Arno
- Southern France (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Korean War
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered ACQUAFONDATA (171st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1953 (160th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 30, 1954)

Battery B (Seminole), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered KOREA 1953 (120th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 22, 1954)

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161st FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per fess, azure and gules, in chief a giant cactus and a fleur-de-lis or.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Kansas Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and azure, a sunflower slipped proper.

Motto: *Faire Sans Dire* (To Do without Saying).

Symbolism: The shield of blue and red denotes that the regiment was originally infantry, the blue being the infantry color and red the artillery. The cactus symbolizes service on the Mexican border, and the fleur-de-lis service in France during World War I, the gold charges in chief on the blue field indicating that the service was as infantry.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Kansas)

Organized in 1880 in the Kansas Volunteer Militia from existing units as the 2d Infantry Regiment. (Kansas Volunteer Militia redesignated 7 March 1885 as the Kansas National Guard.) Mustered into Federal service 21 June 1916 at Fort Riley, Kansas; mustered out of Federal service 12 November 1916 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Consolidated 1 October 1917 with the 1st Infantry Regiment, Kansas National Guard (organized in 1879) to form the 137th Infantry and assigned to the 37th Division. Demobilized 9–11 May 1919 at Camp Funston, Kansas.

Former 2d Infantry Regiment converted and redesignated 1 November 1921 as the 161st Field Artillery and assigned to the 35th Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized in eastern and central Kansas with Headquarters at Topeka. Inducted into Federal service 23 December 1940 at home stations.

1st Battalion reorganized and redesignated 3 February 1942 as the 161st Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 35th Infantry Division (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages). Inactivated 20 November 1945 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Relieved 20 June 1946 from assignment to the 35th Infantry Division. Redesignated 22 June 1946 as the 161st Armored Field

Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and Federally recognized 16 February 1948 with Headquarters at Dodge City.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 May 1959 as the 161st Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 69th Infantry Brigade. Reorganized 14 February 1964 to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion. Reorganized 15 December 1967 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Redesignated 1 February 1972 as the 161st Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 October 1985 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 35th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 March 1988 to consist of the 1st Battalion and Battery E, elements of the 35th Infantry Division. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 7 May 1998 to consist of the 1st Battalion and Batteries E and F, elements of the 35th Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Meuse-Argonne
- Alsace 1918
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

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162d FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per pale, or and gules, in front of two machetes in saltier a flaming grenade, all proper.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Puerto Rico Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, upon a closed book gules, with pages edged or, a paschal lamb couchant with staff and banner of San Juan (gules, a cross argent) all proper.

Motto: *Hasta el Cabo* (Up to the Hilt).

Symbolism: The machetes carried by this organization, as an additional weapon, throughout World War II are closely associated with the military history of the country. The flaming grenade, traditional insignia of the Spanish artillery, was used by the *milicias disciplinadas* in Puerto Rico in 1673, which organization was a prototype of the present artillery organization.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Puerto Rico)

Constituted 8 May 1940 in the Puerto Rico National Guard as the 1st Battalion, 162d Field Artillery. Organized and Federally recognized 25 August 1940 with Headquarters at San Juan. Inducted into Federal service 15 October 1940 at Henry Barracks, Puerto Rico. Reorganized and redesignated 31 May 1942 as the 162d Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 6 May 1946 at San Juan. Reorganized and Federally recognized 15 November 1946 with Headquarters at San Juan.

Consolidated 15 February 1959 with the 482d Field Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX 1) and 123d Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX 2) to form the 162d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions and the 3d Automatic Weapons Battalion. Reorganized 1 May 1964 to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion; the 2d Battalion, an element of the 92d Infantry Brigade; and the 3d Automatic Weapons Battalion. Reorganized 31 December 1967 to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion and the 2d Battalion, an element of the 92d Infantry Brigade. Reorganized 1 May 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion and the 2d

Battalion, an element of the 92d Infantry Brigade. Redesignated 1 March 1972 as the 162d Field Artillery. Withdrawn 27 October 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the Untied States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 12 May 1997 to consist of the 1st and 3d Battalions and the 2d Battalion, an element of the 92d Infantry Brigade.

ANNEX 1

Constituted 26 July 1940 in the Puerto Rico National Guard as the 1st Battalion, 253d Coast Artillery. Organized and Federally recognized 1 September 1940 with Headquarters at San Juan. Inducted into Federal service 15 October 1940 at San Juan. Inactivated (less Batteries A and B) 1 June 1944 at Camp O'Reilly, Puerto Rico. (Batteries A and B inactivated 25 August 1945 at Fort Brooke, Puerto Rico.) Redesignated 10 June 1946 as the 482d Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and Federally recognized 9 February 1947 with Headquarters at San Juan. Ordered into active Federal service 23 January 1951 at San Juan. (482d Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 17 May 1943 with Headquarters at San Juan.) Released 19 November 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to commonwealth control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 482d Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS). (Location of Headquarters changed 1 March 1958 to Hato Rey.)

ANNEX 2

Constituted 8 May 1940 in the Puerto Rico National Guard as the 1st Battalion, 201st Coast Artillery. Organized and Federally recognized 1 September 1940 with Headquarters at Ponce. Inducted into Federal service 15 October 1940 at Borinquen Field, Puerto Rico. Reorganized and redesignated 2 April 1941 as the 123d Coast Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 8 March 1942 as the 123d Separate Coast Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 15 October 1943 as the 123d Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 1 June 1944 as the 123d Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion, Composite. Inactivated 1 November 1944 at Camp Tortuguero, Puerto Rico. Reorganized and Federally recognized 16 October 1949 at San Juan as the 123d Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 1 April 1952 as the 123d Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 123d Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

American Theater, Streamer without inscription
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

None.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

No published histories.

163d FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a saltier and overall an arrow palewise in pale with point to chief or, surmounted overall at fess point by a hurt fimbriated and charged with a Philippine sunburst of the second.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Indiana Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a demi-lion rampant argent, holding in dexter paw a laurel branch vert.

Motto: Arms for Support.

Symbolism: Scarlet and yellow are colors used for artillery units. The Philippine sunburst symbolizes the organization's Philippine Presidential Unit Citation and alludes to the unit's World War II campaign participation at New Guinea, Leyte, and Luzon. The blue area, suggested by the state flag of Indiana, also represents the many lakes and streams of the area. The arrow symbolizes the Indian heritage of the state and the unit's mission of field artillery. The heraldic saltier alludes to Indiana's motto "The Crossroads of America."

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Indiana)

Organized 1922–1924 in the Indiana National Guard in southwestern Indiana as the 2d Battalion, 139th Field Artillery, an element of the 38th Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 12 April 1924 at Princeton. Inducted into Federal service 17 January 1941 at home stations. Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1942 as the 163d Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 38th Infantry Division. Inactivated 1 November 1945 at Camp Anza, California. Reorganized and Federally recognized 12 May 1947 in southwestern Indiana with Headquarters at Evansville. Reorganized and redesignated 1 February 1959 as the 1st Howitzer Battalion, 139th Artillery, an element of the 38th Infantry Division. Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1963 as the 1st Battalion, 139th Artillery. Battalion bro-

ken up 1 December 1967 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as various elements in the Indiana Army National Guard.

Former elements reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1977 as the 163d Field Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 38th Infantry Division. Withdrawn 1 November 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 September 1994 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 76th Infantry Brigade.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
New Guinea
Leyte
Luzon

DECORATIONS

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (163d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

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171st FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, three Indian arrows, one in pale and two in saltier or, overall a circular buckskin shield of the second, bearing a sunburst of the like, issuing sixteen rays argent, tipped sable, charged in the center with a Korean taeguk (scarlet at the top, blue at base) surmounted by a gold fleur-de-lis.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Oklahoma Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and azure, an Indian's head with war bonnet all proper.

Motto: Eyes of the Artillery.

Symbolism: The three arrows symbolize the three assault landings at Sicily, Naples-Foggia, and Southern France by elements of the regiment. The arrows with the buckskin also symbolize Oklahoma's Indian heritage, a depiction of a buckskin shield is found on the state flag of Oklahoma. The sunburst design, a favorite Indian symbol, alludes to the unit's mission to provide general target acquisition, survey, and meteorological support to the artillery in a corps. The sixteen stylized rays symbolize the battle honors of some elements of the organization, the fleur-de-lis represents the service of elements of the regiment in Europe during World War II, and the taeguk alludes to the participation in the Korean War by elements of the regiment.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield, crest, and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Oklahoma)

Constituted 1 April 1963 in the Oklahoma Army National Guard as the 171st Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, and organized from existing units to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 45th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 171st Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat

Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 December 1991 to consist of the 1st Battalion (less Battery C allotted to the Texas Army National Guard). Reorganized 1 September 1999 to consist of the 1st Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Headquarters Battery (Altus), 1st Battalion, entitled to:

Korean War
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

Battery B (Clinton), 1st Battalion, entitled to:

World War II–EAME
- Sicily (with arrowhead)
- Naples-Foggia (with arrowhead)
- Anzio
- Rome-Arno
- Southern France (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Korean War
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

Battery C (Weatherford), 1st Battalion, entitled to:

World War II–EAME
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Central Europe

Korean War
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

DECORATIONS

Headquarters Battery (Altus), and Battery C (Weatherford), 1st Battalion each entitled to: Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1953 (245th Tank Battalion and 158th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 30, 1954)

Battery (Clinton), 1st Battalion, entitled to: French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered ACQUAFONDATA (179th Infantry cited; DA GO 43, 1950) and Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1953 (179th Infantry cited; DA GO 30, 1954)

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No published histories.

172d FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, on a canton or, a saltier azure between in fess a giant cactus proper and a fleur-de-lis of the first.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the New Hampshire Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, two pine branches saltirewise proper, crossed behind a bundle of five arrows palewise argent, bound together by a ribbon gules, the ends entwining the branches.

Motto: Load with Canister.

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The blue saltier represents Civil War service; the giant cactus, Mexican border service; and the fleur-de-lis, World War I service, these symbols being placed on a canton to indicate the duty was performed by Battery A, a former element of the regiment.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(New Hampshire)

1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, and 5th New Hampshire Volunteer Infantry Regiments organized from existing volunteer militia companies and mustered into Federal service as follows: 1st New Hampshire Volunteer Infantry Regiment 29 April–7 May 1861 at Concord; mustered out of Federal service 9 August 1861 at Concord. 2d New Hampshire Volunteer Infantry Regiment 31 May–8 June 1861 at Portsmouth; mustered out of Federal service 19 December 1865 at Cabin Point, Virginia. 3d New Hampshire Volunteer Infantry Regiment 22–24 August 1861 at Concord; mustered out of Federal service 20 July 1865 at Goldsboro, North Carolina. 4th New Hampshire Volunteer Infantry Regiment 18 September 1861 at Manchester; mustered out of Federal service 23 August 1865 at Raleigh, North Carolina. 5th New Hampshire Volunteer Infantry Regiment 12–19 October 1861 at Concord; mustered out of Federal service 28 June 1865 at Alexandria, Virginia.

Existing companies in western New Hampshire reorganized 24 September 1866 in the New Hampshire Volunteer Militia as the 1st Regiment with Headquarters at Manchester; existing companies in eastern New Hampshire reorganized 26 September 1866 as the 2d Regiment with Headquarters at Dover. Expanded

18 April 1878 to form the 1st Regiment in southeastern New Hampshire with Headquarters at Manchester; the 2d Regiment in southwestern New Hampshire with Headquarters at Peterborough; and the 3d Regiment in northern New Hampshire with Headquarters at Concord. (New Hampshire Volunteer Militia redesignated 1 April 1879 as the New Hampshire National Guard.) (3d Regiment, plus Companies A and B, 1st Regiment, and Companies C and F, 2d Regiment, mustered into Federal service 7–14 May 1898 at Concord as the 1st New Hampshire Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 31 October 1898 at Concord and resumed state status under their former designations.) 1st, 2d, and 3d Regiments consolidated 20 January 1900 to form the 1st Regiment in southwestern New Hampshire with Headquarters at Manchester and the 2d Regiment in northeastern New Hampshire with Headquarters at Concord.

Reorganized 15 April 1909 as the 1st Infantry with Headquarters at Nashua and the Coast Artillery Corps with Headquarters at Portsmouth. (1st Infantry mustered into Federal service 20–21 June 1916 at Concord; mustered out of Federal service 20 February 1917 at Concord. 1st Company, Coast Artillery Corps, mustered into Federal service 12 April 1917 at Concord.) 1st Infantry and the Coast Artillery Corps (less 1st Company) mustered into Federal service 25 July 1917 at home stations; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917.

1st Infantry reorganized and redesignated 11 February 1918 as the First Army Headquarters Regiment. Demobilized 26 January 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey.

Coast Artillery Corps reorganized and redesignated 6 August 1917 as the 4th, 5th, 6th, and 7th Companies, Fort Constitution [New Hampshire]. Redesignated 20 August 1917 as the 9th, 6th, 7th, and 8th Companies, Coast Defenses of Portsmouth. Demobilized 18–20 December 1918 at Fort Constitution, New Hampshire.

Manchester elements of the former 1st Infantry reorganized in the New Hampshire National Guard as the 1st Battalion, 172d Field Artillery; Headquarters Federally recognized 22 February 1922 at Manchester (remainder of former 1st Infantry and Coast Artillery Corps—hereafter separate lineages.) 1st Battalion, 172d Field Artillery, expanded 15 May 1936 to form the 172d Field Artillery with Headquarters at Manchester. Inducted into Federal service 24 February 1941 at Manchester.

Regimental Headquarters and the 1st Battalion reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as the 172d Field Artillery Battalion (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages). Inactivated 19 November 1945 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Reorganized and Federally recognized 2 April 1947 with Headquarters at Manchester.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 February 1959 as the 172d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions. (1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions ordered into active Federal service 15 October 1961 at home stations; released 13 and 11 August 1962 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Reorganized 1 November 1965 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions. Reorganized 1 December 1967 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 172d Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Civil War
- Bull Run
- Peninsula
- Manassas
- Antietam
- Fredericksburg
- Chancellorsville
- Gettysburg
- Cold Harbor
- Petersburg
- Appomattox
- Maryland 1861
- Virginia 1862
- Virginia 1863
- Virginia 1864
- South Carolina 1861
- South Carolina 1862
- South Carolina 1863
- South Carolina 1864
- Florida 1862
- North Carolina 1864
- North Carolina 1865

World War I
- Streamer without inscription

World War II
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Headquarters Battery (Sheridan Guards, Manchester), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Civil War
- Mississippi River
- Louisiana 1863
- Louisiana 1864
- Mississippi 1864
- Mississippi 1865

Battery A (Milford), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
- New Guinea
- Leyte
- Luzon

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969

Battery B (Foster Rifles, Nashua), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
- New Guinea
- Luzon

Battery C (Stratford Guards, Portsmouth), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Revolutionary War
Boston

World War II–AP
New Guinea
East Indies (with arrowhead)

Vietnam
Counteroffensive, Phase V
Counteroffensive, Phase VI
Tet 69/Counteroffensive
Summer–Fall 1969

DECORATIONS

Headquarters Battery (Sheridan Guards, Manchester), 1st Battalion, entitled to: Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered EUROPEAN THEATER (Service Battery, 172d Field Artillery Battalion, cited; GO 72, First Army, 10 May 1945)

Battery A (Milford), 1st Battalion, entitled to: Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (Headquarters Battery, 197th Antiaircraft Artillery Group, cited; DA GO 47, 1950) and Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (3d Battalion, 197th Artillery, cited; DA GO 51, 1971)

Battery B (Foster Rifles, Nashua), 1st Battalion, entitled to: Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (210th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Battery C (Stratford Guards, Portsmouth), 1st Battalion, entitled to: Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (3d Battalion, 197th Artillery, cited; DA GO 51, 1971)

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178th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a fox courant proper, gorged with a collar or.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the South Carolina Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, upon a mount vert a palmetto tree proper, charged with a crescent argent.

Motto: True and Tried.

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The term "fox" has been employed by the regiment in its field communications for some years and is symbolic of the pride in the regiment's ability to move long distances on schedule.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(South Carolina)

Constituted 7 June 1917 in the South Carolina National Guard as the 1st Battalion, Engineers, and organized from new and existing units with Headquarters at Marion. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 20 August 1917 as the 1st Battalion, 117th Engineer Regiment, an element of the 42d Division. Demobilized 14 May 1919 at Camp Jackson, South Carolina. Reorganized and Federally recognized 5 July 1922 in the South Carolina National Guard as the 1st Battalion, 133d Engineer Regiment, with Headquarters at Spartanburg. Redesignated 5 December 1923 as the 2d Battalion, 105th Engineer Regiment, an element of the 30th Division.

Consolidated 1 April 1938 with the 2d Battalion, 115th Field Artillery (organized and Federally recognized 25 April 1929 in the South Carolina National Guard with Headquarters at Andrews), to form the 178th Field Artillery with Headquarters at Andrews. Inducted into Federal service 27 January 1941 at home stations. Regiment broken up 24 February 1944 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 178th Field Artillery Group; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 178th and 248th Field Artillery Battalions.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 178th Field Artillery Group, inactivated 15 October 1945 in Italy.

178th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 1 November 1945 in Italy. Consolidated 18 February 1947 with Headquarters, 178th Field Artillery Group (*see above*), and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized as the 178th Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at Greer and assigned to the 51st Infantry Division (Headquarters Battery, 178th Field Artillery Group—hereafter separate lineage).

248th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 25 November 1945 in Italy. Reorganized and Federally recognized 13 February 1947 with Headquarters at Georgetown and assigned to the 51st Infantry Division.

178th and 248th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 April 1959 to form the 178th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 51st Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st, 3d, and 4th Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 1 January 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 30th Infantry Division, and the 3d and 4th Battalions. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 178th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 January 1974 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 218th Infantry Brigade, and the 3d and 4th Battalions. Withdrawn 6 June 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 October 1993 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 218th Infantry Brigade, and the 3d Battalion. Reorganized 1 October 1995 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 218th Infantry Brigade, and the 3d and 4th Battalions.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Champagne-Marne
- Aisne-Marne
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Champagne 1918
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Tunisia
- Sicily
- Naples-Foggia
- Rome-Arno
- North Apennines
- Po Valley

Battery C (Hartsville), 3d Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War I
- Somme Offensive
- Ypres-Lys
- Flanders 1918

World War II–EAME
- Northern France
- Rhineland

DECORATIONS

French Croix de Guerre with Silver-Gilt Star, World War II, Streamer embroidered CASSINO (178th and 248th Field Artillery Battalions cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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180th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per fess enhanced gules and or, on the first a mullet radiant with six rays issuant from the upper points to chief throughout, on the second a sheaf of arrows all counterchanged.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Arizona Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a giant cactus proper.

Motto: *Vencer* (To Conquer).

Symbolism: Scarlet and yellow are the colors used for artillery. The three arrows from the insignia of the 158th Field Artillery denote the unit's historic association and also the European campaign honors awarded during World War II. The radiant star is taken from the Arizona state flag and represents the unit's origin in that area.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Arizona)

Constituted 16 July 1919 in the Arizona National Guard as Battery B, 1st Field Artillery. Organized and Federally recognized 24 March 1921 at Mesa. Redesignated 19 October 1921 as Battery E, 158th Field Artillery, an element of the 45th Division. Inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at Mesa. Reorganized and redesignated 23 February 1942 as Battery B, 207th Field Artillery Battalion, and relieved from assignment to the 45th Division. Inactivated 16 November 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey.

Reorganized and Federally recognized 9 July 1947 at Mesa as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 480th Field Artillery Battalion (organic elements organized from new and existing units).

480th Field Artillery Battalion reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1959 as the 180th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion. Reorganized 10 December 1967 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 180th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 April 1976 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the

United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 September 1992 to consist of the 1st Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
Northern France
Rhineland
Central Europe

Headquarters Battery (Mesa), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AT
Silver band without campaign inscription

World War II–AP
New Guinea (with arrowhead)
Luzon (with arrowhead)

Battery A (Tuscon), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War I
Silver band without campaign inscription

World War II–AT
Silver band without campaign inscription

World War II–AP
New Guinea (with arrowhead)
Bismarck Archipelago
Luzon (with arrowhead)

Battery B (Casa Grande) and Battery C (Tempe), 1st Battalion, each additionally entitled to:

World War I
Silver band without campaign inscription

World War II–AT
Silver band without campaign inscription

World War II–AP
New Guinea (with arrowhead)
Luzon (with arrowhead)

DECORATIONS

Headquarters Battery (Mesa), Battery A (Tucson), Battery B (Casa Grande), and Battery C (Tempe), 1st Battalion, each entitled to: Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (158th Infantry cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

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181st FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Or, a giant cactus vert between three lions rampant sable.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Tennessee Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and vert, upon a mount vert, a hickory tree proper, charged with three mullets, one and two argent.

Motto: Hit 'em First.

Symbolism: The shield is yellow for cavalry. The giant cactus represents duty on the Mexican border. The three lions represent World War I service as follows: one is for Flanders, whose coat of arms is or, a lion rampant sable; one represents the Somme Offensive, Somme being in Picardy, whose coat of arms has a black rampant lion; and the third lion represents Belgium in which Ypres is located.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Tennessee)

Constituted 1 July 1916 in the Tennessee National Guard as a squadron of cavalry. Organized in May 1917 from existing units as the 1st Separate Squadron of Cavalry. (Troops B, C, and D mustered into Federal service July-October 1916; mustered out of Federal service 14–19 March 1917.) Squadron mustered into Federal service 28 July–4 August 1917 at home stations; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Converted and redesignated (less Troop D) 14 September 1917 as the 114th Machine Gun Battalion and assigned to the 30th Division; Troop D concurrently converted and redesignated as the 105th Trench Mortar Battery and assigned to the 30th Division. 114th Machine Gun Battalion and 105th Trench Mortar Battery demobilized 10 April 1919 at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. Reorganized 2 November 1921 in the Alabama, North Carolina, and Tennessee National Guard as the 109th Cavalry and assigned to the 23d Cavalry Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 6 June 1923 at Chattanooga, Tennessee. (Location of Headquarters changed 25 January 1926 to Nashville, Tennessee.) Reorganized 1 July 1926 in the North Carolina and Tennessee National Guard. (Location of Headquarters changed 28 October 1936 to Chattanooga, Tennessee.) Reorganized 26 February 1938 in the Tennessee National Guard.

Converted and redesignated 1 October 1940 as the 181st Field Artillery and relieved from assignment to the 23d Cavalry Division. Inducted into Federal service 24 February 1941 at home stations. 1st Battalion reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as the 181st Field Artillery Battalion (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages). Inactivated 21 December 1945 at Camp Stoneman, California. Reorganized and Federally recognized 14 November 1946 in southern Tennessee with Headquarters at Chattanooga and assigned to the 30th Infantry Division. Reorganized and redesignated 27 October 1954 as the 181st Armored Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 30th Armored Division.

Reorganized 1 March 1959 as the 181st Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 30th Armored Division. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions, elements of the 30th Armored Division. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 30th Armored Division. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 181st Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 November 1973 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. (1st Battalion ordered into active Federal service 9 December 1990 at home stations; released 19 May 1991 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.)

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Somme Offensive
- Ypres-Lys
- Flanders 1918

World War II
- New Guinea
- Luzon
- Southern Philippines

Southwest Asia
- Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- Cease-Fire

Headquarters Battery (Chattanooga), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
- Northern Solomons

DECORATIONS

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (181st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

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182d FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, seme of quatrefoils voided or a fess sable fimbriated of the second.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Michigan Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a griffin sergeant or.

Motto: Might If Right.

Symbolism: The background of the shield, seme of quatrefoils in gold on a field of red, is taken from the coat of arms of Count Pontchartrain, who was the minister of Marine in France at the time Detroit was founded. The black fess across the center of the shield is taken from the coat of arms of Cadillac, the founder of the city of Detroit, who was sent there by Count Pontchartrain. The field of red has been substituted by the field of blue of Pontchartrain's arms, symbolizing artillery.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Michigan)

Organized and Federally recognized 6 December 1922 in the Michigan National Guard at Detroit as the 182d Field Artillery. Inducted into Federal service 7 April 1941 at Detroit. Regiment broken up 1 March 1943 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 182d Field Artillery Group; 1st Battalion as the 182d Field Artillery Battalion (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 182d Field Artillery Group, inactivated 3 December 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Consolidated 11 December 1946 with the 182d Field Artillery Battalion (inactivated 3 December 1945 at Camp Myles Standish, Massachusetts), reorganized and Federally recognized as the 182d Field Artillery Battalion, and assigned to the 46th Infantry Division.

Consolidated 15 March 1959 with the 177th Field Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX 1) and the 300th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX 2) to form the 182d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Rocket Howitzer Battalion and the 2d and 3d Howitzer

Battalions, elements of the 46th Infantry Division. Reorganized 15 March 1963 to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Battalions, elements of the 46th Infantry Division. (1st and 3d Battalions ordered into active Federal service 24 July 1967 at Camp Grayling, Michigan, and 2d Battalion ordered into active Federal service at Detroit; released 2 August 1967 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions. Redesignated 1 February 1972 as the 182d Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 April 1976 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

ANNEX 1

Organized 20 September 1940 in the Michigan National Guard from existing units as the 177th Field Artillery with Headquarters at Detroit. Inducted into Federal service 7 April 1941 at home stations. Regiment broken up 1 March 1943 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 177th Field Artillery Group; 1st Battalion as the 177th Field Artillery Battalion (2d Battalion as the 943d Field Artillery Battalion—hereafter separate lineage).

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 177th Field Artillery Group, inactivated 25 October 1945 at Camp Myles Standish, Massachusetts. Consolidated 2 December 1946 with the 177th Field Artillery Battalion (inactivated 30 November 1945 at Camp Shanks, New York), reorganized, and Federally recognized at Detroit as the 177th Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 46th Infantry Division.

ANNEX 2

Constituted 22 May 1946 in the Michigan National Guard as the 593d Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion. Organized and Federally recognized 1 November 1949 with Headquarters at Kingsford. Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1950 as the 300th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Redesignated 5 October 1953 as the 300th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered MOSELLE RIVER (Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 177th Field Artillery Group, cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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Pictorial Review, Seventy-second Field Artillery Brigade, Army of the United States, 1941. Atlanta: Army Navy Publishing Co., 1941.

XII Corps Artillery in Combat. Regensburg, Germany: W.F. Mayr, Printers, 1945.

190th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per fess dancette gules and or, in base a bar gemel azure, overall a pale of the second charged in chief with a fleur-de-lis of the third and in base with a palm tree of the like.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Montana Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a fleur-de-lis, the middle leaf and tie or, and outside leaves argent.

Motto: Mission with Honor.

Symbolism: The colors red and yellow are used for artillery. The pale represents the Flathead Valley in which Kalispell, the headquarters of the former 639th Field Artillery Battalion was located; the points refer to the Kootenai Mountains to the west and the Swan Mountains to the east. The fleur-de-lis represents service in France during World War I, the palm tree service in the Pacific during World War II. The points also simulate arrowheads, which, with the upper two blue stripes, represent the organization's two assault landings. The lower stripes are for the other two battle honors. The infantry blue used for the stripes alludes to the unit's service as infantry during World Wars I and II.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Montana)

Organized 1884–1887 in the Montana National Guard as the 1st Regiment of Infantry. Mustered into Federal service 5–10 May 1898 at Helena as the 1st Montana Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 17 October 1899 at San Francisco, California. Reorganized 30 May 1901–1 December 1903 in the Montana National Guard as the 2d Infantry Regiment. Mustered into Federal service 27 June 1916 at Fort William Henry Harrison, Montana; mustered out of Federal service 3 November 1916 at Fort William Henry Harrison, Montana. Mustered into Federal service 7 April 1917 at Fort William Henry Harrison, Montana; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Consolidated 19 September

1917 with the 3d Battalion, 3d Infantry Regiment, District of Columbia National Guard, to form the 163d Infantry and assigned to the 41st Division. Demobilized 21 February 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Former 2d Infantry Regiment reorganized 1921–1922 in the Montana National Guard as the 2d Infantry. Redesignated 1 May 1922 as the 163d Infantry and assigned to the 41st Division (later redesignated as the 41st Infantry Division); Headquarters Federally recognized 30 January 1924 at Helena. (Location of Headquarters changed 29 December 1939 to Billings.) Inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at home stations. Inactivated 31 December 1945 in Japan. Relieved 17 June 1946 from assignment to the 41st Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 21 April 1947 with Headquarters at Bozeman.

Converted and redesignated 1 March 1953 as the 163d Armored Cavalry. (3d Squadron allotted 1 March 1968 to the Oregon Army National Guard; withdrawn 1 May 1974 from the Oregon Army National Guard and allotted to the Nevada Army National Guard; withdrawn 1 April 1980 from the Nevada Army National Guard and allotted to the Texas Army National Guard; withdrawn 1 June 1988 from the Texas Army National Guard.)

Expanded, converted and redesignated 1 December 1988 as the 163d Infantry, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 163d Armored Brigade, and the 163d Cavalry (163d Cavalry—hereafter separate lineage).

Expanded 1 October 1995 to form the 163d Infantry and the 190th Field Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 163d Armored Brigade (163d Infantry—hereafter separate lineage).

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Philippine Insurrection
- Manila
- Malolos

World War I
- Streamer without inscription

World War II
- Papua
- New Guinea (with arrowhead)
- Luzon
- Southern Philippines (with arrowhead)

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered PAPUA (Papuan Forces, United States Army, Southwest Pacific Area, cited; WD GO 21, 1943)

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (163d Infantry cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

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194th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a fess pellete rayonne to chief or.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Iowa Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a hawk's head erased proper.

Motto: When Ready.

Symbolism: The colors scarlet and yellow are for artillery. The flame-like partition line indicates the intense firepower of the organization's artillery. The pellete depict cannon balls and symbolize readiness.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Iowa)

Organized and Federally recognized 13 November 1947 in the Iowa Army National Guard as the 194th Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 34th Infantry Division with Headquarters at Spencer. Ordered into active Federal service 11 September 1950 at home stations. (194th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 9 March 1953 with Headquarters at Humboldt.) Released 17 January 1955 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 194th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1959 as the 194th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion. Reorganized 1 January 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 47th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 194th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 10 February 1991 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 34th Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Headquarters Battery (Fort Dodge), 1st Battalion, entitled to:

World War I
Silver band without campaign inscription

World War II–EAME
Tunisia
Naples-Foggia
Anzio
Rome-Arno
North Apennines
Po Valley

DECORATIONS

Headquarters Battery (Fort Dodge), 1st Battalion, entitled to: French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered BELVEDERE (133d Infantry cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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197th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Azure, in base a lion passant guardant or, and in fess a lozenge and a fleur-de-lis argent; on a chief gules fimbriated of the second a winged projectile, wings inverted, of the last.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the New Hampshire Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and azure, two pine branches saltirewise proper crossed behind a bundle of five arrows palewise argent, bound together by a ribbon gules, the ends entwining the branches.

Motto: *A Bas l'Avion* (Down with the Plane).

Symbolism: The shield is blue to indicate the longer service of the unit as infantry. The gold lion passant guardant is for service in the War of 1812 by a former element; the white lozenge—the corps badge for the 2d Division, III Corps, during the Civil War—represents Civil War service; and the fleur-de-lis, service during World War I. The chief is red for artillery, and the winged projectile indicates its former service as an antiaircraft unit.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(New Hampshire)

1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, and 5th New Hampshire Volunteer Infantry Regiments organized from existing volunteer militia companies and mustered into Federal service as follows: 1st New Hampshire Volunteer Infantry Regiment 29 April–7 May 1861 at Concord; mustered out of Federal service 9 August 1861 at Concord. 2d New Hampshire Volunteer Infantry Regiment 31 May–8 June 1861 at Portsmouth; mustered out of Federal service 19 December 1865 at Cabin Point, Virginia. 3d New Hampshire Volunteer Infantry Regiment 22–24 August 1861 at Concord; mustered out of Federal service 20 July 1865 at Goldsboro, North Carolina. 4th New Hampshire Volunteer Infantry Regiment 18 September 1861 at Manchester; mustered out of Federal service 23 August 1865 at Raleigh, North Carolina. 5th New Hampshire Volunteer Infantry Regiment 12–19 October 1861 at Concord; mustered out of Federal service 28 June 1865 at Alexandria, Virginia.

Existing companies in western New Hampshire reorganized 24 September 1866 in the New Hampshire Volunteer Militia as the 1st Regiment with Headquarters at Manchester; existing companies in eastern New Hampshire reorganized 26 September 1866 as the 2d Regiment with Headquarters at Dover. Expanded 18 April 1878 to form the 1st Regiment in southeastern New Hampshire with Headquarters at Manchester; the Regiment in southwestern New Hampshire with Headquarters at Peterborough; and the 3d Regiment in northern New Hampshire with Headquarters at Concord. (New Hampshire Volunteer Militia redesignated 1 April 1879 as the New Hampshire National Guard.) (3d Regiment, plus Companies A and B, 1st Regiment, and Companies C and F, 2d Regiment, mustered into Federal service 7–14 May 1898 at Concord as the 1st New Hampshire Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 31 October 1898 at Concord and resumed state status under their former designations.) 1st, 2d, and 3d Regiments consolidated 20 January 1900 to form the 1st Regiment in southwestern New Hampshire with Headquarters at Manchester and the 2d Regiment in northeastern New Hampshire with Headquarters at Concord.

Reorganized 15 April 1909 as the 1st Infantry with Headquarters at Nashua and the Coast Artillery Corps with Headquarters at Portsmouth. (1st Infantry mustered into Federal service 20–21 June 1916 at Concord; mustered out of Federal service 20 February 1917 at Concord. 1st Company, Coast Artillery Corps, mustered into Federal service 12 April 1917 at Concord.) 1st Infantry and the Coast Artillery Corps (less 1st Company) mustered into Federal service 25 July 1917 at home stations; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917.

1st Infantry reorganized and redesignated 11 February 1918 as the First Army Headquarters Regiment. Demobilized 26 January 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey.

Coast Artillery Corps reorganized and redesignated 6 August 1917 as the 4th, 5th, 6th, and 7th Companies, Fort Constitution (New Hampshire). Redesignated 20 August 1917 as the 9th, 6th, 7th, and 8th Companies, Coast Defenses of Portsmouth. Demobilized 18–20 December 1918 at Fort Constitution, New Hampshire.

Former 1st Infantry (less Manchester elements) and Coast Artillery Corps consolidated, reorganized, and Federally recognized 30 June 1922 in the New Hampshire National Guard as the 197th Artillery (Coast Artillery Corps) with Headquarters at Concord (Former Manchester elements, 1st Infantry—hereafter separate lineage). Redesignated 23 April 1924 as the 197th Coast Artillery. Inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at home stations. Regiment broken up 15 May 1943 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and the 1st Battalion as the 744th Coast Artillery Battalion; 2d Battalion as the 210th Coast Artillery Battalion (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

744th Coast Artillery Battalion reorganized and redesignated 15 June 1944 as the 744th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Inactivated 29 December 1945 at Camp Stoneman, California. Reorganized and Federally recognized 4 April 1947 with Headquarters at Laconia. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 744th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion.

210th Coast Artillery Battalion reorganized and redesignated 15 June 1944 as the 210th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion. Inactivated 29 December 1945 at Camp Stoneman, California. Reorganized and Federally recog-

nized 10 October 1947 with Headquarters at Berlin. Reorganized and redesignated 16 October 1950 as the 210th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 210th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion.

744th and 210th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 February 1959 with the 421st Field Artillery Battalion (organized 1 December 1954 from existing units with Headquarters at Claremont) and the 737th Armored Field Artillery Battalion (organized 1 December 1954 from existing units with Headquarters at Portsmouth) to form the 197th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of Battery A and the 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th Howitzer Battalions. (4th Howitzer Battalion ordered into active Federal service 15 October 1961 at home stations; released 9 August 1962 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Reorganized 1 February 1953 to consist of Battery A and the 1st, 2d, and 3d Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 1 November 1964 to consist of Battery A and the 2d and 3d Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 1 November 1965 to consist of Battery A and the 2d and 3d Battalions. (3d Battalion ordered into active Federal service 13 May 1968 at home stations; released 16 September 1969 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 197th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 September 1978 to consist of Battery A, an element of the 50th Armored Division, and the 2d and 3d Battalions. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 September 1992 to consist of Battery A, an element of the 50th Armored Division, and the 2d Battalion. Reorganized 1 September 1993 to consist of the 2d Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Civil War
- Bull Run
- Peninsula
- Manassas
- Antietam
- Fredericksburg
- Chancellorsville
- Gettysburg
- Cold Harbor
- Petersburg
- Appomattox
- Maryland 1861
- Virginia 1861
- Virginia 1862
- Virginia 1863
- Virginia 1864
- South Carolina 1861
- South Carolina 1862
- South Carolina 1863
- South Carolina 1864
- Florida 1862
- North Carolina 1864
- North Carolina 1865

World War I
- Streamer without inscription

World War II
- New Guinea
- East Indies
- Leyte
- Luzon

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969

Battery C (First New Hampshire Light Battery, Rochester), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Civil War
- Wilderness
- Spotsylvania
- Maryland 1863

World War I
- Champagne-Marne
- Aisne-Marne
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Ile de France 1918
- Lorraine 1918

World War II–EAME
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Headquarters Battery (Berlin) and Battery A (Berlin), 2d Battalion, each entitled to: Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (210th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Battery C (First New Hampshire Light Battery, Rochester), 2d Battalion, entitled to: Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (3d Battalion, 197th Artillery, cited; DA GO 51, 1971)

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201st FIELD ARTILLERY
(First West Virginia)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Or, a saltier per saltier, azure and gray, per cross counterchanged between in chief a rattlesnake coiled to strike vert and in fess a sheathed Roman sword and a fleur-de-lis gules, on a chief azure two lions combatant of the first.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the West Virginia Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and azure, a slip of mountain rhododendron in full bloom and leaved proper.

Motto: Yes Sir.

Symbolism: The chief is blue for infantry. The two lions represent the Revolutionary War and the War of 1812. The saltier counterchanged denotes Civil War service in both the Confederate and Federal armies; the snake, Mexican War service; the Roman sword, service in the War with Spain; and the fleur-de-lis, service in France during World War I.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(West Virginia)

Organized 17 February 1735 as Captain Morgan Morgan's Company of Volunteer Militia of Orange County, Virginia. Reorganized and redesignated in November 1738 as Captain Morgan Morgan's Company, Frederick County Militia. Expanded 24 February 1742 as Morgan's Battalion. (Captain Robert Rutherford's Company of Rangers raised from volunteers of Morgan's Battalion in early 1758 and served through 1759.) Expanded in 1772 as the Berkeley County Regiment of Militia with the creation of Berkley County. Berkeley County Regiment called into active service by elements at various times 1775–1782 and additionally furnished companies and replacements for various elements of the Virginia Line of the Continental Army. (Captain Hugh Stephenson's Rifle Company organized 14 June–17 July 1775 as an independent company in the Continental Army; reorganized and redesignated 9 July 1776 as Captain Abraham Shepherd's Company of the Maryland

and Virginia Rifle Regiment [Colonel Hugh Stephenson commanding].) (Maryland and Virginia Rifle Regiment constituted 27 June 1776 and organized in the summer of 1776 from new and existing rifle companies from Maryland and Virginia; regiment captured 16 November 1776 at Fort Washington, New York; exchanged November 1780; disbanded 1 January 1781.) (Virginia elements of the Maryland and Virginia Rifle Regiment consolidated after 16 November 1776 as Captain Gabriel Long's Detachment and transferred 12 February 1777 to the 11th Virginia Regiment [Colonel Daniel Morgan commanding]; disbanded in May 1778 with personnel transferred to other elements of the 11th [later 7th] Virginia Regiment.) Reorganized 22 December 1792 as volunteer companies of the 10th and 16th Brigades, Virginia Militia (embracing what is now northern West Virginia); 18th and 20th Brigades subsequently organized. Volunteer companies of the 10th and 16th Brigades mustered into active service September-December 1794 (Captain Cornelius Bogard's Company of Volunteer Rangers of Monongalia County in state service in 1794). (Captain James Faulkner's Company of Berkeley Artillery organized in 1808 at Martinsburg.) Volunteer companies of the 10th, 16th, 18th, and 20th Brigades consolidated in September 1812 with five companies from what is now southern West Virginia to form the 2d Regiment, Virginia Volunteer Militia; mustered out in April 1813. (Berkeley Blues mustered into Federal service 21 January 1847 at Richmond as Company H, 1st Virginia Volunteer Infantry Regiment; mustered out of Federal service 31 July 1848 at Fort Monroe, Virginia.)

Elements with Union sympathy reorganized in May 1861 at Wheeling and mustered into Federal service as the 1st Virginia Volunteer Infantry Regiment; mustered out of Federal service 27 August 1861. Reorganized and mustered into Federal service 30 October 1861 at Wheeling. Consolidated 10 December 1864 with the 4th Virginia Volunteer Infantry Regiment (organized June-August 1861 at Grafton and Point Pleasant) to form the 2d West Virginia Veteran Volunteer Infantry Regiment; mustered out of Federal service 16 July 1865.

Elements with Confederate sympathy joined various Virginia regiments, Confederate States Army, including the Berkeley Blues (mustered into Confederate service 19 April 1861 and reorganized as Company B [Arbutus-Wise Artillery], 1st Virginia Light Artillery Regiment; reorganized and redesignated 26 April 1862 as Captain James S. Brown's Independent Battery [Wise Artillery]; disbanded 4 October 1862.)

(Northwestern portion of Virginia entered the Union 20 June 1863 as West Virginia.) State forces in northern West Virginia reorganized 21 November 1863 as volunteer companies in the 1st Division, West Virginia Militia. Reorganized in 1878 as the 1st Regiment, West Virginia Volunteer Militia. (West Virginia Militia redesignated in 1889 as the West Virginia National Guard.) Consolidated 29 April 1898 with the 2d Regiment, West Virginia Volunteer Militia, to form the 1st West Virginia Volunteer Infantry. Mustered into Federal service 7–14 May 1898 at Charleston; mustered out of Federal service 4 February 1899 at Columbus, Georgia. Former 1st Regiment, West Virginia Volunteer Militia, reorganized in 1899 in the West Virginia National Guard as the 1st Infantry Regiment. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Regiment broken up 15 September 1917 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: 1st Battalion and Machine Gun Company as the 137th Machine Gun Battalion and assigned to the 38th Division;

Headquarters Company and Companies E and F as elements of the 113th Engineer Regiment, an element of the 38th Division; Companies G and H as elements of the 113th Ammunition Train, an element of the 38th Division; 3d Battalion as the 5th, 6th, 7th, and 8th Companies, Training Battalion, 150th Infantry; Band as the 63d Depot Brigade Band; Supply Company as the 113th Engineer Train, an element of the 38th Division. All elements demobilized 1918–1919. Former 1st Infantry Regiment reconstituted 1 November 1923 in the West Virginia National Guard; reorganized 1924–1926 in West Virginia. Redesignated 11 May 1926 as the 201st Infantry; Headquarters Federally recognized 17 December 1927 at Morgantown. Inducted into Federal service 6 January 1941 at home stations. Inactivated 26 September 1945 at Camp Rucker, Alabama.

Regiment (less 2d and 3d Battalions) converted and redesignated 10 July 1946 as the 201st Field Artillery Battalion (2d and 3d Battalions—hereafter separate lineages). Reorganized and Federally recognized 19 August 1947 with Headquarters at Fairmont. Reorganized and redesignated 1 September 1949 as the 201st Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Ordered into active Federal service 11 September 1950 at home stations. (201st Armored Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 18 September 1952 with Headquarters at Fairmont.) Released 17 January 1955 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 201st Armored Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1959 as the 201st Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion. Reorganized 1 March 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Redesignated 1 February 1972 as the 201st Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. (1st Battalion ordered into active Federal service 9 December 1990 at home stations; released 20 May 1991 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.)

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Revolutionary War
- Boston
- New York 1776

War of 1812
- Indiana Territory 1812–1813

Civil War
- Valley
- Manassas
- Vicksburg
- Chattanooga
- Shenandoah
- Virginia 1861
- Virginia 1862
- Virginia 1863

Civil War – Confederate service
- First Manassas
- Peninsula
- Second Manassas
- Sharpsburg

World War I
- Streamer without inscription

World War II
- Aleutian Islands

Southwest Asia
- Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (1st Battalion, 201st Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 25, 2001)

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202d FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per bend gules and or, in chief the ancient Zia sun symbol and in base a conquistador's head couped at the shoulders and counterchanged.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the New Mexico Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a coiled rattlesnake proper.

Motto: *Despejar Via* (To Clear the Way).

Symbolism: The colors scarlet and yellow are used for artillery. The ancient Zia sun symbol is adapted from the state flag of New Mexico where the unit was organized. The head of the conquistador, or Spanish soldier, refers to the troops of Coronado, who were among the first European soldiers in the unit's home area.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(New Mexico)

Organized and Federally recognized 12 June 1928 in the New Mexico National Guard at Las Cruces as the Medical Department Detachment, 120th Engineer Regiment, an element of the 45th Division. Inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at Las Cruces. Reorganized and redesignated 10 February 1942 as the Medical Detachment, 120th Engineer Battalion, an element of the 45th Infantry Division. Reorganized and redesignated 1 August 1942 as the Medical Detachment, 120th Engineer Combat Battalion. Inactivated 26 November 1945 at Camp Bowie, Texas. Relieved 31 May 1946 from assignment to the 45th Infantry Division.

Reorganized and Federally recognized 10 October 1947 at Las Cruces as Headquarters Battery, 200th Antiaircraft Artillery Group.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 September 1959 as Headquarters Battery, 2d Gun Battalion, 200th Artillery. Reorganized and redesignated 1 April 1962 as Headquarters Battery, 2d Automatic Weapons Battalion, 200th Artillery. Reorganized and redesignated 15 December 1967 as Headquarters Battery, 2d Battalion, 200th Artillery.

Redesignated 1 November 1972 as Headquarters Battery, 2d Battalion, 200th Air Defense Artillery. Expanded 1 October 1993 to form the 2d Battalion, 200th Air Defense Artillery.

Converted, reorganized, and redesignated 15 December 1995 as the 202d Field Artillery, a parent regiment under the United States Army Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

Sicily (with arrowhead)
Naples-Foggia (with arrowhead)
Anzio
Rome-Arno
Southern France (with arrowhead)
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered ACQUAFONDATA (120th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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206th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per fess gules and azure, an escarbuncle or.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Arkansas Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, above two sprays of apple blossoms proper, a diamond argent charged with four mullets azure, one in upper point and three in lower, within a bordure of the last, bearing twenty-five mullets of the second.

Motto: Never Give Up.

Symbolism: Scarlet and blue were the colors of machine gun battalions during World War I and refer to the service of the 141st Machine Gun Battalion, of which the 206th Field Artillery is a descendant. Scarlet is also the color used for artillery. The escarbuncle is taken from the coat of arms of Chaumont, one of the principal towns in the Department of Haute-Marne, France, where the 141st Machine Gun Battalion was stationed during World War I.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Arkansas)

Organized in the Arkansas National Guard from existing units and mustered into Federal service 27 September–18 October 1917 at Camp Beauregard, Louisiana, as the 141st Machine Gun Battalion and assigned to the 39th Division. Reorganized and redesignated 2 October 1918 as the 141st Antiaircraft Machine Gun Battalion. Demobilized 13 January 1919 at Camp Beauregard, Louisiana.

Reorganized 24 November 1923 in the Arkansas National Guard as the 206th Artillery, Coast Artillery Corps, with Headquarters at Marianna. Redesignated 22 April 1924 as the 206th Coast Artillery. Inducted into Federal service 6 January 1941 at home stations. Regiment broken up 25 March–9 May 1944 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery disbanded 25 March 1944 at Fort Bliss, Texas; 1st Battalion inactivated 9 May 1944 at Camp Chaffee, Arkansas; 2d Battalion as the 597th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

1st Battalion, 206th Coast Artillery, disbanded 14 June 1944. Reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Arkansas National Guard. Consolidated 21 October 1946 with the 437th Field Artillery Battalion (constituted 27 May 1946 in the Arkansas National Guard and assigned to the 39th Infantry Division) and consolidated unit designated as the 437th Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and Federally recognized 26 November 1946 with Headquarters at Hazen. Ordered into active Federal service 24 September 1957 at home stations; released 22–24 October 1957 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.

597th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion inactivated 12 December 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Consolidated 21 October 1946 with the 445th Field Artillery Battalion (constituted 27 May 1946 in the Arkansas National Guard and assigned to the 39th Infantry Division) and consolidated unit designated as the 445th Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and Federally recognized 19 November 1946 with Headquarters at Marianna. Ordered into active Federal service 24 September 1957 at home stations; released 23 October 1957 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 206th Coast Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Arkansas National Guard), and the 437th and 445th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 June 1959 with the 326th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (organized and Federally recognized 22 June 1955 with Headquarters at West Memphis) to form the 206th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions and the 3d Rocket Howitzer Battalion, elements of the 39th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 May 1963 to consist of the 2d and 3d Battalions, elements of the 39th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 December 1967 to consist of the 5th Battalion, an element of the 39th Infantry Brigade. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 206th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 30 September 1996 to consist of the 1st Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Streamer without inscription

World War II
Aleutian Islands
Rhineland
Central Europe

Headquarters Battery (Russellville), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

Southwest Asia
Defense of Saudi Arabia
Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

None.

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214th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a chevronel debased azure fimbriated or, below three shell bursts, one and two of the third.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Georgia Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a boar's head erased gules, in the mouth an oak branch vert fructed or.

Motto: We Hear and Strike.

Symbolism: The shield is scarlet, the color of the Coast Artillery Corps. The chevronel is blue, representing the infantry service of some of the elements, indicating strength. The three shell bursts represent the mission of antiaircraft artillery.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Georgia)

Organized from existing volunteer companies and mustered into Confederate service September–October 1861 as the 1st and 2d Battalions, Georgia Cavalry. Consolidated 20 January 1863 to form the 5th Georgia Cavalry Regiment. Surrendered 26 April 1865 near Greensboro, North Carolina, with the Army of the Tennessee. Reorganized 11 June 1875 in the Georgia Volunteers as the 1st Squadron, Cavalry. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 11 November 1889 as the 1st Regiment, Georgia Cavalry. Redesignated 26 December 1890 as the 5th Regiment, Georgia Cavalry. Redesignated 12 January 1894 as the 1st Regiment, Cavalry. Consolidated 10 October 1899 with the 1st Battalion, Cavalry (organized 15 January 1890), and consolidated unit designated as the 1st Regiment, Cavalry. (Georgia Volunteers redesignated 21 December 1899 as the Georgia State Troops; redesignated 1 October 1905 as the Georgia National Guard.) Reorganized and redesignated 2 December 1907 as the 1st and 2d Squadrons of Cavalry. 1st Squadron (less Troop B) disbanded 19 September 1910; Troop B concurrently transferred to the 2d Squadron. 2d Squadron mustered into Federal service 16 July 1916; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Squadron broken up 18 September–20 October 1917 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as elements of the 106th Field Signal Battalion,

106th Train Headquarters and Military Police, and Headquarters Troop, 31st Division.

106th Field Signal Battalion demobilized 10 May 1919 at Camp Jackson, South Carolina; 106th Train Headquarters and Military Police demobilized 14 January 1919 at Camp Gordon, Georgia; and Headquarters Troop, 31st Division, demobilized in October 1918 at Camp Mills, New York.

Former 2d Squadron reorganized and Federally recognized 6 March 1922 in the Georgia National Guard as the 1st Squadron, 108th Cavalry, with Headquarters at Hinesville. Headquarters, 108th Cavalry, organized and Federally recognized 10 November 1923 at Hinesville (2d Squadron allotted to the Louisiana National Guard—separate lineage).

Headquarters and 1st Squadron, 108th Cavalry, converted and redesignated 12 October 1940 as the 101st Separate Battalion, Coast Artillery. Inducted into Federal service 10 February 1941 at home stations as the 101st Separate Coast Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 15 May 1943 as the 101st Coast Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 15 June 1944 as the 101st Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 15 September 1944 as the 101st Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion, Air Transportable. Inactivated 28 December 1945 at Camp Stoneman, California. Redesignated 11 October 1946 as the 101st Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Reorganized and Federally recognized 17 June 1947 with Headquarters at Statesboro. Ordered into active Federal service 14 August 1950 at home stations; released 13 April 1952 from active Federal service and reverted to state control. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 101st Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion.

Consolidated 1 July 1959 with Headquarters, 214th Antiaircraft Artillery Group (*see* ANNEX 1), and the 250th and 950th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalions (*see* ANNEX 1) to form the 214th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 4th Gun Battalions, the 3d Automatic Weapons Battalion, and the 5th Detachment. Reorganized 1 May 1962 to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion, the 3d Automatic Weapons Battalion, and the 5th Detachment. Reorganized 16 April 1963 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 48th Armored Division. Reorganized 1 January 1968 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 214th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

ANNEX 1

Organized and Federally recognized 1 October 1939 in the Georgia National Guard as the 214th Coast Artillery with Headquarters at Washington; 1st Battalion organized from the 264th Coast Artillery Battalion (organized and Federally recognized 16 May 1930 with Headquarters at Statesboro) and 2d Battalion organized from the 3d Battalion, 122d Infantry (*see* ANNEX 2). Inducted into Federal service 25 November 1940 at home stations. (3d Battalion allotted 27 May 1942 to the Georgia National Guard and organized while the regiment was in Federal service.) Regiment broken up 11 November 1943 and its elements reorganized and

redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 214th Antiaircraft Artillery Group; 1st Battalion as the 528th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion; 2d Battalion as the 950th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion; 3d Battalion as the 250th Antiaircraft Artillery Searchlight Battalion.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 214th Antiaircraft Artillery Group, inactivated 19 June 1946 at Camp Stoneman, California. Reorganized and Federally recognized 8 July 1947 at Washington. (Headquarters Battery converted and redesignated 1 July 1959 as Headquarters Company, 111th Signal Battalion—hereafter separate lineage).

528th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion and 950th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion inactivated 28 December 1945 at Camp Stoneman, California. Consolidated 19 July 1946 and consolidated unit designated as the 950th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion. Reorganized and Federally recognized 20 June 1947 with Headquarters at Elberton. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 950th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion.

250th Antiaircraft Artillery Searchlight Battalion inactivated 26 December 1945 at Camp Anza, California. Reorganized and Federally recognized 28 May 1947 with Headquarters at Augusta as the 250th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Ordered into active Federal service 14 August 1950 at Augusta; released 13 May 1952 from active Federal service and reverted to state control. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 250th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion.

ANNEX 2

Organized 28 December 1887 in the Georgia Volunteers from existing units as the 9th Battalion. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 27 December 1890 as the 9th Infantry Regiment. Redesignated 11 September 1891 as the 3d Infantry Regiment. Elements consolidated with elements of the 5th and 6th Infantry Regiments and mustered into Federal service 11–14 May 1898 at Griffin as the 2d Georgia Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 22 November–8 December 1898 and resumed state status as elements of the 3d Infantry Regiment. (Georgia Volunteers redesignated 21 December 1899 as the Georgia State Troops; redesignated 1 October 1905 as the Georgia National Guard.) Reorganized and redesignated 2 December 1907 as the 3d Battalion of Infantry. Disbanded 2 July 1910. Reconstituted 28 December 1911 in the Georgia National Guard as the 3d Battalion of Infantry. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 29 September 1917 as Companies F, H, and I, 2d Infantry Regiment. Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1917 as Companies B, C, and F, 121st Infantry, elements of the 31st Division. Demobilized 14 January 1919 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Reorganized 8 May 1924 in the Georgia National Guard as the 3d Battalion, 200th Infantry. Redesignated 9 June 1924 as the 3d Battalion, 122d Infantry.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Civil War – Confederate service
- Atlanta
- South Carolina 1862
- South Carolina 1863
- Florida 1865
- North Carolina 1865

World War I
- Streamer without inscription

World War II
- East Indies
- Papua
- Guadalcanal
- New Guinea
- Leyte
- Luzon

Battery C (Waynesboro) and Service Battery (Toccoa), 1st Battalion, each additionally entitled to:

World War II–EAME
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered PAPUA (Papuan Forces, United States Army, Southwest Pacific Area, cited; WD GO 21, 1943)

Headquarters Battery (Elberton), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (950th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Battery C (Waynesboro) and Service Battery (Toccoa), 1st Battalion, each additionally entitled to: French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered FRANCE (118th Field Artillery Battalion and Headquarters, Special Troops, 30th Infantry Division, cited; DA GO 43, 1950); Belgian Fourragere 1940 (118th Field Artillery Battalion and Headquarters, Special Troops, 30th Infantry Division, cited; DA GO 43, 1950); Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (118th Field Artillery Battalion and Headquarters, Special Troops, 30th Infantry Division, cited; DA GO 43, 1950); Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (118th Field Artillery Battalion and Headquarters, Special Troops, 30th Infantry Division, cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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218th FIELD ARTILLERY
(Portland Light Artillery)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, on a fess wavy or, between in chief three besants, the dexter charged with a barred arrow, the sinister with a fleur-de-lis, both of the first, and the middle with a lion rampant sable, and in base a pale wavy of the second, a heraldic rose of the field garnished gold.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Oregon Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a demi disc gules charged with the setting sun with twelve light rays or (the shoulder sleeve insignia of the 41st Division), behind a beaver sejant proper.

Motto: *Per Angusta ad Augusta* (Through Difficulties to Things of Honor).

Symbolism: The colors red and yellow are used for artillery. The barred arrow—the insignia of the 32d Division—is used to represent combat service during World War I and appears on the coat of arms of the 147th Field Artillery, as the unit was then designated. The fleur-de-lis symbolizes combat service in France and Central Europe during World War II. The lion rampant—in the reverse colors of the coat of arms of Belgium—refers to the Battle of the Bulge for which the unit was awarded the Presidential Unit Citation (Army). The wavy fess and pale are used to indicate the juncture of the Willamette and Columbia Rivers; the rose alludes to Portland (the "Rose City"), home area of the regiment.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT DESIGNATION

The distinctive unit designation is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE ARNG
(Oregon)

Organized 3 February 1866 in the Oregon Militia at Portland as the Portland Light Artillery Battery. Redesignated 23 May 1872 as Battery A, Oregon Field Artillery. Mustered into Federal service 1 July 1898 at Portland as Battery A, Oregon Volunteer Light Artillery; mustered out of Federal service 15 October 1898 at Vancouver Barracks, Washington. Reorganized 16 October 1898 in the Oregon National Guard at Portland as Battery A, Field Artillery. Mustered into Federal service 26 June 1916 at Clackamas; mustered out of Federal service 22 February 1917 at Vancouver Barracks, Washington. Assigned 18 July 1917 to the 41st Division. Expanded 24 July 1917 to form Batteries A and B, Oregon Field Artillery. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Consolidated 2 October 1917 with elements of the 4th Infantry, South Dakota National Guard, to form the 147th Field Artillery and assigned to the 41st Division. Demobilized 23 May 1919 at Camp Dodge, Iowa. Oregon elements reorganized and Federally recognized 4 February 1921 in the Oregon National Guard at Portland as Battery A, 148th Field Artillery.

Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 18 May 1925 as the 218th Field Artillery and assigned to the 41st Division. Inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at home stations. Regiment broken up 14 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters disbanded; 1st Battalion as the 2d Battalion, 204th Field Artillery, and relieved from assignment to the 41st Division; 2d Battalion as the 218th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 41st Infantry Division (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

2d Battalion, 204th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as the 965th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 3 November 1945 at Camp Shanks, New York. Reorganized and Federally recognized 8 March 1949 with Headquarters at Portland and assigned to the 41st Infantry Division.

218th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 31 December 1945 in Japan. Consolidated with Headquarters, 218th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Oregon National Guard), and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized 8 March 1949 as the 218th Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at Portland and assigned to the 41st Infantry Division.

965th and 218th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 April 1959 to form the 218th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Howitzer Battalions, elements of the 41st Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 March 1963 to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Battalions, elements of the 41st Infantry Division. Reorganized 15 November 1965 to consist of the 1st and 3d Battalions, elements of the 41st Infantry Division, and the 2d Battalion, an element of the 41st Infantry Brigade. Reorganized 1 March 1968 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 41st Infantry Brigade. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 218th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 25 November 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Aisne-Marne
- Oise-Aisne
- Meuse-Argonne
- Alsace 1918
- Champagne 1918
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe
- New Guinea (with arrowhead)
- Luzon (with arrowhead)
- Southern Philippines

Headquarters Battery (Portland), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to:

War with Spain
- Manila

World War II–AP
- Papua

Philippine Insurrection
- Manila
- Malolos
- San Isidro

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered ST. VITH (965th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 48, 1948)

French Croix de Guerre with Gilt Star, World War I, Streamer embroidered AISNE-MARNE and OISE-AISNE (147th Field Artillery cited; WD GO 11, 1924)

Headquarters Battery (Portland), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to: Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at St. Vith (965th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950) and Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (218th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

Battery A (Portland), 2d Battalion, and Battery B (Portland), 2d Battalion, each additionally entitled to: Cited in the Day of the Belgian Army for action at St. Vith (965th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Battery C (Portland), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to: Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (218th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

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222d FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, on a canton or, a palm tree on a mount proper between a prickly pear cactus and a fleur-de-lis of the field.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Utah Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a beehive beset with seven bees, all proper.

Motto: Serve the Guns Unshrinkingly.

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The regiment traces its history through some of its individual companies whose service is indicated in the canton. The palm tree represents the baptism of fire during the Philippine Insurrection, while the cactus and fleur-de-lis denote Mexican border and World War I service.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

Description: A silver and gold metal and enamel device consisting of the figure of the Mormon Battalion monument in gold superimposed on a silver and transparent background in the outline of the monument.

Symbolism: The monument represented is that erected by the state of Utah on the Capitol grounds, Salt Lake City, Utah.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Utah)

Constituted 8 March 1894 in the Utah National Guard as the Squadron of Cavalry. Organized 1894–1895 with Headquarters at Salt Lake City. Consolidated in May 1916 with the 1st Infantry Regiment (organized in 1894) to form the 1st Cavalry with Headquarters at Salt Lake City. Mustered into Federal service 3–12 July 1916 at Fort Douglas, Utah; mustered out of Federal service 10 November 1916 and 8 March 1917 at Fort Douglas, Utah.

Consolidated June-July 1917 with Battery A, Field Artillery, to form the 1st Field Artillery. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917 at home stations. Reorganized and redesignated 3 October 1917 as the 145th Field Artillery and assigned to the 40th Division. Demobilized 21–29 January 1919 at Logan.

Reorganized (less field artillery elements) 1919–1920 in the Utah National Guard as the 1st Squadron, 1st Cavalry; Headquarters Federally recognized 27

April 1921 at Brigham City. Reorganized and redesignated 11 October 1921 as the 2d Squadron, 116th Cavalry.

Converted and redesignated 8 December 1924 as the 1st Battalion, 222d Field Artillery, an element of the 40th Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 9 February 1925 at Salt Lake City. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 16 April 1926 as the 222d Field Artillery. Inducted into Federal service 3 March 1941 at Salt Lake City. Regiment broken up 5 February 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters disbanded; 1st Battalion as the 222d Field Artillery Battalion and relieved from assignment to the 40th Division; 2d Battalion as the 1st Battalion, 204th Field Artillery, and relieved from assignment to the 40th Division (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

222d Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 7 April 1946 at Camp Stoneman, California. Relieved 25 June 1946 from assignment to the 40th Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 19 November 1946 at Ogden.

1st Battalion, 204th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1943 as the 204th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 29 November 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Reorganized and Federally recognized 24 March 1947 as the 213th Armored Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at Richfield. Ordered into active Federal service 19 March 1950 at home stations. Reorganized and redesignated 1 December 1951 as the 213th Field Artillery Battalion. (213th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 5 October 1953 with Headquarters at Cedar City; Federal recognition withdrawn 30 November 1953.) Released 28 October 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; concurrently consolidated with the 202d Field Artillery Battalion (organized and Federally recognized 1 December 1953 with Headquarters at Cedar City) and consolidated unit designated as the 213th Field Artillery Battalion.

222d and 213th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 July 1959 with Headquarters, 222d Field Artillery (concurrently reconstituted in the Utah Army National Guard), to form the 222d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 30 April 1964 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions. Reorganized 1 December 1967 to consist of the 2d Battalion. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 222d Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Streamer without inscription

World War II
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe
Bismarck Archipelago
Luzon (with arrowhead)
Southern Philippines

Korean War
First UN Counteroffensive
CCF Spring Offensive
UN Summer–Fall Offensive
Second Korean Winter
Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
Third Korean Winter

Battery B (Saint George) additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
Leyte

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered SANGHONG-NI (213th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 35, 1952)

Headquarters Battery (Cedar City), Battery A (Richfield), and Service Battery (Beaver), 2d Battalion, each additionally entitled to: Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1952 (213th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 33, 1953, as amended by DA GO 41, 1955)

Battery B (Saint George), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to: Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (115th Engineer Combat Battalion cited; DA GO 47, 1950), and Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1952 (213th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 33, 1953, as amended by DA GO 41, 1955)

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229th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per chevron gules and or, in base a fleur-de-lis above a Norman castle of the first, windows and keyhole of the second.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Pennsylvania Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a lion rampant guardant proper, holding in dexter paw a naked scimitar argent, hilted or, and in sinister paw an escutcheon argent on a fess sable three plates.

Motto: Spirit, Speed, and Stamina.

Symbolism: Red and yellow are used for artillery organizations. The chevron partition line signifies support and attack. The fleur-de-lis is for combat service in France during World War I, and the Norman castle for combat service in Europe in World War II. The castle particularly refers to the assault landing in Normandy, the success of which "opened" France and the continent to invasion.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Pennsylvania)

Organized 6 July 1914 in the Pennsylvania National Guard from existing units as the 1st Cavalry Regiment with Headquarters at Philadelphia. Mustered into Federal service 6 July 1916 at Mount Gretna; mustered out of Federal service 21–24 January 1917 at Philadelphia. Mustered into Federal service 24 July 1917 at Philadelphia; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated November-December 1917 as various elements in the 28th Division; 28th Division demobilized 17 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reorganized 1919–1921 in the Pennsylvania National Guard as the 1st Cavalry; Headquarters Federally recognized 16 October 1919 at Philadelphia. Reorganized and redesignated (less Troops B, C, F, and H) 1 June 1921 as the 103d Cavalry and assigned to the 21st Cavalry Division (former 1st Cavalry troops—hereafter separate lineages). (Location of Headquarters changed 1 June 1937 to Tyrone.) Relieved 18 June 1939 from assignment to the 21st Cavalry Division and assigned to the 22d Cavalry Division.

Converted and redesignated 23 September 1940 as the 190th Field Artillery and relieved from assignment to the 22d Cavalry Division. Inducted into Federal service at home stations.

2d Battalion reorganized and redesignated 1 November 1943 as the 200th Field Artillery Battalion (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages). Inactivated 16 December 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Reorganized and Federally recognized 5 December 1946 as the 229th Field Artillery Battalion, with Headquarters at New Castle, and assigned to the 28th Infantry Division. Ordered into active Federal service 5 September 1950 at home stations. (229th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 20 August 1953 with Headquarters at New Castle.) Released 15 June 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 229th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

Reorganized and redesignated 1 June 1959 as the 229th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 28th Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 April 1963 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 28th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 229th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 5 April 1988 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 October 1995 to consist of Battery D, an element of the 28th Infantry Division. (Battery D ordered into active Federal service 5 July 2002 at Grove City; released 4 March 2003 and reverted to state control.)

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Champagne-Marne
- Aisne-Marne
- Oise-Aisne
- Meuse-Argonne
- Champagne 1918
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Normandy (with arrowhead)
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Battery D (Grove City) entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered ARDENNES (112th Infantry cited; WD GO 63,1947); Luxembourg Croix de Guerre, Streamer embroidered LUXEMBOURG (112th Infantry cited; DA GO 43, 1950); and Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (112th Infantry cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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246th FIELD ARTILLERY
(Danville Light Artillery)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, a bend archy in the colors of the rainbow proper; on a canton or a saltier gray.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Virginia Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, "Virtue, the genius of the Commonwealth, dressed as an Amazon, resting on a spear with one hand and holding a sword in the other; and treading on Tyranny, represented by a man prostrate, a crown falling from his head, a broken chain in his left hand and a source in his right" all proper.

Motto: Prepared to Defend.

Symbolism: The shield is red for artillery. The gray saltier represents the Civil War service of the Danville Grays as Confederate troops, the saltier being placed on a gold canton to comply with the heraldic rule of not placing color on color. The bend archy is in the colors of the rainbow, denoting World War I service with the 42d Division.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Virginia)

Organized 1 July 1917 in the Virginia National Guard as the Coast Artillery Corps with Headquarters at Roanoke. Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Corps broken up 1917–1918 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows:

1st and 2d Companies converted and redesignated 18 August 1917 as Companies A and B, respectively, 117th Train Headquarters and Military Police, elements of the 42d Division. Reorganized and redesignated 29 October 1918 as Company B, First Army Military Police Battalion, and the 42d Military Police Company, respectively. Demobilized 19 April 1919 in France and 17 May 1919 at Camp Meade, Maryland, respectively.

3d, 4th, 6th, 7th, and 8th Companies reorganized and redesignated 1 February 1918 as the 10th, 8th, 6th, 11th, and 12th Companies, Coast Defenses of the Chesapeake Bay; demobilized in August 1919 at Forts Monroe, Story, and Wool, Virginia.

5th and 9th Companies reorganized and redesignated 23 December 1917 as Batteries B and F, 60th Artillery (Coast Artillery Corps), respectively. Demobilized 21 February 1919 at Fort Howard, Maryland, and 18 February 1919 at Fort Washington, Maryland, respectively.

10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, and 14th Companies reorganized and redesignated 7 November 1918 as Batteries A, B, C, D, and E, 35th Artillery (Coast Artillery Corps); demobilized 4–19 December 1918 at Camp Meade, Maryland.

Former Coast Artillery Corps reorganized 15 December 1921 in the Virginia National Guard as the 1st Coast Defense Command; Headquarters Federally recognized 8 March 1922 at Richmond. Reorganized and redesignated 5 November 1923 as the 246th Artillery (Coast Artillery Corps). Redesignated 19 August 1924 as the 246th Coast Artillery. (Location of Headquarters changed 26 August 1919 to Lynchburg.) Inducted into Federal service 16 September 1940 at home stations. Regiment (less Batteries A and B) inactivated 13–20 April 1944 at Fort Story, Virginia; Fort Jackson, South Carolina; and Camp Chaffee, Arkansas. Batteries A and B concurrently reorganized and redesignated as the 246th and 247th Coast Artillery Batteries respectively (inactivated 10 November 1944 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina). Regiment (less former Batteries A and B) reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the Virginia National Guard.

Former 1st Battalion, 246th Coast Artillery, converted and redesignated 2 July 1946 as the 560th Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and Federally recognized 31 March 1948 with Headquarters at Danville. Ordered into active Federal service 1 May 1951 at home stations; released 18 March 1955 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.

Former 2d Battalion, 246th Coast Artillery, converted and redesignated 2 July 1946 as the 227th Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 29th Infantry Division. Reorganized and Federally recognized 16 December 1946 with Headquarters at Covington.

560th and 227th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 June 1959 with Headquarters, 246th Coast Artillery; 418th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX 1) and the 213th Antiaircraft Artillery Detachment (*see* ANNEX 2) to form the 246th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion and 2d Rocket Howitzer Battalion, elements of the 29th Infantry Division; 3d Automatic Weapons Battalion; and the 4th Detachment. Reorganized 22 March 1963 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions, elements of the 29th Infantry Division, 3d Automatic Weapons Battalion, and the 4th Detachment. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Reorganized 1 December 1971 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 28th Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 246th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 June 1975 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Reorganized 1 October 1976 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 116th Infantry Brigade. Reorganized 1 June 1986 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 29th Infantry Division. Withdrawn 11 August 1987 from the

Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

ANNEX 1

Constituted 2 July 1946 in the Virginia National Guard as the 418th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion. Redesignated 16 May 1951 as the 418th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Organized and Federally recognized 17 October 1951 with Headquarters at Danville. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 418th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion. (Location of Headquarters changed 1 March 1956 to Chatham.)

ANNEX 2

Constituted 15 November 1950 in the Virginia Army National Guard as the 213th Radio Controlled Airplane Target Detachment. Organized and Federally recognized 11 December 1951 at Sandston. Reorganized and redesignated 1 June 1952 as the 213th Antiaircraft Artillery Detachment.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Headquarters Battery (Danville), 1st Battalion, entitled to:

Civil War (Confederate service)
- First Manassas
- Peninsula
- Second Manassas
- Sharpsburg
- Fredericksburg
- Gettysburg
- Petersburg
- Appomattox
- North Carolina 1863
- Virginia 1863
- Virginia 1864

World War I
- Meuse-Argonne
- Alsace 1918

Battery A (Henry Guards, Martinsville) and Battery C (South Boston), 1st Battalion, each entitled to:

World War II–EAME
- Normandy (with arrowhead)
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Battery A (Henry Guards, Martinsville) and Battery C (South Boston), 1st Battalion, each entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (116th Infantry cited; WD GO 73, 1944), and French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered BEACHES OF NORMANDY (116th Infantry cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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258th FIELD ARTILLERY
(Washington Greys)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, two bars gray fimbriated or, in chief three mullets of the second fimribated of the third.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the New York Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, the full rigged ship Half Moon all proper.

Motto: *Paratus et Fidelis* (Ready and Faithful).

Symbolism: The shield is that of George Washington modified by reversing the colors, using gray piped with gold instead of silver, and giving a red shield for artillery. The arms of the "Father of Our Country" are not to be borne by any organization, and the shield of the regiment is modified accordingly. The reason for this selection is that is a tradition that one company of this regiment paraded as an escort to General Washington on the occasion of his inauguration as President on 30 April 1789, and in commemoration of that event, assumed the name of "Washington Greys," which it has borne to this date. It was then an artillery organization and used gray uniforms.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(New York)

Constituted 9 October 1809 in the New York State Militia as the 4th Regiment of Artillery and organized from existing companies at New York. Redesignated 13 June 1812 as the 3d Regiment of Artillery. Mustered into Federal service 15 September 1812 at New York; mustered out of Federal service 15 December 1812 at New York. Mustered into Federal service 2 September 1814 at New York; mustered out of Federal service 3 December 1814 at New York.

Converted and redesignated 27 July 1847 as the 8th Regiment (Infantry). Mustered into Federal service 26 April 1861 at Washington, D.C.; mustered out of Federal service 2 August 1861 at New York. (New York State Militia redesignated 23 April 1862 as the New York National Guard.) Mustered into Federal service 29 May 1862 at New York; mustered out of Federal service 10 September 1862

at New York. Mustered into Federal service 17 June 1863 at New York; mustered out of Federal service 23 July 1863 at New York. Reorganized and redesignated 6 December 1893 as the 8th Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 14 February 1896 as the 8th Regiment. Mustered into Federal service 14–19 May 1898 at Camp Townshend, New York, as the 8th New York Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 3 November 1898 at New York and resumed state status as the 8th Infantry Regiment. Reorganized and redesignated 10 December 1906 as the 8th Infantry Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 21 January 1908 as the 8th Infantry Regiment.

Converted and redesignated 23 January 1908 as the 8th Artillery District, Coast Artillery Corps. Reorganized and redesignated 10 August 1914 as the 8th Coast Defense Command, Coast Artillery Corps. Mustered into Federal service 22 July 1917 at New York; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. (8th Coast Defense Command, New York Guard, organized 3 August 1917 in the New York Guard at New York to replace command in Federal service.) Companies of the 8th Coast Defense Command reorganized and redesignated 22 January–1 February 1918 as elements of the 58th Artillery (Coast Artillery Corps), the Coast Defenses of Southern New York, and the Coast Defenses of Eastern New York. New York elements of the 58th Artillery (Coast Artillery Corps) demobilized 7 May 1919 at Camp Upton, New York; elements of the Coast Defenses of Southern New York in December 1918 at Fort Wadsworth, New York; and elements of the Coast Defenses of Eastern New York in December 1918 at Fort Totten, New York.

Former 8th Coast Defense Command consolidated with the 8th Coast Defense Command, New York Guard, and reorganized in the New York National Guard as the 193d Field Artillery with Headquarters Federally recognized 11 May 1921 at Bronx. Redesignated 11 October 1921 as the 258th Field Artillery. Inducted into Federal service 3 February 1941 at home stations. Regiment broken up 8 February 1943 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 258th Field Artillery Group; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 258th and 991st Field Artillery Battalions, respectively.

258th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 19 December 1945 at Camp Myles Standish, Massachusetts. Consolidated with Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 258th Field Artillery Group (inactivated 25 October 1945 at Camp Myles Standish, Massachusetts), and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized 10 November 1947 as the 258th Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at Bronx.

991st Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 16 November 1945 at Camp Myles Standish, Massachusetts. Reorganized and Federally recognized 10 November 1947 with Headquarters at Bronx. Assigned 15 October 1957 to the 42d Infantry Division.

258th and 991st Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 16 March 1959 to form the 258th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Howitzer Battalions and the 4th Rocket Howitzer Battalion, elements of the 42d Infantry Division. Reorganized 15 April 1963 to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 4th Battalions, elements of the 42d Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 1st and 4th Battalions, elements of

the 42d Infantry Division. (1st and 4th Battalions ordered into active Federal service 24 March 1970 at home stations; released 30 March 1970 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 258th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 August 1973 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 42d Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 October 1977 to consist of the 1st Battalion and Battery E, elements of the 42d Infantry Division. Withdrawn 20 October 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. Reorganized 1 October 1987 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 42d Infantry Division. Consolidated 1 September 1991 with the 105th Field Artillery (*see* ANNEX 1) and the 209th Field Artillery (*see* ANNEX 2) and consolidated unit designated as the 258th Field Artillery, to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 42d Infantry Division. Consolidated 1 September 1992 with the 104th Field Artillery (*see* ANNEX 3) and consolidated unit designated as the 258th Field Artillery, to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 42d Infantry Division.

ANNEX 1

Organized 23 January 1908 from existing units in the New York National Guard as the 1st Battalion, Field Artillery, with Headquarters at Bronx. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 28 May 1912 as the 2d Field Artillery Regiment. Reorganized and redesignated 26 October 1912 as the 1st Battalion, 1st Field Artillery Regiment. Batteries A and C consolidated 16 December 1912 with Separate Battery A (organized 30 August 1911 at Syracuse) to form the 2d Battalion, Field Artillery; Battery B concurrently expanded, reorganized, and redesignated as the 1st Battalion, 1st Field Artillery Regiment. 1st Battalion, 1st Field Artillery Regiment, and 2d Battalion, Field Artillery, consolidated 10 January 1913 to form the 2d Field Artillery Regiment. Mustered into Federal service 30 June 1916 at New York; mustered out of Federal service 12 January 1917 at New York. Mustered into Federal service 11 July 1917 at New York; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. (2d Field Artillery organized 3 August 1917 in the New York Guard with Headquarters at New York to replace regiment in Federal service.) Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1917 as the 105th Field Artillery and assigned to the 27th Division. Demobilized 3 April 1919 at Camp Upton, New York. Consolidated with the 2d Field Artillery, New York Guard, and consolidated unit reorganized in the New York National Guard as the 2d Field Artillery; Headquarters Federally recognized 17 December 1920 at New York. Redesignated 1 June 1921 as the 105th Field Artillery. Assigned 17 November 1921 to the 27th Division. Inducted into Federal service 15 October 1940 at home stations. Regiment broken up 1 September 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery disbanded; 2d Battalion as the 105th Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 27th Infantry Division (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

105th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 31 December 1945 at Fort Lawton, Washington. Relieved 17 May 1947 from assignment to the 27th Infantry Division and assigned to the 42d Infantry Division. Consolidated with Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 105th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the

New York National Guard), and consolidated unit reorganized and Federally recognized 9 July 1947 at Bronx as the 105th Field Artillery Battalion.

Reorganized and redesignated 16 March 1959 as the 105th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 42d Infantry Division. Reorganized 15 April 1963 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 42d Infantry Division. (1st Battalion ordered into active Federal service 24 March 1970 at home stations; released 30 March 1970 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 105th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 October 1987 to consist of Battery E, an element of the 42d Infantry Division.

ANNEX 2

Constituted 27 April 1898 in the New York National Guard as the 3d New York Volunteer Infantry and organized from existing companies in northern and central New York. Mustered into Federal service 17 May 1898 at Camp Black, New York; mustered out of Federal service 30 November–10 December 1898 at home stations. Reorganized 22 December 1898 in the New York National Guard as the 1st, 2d, and 3d Infantry Battalions with Headquarters at Niagara Falls, Geneva, and Oswego, respectively. Battalions consolidated 30 March 1907 to form the 3d Infantry Regiment with Headquarters at Rochester. Mustered into Federal service 15–18 April 1917 at home stations; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. (3d Infantry organized 3 August 1917 in the New York Guard with Headquarters at Syracuse to replace regiment in Federal service.) Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1917 as the 108th Infantry and assigned to the 27th Division. Demobilized 31 March 1919 at Camp Upton, New York. Consolidated with the 3d Infantry, New York Guard, and consolidated unit reorganized in the New York National Guard as the 3d Infantry; Headquarters Federally recognized 24 April 1920 at Syracuse. Redesignated 1 May 1921 as the 108th Infantry. Assigned 17 November 1921 to the 27th Division. Inducted into Federal service 15 October 1940 at home stations. Relieved 1 September 1942 from assignment to the 27th Division and assigned to the 40th Infantry Division. Inactivated 7 April 1946 at Camp Stoneman, California. Relieved 17 May 1946 from assignment to the 40th Infantry Division and assigned to the 27th Infantry Division.

2d Battalion, 108th Infantry, converted, reorganized, and Federally recognized 17 September 1947 as the 898th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion with Headquarters at Rochester (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages). Redesignated 1 February 1949 as the 127th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion and assigned to the 27th Infantry Division. Redesignated 15 October 1952 as the 106th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion and relieved from assignment to the 27th Infantry Division. Reorganized and redesignated 1 December 1952 as the 106th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 106th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 1 February 1955 as the 270th Armored Field Artillery Battalion and assigned to the 27th Armored Division.

Reorganized and redesignated 16 March 1959 as the 270th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 27th Armored Division.

Consolidated 15 April 1963 with the 209th Artillery (*see* ANNEX 4) and consolidated unit designated as the 209th Artillery to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion and the 2d Missile Battalion. Reorganized 1 March 1964 to consist of the 1st Battalion and the 2d Missile Battalion. Reorganized 1 January 1966 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions. Reorganized 1 April 1970 to consist of the 1st Battalion. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 209th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 20 October 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

ANNEX 3

Constituted 13 May 1847 in the New York State Militia as the 14th Regiment. Organized in July 1847 at Brooklyn from new and existing units. Mustered into Federal service 23 May 1861 at Washington, D.C. Redesignated 7 December 1861 as the 84th New York Volunteer Infantry Regiment. (New York Militia redesignated 23 April 1862 as the New York National Guard.) Mustered out of Federal service 6 June 1864 at New York. Reorganized 6 July 1864 in the New York National Guard as the 14th Infantry Regiment. Mustered into Federal service 13–16 May 1898 at Hempstead as the 14th New York Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 27 October 1898 at Brooklyn. Reorganized 6 December 1898 in the New York National Guard at Brooklyn as the 14th Infantry Regiment. Mustered into Federal service 1 August 1916 at Mission, Texas; mustered out of Federal service 11 October 1916 at Hempstead. Mustered into Federal service 20 July 1917 at Brooklyn. (14th Infantry Regiment organized 3 August 1917 in the New York Guard to replace regiment in Federal service.) Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 4 January 1918 as the 2d Pioneer Infantry. Demobilized 2 November 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Consolidated 12 January 1923 with the 14th Infantry, New York Guard, and reorganized in the New York National Guard at Brooklyn as the 14th Infantry; Headquarters Federally recognized 30 March 1923 at Brooklyn. Assigned 26 January 1927 to the 93d Infantry Brigade. (3d Battalion converted and redesignated 1 September 1940 as the 102d Antitank Battalion—hereafter separate lineage.)

Converted and redesignated 16 September 1940 as the 187th Field Artillery and relieved from assignment to the 93d Infantry Brigade. Inducted into Federal service 3 February 1941 at Brooklyn. Regiment broken up 8 February 1943 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and the 1st Battalion as the 187th Field Artillery Battalion; 2d Battalion as the 955th Field Artillery Battalion (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

187th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 5 January 1946 at Camp Patrick Henry, Virginia. Reorganized and Federally recognized 26 March 1948 at Brooklyn as the 187th Field Artillery Observation Battalion. Ordered into active Federal service 3 September 1950 at Brooklyn. (187th Field Artillery Observation Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 16 October 1952 at Brooklyn; reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 187th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS].) Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 187th Field Artillery Battalion. Released 17 December 1954 from active Federal service and

reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 187th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

955th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 22 December 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Reorganized and Federally recognized 7 November 1947 at Brooklyn. Ordered into active Federal service 19 August 1950 at Brooklyn. (955th Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 4 September 1952 at Brooklyn.) Released 18 March 1955 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 955th Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

187th and 955th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 16 March 1959 to form the 187th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion and the 2d Gun Battalion. Reorganized 1 May 1962 to consist of the 1st and 2d Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 1st Battalion. (1st Battalion ordered into active Federal service 24 March 1970 at home stations; released 30 March 1970 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 187th Field Artillery. Reorganized 1 April 1975 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 42d Infantry Division. Withdrawn 20 October 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

Consolidated 1 September 1991 with the 104th Field Artillery (*see* ANNEX 5) and consolidated unit designated as the 104th Field Artillery to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 42d Infantry Division.

ANNEX 4

Constituted 23 July 1940 in the New York National Guard as the 209th Coast Artillery. Organized September-October 1940 from new and existing units in northwestern New York; Headquarters Federally recognized 6 October 1940 at Rochester. Inducted into Federal service 10 February 1941 at home stations. Regiment broken up 14–18 March 1944 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and the 2d Battalion on 18 March 1944 as the 898th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion; 1st Battalion on 14 March 1944 as the 72d Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

72d Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion inactivated 26 November 1945 at Camp Kilmer, New Jersey. Reorganized and Federally recognized 13 November 1947 at Buffalo. Redesignated 1 May 1950 as the 102d Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion. Ordered into active Federal service 14 August 1950 at Buffalo; released 22 June 1952 from active Federal service and reverted to state control. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 102d Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 14 February 1958 as the 106th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 15 February 1958 as the 106th Antiaircraft Artillery Missile Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 16 March 1959 as the 2d Missile Battalion, 106th Artillery.

898th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion inactivated 3 November 1945 at Camp Myles Standish, Massachusetts. Reorganized 16 March

1953 in northwestern New York as the 336th Antiaircraft Artillery Gun Battalion; Headquarters Federally recognized 23 March 1953 at Niagara Falls. Redesignated 1 October 1953 as the 336th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 1 October 1956 as the 106th Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 14 February 1958 as the 102d Antiaircraft Artillery Battalion.

Consolidated 16 March 1959 with the 105th Antiaircraft Artillery Detachment (organized 16 April 1912 at Rochester) to form the 209th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Gun Battalion and the 2d Detachment. Regiment (less 1st Gun Battalion) consolidated 1 May 1962 with the 2d Missile Battalion, 106th Artillery (*see* above), and consolidated unit designated as the 209th Artillery to consist of the 2d Missile Battalion and the 2d Detachment (former 1st Gun Battalion concurrently converted and redesignated as the 174th Armor—hereafter separate lineage).

ANNEX 5

Organized 3 April 1867 in the New York National Guard at Manhattan as Battery K, 1st Regiment of Artillery. Redesignated 10 December 1869 as Battery K, Artillery. Redesignated 8 December 1877 as Battery A, Artillery. Redesignated 1 January 1882 as the 1st Battery. Redesignated 23 January 1908 as the 1st Battery, 1st Battalion, Field Artillery. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 30 August 1911 as the 2d Battalion, Field Artillery. Reorganized and redesignated 28 May 1912 as the 2d Battalion, 1st Field Artillery Regiment.

Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated 10 January 1913 as the 1st Field Artillery Regiment with Headquarters at New York. Mustered into Federal service (less Batteries A and C) 28 June 1916 at New York (Batteries A and C mustered into Federal service 4 July 1916 at Hempstead); mustered out of Federal service 8–15 November 1916 at home stations. Mustered into Federal service 30 June–9 July 1917 at home stations. (1st Field Artillery organized 1 August 1917 in the New York Guard to replace regiment in Federal service.) Drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1917 as the 104th Field Artillery and assigned to the 27th Division. Demobilized 3 April 1919 at Camp Upton, New York. Consolidated with the 1st Field Artillery, New York Guard, and consolidated unit reorganized in the New York National Guard as the 1st Field Artillery; Headquarters Federally recognized 10 January 1921 at New York. Redesignated 17 November 1921 as the 104th Field Artillery. Assigned 17 November 1921 to the 27th Division. (Location of Headquarters changed 30 March 1929 to Jamaica.) Inducted into Federal service 15 October 1940 at home stations. Regiment broken up 1 September 1942 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery disbanded; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 249th and 104th Field Artillery Battalions, respectively, elements of the 27th Infantry Division (later redesignated as the 27th Armored Division).

249th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 31 December 1945 at Fort Lawton, Washington. Reorganized and Federally recognized 11 November 1947 with Headquarters at Syracuse. Reorganized and redesignated 1 February 1955 as the 249th Armored Field Artillery Battalion.

104th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 31 December 1945 at Fort Lawton, Washington. Reorganized and Federally recognized 24 July 1947 with Headquarters at Jamaica; concurrently relieved from assignment to the 27th Infantry Division and assigned to the 42d Infantry Division.

249th Armored Field Artillery Battalion and 104th Field Artillery Battalion consolidated 16 March 1959 with Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 104th Field Artillery (reconstituted 25 August 1945 in the New York National Guard) to form the 104th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 27th Armored Division, and the 2d Howitzer Battalion, an element of the 42d Infantry Division. Reorganized 15 April 1963 to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 27th Armored Division, and the 2d Battalion, an element of the 42d Infantry Division. Reorganized 1 February 1968 to consist of the 2d Battalion, an element of the 42d Infantry Division. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 104th Field Artillery. (2d Battalion ordered into active Federal service 24 March 1970 at home stations; released 30 March 1970 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Withdrawn 20 October 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

War of 1812
- Streamer without inscription

Civil War
- Bull Run
- Manassas
- Antietam
- Fredericksburg
- Chancellorsville
- Gettysburg
- Wilderness
- Spotsylvania
- Virginia 1861
- Virginia 1862
- Virginia 1863

World War I
- Somme Offensive
- Ypres-Lys
- Meuse-Argonne
- Flanders 1918
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Tunisia
- Naples-Foggia
- Rome-Arno
- Normandy (with arrowhead)
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe
- Central Pacific
- Bismarck Archipelago
- Eastern Mandates
- Leyte
- Luzon
- Western Pacific
- Southern Philippines (with arrowhead)
- Ryukyus

Korean War
- First UN Counteroffensive
- CCF Spring Offensive
- UN Summer–Fall Offensive
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

Headquarters Battery (Jamaica), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War I
- Champagne-Marne
- Aisne-Marne
- St. Mihiel
- Champagne 1918

World War II–EAME
- North Apennines
- Po Valley

DECORATIONS

Navy Unit Commendation, Streamer embroidered ENIWETOK ATOLL (104th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 73, 1948, as amended by DA GO 34, 1950)

Headquarters Battery (Jamaica) and Battery C (Brooklyn), 1st Battalion, each additionally entitled to: Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1952 (955th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 33, 1953, as amended by DA GO 41, 1955)

Battery B (Bronx), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Belgian Fourragere 1940 (991st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950); Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium (991st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950); Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (991st Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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300th FIELD ARTILLERY
(Powder River Regiment)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, five fleurs-de-lis or, one, three and one, on a chief embattled azure fimbriated of the second, a demi-sun issuant of the like.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Wyoming Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, an American bison statant proper.

Motto: Powder River.

Symbolism: The red shield and the five gold fleurs-de-lis are for artillery service in France. The chief is blue for infantry service in the Philippines. The gold sun recalls both Far Eastern service and the shoulder sleeve insignia of the 41st Division. The parting line is yellow for cavalry, and the line is made embattled recalling the fighting record of the old organization. The motto has been the battle cry and catch word of the regiment from its earliest days through three wars.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Wyoming)

Organized in 1888 in the Wyoming National Guard as the 1st Regiment. Redesignated in 1890 as the 1st Regiment Infantry. Mustered into Federal service 7–10 May 1898 at Cheyenne as the 1st Battalion, Wyoming Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 23 September 1899 at San Francisco, California. Reorganized in late 1899 in the Wyoming National Guard as the 2d Regiment Infantry. Redesignated in 1903 as the 3d Infantry Regiment. Regiment broken up in 1915 to form the 1st and 2d Separate Battalions and a separate company (separate company assigned 4 April 1916 to the 2d Separate Battalion). 1st and 2d Separate Battalions mustered into Federal service 4 July 1916 at Cheyenne. Reorganized in November 1916 as a provisional infantry regiment. Mustered out of Federal service 9 March 1917 at Fort D.A. Russell, Wyoming. (Former 2d Separate Battalion mustered into Federal service 17 April 1917 at Cheyenne.) 1st and 2d Separate Battalions consolidated 23 June 1917 to form the 3d Regiment Infantry. Drafted

into Federal service 5 August 1917. Regiment broken up 19 September–5 October 1917 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as elements of the 41st Division as follows: Headquarters and Supply Companies and the 1st Battalion 19 September 1917 as elements of the 148th Field Artillery (demobilized 29 June 1919 at Fort D.A. Russell, Wyoming); 2d and 3d Battalions 20 September 1917 as the 116th Ammunition Train (demobilized in March 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey); Machine Gun Company 5 October 1917 as Company D, 146th Machine Gun Battalion (redesignated 2 April 1918 as Company D, 148th Machine Gun Battalion; demobilized 7 March 1919 at Camp Dodge, Iowa).

Former 3d Regiment Infantry reorganized in 1920 in the Wyoming National Guard as the 1st Cavalry. Redesignated 1 May 1922 as the 115th Cavalry and assigned to the 24th Cavalry Division; Headquarters Federally recognized 24 January 1924 at Cheyenne. Relieved 1 November 1940 from assignment to the 24th Cavalry Division. Inducted into Federal service 24 February 1941 at home stations. Reorganized and redesignated 19 May 1942 as the 115th Cavalry, Mechanized. Regiment broken up 1 January 1944 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and the 1st Squadron as the 115th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron, Mechanized; 2d Squadron as the 126th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron, Mechanized (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

115th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron, Mechanized, inactivated 6 March 1945 at Camp Polk, Louisiana. Converted and redesignated 29 July 1946 as the 300th Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and Federally recognized 30 January 1947 with Headquarters at Sheridan. Ordered into active Federal service 19 August 1950 at home stations. (300th Armored Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 1 October 1952 with Headquarters at Sheridan.) Released 17 September 1954 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 300th Armored Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS).

126th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron, Mechanized, inactivated 15 August 1944 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Reorganized and Federally recognized 19 September 1946 as the 115th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron, Mechanized, with Headquarters at Casper. Expanded 1 September 1950 to form the 115th and 117th Tank Battalions. 115th and 117th Tank Battalions reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1951 as the 1st and 2d Battalions, 115th Armored Cavalry. 1st and 2d Battalions, 115th Armored Cavalry, converted and redesignated 16 January 1953 as the 349th and 350th Armored Field Artillery Battalions, respectively.

300th, 349th, and 350th Armored Field Artillery Battalions consolidated 1 August 1959 with the 351st Armored Field Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX 1) to form the 49th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st, 2d, and 3d Howitzer Battalions. Reorganized 18 December 1967 to consist of the 1st and 2d Battalions. Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 49th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1996 as the 300th Field Artillery to consist of the 2d Battalion.

ANNEX 1

Organized and Federally recognized 28 February 1924 in the Wyoming National Guard at Laramie as Headquarters Troop, 115th Cavalry, an element of the 24th Cavalry Division. Reorganized and redesignated 1 June 1929 as Troop F, 115th Cavalry. Redesignated 1 November 1940 as Troop D, 115th Cavalry (115th Cavalry concurrently relieved from the 24th Cavalry Division). Inducted into Federal service 24 February 1941 at Laramie. Reorganized and redesignated 19 May 1942 as Troop D, 115th Cavalry, Mechanized. Redesignated 1 January 1944 as Troop B, 126th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron, Mechanized. Inactivated 15 August 1944 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Reorganized and Federally recognized 13 February 1947 at Laramie as Troop C, 115th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron, Mechanized.

Consolidated 26 May 1947 with the 98th Chemical Mortar Battalion (*see* ANNEX 2) to form the 141st Medium Tank Battalion with Headquarters at Laramie. Ordered into active Federal service 11 September 1950 at home stations. Reorganized and redesignated 16 December 1950 as the 141st Tank Battalion. Released 17 January 1955 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; concurrently consolidated with the 351st Armored Field Artillery Battalion (*see* ANNEX 3) and consolidated unit designated as the 351st Armored Field Artillery Battalion.

ANNEX 2

Constituted 3 December 1941 in the National Guard as the 641st Tank Destroyer Battalion. Organized in part by conversion and redesignation of elements of the 146th, 148th, and 218th Field Artillery (elements of the Washington, Idaho, and Oregon National Guard) 18 December 1941 at Fort Lewis, Washington.

Converted and redesignated 24 June 1944 as the 98th Chemical Mortar Battalion, Motorized. Reorganized and redesignated 20 March 1945 as the 98th Chemical Mortar Battalion. Inactivated 26 December 1945 at Camp Anza, California.

ANNEX 3

Organized and Federally recognized 21 March 1951 in the Wyoming National Guard at Laramie as the Howitzer Company, 2d Battalion, 115th Armored Cavalry.

Converted and redesignated 16 January 1953 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 351st Armored Field Artillery Battalion (organic elements organized and Federally recognized 16 March–15 September 1953).

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

War with Spain
Manila

Philippine Insurrection
Manila
Malolos
Luzon 1899

World War I
Champagne-Marne
Aisne-Marne
St. Mihiel
Meuse-Argonne
Champagne 1918

World War II
Bismarck Archipelago
New Guinea
Luzon (with arrowhead)

Korean War
First UN Counteroffensive
CCF Spring Offensive
UN Summer–Fall Offensive
Second Korean Winter
Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
Third Korean Winter
Korea, Summer 1953

Battery B (Casper), 2d Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–EAME
Northern France
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered HONGCHON (300th Armored Field Artillery Battalion [less Battery B] cited; DA GO 72, 1951)

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered KUMSONG (300th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 1, 1954)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered KOREA 1952–1953 (300th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 55, 1953)

Headquarters Battery (Sheridan) and Battery C (Worland), 2d Battalion, each additionally entitled to: Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1950–1952 (300th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 41, 1955) and Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1952 (300th Armored Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 31, 1955)

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319th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, on a bend of three fleurs-de-lis azure, in sinister chief three columns and arch of the second.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, in front of two arrows in saltier points up of the first flighted azure a pair of wings conjoined in leure of the first, feathers shafted of the second, charged at center with a torteau and supporting a fleur-de-lis with center petal of the last and outer petals vert fimbriated gold surmounted by a lion's face affronté of the like.

Motto: Loyalty.

Symbolism: Scarlet and yellow are the colors used for artillery. The three fleurs-de-lis represent the three major engagements in which the regiment participated while in France during World War I; the three columns and arch are taken from the state seal of Georgia, the birth place of the unit and where it received its early training.

The wings signify the airborne heritage of the unit, the feathers with red shafts referring to participation in the war in Vietnam; the red disc alludes to the scarlet streamers of the Meritorious Unit Commendation also awarded for service in Vietnam. The arrows denote two assault landings in World War II; the blue feathers refer to four Presidential Unit Citations, two for World War II and two for Vietnam. The fleur-de-lis in red and green alludes to the colors of the French Croix de Guerre awarded three times for service in France. The lion's face, suggested by the gold lions in the arms of Belgium and Holland, connotes awards of the Belgian Fourragere, Military Order of William, and Netherlands Orange Lanyard for service in World War II.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as the 319th Field Artillery and assigned to the 82d Division. Organized 2 September 1917 at Camp Gordon,

Georgia. Demobilized 18 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 24 June 1921 in the Organized Reserves as the 319th Field Artillery and assigned to the 82d Division (later redesignated as the 82d Airborne Division). Organized in January 1922 at Decatur, Georgia.

Reorganized and redesignated 13 February 1942 as the 319th Field Artillery Battalion. Ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as the 319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 15 December 1947 as the 319th Field Artillery Battalion. (Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps.) Withdrawn 15 November 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted to the Regular Army. Reorganized and redesignated 15 December 1948 as the 319th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion.

Relieved 1 September 1957 from assignment to the 82d Airborne Division; concurrently, reorganized and redesignated as the 319th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 319th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 2 October 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Sicily
- Naples-Foggia
- Normandy (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland (with arrowhead)
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Vietnam
- Defense
- Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970
- Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- Consolidation I
- Consolidation II

Armed Forces Expeditions
- Dominican Republic
- Grenada
- Panama (with arrowhead)

Southwest Asia
- Defense of Saudi Arabia
- Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHIUNZI PASS (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 41, 1947)

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 83, 1944)

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered DAK TO (3d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1969)

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered DONG AP BIA MOUNTAIN (2d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 15, 1972)

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered DEFENSE OF SAIGON (2d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 52, 1974)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1965–1967 (3d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 48, 1968)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968 (2d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 22, 1976)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (1st and 2d Battalions, 319th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 1, 1996. 3d Battalion, 319th Field Artillery cited; letter, TAPC-PDA [600-8-22], to Commander, XVIII Airborne Corps and Fort Bragg, Subj: Meritorious Unit Commendation [MUC], 26 August 1998)

Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1983 (3d Battalion, 319th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 9, 1987)

Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1994 (1st Battalion, 319th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 15, 1997)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COTENTIN (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Military Order of William (Degree of the Knight of the Fourth Class), Streamer embroidered NIJMEGEN 1944 (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Netherlands Orange Lanyard (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at St. Vith (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium and Germany (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

1st BATTALION, 319th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(82d Airborne Division)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery A, 319th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division. Organized 2 September 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Demobilized 18 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 24 June 1921 in the Organized Reserves as Battery A, 319th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division (later redesignated as the 82d Airborne Division). Organized in January 1922 at Decatur, Georgia.

Reorganized and redesignated 13 February 1942 as Battery A, 319th Field Artillery Battalion. Ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery A, 319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 15 December 1947 as Battery A, 319th Field Artillery Battalion. (Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps.) Withdrawn 15 November 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted to the Regular Army. Reorganized and redesignated 15 December 1948 as Battery A, 319th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 September 1957 as Battery A, 319th Artillery, an element of the 82d Airborne Division. Reorganized and redesignated 25 May 1964 as Headquarters, Headquarters and Service Battery, 1st Battalion, 319th Artillery (organic elements constituted 6 March 1964 and activated 25 May 1964). Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 319th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*St. Mihiel
*Meuse-Argonne
*Lorraine 1918

World War II
*Sicily
*Naples-Foggia
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland (with arrowhead)
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Armed Forces Expeditions
*Dominican Republic
*Grenada

Southwest Asia
*Defense of Saudi Arabia
*Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
*Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHIUNZI PASS (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 41, 1947)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 83, 1944)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (1st Battalion, 319th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 1, 1996)

*Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1994 (1st Battalion, 319th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 15, 1997)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COTENTIN (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Military Order of William (Degree of the Knight of the Fourth Class), Streamer embroidered NIJMEGEN 1944 (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Netherlands Orange Lanyard (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in St. Vith (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium and Germany (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Battery C additionally entitled to: Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1999 (Battery C, 1st Battalion, 319th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 29, 2001)

2d BATTALION, 319th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(82d Airborne Division)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery B, 319th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division. Organized 2 September 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Demobilized 18 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 24 June 1921 in the Organized Reserves as Battery B, 319th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division (later redesignated as the 82d Airborne Division). Organized in January 1922 at Decatur, Georgia.

Reorganized and redesignated 13 February 1942 as Battery B, 319th Field Artillery Battalion. Ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery B, 319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 15 December 1947 as Battery B, 319th Field Artillery Battalion. (Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps.) Withdrawn 15 November 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted to the Regular Army. Reorganized and redesignated 15 December 1948 as Battery B, 319th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 September 1957 as Battery B, 319th Artillery, an element of the 82d Airborne Division. Relieved 1 February 1964 from assignment to the 82d Airborne Division and assigned to the 101st Airborne Division. Reorganized and redesignated 3 February 1964 as Headquarters, Headquarters and Service Battery, 2d Battalion, 319th Artillery (organic elements constituted 21 January 1964 and activated 3 February 1964). Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 319th Field Artillery. Inactivated 31 July 1972 at Fort Campbell, Kentucky, and relieved from assignment to the 101st Airborne Division. Assigned 2 October 1986 to the 82d Airborne Division and activated at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*St. Mihiel
*Meuse-Argonne
*Lorraine 1918

World War II
*Sicily
*Naples-Foggia
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland (with arrowhead)
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Vietnam
*Counteroffensive, Phase III
*Tet Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase IV
*Counteroffensive, Phase V
*Counteroffensive, Phase VI
*Tet 69/Counteroffensive
*Summer–Fall 1969
*Sanctuary 1970
*Sanctuary Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase VII
*Consolidation I
*Consolidation II

Southwest Asia
*Defense of Saudi Arabia
*Liberation and Defense of Kuwait

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHIUNZI PASS (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 41, 1947)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 83, 1944)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered DONG AP BIA MOUNTAIN (2d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 16, 1972)

*Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered DEFENSE OF SAIGON (2d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 52, 1974)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968 (2d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 22, 1976)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (2d Battalion, 319th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 1, 1996)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COTENTIN (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Military Order of William (Degree of the Knight of the Fourth Class), Streamer embroidered NIJMEGEN 1944 (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Netherlands Orange Lanyard (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at St. Vith (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium and Germany (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (2d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1970)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1971 (2d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 6, 1974)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1970 (2d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 48, 1971)

Battery B additionally entitled to: Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered THUA THIEN PROVINCE (Battery B, 2d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 2, 1971)

3d BATTALION, 319th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(82d Airborne Division)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery C, 319th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division. Organized 2 September 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Demobilized 18 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 24 June 1921 in the Organized Reserves as Battery C, 319th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division (later redesignated as the 82d Airborne Division). Organized in January 1922 at Decatur, Georgia.

Reorganized and redesignated 13 February 1942 as Battery C, 319th Field Artillery Battalion. Ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery C, 319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 15 December 1947 as Battery C, 319th Field Artillery Battalion. (Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps.) Withdrawn 15 November 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted to the Regular Army. Reorganized and redesignated 15 December 1948 as Battery C, 319th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 September 1957 as Battery C, 319th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Airborne Division. Relieved 24 June 1960 from assignment to the 82d Airborne Division and assigned to the 25th Infantry Division. Relieved 1 July 1961 from assignment to the 25th Infantry Division. Reorganized and redesignated 25 June 1963 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 319th Artillery, and assigned to the 173d Airborne Brigade (organic elements constituted 26 March 1963 and activated 25 June 1963). Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 319th Field Artillery. Relieved 14 January 1972 from assignment to the 173d Airborne Brigade and assigned to the 101st Airborne Division. Relieved 2 October 1986 from assignment to the 101st Airborne Division and assigned to the 82d Airborne Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*St. Mihiel
*Meuse-Argonne
*Lorraine 1918

World War II
*Sicily
*Naples-Foggia
*Normandy with arrowhead)
*Rhineland (with arrowhead)
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Vietnam
*Defense
*Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase II
*Counteroffensive, Phase III
*Tet Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase IV
*Counteroffensive, Phase V
*Counteroffensive Phase VI
*Tet 69/Counteroffensive
*Summer–Fall 1969
*Winter–Spring 1970
*Sanctuary Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase VII
*Consolidation I

Armed Forces Expeditions
*Panama (with arrowhead)

Southwest Asia
*Defense of Saudi Arabia
*Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
*Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHIUNZI PASS (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 41, 1947)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 83, 1944)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered DAK TO (3d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 42, 1969)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1965–1967 (3d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 48, 1968)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (3d Battalion, 319th Field Artillery, cited; letter, TAPC-PDA [600-8-22], to Commander, XVIII Airborne Corps and Fort Bragg, Subj: Meritorious Unit Commendation [MUC], 26 August 1998)

*Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1983 (3d Battalion, 319th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 9, 1987)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COTENTIN (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Military Order of William (Degree of the Knight of the Fourth Class) Streamer embroidered NIJMEGEN 1944 (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Netherlands Orange Lanyard (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at St. Vith (319th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (319th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium and Germany (319th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1965–1970 (3d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 51, 1971, as amended by DA GO 43, 1972)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1970–1971 (3d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 5, 1973)

Battery B additionally entitled to: Presidential Unit Citation (Navy), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966 (Battery B, 3d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 32, 1973)

Battery C additionally entitled to: Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered TUY HOA (Battery C, 3d Battalion, 319th Artillery, cited; DA GO 25, 2001)

BATTERY D, 319th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(173d Airborne Brigade)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery D, 319th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division. Organized 2 September 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Demobilized 18 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 24 June 1921 in the Organized Reserves as Battery D, 319th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division (later redesignated as the 82d Airborne Division). Organized in January 1922 at Decatur; Georgia.

Absorbed 13 February 1942 by Battery A, 319th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 319th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 13 February 1942 as Battery A, 319th Field Artillery Battalion; ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana; reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery A, 319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion; reorganized and redesignated 15 December 1947 as Battery A, 319th Field Artillery Battalion; [Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps]; withdrawn 15 November 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted to the Regular Army; reorganized and redesignated 15 December 1948 as Battery A, 319th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion.)

Former Battery D, 319th Field Artillery, reconstituted 25 April 1957 in the Regular Army; concurrently, redesignated as Battery D, 319th Artillery, assigned to the 101st Airborne Division, and activated at Fort Campbell, Kentucky. Inactivated 3 April 1964 at Fort Campbell, Kentucky, and relieved from assignment to the 101st Airborne Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery D, 319th Field Artillery. Activated 16 October 1988 in Italy. Assigned 16 October 2000 to the 173d Airborne Brigade.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
St. Mihiel
Meuse-Argonne
Lorraine 1918

World War II–EAME
Sicily
Naples-Foggia
Normandy (with arrowhead)
Rhineland (with arrowhead)
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHIUNZI PASS (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 41, 1947)

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 83, 1944)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COTENTIN (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Military Order of William (Degree of the Knight of the Fourth Class), Streamer embroidered NIJMEGEN 1944 (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Netherlands Orange Lanyard (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at St. Vith (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium and Germany (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

BATTERY E, 319th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery E, 319th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division. Organized 2 September 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Demobilized 18 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 24 June 1921 in the Organized Reserves as Battery E, 319th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division (later redesignated as the 82d Airborne Division). Organized in January 1922 at Decatur, Georgia.

Absorbed 13 February 1942 by Battery B, 319th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 319th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 13 February 1942 as Battery B, 319th Field Artillery Battalion; ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana; reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery B, 319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion; reorganized and redesignated 15 December 1947 as Battery B, 319th Field Artillery Battalion; [Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps]; withdrawn 15 November 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted to the Regular Army; reorganized and redesignated 15 December 1948 as Battery B, 319th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion.)

Former Battery B, 319th Field Artillery, reconstituted 25 April 1957 in the Regular Army; concurrently, redesignated as Battery E, 319th Artillery, assigned to the 101st Airborne Division, and activated at Fort Campbell, Kentucky. Inactivated 3 April 1964 at Fort Campbell, Kentucky, and relieved from assignment to the 101st Airborne Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery E, 319th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Lorraine 1918

World War II–EAME
- Sicily
- Naples-Foggia
- Normandy (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland (with arrowhead)
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered CHIUNZI PASS (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 41, 1947)

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 83, 1944)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COTENTIN (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Military Order of William (Degree of the Knight of the Fourth Class), Streamer embroidered NIJMEGEN 1944 (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Netherlands Orange Lanyard (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at St. Vith (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43,1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium and Germany (319th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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320th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, on a palmetto tree eradicated or a Lorraine cross azure.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and pules, issuing from two pairs of wings conjoined, elevated, and addorsed argent a lozenge of the like bearing a four-bastioned fort one bastion to chief parti per pale gules and azure charged with a lion's face gold.

Motto: *Volens et Potens* (Willing and Able).

Symbolism: The shield is scarlet for artillery; the palmetto tree, representing South Carolina, alludes to the district where the unit was organized after World War I. The Lorraine cross represents service in World War I.

The design of the crest commemorates three of the unit's especially noteworthy actions in World War II: the amphibious assault at Maori, Italy; the glider assault into Normandy; and participation in the battle of the Bulge. The two pairs of wings from the arms of the province of Salerno, where Maori is located, refer to that action and the unit's service as a glider unit in World War II. The lion's face, alluding to the arms of Normandy, stands for the assault into that province. The fort represents Bastogne and the white background the snow-covered terrain of the Battle of the Bulge. The red and blue vertical division of the fort is taken from the arms of Bastogne; the bastions overlooking four directions refer to its strategic location at the crossroads of major lines of communication. The red, white, and blue color combination of the design also alludes to the unit's war service with the"All American" division, the 82d Airborne Division.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as the 320th Field Artillery and assigned to the 82d Division. Organized 29 August 1917 at Camp Gordon,

Georgia. Demobilized 12 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 24 June 1921 in the Organized Reserves as the 320th Field Artillery and assigned to the 82d Division (later redesignated as the 82d Airborne Division). Organized in December 1921 at Columbia, South Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 13 February 1942 as the 320th Field Artillery Battalion. Ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as the 320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion. (Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps.) Withdrawn 15 November 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted to the Regular Army. Inactivated 15 December 1948 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Relieved 14 December 1950 from assignment to the 82d Airborne Division. Redesignated 1 August 1951 as the 320th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia.

Reorganized and redesignated 22 March 1957 as the 320th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 320th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 2 October 1986 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Sicily
- Naples-Foggia
- Normandy (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland (with arrowhead)
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Vietnam
- Defense
- Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase II
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970
- Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- Consolidation I
- Consolidation II

Armed Forces Expeditions
- Dominican Republic
- Grenada
- Panama

Southwest Asia
- Defense of Saudi Arabia
- Liberation and Defense of Kuwait

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 83, 1944)

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered DAK TO (2d Battalion, 320th Artillery, cited; DA GO 59, 1968)

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered TUY HOA (2d Battalion, 320th Artillery, cited; DA GO 17, 1968, as amended by DA GO 1, 1969)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1965–1966 (2d Battalion, 320th Artillery, cited; DA GO 17, 1968)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (2d and 3d Battalions, 320th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 1, 1996)

Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1993–1994 (Battery E, 320th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 27, 1994)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COTENTIN (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Military Order of William (Degree of the Knight of the Fourth Class), Streamer embroidered NIJMEGEN 1944 (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Netherlands Orange Lanyard (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium and Germany (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

1st BATTALION, 320th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(101st Airborne Division)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery A, 320th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division. Organized 29 August 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Demobilized 12 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 24 June 1921 in the Organized Reserves as Battery A, 320th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division (later redesignated as the 82d Airborne Division). Organized in December 1921 at Columbia, South Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 13 February 1942 as Battery A, 320th Field Artillery Battalion. Ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery A, 320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion. (Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps.) Withdrawn 15 November 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted to the Regular Army. Inactivated 15 December 1948 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion relieved 14 December 1950 from assignment to the 82d Airborne Division.) Redesignated 1 August 1951 as Battery A, 320th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1957 as Battery A, 320th Artillery, and assigned to the 11th Airborne Division. Inactivated 1 July 1958 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 11th Airborne Division. Redesignated 15 November 1962 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 320th Artillery, and assigned to the 82d Airborne Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 7 December 1962 at Fort Bragg. North Carolina. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 320th Field Artillery. Relieved 2 October 1986 from assignment to the 82d Airborne Division and assigned to the 101st Airborne Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*St. Mihiel
*Meuse-Argonne
*Lorraine 1918

World War II
*Sicily
*Naples-Foggia
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland (with arrowhead)
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Armed Forces Expeditions
*Dominican Republic
*Grenada

Southwest Asia
*Defense of Saudi Arabia
*Liberation and Defense of Kuwait

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 83, 1944)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COTENTIN (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Military Order of William (Degree of the Knight of the Fourth Class), Streamer embroidered NIJMEGEN 1944 (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Netherlands Orange Lanyard (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium and Germany (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

2d BATTALION, 320th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(101st Airborne Division)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery B, 320th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division. Organized 29 August 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Demobilized 12 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 24 June 1921 in the Organized Reserves as Battery B, 320th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division (later redesignated as the 82d Airborne Division). Organized in December 1921 at Columbia, South Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 13 February 1942 as Battery B, 320th Field Artillery Battalion. Ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery B, 320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion. (Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps.) Withdrawn 15 November 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted to the Regular Army. Inactivated 15 December 1948 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion relieved 14 December 1950 from assignment to the 82d Airborne Division.) Redesignated 1 August 1951 as Battery B, 320th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1957 as Battery B, 320th Artillery, and assigned to the 11th Airborne Division. Inactivated 1 July 1958 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 11th Airborne Division. Redesignated 15 November 1962 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Battalion, 320th Artillery, and assigned to the 101st Airborne Division (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 3 December 1962 at Fort Campbell, Kentucky. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 320th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*St. Mihiel
*Meuse-Argonne
*Lorraine 1918

World War II
*Sicily
*Naples-Foggia
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland (with arrowhead)
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Vietnam
*Defense
*Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase II
*Counteroffensive, Phase III
*Tet Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase IV
*Counteroffensive, Phase V
*Counteroffensive, Phase VI
*Tet 69/Counteroffensive
*Summer–Fall 1969
*Winter–Spring 1970
*Sanctuary Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase VII
*Consolidation I
*Consolidation II

Southwest Asia
*Defense of Saudi Arabia
*Liberation and Defense of Kuwait

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 83, 1944)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered DAK TO (2d Battalion, 320th Artillery, cited; DA GO 59, 1968)

*Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered TUY HOA (2d Battalion, 320th Artillery, cited; DA GO 17, 1968, as amended by DA GO 1, 1969)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1965–1966 (2d Battalion, 320th Artillery, cited; DA GO 17, 1968)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (2d Battalion, 320th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 1, 1996)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COTENTIN (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Military Order of William (Degree of the Knight of the Fourth Class), Streamer embroidered NIJMEGEN 1944 (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Netherlands Orange Lanyard (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium and Germany (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (2d Battalion, 320th Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1970, as amended by DA GO 51, 1971)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1971 (2d Battalion, 320th Artillery, cited; DA GO 6, 1974)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1970 (2d Battalion, 320th Artillery, cited; DA GO 48, 1971)

Battery A additionally entitled to: Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1966–1967 (Battery A, 2d Battalion, 320th Artillery, cited; DA GO 21,1969)

Battery D additionally entitled to: Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered PHAN THIET (Battery D, 2d Battalion, 320th Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1970)

3d BATTALION, 320th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(101st Airborne Division)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery C, 320th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division. Organized 29 August 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Demobilized 12 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 24 June 1921 in the Organized Reserves as Battery C, 320th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division (later redesignated as the 82d Airborne Division). Organized in December 1921 at Columbia, South Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 13 February 1942 as Battery C, 320th Field Artillery Battalion. Ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery C, 320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion. (Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps.) Withdrawn 15 November 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted to the Regular Army. Inactivated 15 December 1948 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion relieved 14 December 1950 from assignment to the 82d Airborne Division.) Redesignated 1 August 1951 as Battery C, 320th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1957 as Battery C, 320th Artillery, and assigned to the 11th Airborne Division. Inactivated 1 July 1958 in Germany. Relieved 1 July 1960 from assignment to the 11th Airborne Division; concurrently, assigned to the 82d Airborne Division and activated at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Inactivated 25 May 1964 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, and relieved from assignment to the 82d Airborne Division. Redesignated 15 July 1968 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 320th Artillery, assigned to the 82d Airborne Division, and activated at Fort Bragg, North Carolina (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Battalion inactivated 15 December 1969 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, and relieved from assignment to the 82d Airborne Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 320th Field Artillery. Assigned 2 October 1986 to the 101st Airborne Division and activated at Fort Campbell, Kentucky.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*St. Mihiel
*Meuse-Argonne
*Lorraine 1918

World War II
*Sicily
*Naples-Foggia
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland (with arrowhead)
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Southwest Asia
*Defense of Saudi Arabia
*Liberation and Defense of Kuwait

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 83, 1944)

*Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (3d Battalion, 320th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 1, 1996)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COTENTIN (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Military Order of William (Degree of the Knight of the Fourth Class), Streamer embroidered NIJMEGEN 1944 (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1944)

*Netherlands Orange Lanyard (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium and Germany (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

BATTERY D, 320th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery D, 320th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division. Organized 29 August 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Demobilized 12 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 24 June 1921 in the Organized Reserves as Battery D, 320th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division (later redesignated as the 82d Airborne Division). Organized in December 1921 at Columbia, South Carolina.

Absorbed 13 February 1942 by Battery A, 320th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 320th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 13 February 1942 as Battery A, 320th Field Artillery Battalion; ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana; reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery A, 320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion; [Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps]; withdrawn 15 November 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted to the Regular Army; inactivated 15 December 1948 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina; [320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion relieved 14 December 1950 from assignment to the 82d Airborne Division]; redesignated 1 August 1951 as Battery A, 320th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia.)

Former Battery D, 320th Field Artillery, reconstituted 22 March 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Battery D, 320th Artillery. Assigned 1 September 1957 to the 82d Airborne Division and activated at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Inactivated 25 May 1964 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, and relieved from assignment to the 82d Airborne Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery D, 320th Field Artillery. Assigned 2 October 1986 to the 193d Infantry Brigade and activated in the Canal Zone. Inactivated 15 October 1994 in Panama and relieved from assignment to the 193d Infantry Brigade.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Lorraine 1918

World War II–EAME
- Sicily
- Naples-Foggia
- Normandy (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland (with arrowhead)
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Armed Forces Expeditions
- Panama

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 83, 1944)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COTENTIN (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Military Order of William (Degree of the Knight of the Fourth Class), Streamer embroidered NIJMEGEN 1944 (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Netherlands Orange Lanyard (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in Belgium and Germany (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

BATTERY E, 320th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery E, 320th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division. Organized 29 August 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Demobilized 12 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 24 June 1921 in the Organized Reserves as Battery E, 320th Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division (later redesignated as the 82d Airborne Division). Organized in December 1921 at Columbia, South Carolina.

Absorbed 13 February 1942 by Battery B, 320th Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 320th Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 13 February 1942 as Battery B, 320th Field Artillery Battalion; ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana; reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery B, 320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion; [Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps]; withdrawn 15 November 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted to the Regular Army; inactivated 15 December 1948 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina; [320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion relieved 14 December 1950 from assignment to the 82d Airborne Division]; redesignated 1 August 1951 as Battery B, 320th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion, and activated at Fort Benning, Georgia.)

Former Battery E, 320th Field Artillery, reconstituted 22 March 1957 in the Regular Army and redesignated as Battery E, 320th Artillery. Assigned 1 September 1957 to the 82d Airborne Division and activated at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Inactivated 25 March 1964 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, and relieved from assignment to the 82d Airborne Division. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery E, 320th Field Artillery. Assigned 2 October 1986 to the Berlin Brigade and activated in Germany. Inactivated 15 August 1994 in Germany and relieved from assignment to the Berlin Brigade.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Lorraine 1918

World War II–EAME
- Sicily
- Naples-Foggia
- Normandy (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland (with arrowhead)
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 83, 1944)

Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1993–1994 (Battery E, 320th Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 27, 1994)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered STE. MERE EGLISE (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered COTENTIN (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

French Croix de Guerre, World War II, Fourragere (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Military Order of William (Degree of the Knight of the Fourth Class), Streamer embroidered NIJMEGEN 1944 (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Netherlands Orange Lanyard (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in the Ardennes (320th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

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321st FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, two lion's paws and forelegs issuing out of the dexter and sinister base points chevron-ways or.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a cannon barrel palewise sable winged argent behind a lion sejant affronte with two heads addorsed of the first armed and langued azure grasping in each forepaw a round of the third and surmounted by an escutcheon per pale gules and of the fifth an annulet argent, on a chief of the like three fleurs-de-lis azure.

Motto: *Noli Me Tangere* (Don't Tread on Me).

Symbolism: The shield is scarlet for artillery. The lion's paws are significant of field artillery, which may be likened to a mountain lion whose paw has great strength and power in felling and crushing a victim. The lion with one head facing forward and the other backward, brandishing a round in both directions, refers to the organization's claim to have been the unit of the 101st Airborne Division to fire the first and last rounds on German soil during World War II.

The winged cannon stands for the former designation of the organization as a glider field artillery battalion and to its assignment during World War II to the 101st Airborne Division. The red and blue escutcheon is from the arms of Bastogne; the annulet represents the enemy encirclement of that objective and refers to the unit's distinguished action in its defense during World War II. The three fleurs-de-lis stand for the organization's participation in three campaigns in France during World War I.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as the 321st Field Artillery and assigned to the 82d Division. Organized 2 September 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Demobilized 26 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 5

June 1930 in the Organized Reserves; concurrently, consolidated with the 321st Field Artillery (active) (constituted in July 1923 in the Organized Reserves as the 452d Field Artillery and organized in Georgia; redesignated 5 October 1929 as the 321st Field Artillery and assigned to the 82d Division) and consolidated unit designated as the 321st Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division (later redesignated as the 82d Infantry Division).

Reorganized and redesignated 13 February 1942 as the 321st Field Artillery Battalion. Ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as the 321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion; concurrently, relieved from assignment to the 82d Infantry Division and assigned to the 101st Airborne Division. Inactivated 30 November 1945 in Germany. (Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps.) Redesignated 18 June 1948 as the 518th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion. Withdrawn 25 June 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted to the Regular Army. Activated 6 July 1948 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 1 April 1949 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Activated 25 August 1950 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 1 December 1953 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Activated 15 May 1954 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Redesignated 1 July 1956 as the 321st Airborne Field Artillery Battalion. Relieved 25 April 1957 from assignment to the 101st Airborne Division.

Reorganized and redesignated 31 July 1959 as the 321st Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 321st Field Artillery. Withdrawn 28 February 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System, reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System, and transferred to the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command. Withdrawn 15 January 1996 from the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Lorraine 1918

World War II
- Normandy (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland (with arrowhead)
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase III
- Tet Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase IV
- Counteroffensive, Phase V
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970
- Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- Consolidation I
- Consolidation II

Armed Forces Expeditions
- Dominican Republic

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (101st Airborne Division cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Netherlands Orange Lanyard (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in France and Belgium (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959.

1st BATTALION, 321st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(nondivisional)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery A, 321st Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division. Organized 2 September 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Demobilized 26 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 5 June 1930 in the Organized Reserves; concurrently, consolidated with Battery A, 321st Field Artillery (active) (constituted in July 1923 in the Organized Reserves as Battery A, 452d Field Artillery, and organized in Georgia; redesignated 5 October 1929 as Battery A, 321st Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division), and consolidated unit designated as Battery A, 321st Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division.

Reorganized and redesignated 13 February 1942 as Battery A, 321st Field Artillery Battalion. Ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery A, 321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 101st Airborne Division. Inactivated 30 November 1945 in Germany. (Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps.) Redesignated 18 June 1948 as Battery A, 518th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion. Withdrawn 25 June 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted to the Regular Army. Activated 6 July 1948 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 1 April 1949 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Activated 25 August 1950 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 1 December 1953 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Activated 15 May 1954 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Redesignated 1 July 1956 as Battery A, 321st Airborne Field Artillery Battalion.

Reorganized and redesignated 25 April 1957 as Battery A, 321st Artillery, an element of the 101st Airborne Division. Reorganized and redesignated 3 February 1964 as Headquarters, Headquarters and Service Battery, 1st Battalion, 321st Artillery (organic elements constituted 21 January 1964 and activated 3 February 1964). Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 321st Field Artillery. Inactivated 2 October 1986 at Fort Campbell, Kentucky, and relieved from assignment to the 101st Airborne Division. Activated 16 January 1996 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*St. Mihiel
*Meuse-Argonne
*Lorraine 1918

World War II
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland (with arrowhead)
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Vietnam
*Counteroffensive, Phase III
*Tet Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase IV
*Counteroffensive, Phase V
*Counteroffensive, Phase VI
*Tet 69/Counteroffensive
*Summer–Fall 1969
*Winter–Spring 1970
*Sanctuary Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase VII
*Consolidation I
*Consolidation II

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (101st Airborne Division cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Netherlands Orange Lanyard (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in France and Belgium (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

*Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968 (1st Battalion, 321st Artillery, cited; DA GO 21, 1969)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (1st Battalion, 321st Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1970)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1971 (1st Battalion, 321st Artillery, cited; DA GO 6, 1974)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1970 (1st Battalion, 321st Artillery, cited; DA GO 48, 1971)

2d BATTALION, 321st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery B, 321st Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division. Organized 2 September 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Demobilized 26 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 5 June 1930 in the Organized Reserves; concurrently, consolidated with Battery B, 321st Field Artillery (active) (constituted in July 1923 in the Organized Reserves as Battery B, 452d Field Artillery, and organized in Georgia; redesignated 5 October 1929 as Battery B, 321st Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division), and consolidated unit designated as Battery B, 321st Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division.

Reorganized and redesignated 13 February 1942 as Battery B, 321st Field Artillery Battalion. Ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery B, 321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 101st Airborne Division. Inactivated 30 November 1945 in Germany. (Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps.) Redesignated 18 June 1948 as Battery B, 518th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion. Withdrawn 25 June 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted to the Regular Army. Activated 6 July 1948 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 1 April 1949 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Activated 25 August 1950 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 1 December 1953 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Activated 15 May 1954 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Redesignated 1 July 1956 as Battery B, 321st Airborne Field Artillery Battalion.

Reorganized and redesignated 25 April 1957 as Battery B, 321st Artillery, an element of the 101st Airborne Division. Relieved 1 February 1964 from assignment to the 101st Airborne Division and assigned to the 82d Airborne Division. Reorganized and redesignated 25 May 1964 as Headquarters, Headquarters and Service Battery, 2d Battalion, 321st Artillery (organic elements constituted 6 March 1964 and activated 25 May 1964). Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 321st Field Artillery. Inactivated 2 October 1986 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, and relieved from assignment to the 82d Airborne Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*St. Mihiel
*Meuse-Argonne
*Lorraine 1918

World War II
*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland (with arrowhead)
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

Vietnam
*Tet Counteroffensive
*Counteroffensive, Phase IV
*Counteroffensive, Phase V
*Counteroffensive, Phase VI
*Tet 69/Counteroffensive
*Summer–Fall 1969
*Winter–Spring 1970

Armed Forces Expeditions
*Dominican Republic

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (101st Airborne Division cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Netherlands Orange Lanyard (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in France and Belgium (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

*Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (2d Battalion, 321st Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1970)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968 (2d Battalion, 321st Artillery, cited; DA GO 48 1971)

Batteries A, B, and C each additionally entitled to: Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered HUE and SAIGON (Batteries A, B, and C, 2d Battalion, 321st Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1970, as amended by DA GO 48, 1971)

3d BATTALION, 321st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(nondivisional)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery C, 321st Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division. Organized 2 September 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Demobilized 26 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 5 June 1930 in the Organized Reserves; concurrently, consolidated with Battery C, 321st Field Artillery (active) (constituted in July 1923 in the Organized Reserves as Battery C, 452d Field Artillery, and organized in Georgia; redesignated 5 October 1929 as Battery C, 321st Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division), and consolidated unit designated as Battery C, 321st Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division.

Reorganized and redesignated 13 February 1942 as Battery C, 321st Field Artillery Battalion. Ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery C, 321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 101st Airborne Division. Disbanded 4 September 1942 at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Reconstituted 1 March 1957 in the Regular Army; concurrently, consolidated with Battery C, 321st Airborne Field Artillery Battalion (active) (*see* ANNEX), and consolidated unit designated as Battery C, 321st Airborne Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 101st Airborne Division.

Reorganized and redesignated 25 April 1957 as Battery C, 321st Artillery, an element of the 101st Airborne Division. Relieved 21 January 1964 from assignment to the 101st Airborne Division. Inactivated 3 February 1964 at Fort Campbell, Kentucky. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery C, 321st Field Artillery. Redesignated 28 February 1987 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 321st Field Artillery; Headquarters concurrently transferred to the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command and activated at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 15 January 1996 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Withdrawn 16 January 1996 from the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command and activated at Fort Bragg, North Carolina (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated).

ANNEX

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as part of the 307th Ammunition Train, an element of the 82d Division. Organized in October 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Demobilized 23 May 1919 at Camp Upton, New York. Reconstituted 24 June 1921 in the Organized Reserves as part of the 307th Ammunition Train, an element of the 82d Division. Organized in January 1922 at Newberry, South Carolina.

Reorganized and redesignated 13 February 1942 as Battery B, 907th Field Artillery Battalion. Ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and

reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery B, 907th Glider Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 101st Airborne Division. Inactivated 30 November 1945 in Germany. (Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps.) Redesignated 18 June 1948 as Battery C, 518th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion. Withdrawn 25 June 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted to the Regular Army. Activated 6 July 1948 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 1 April 1949 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Activated 25 August 1950 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 1 December 1953 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Activated 15 May 1954 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Redesignated 1 July 1956 as Battery C, 321st Airborne Field Artillery Battalion.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- *St. Mihiel
- *Meuse-Argonne
- *Lorraine 1918
- *Central Europe

World War II
- *Normandy (with arrowhead)
- *Rhineland (with arrowhead)
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- * Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (101st Airborne Division cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (907th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Netherlands Orange Lanyard (907th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (907th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in France and Belgium (907th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

*Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (907th Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

BATTERY D, 321st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery D, 321st Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division. Organized 2 September 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Demobilized 26 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 5 June 1930 in the Organized Reserves; concurrently, consolidated with Battery D, 321st Field Artillery (active) (constituted in July 1923 in the Organized Reserves as Battery D, 452d Field Artillery, and organized in Georgia; redesignated 5 October 1929 as Battery D, 321st Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division), and consolidated unit designated as Battery D, 321st Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division.

Absorbed 13 February 1942 by Battery A, 321st Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery A, 321st Field Artillery Battalion, ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana; reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery A, 321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 101st Airborne Division; inactivated 30 November 1945 in Germany [Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps]; redesignated 18 June 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted to the Regular Army; activated 6 July 1948 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky; inactivated 1 April 1949 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky; activated 25 August 1950 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky; inactivated 1 December 1953 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky; activated 15 May 1954 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina; redesignated 1 July 1956 as Battery A, 321st Airborne Field Artillery Battalion.)

Former Battery D, 321st Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 March 1957 in the Regular Army; concurrently, redesignated as Battery D, 321st Artillery, assigned to the 11th Airborne Division, and activated in Germany. Inactivated 1 July 1958 in Germany. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery D, 321st Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Lorraine 1918

World War II–EAME
- Normandy (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland (with arrowhead)
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (101st Airborne Division cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Netherlands Orange Lanyard (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in France and Belgium (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

BATTERY E, 321st FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery E, 321st Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division. Organized 2 September 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia. Demobilized 26 May 1919 at Camp Dix, New Jersey. Reconstituted 5 June 1930 in the Organized Reserves; concurrently, consolidated with Battery E, 321st Field Artillery (active) (constituted in July 1923 in the Organized Reserves as Battery E, 452d Field Artillery, and organized in Georgia; redesignated 5 October 1929 as Battery E, 321st Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division), and consolidated unit designated as Battery E, 321st Field Artillery, an element of the 82d Division.

Absorbed 13 February 1942 by Battery B, 321st Field Artillery Battalion. (Battery B, 321st Field Artillery Battalion, ordered into active military service 25 March 1942 and reorganized at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana; reorganized and redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery B, 321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion, an element of the 101st Airborne Division; inactivated 30 November 1945 in Germany [Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps]; redesignated 18 June 1948 as Battery B, 518th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion; withdrawn 25 June 1948 from the Organized Reserve Corps and allotted. to the Regular Army; activated 6 July 1948 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky; inactivated 1 April 1949 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky; activated 25 August 1950 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky; inactivated 1 December 1953 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky; activated 15 May 1954 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina; redesignated 1 July 1956 as Battery B, 321st Airborne Field Artillery Battalion.)

Former Battery E, 321st Field Artillery, reconstituted 1 March 1957 in the Regular Army; concurrently, redesignated as Battery E, 321st Artillery, assigned to the 11th Airborne Division, and activated in Germany. Inactivated 1 July 1958 in Germany. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery E, 321st Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- St. Mihiel
- Meuse-Argonne
- Lorraine 1918

World War II–EAME
- Normandy (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland (with arrowhead)
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (101st Airborne Division cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Netherlands Orange Lanyard (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in France and Belgium (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DAGO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (321st Glider Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

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333d FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, three pallets or, each charged with three projectiles palewise of the first, on a chief of the last, a fleur-de-lis of the first.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a demi-lion rampant sable armed and langued azure bearing on the shoulder an escutcheon parti per pale of the second and fourth within a bordure argent and grasping a sword-breaker with five barbs gold.

Motto: Three Rounds.

Symbolism: In the scarlet and gold of the field artillery, the functions of the organization are illustrated by the stream of projectiles, and even grouping indicates the ability of the regiment to perform within narrow limits and that the honors of the regiment mount with each action. The numerical designation is indicated by the three shells on each of the three vertical pales, the service in France of World War I being symbolized by the fleur-de-lis.

The lion, from the arms of Belgium, bearing the red and blue shield from the arms of Bastogne, commemorates the action for which the 969th Field Artillery Battalion was awarded the Presidential Unit Citation. The white border around the shield represents the encirclement of that city by the enemy and also refers to the snow-covered terrain of the Battle of the Bulge. The sword-breaker was a medieval weapon with barbs or teeth which admitted the sword, but prevented its withdrawal. It represents the breaking of the military power of the enemy in Europe. The five barbs stand for the unit's participation in five European campaigns in World War II.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as the 333d Field Artillery. Assigned 25 August 1917 to the 86th Division. Organized (less 2d Battalion) 25–29 August 1917 at Camp Grant, Illinois. (2d Battalion organized in September 1917 at Camp Grant, Illinois.) Demobilized 23 January 1919 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Reconstituted 13 September 1929 in the Organized Reserves as the 333d Field Artillery and assigned to the 86th Division. Relieved 5 October 1929 from assignment to the 86th Division. Organized in 1930 at Chicago, Illinois. Disbanded 22 August 1942 at Chicago, Illinois. Reconstituted 13 October 1942 in the Regular Army; concurrently, consolidated with the 333d Field Artillery (constituted 5 May 1942 in the Regular Army and activated 5 August 1942 at Camp Gruber, Oklahoma) and consolidated unit designated as the 333d Field Artillery. Regiment broken up 12 February 1943 and its elements reorganized and redesignated as follows: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 333d Field Artillery Group; 1st and 2d Battalions as the 333d and 969th Field Artillery Battalions, respectively.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 333d Field Artillery Group, inactivated 30 December 1945 at Hampton Roads Port of Embarkation, Virginia.

333d Field Artillery Battalion disbanded 10 June 1945 in Germany. Reconstituted 27 November 1946 in the Organized Reserves and redesignated as the 446th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 15 February 1947 at Birmingham, Alabama. (Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps; redesignated 9 July 1952 as the Army Reserve.) (Location of Headquarters changed 22 March 1949 to Dothan, Alabama; on 1 February 1951 to Bartow, Florida; and on 18 December 1952 to Lakeland, Florida.) Inactivated 25 June 1959 at Lakeland, Florida; concurrently, withdrawn from the Army Reserve and allotted to the Regular Army.

969th Field Artillery Battalion inactivated 15 April 1946 at New York Port of Embarkation, New York. Activated 17 June 1946 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 15 June 1949 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Activated 18 March 1955 in Korea. Inactivated 25 June 1958 in Korea.

Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 333d Field Artillery Group, and the 446th and 969th Field Artillery Battalions consolidated, reorganized, and redesignated 1 July 1959 as the 333d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 333d Field Artillery. Withdrawn 16 August 1987 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Streamer without inscription

World War II
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

Southwest Asia
Defense of Saudi Arabia
Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (969th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered IRAQ (Battery E, 333d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 27, 1994)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (Battery A, 333d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 27, 1994; Battery F, 333d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 14, 1997)

Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1995–1996 (Battery C, 333d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 25, 2001)

BATTERY A, 333d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery A, 333d Field Artillery. (333d Field Artillery assigned 25 August 1917 to the 86th Division.) Organized 29 August 1917 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Demobilized 23 January 1919 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Reconstituted 13 September 1929 in the Organized Reserves as Battery A, 333d Field Artillery, an element of the 86th Division. (333d Field Artillery relieved 5 October 1929 from assignment to the 86th Division.) Organized in 1930 at Chicago, Illinois. Disbanded 22 August 1942 at Chicago, Illinois. Reconstituted 13 October 1942 in the Regular Army; concurrently, consolidated with Battery A, 333d Field Artillery (constituted 5 May 1942 in the Regular Army and activated 5 August 1942 at Camp Gruber, Oklahoma), and consolidated unit designated as Battery A, 333d Field Artillery.

Reorganized and redesignated 12 February 1943 as Battery A, 333d Field Artillery Battalion. Disbanded 10 June 1945 in Germany. Reconstituted 27 November 1946 in the Organized Reserves and redesignated as Battery A, 446th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 15 February 1947 at Birmingham, Alabama. (Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps; redesignated 9 July 1952 as the Army Reserve.) Location changed 22 March 1949 to Dothan, Alabama; on 1 February 1951 to Bartow, Florida; on 18 December 1952 to Lakeland, Florida; on 27 May 1955 to Gainesville, Florida; and on 20 May 1957 to Ocala, Florida. Inactivated 25 June 1959 at Ocala, Florida.

Redesignated 1 March 1960 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Missile Battalion, 333d Artillery, withdrawn from the Army Reserve, and allotted to the Regular Army (organic elements concurrently constituted). (Batteries A and B, 1st Missile Battalion, 333d Artillery, activated 1 May 1960 in Germany.) Redesignated 15 September 1962 as the 1st Battalion, 333d Artillery. Activated (less Batteries A and B) 16 September 1962 in Germany. Battalion inactivated 25 June 1964 in Germany. Activated 1 May 1965 at Fort Bliss, Texas. Inactivated 31 January 1970 at Fort Bliss, Texas. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 1st Battalion, 333d Field Artillery. Activated 2 July 1973 in Germany. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 333d Field Artillery, reorganized and redesignated 16 August 1987 as Battery A, 333d Field Artillery, and assigned to the 1st Cavalry Division (remainder of battalion concurrently inactivated). Inactivated 16 December 1992 at Fort Hood, Texas, and relieved from assignment to the 1st Cavalry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Silver band without Campaign inscription

World War II–EAME
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Southwest Asia
- Defense of Saudi Arabia
- Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (Battery A, 333d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 27, 1994)

BATTERY B, 333d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery E, 333d Field Artillery. (333d Field Artillery assigned 25 August 1917 to the 86th Division.) Organized in September 1917 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Demobilized 23 January 1919 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Reconstituted 13 September 1929 in the Organized Reserves as Battery B, 333d Field Artillery, an element of the 86th Division. (333d Field Artillery relieved 5 October 1929 from assignment to the 86th Division.) Organized in 1930 at Chicago, Illinois. Disbanded 22 August 1942 at Chicago, Illinois. Reconstituted 13 October 1942 in the Regular Army; concurrently, consolidated with Battery E, 333d Field Artillery (constituted 5 May 1942 in the Regular Army and activated 5 August 1942 at Camp Gruber, Oklahoma), and consolidated unit designated as Battery E, 333d Field Artillery.

Reorganized and redesignated 12 February 1943 as Battery B, 969th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 15 April 1946 at New York Port of Embarkation, New York. Activated 17 June 1946 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 15 June 1949 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Activated 18 March 1955 in Korea.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 February 1958 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Missile Battalion, 333d Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Redesignated 16 September 1962 as the 2d Battalion, 333d Artillery. Inactivated 25 June 1964 in Germany. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 2d Battalion, 333d Field Artillery. Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Battalion, 333d Field Artillery, redesignated 21 April 1978 as Battery B, 333d Field Artillery, and assigned to the 7th Infantry Division. Battery activated 21 July 1978 at Fort Ord, California. Inactivated 15 December 1984 at Fort Ord, California, and relieved from assignment to the 7th Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Silver band without campaign inscription

World War II–EAME
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (969th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (969th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 27, 1959)

BATTERY C, 333d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery C, 333d Field Artillery. (333d Field Artillery assigned 25 August 1917 to the 86th Division.) Organized 29 August 1917 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Demobilized 23 January 1919 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Reconstituted 13 September 1929 in the Organized Reserves as Battery C, 333d Field Artillery, an element of the 86th Division. (333d Field Artillery relieved 5 October 1929 from assignment to the 86th Division.) Organized in 1930 at Chicago, Illinois. Disbanded 22 August 1942 at Chicago, Illinois. Reconstituted 13 October 1942 in the Regular Army; concurrently, consolidated with Battery C, 333d Field Artillery (constituted 5 May 1942 in the Regular Army and activated 5 August 1942 at Camp Gruber, Oklahoma), and consolidated unit designated as Battery C, 333d Field Artillery.

Reorganized and redesignated 12 February 1943 as Battery C, 333d Field Artillery Battalion. Disbanded 10 June 1945 in Germany. Reconstituted 27 November 1946 in the Organized Reserves and redesignated as Battery C, 446th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 15 February 1947 at Birmingham, Alabama. (Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps; redesignated 9 July 1952 as the Army Reserve.) Location changed 22 March 1949 to Dothan, Alabama, and on 1 February 1951 to Bartow, Florida. Inactivated 1 April 1952 at Bartow, Florida. Activated 7 February 1955 at Jacksonville, Florida. Inactivated 25 June 1959 at Jacksonville, Florida; concurrently, withdrawn from the Army Reserve and allotted to the Regular Army.

Redesignated 14 June 1965 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 333d Artillery. Redesignated 25 July 1966 as Battery C, 333d Artillery, and activated at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 15 May 1970 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery C, 333d Field Artillery. Activated 24 June 1972 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 1 December 1974 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Assigned 21 September 1978 to the 8th Infantry Division and activated in Germany. Relieved 17 January 1992 from assignment to the 8th Infantry Division. Inactivated 15 February 1997 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
Silver band without campaign inscription

World War II–EAME
Normandy
Northern France
Rhineland
Ardennes-Alsace
Central Europe

DECORATIONS

Army Superior Unit Award, Streamer embroidered 1995–1996 (Battery C, 333d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 25, 2001)

4th BATTALION, 333d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE AR
(inactive)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery D, 333d Field Artillery. (333d Field Artillery assigned 25 August 1917 to the 86th Division.) Organized September 1917 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Demobilized 23 January 1919 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Reconstituted 13 September 1929 in the Organized Reserves as Battery D, 333d Field Artillery, an element of the 86th Division. (333d Field Artillery relieved 5 October 1929 from assignment to the 86th Division.) Organized in 1930 at Chicago, Illinois. Disbanded 22 August 1942 at Chicago, Illinois. Reconstituted 13 October 1942 in the Regular Army; concurrently, consolidated with Battery D, 333d Field Artillery (constituted 5 May 1942 in the Regular Army and activated 5 August 1942 at Camp Gruber, Oklahoma), and consolidated unit designated as Battery D, 333d Field Artillery.

Reorganized and redesignated 12 February 1943 as Battery A, 969th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 15 April 1946 at New York Port of Embarkation, New York. Activated 17 June 1946 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 15 June 1949 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Activated 18 March 1955 in Korea.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1957 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 4th Missile Battalion, 333d Artillery (organic elements constituted 30 July 1957 and activated 1 October 1957). Redesignated 14 March 1962 as the 4th Battalion, 333d Artillery. Inactivated 15 October 1963 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 4th Battalion, 333d Field Artillery; concurrently, withdrawn from the Regular Army, allotted to the Army Reserve, and activated at South Bend, Indiana. Inactivated 15 October 1993 at South Bend, Indiana.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
*Streamer without inscription

World War II
*Normandy
*Northern France
*Rhineland
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (969th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

*Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (969th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 27, 1959)

BATTERY E, 333d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery B, 333d Field Artillery. (333d Field Artillery assigned 25 August 1917 to the 86th Division.) Organized 29 August 1917 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Demobilized 23 January 1919 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Reconstituted 13 September 1929 in the Organized Reserves as Battery E, 333d Field Artillery, an element of the 86th Division. (333d Field Artillery relieved 5 October 1929 from assignment to the 86th Division.) Organized in 1930 at Chicago, Illinois. Disbanded 22 August 1942 at Chicago, Illinois. Reconstituted 13 October 1942 in the Regular Army; concurrently, consolidated with Battery B, 333d Field Artillery (constituted 5 May 1942 in the Regular Army and activated 5 August 1942 at Camp Gruber, Oklahoma), and consolidated unit designated as Battery B, 333d Field Artillery.

Reorganized and redesignated 12 February 1943 as Battery B, 333d Field Artillery Battalion. Disbanded 10 June 1945 in Germany. Reconstituted 27 November 1946 in the Organized Reserves as Battery B, 446th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 15 February 1947 at Birmingham, Alabama. (Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps; redesignated 9 July 1952 as the Army Reserve.) Location changed 22 February 1949 to Dothan, Alabama, and on 1 February 1951 to Bartow, Florida. Inactivated 1 April 1952 at Bartow, Florida. Activated 30 April 1954 at Tampa, Florida. Inactivated 25 June 1959 at Tampa, Florida; concurrently, withdrawn from the Army Reserve and allotted to the Regular Army.

Redesignated 1 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 5th Battalion, 333d Artillery. Redesignated 11 November 1966 as Battery E, 333d Artillery. Activated 5 February 1967 at Fort Carson, Colorado. Inactivated 26 May 1967 at Fort Carson, Colorado. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery E, 333d Field Artillery. Assigned 21 November 1977 to the 9th Infantry Division and activated at Fort Lewis, Washington. Inactivated 15 July 1991 at Fort Lewis, Washington, and relieved from assignment to the 9th Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Silver band without campaign inscription

World War II–EAME
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Southwest Asia
- Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Valorous Unit Award, Streamer embroidered IRAQ (Battery E, 333d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 27, 1994)

BATTERY F, 333d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Battery F, 333d Field Artillery. (333d Field Artillery assigned 25 August 1917 to the 86th Division.) Organized in September 1917 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Demobilized 23 January 1919 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Reconstituted 13 September 1929 in the Organized Reserves as Battery F, 333d Field Artillery, an element of the 86th Division. (333d Field Artillery relieved 5 October 1929 from assignment to the 86th Division.) Organized in 1930 at Chicago, Illinois. Disbanded 22 August 1942 at Chicago, Illinois. Reconstituted 13 October 1942 in the Regular Army; concurrently, consolidated with Battery F, 333d Field Artillery (constituted 5 May 1942 in the Regular Army and activated 5 August 1942 at Camp Gruber, Oklahoma), and consolidated unit designated as Battery F, 333d Field Artillery.

Reorganized and redesignated 12 February 1943 as Battery C, 969th Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 15 April 1946 at New York Port of Embarkation, New York. Activated 17 June 1946 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Inactivated 15 June 1949 at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Activated 18 March 1955 in Korea. Inactivated 25 June 1958 in Korea.

Redesignated 1 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 6th Battalion, 333d Artillery. Redesignated 11 November 1966 as Battery F, 333d Artillery. Activated 5 March 1967 at Fort Carson, Colorado. Inactivated 26 May 1967 at Fort Carson, Colorado. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery F, 333d Field Artillery. Assigned 21 September 1978 to the 3d Armored Division and activated in Germany. Inactivated 15 November 1991in Germany and relieved from assignment to the 3d Armored Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Silver band without campaign inscription

World War II–EAME
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Southwest Asia
- Defense of Saudi Arabia
- Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- Cease-Fire

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (969th Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

Meritorious Unit Commendation (Army), Streamer embroidered SOUTHWEST ASIA (Battery F, 333d Field Artillery, cited; DA GO 14, 1997)

Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (969th Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 27, 1959)

BATTERY G, 333d FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(inactive)

Constituted 5 August 1917 in the National Army as Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, 1st Battalion, 333d Field Artillery. (333d Field Artillery assigned 25 August 1917 to the 86th Division.) Organized in September 1917 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Demobilized 23 January 1919 at Camp Grant, Illinois. Reconstituted 13 September 1929 in the Organized Reserves as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 333d Field Artillery, an element of the 86th Division. (333d Field Artillery relieved 5 October 1929 from assignment to the 86th Division.) Organized in 1930 at Chicago, Illinois. Disbanded 22 August 1942 at Chicago, Illinois. Reconstituted 13 October 1942 in the Regular Army; concurrently, consolidated with Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 333d Field Artillery (constituted 5 May 1942 in the Regular Army and activated 5 August 1942 at Camp Gruber, Oklahoma), and consolidated unit designated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 333d Field Artillery.

Reorganized and redesignated 12 February 1943 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 333d Field Artillery Battalion. Disbanded 10 June 1945 in Germany. Reconstituted 27 November 1946 in the Organized Reserves and redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 446th Field Artillery Battalion. Activated 15 February 1947 at Birmingham, Alabama. (Organized Reserves redesignated 25 March 1948 as the Organized Reserve Corps; redesignated 9 July 1952 as the Army Reserve.) Location changed 22 March 1949 to Dothan, Alabama; on 1 February 1951 to Bartow, Florida; and on 18 December 1952 to Lakeland, Florida. Inactivated 25 June 1959 at Lakeland, Florida; concurrently, withdrawn from the Army Reserve and allotted to the Regular Army.

Redesignated 1 July 1959 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 7th Battalion, 333d Artillery. Redesignated 7 March 1967 as Battery G, 333d Artillery. Activated 1 May 1967 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Inactivated 26 May 1967 at Fort Riley, Kansas. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery G, 333d Field Artillery. Assigned 30 September 1978 to the 24th Infantry Division and activated at Fort Stewart, Georgia. Inactivated 15 February 1996 at Fort Stewart, Georgia, and relieved from assignment to the 24th Infantry Division.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War I
- Silver band without campaign inscription

World War II–EAME
- Normandy
- Northern France
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Southwest Asia
- Defense of Saudi Arabia
- Liberation and Defense of kuwait

DECORATIONS

None.

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377th FIELD ARTILLERY

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules, an open parachute attached to a cannon flotant across a flash or.

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, on a mound vert a griffin, the lower part of the first and the upper part including wings argent, holding in the dexter talons a trident bend-sinisterwise azure, the tines impaling a fleur-de-lis of the first, the shaft terminating in an arrowhead of the fifth enflamed tenne and the sinister talons resting on the top of a shield per pale gules and azure within a bordure agent.

Motto: *Firmiter et Fideliter* (Steadfastly and Faithfully).

Symbolism: The scarlet of the shield is for field artillery. The floating parachute with the cannon attached is symbolic of the airborne function of the organization.

The griffin is a fabulous animal, half eagle and half lion. The eagle portion alludes to the organization having served with the 101st Airborne Division (Screaming Eagles) in World War II and the lion portion to England, where it underwent training and from whence it "took off" for its air assault drops on Normandy and the Netherlands. The trident refers to Operation Neptune which launched the invasion of Normandy symbolized by the fleur-de-lis and which, impaled on the tines, also alludes to the Normandy airdrop. The arrowhead with flames of orange (the Netherlands national color) refers to the airdrop on the Netherlands. The red and blue shield, suggested by the coat of arms of Bastogne, refers to the gallant defense of Bastogne and has been"surrounded by" a border in allusion to the town being surrounded by the enemy and is white to simulate snow, the action having taken place during winter. The green mound refers to the Rhineland campaign and southern Germany.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

Constituted 24 June 1921 in the Organized Reserves as the 377th Field Artillery and assigned to the 101st Division (later redesignated as the 101st Airborne Division). Organized in November 1921 with Headquarters at Green Bay, Wisconsin.

Reorganized and redesignated 30 January 1942 as the 377th Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 15 August 1942 as the 377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion; concurrently, inactivated, withdrawn from the Organized Reserves, and allotted to the Army of the United States. Activated 16 August 1942 at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Inactivated 30 November 1945 in France. Redesignated (less Battery D) 18 June 1948 as the 515th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion (Battery D concurrently converted and redesignated as the Support Company, 506th Airborne Infantry—hereafter separate lineage). Allotted 25 June 1948 to the Regular Army. Activated 6 July 1948 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 15 April 1949 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Activated 25 August 1950 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 1 December 1953 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Activated 15 May 1954 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Redesignated 1 July 1956 as the 377th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion.

Relieved 25 April 1957 from assignment to the 101st Airborne Division; concurrently, reorganized and redesignated as the 377th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 377th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 15 January 1996 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- Normandy (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland (with arrowhead)
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Vietnam
- Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- Summer–Fall 1969
- Winter–Spring 1970
- Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- Consolidation I
- Consolidation II

DECORATIONS

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 4, 1945)

Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (101st Airborne Division cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Netherlands Orange Lanyard (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

Belgian Fourragere 1940 (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

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Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

1st BATTALION, 377th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE RA
(nondivisional)

Constituted 24 June 1921 in the Organized Reserves as Battery A, 377th Field Artillery, an element of the 101st Division (later redesignated as the 101st Airborne Division). Organized in November 1921 at Green Bay, Wisconsin.

Reorganized and redesignated 30 January 1942 as Battery A, 377th Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery A, 377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion; concurrently, inactivated, withdrawn from the Organized Reserves, and allotted to the Army of the United States. Activated 16 August 1942 at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Inactivated 30 November 1945 in France. Redesignated 18 June 1948 as Battery A, 515th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion. Allotted 25 June 1948 to the Regular Army. Activated 6 July 1948 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 15 April 1949 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Activated 25 August 1950 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 1 December 1953 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Activated 15 May 1954 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Redesignated 1 July 1956 as Battery A, 377th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion.

Reorganized and redesignated 25 April 1957 as Battery A, 377th Artillery, an element of the 101st Airborne Division. Inactivated 21 May 1965 at Camp Campbell, Kentucky. Activated 20 December 1968 in Vietnam. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery A, 377th Field Artillery. Inactivated 15 June 1986 at Fort Campbell, Kentucky, and relieved from assignment to the 101st Airborne Division. Redesignated 16 May 1996 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 1st Battalion, 377th Field Artillery, and activated at Fort Bragg, North Carolina (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated).

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
- *Normandy (with arrowhead)
- *Rhineland (with arrowhead)
- *Ardennes-Alsace
- *Central Europe

Vietnam
- *Counteroffensive, Phase VI
- *Tet 69/Counteroffensive
- *Summer–Fall 1969
- *Winter–Spring 1970
- *Sanctuary Counteroffensive
- *Counteroffensive, Phase VII
- *Consolidation I
- *Consolidation II

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 4, 1945)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (101st Airborne Division cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Netherlands Orange Lanyard (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in France and Belgium (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

*Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1969 (Battery A, 377th Artillery, cited; DA GO 43, 1970)

*Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry with Palm, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1971 (Battery A, 377th Artillery, cited; DA GO 6, 1974)

*Republic of Vietnam Civil Action Honor Medal, First Class, Streamer embroidered VIETNAM 1968–1970 (Battery A, 377th Artillery, cited; DA GO 48, 1971)

2d BATTALION, 377th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 24 June 1921 in the Organized Reserves as Battery B, 377th Field Artillery, an element of the 101st Division (later redesignated as the 101st Airborne Division). Organized in November 1921 at Green Bay, Wisconsin.

Reorganized and redesignated 30 January 1942 as Battery B, 377th Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery B, 377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion; concurrently, inactivated, withdrawn from the Organized Reserves, and allotted to the Army of the United States. Activated 16 August 1942 at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Inactivated 30 November 1945 in France. Redesignated 18 June 1948 as Battery B, 515th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion. Allotted 25 June 1948 to the Regular Army. Activated 6 July 1948 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 15 April 1949 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Activated 25 August 1950 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 1 December 1953 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Activated 15 May 1954 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Redesignated 1 July 1956 as Battery B, 377th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion. Inactivated 25 April 1957 at Fort Campbell, Kentucky, and relieved from assignment to the 101st Airborne Division.

Redesignated 19 July 1957 as Battery B, 377th Artillery. Assigned 1 September 1957 to the 82d Airborne Division and activated at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Inactivated 8 July 1965 at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as Battery B, 377th Field Artillery. Relieved 1 April 1974 from assignment to the 82d Airborne Division; concurrently, redesignated as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 2d Battalion, 377th Field Artillery, and activated in Germany (organic elements concurrently constituted and activated). Inactivated 16 July 1987 in Germany.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland (with arrowhead)
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 4, 1945)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (101st Airborne Division cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroider NORMANDY (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA J 43, 1950)

*Netherlands Orange Lanyard (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in France and Belgium (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

*Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

3d BATTALION, 377th FIELD ARTILLERY

LINEAGE

RA
(inactive)

Constituted 24 June 1921 in the Organized Reserves as Battery C, 377th Field Artillery, an element of the 101st Division (later redesignated as the 101st Airborne Division). Organized in November 1921 at Green Bay, Wisconsin.

Reorganized and redesignated 30 January 1942 as Battery C, 377th Field Artillery Battalion. Redesignated 15 August 1942 as Battery C, 377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion; concurrently, inactivated, withdrawn from the Organized Reserves, and allotted to the Army of the United States. Activated 16 August 1942 at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Inactivated 30 November 1945 in France. Redesignated 18 June 1948 as Battery C, 515th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion. Allotted 25 June 1948 to the Regular Army. Activated 6 July 1948 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 15 April 1949 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Activated 25 August 1950 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Inactivated 1 December 1953 at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky. Activated 15 May 1954 at Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Redesignated 1 July 1956 as Battery C, 377th Airborne Field Artillery Battalion.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 March 1957 as Battery C, 377th Artillery; concurrently, relieved from assignment to the 101st Airborne Division and assigned to the 11th Airborne Division. Inactivated 1 July 1958 in Germany. Redesignated 17 July 1963 as Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, 3d Battalion, 377th Artillery (organic elements concurrently constituted). Battalion activated 18 July 1963 at Fort Benning, Georgia. Inactivated 1 July 1965 at Fort Benning, Georgia. Redesignated 1 September 1971 as the 3d Battalion, 377th Field Artillery.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II

*Normandy (with arrowhead)
*Rhineland (with arrowhead)
*Ardennes-Alsace
*Central Europe

DECORATIONS

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; WD GO 4, 1945)

*Presidential Unit Citation (Army), Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE (101st Airborne Division cited; WD GO 17, 1945)

*French Croix de Guerre with Palm, World War II, Streamer embroidered NORMANDY (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Netherlands Orange Lanyard (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950)

*Belgian Fourragere 1940 (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

*Cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action in France and Belgium (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

*Belgian Croix de Guerre 1940 with Palm, Streamer embroidered BASTOGNE; cited in the Order of the Day of the Belgian Army for action at Bastogne (377th Parachute Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 43, 1950, as amended by DA GO 27, 1959)

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487th FIELD ARTILLERY
(Hiki No)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Per fess enhanced, argent and azure in chief a representation of Diamond Head sable issuant from base overall a Hawaiian warrior holding in dexter hand a spear palewise of the last wearing a feather cloak or, charged with crescents of the third and a feather helmet gules, a border of the like.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Hawaii Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, argent and azure, a dolphin embowed hauriant argent, in his mouth a key fesswise or.

Motto: *Hiki No* (Certainly, It Can Be Done).

Symbolism: Scarlet is the color for artillery organizations. Participation in the Hawaiian rebellion of 1895 is indicated by the Diamond Head, where one important engagement occurred. The Hawaiian warrior commemorates the ancient warrior, King Kamehameha I, who founded the Hawaiian kingdom.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Hawaii)

Constituted and partially organized 27 January 1893 in the Hawaii National Guard as the 1st Regiment. Organization completed 1893–1895 with Headquarters at Honolulu. Redesignated 1 June 1907 as the 1st Infantry. Drafted into Federal service 1 June 1918 as the 1st Hawaiian Infantry. Demobilized 7 July–2 August 1919 at Fort Shafter, Territory of Hawaii. Reconstituted 1 October 1919 in the Hawaii National Guard; concurrently consolidated with the 5th Hawaiian Infantry (partially organized in the fall of 1918 as a Home Guard regiment) and consolidated unit redesignated as the 1st Infantry. Redesignated 17 August 1923 as the 298th Infantry; Headquarters Federally recognized 26 June 1924 at Honolulu. Inducted into Federal service 15 October 1940 at Honolulu. Assigned 1 October 1941 to the 25th Infantry Division. Relieved 23 July 1942 from assignment to the 25th Infantry Division and assigned to the 24th Infantry Division. Relieved 12 June

1943 from assignment to the 24th Infantry Division. Regiment (less 1st Battalion) inactivated 10 April 1945 at Schofield Barracks, Hawaii; 1st Battalion inactivated 22 January 1946 at Schofield Barracks, Hawaii. Reorganized and Federally recognized 14 October 1946 with Headquarters at Honolulu.

1st Battalion (less Companies C and D) converted and redesignated 1 November 1956 as the 227th Engineer Battalion (remainder of regiment—hereafter separate lineages).

227th Engineer Battalion converted, reorganized, and redesignated 15 November 1965 as the 487th Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Battalion, an element of the 29th Infantry Brigade. (1st Battalion ordered into active Federal service 13 May 1968 at home stations; released 12 December 1969 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.) Redesignated 1 May 1972 as the 487th Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

World War II
Central Pacific

DECORATIONS

None.

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623d FIELD ARTILLERY
(Morgan's Men)

HERALDIC ITEMS

COAT OF ARMS

Shield: Gules semi-de-lis or, two pallets azure fimbriated of the second; on a chief of the last a saltier gray surmounted by a giant cactus proper.

Crest: That for the regiments and separate battalions of the Kentucky Army National Guard: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, within a garland of trumpet vine clasped hands clothed at the wrists all proper.

Motto: Seize the Opportunity.

Symbolism: The field of the shield is red strewn with fleurs-de-lis for the 106th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion's service and many battle honors awarded in World War II as artillery. The two blue pallets are for service as infantry in the War with Spain and World War I, credit for which came from the consolidation in 1921 of this organization with the 138th Machine Battalion (formerly 3d Battalion, 3d Regiment of Infantry). The ancient history, i.e., Mexican War and Civil War, is represented on the chief, which is the most honorary position on the shield. The chief is yellow for cavalry; the saltier, symbol for the Civil War, is gray to indicate Confederate service. The motto "Seize the Opportunity," taken from the coat of arms of the former 123d Cavalry, implies the tenor of the feats performed by Morgan and his "Raiders" during the Civil War.

DISTINCTIVE UNIT INSIGNIA

The distinctive unit insignia is the shield and motto of the coat of arms.

LINEAGE AND HONORS

LINEAGE

ARNG
(Kentucky)

Constituted 22 May 1846 in the Kentucky Militia as the 1st Kentucky Cavalry and the 2d Kentucky Volunteer Infantry. Organized from volunteers of the enrolled militia, principally from counties in central Kentucky, and mustered into Federal service 9 June 1846 at Louisville; mustered out of Federal service 7 and 9 June

1847, respectively, at New Orleans, Louisiana, and continued in state service as separate volunteer militia companies. Reorganized 15 June 1860 in the Kentucky State Guard as the Lexington Battalion, to include the Lexington Rifles (organized in 1857 by Captain John Hunt Morgan). Expanded 6 November 1860 to form the Lexington Battalion (to include the Lexington Rifles) and the Kentucky River Battalion. Lexington and Kentucky River Battalions broken up in 1861 and their elements reorganized as follows:

Elements with Union sympathy reorganized April-June 1861 primarily as the 1st and 2d Kentucky Volunteer Infantry Regiments. Mustered into Federal service 4 and 13 June 1861, respectively, at Camp Clay, Ohio; mustered out of Federal service 18 and 19 June 1864, respectively, at Covington.

Elements with Confederate sympathy (less Lexington Rifles) reorganized in July 1861 as elements of the 1st Kentucky Brigade (The Orphan Brigade) and mustered into Confederate service at Camp Boone, Tennessee. Surrendered 4 May 1865 at Washington, Georgia.

Lexington Rifles withdrawn 20 September 1861 from the Kentucky State Guard, reorganized as a separate company of cavalry, and mustered into Confederate service at Bowling Green. Consolidated in October 1861 with two other cavalry companies to form Morgan's Squadron, Kentucky Cavalry. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated in June 1862 as the 2d Kentucky Cavalry Regiment (Morgan's Men). Surrendered 8 May 1865 near Woodstock, Georgia.

Former Lexington and Kentucky River Battalions reorganized 18 May 1881 in the Kentucky State Guard as the 3d Battalion with Headquarters at Lexington. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated in 1883 as the 2d Regiment of Infantry with Headquarters at Lexington. Mustered into Federal service 14–25 May 1898 at Lexington as the 2d Kentucky Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 31 October 1898 at Lexington. Reorganized 24 April 1899 in the Kentucky State Guard as the 1st Regiment of Infantry with Headquarters at Lexington. Redesignated 31 July 1899 as the 2d Regiment of Infantry. (Kentucky State Guard redesignated 19 March 1912 as the Kentucky National Guard.) Mustered into Federal service 25 June 1916 at Fort Thomas, Kentucky; mustered out of Federal service 15 February 1917 at Fort Thomas, Kentucky. Mustered into Federal service 21 April 1917 at Camp Stanley, Kentucky; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. Consolidated 1 October 1917 with the 3d Regiment of Infantry (less 3d Battalion) (*see* ANNEX), reorganized, and redesignated as the 149th Infantry and assigned to the 38th Division. Demobilized in January 1919 at Camp Zachary Taylor, Kentucky.

Former 2d and 3d Regiments of Infantry reorganized 1920–1921 in the Kentucky National Guard as the 1st Infantry and the 53d and 54th Machine Gun Squadrons (1st Infantry—hereafter separate lineage). 53d and 54th Machine Gun Squadrons consolidated 1 April 1929 to form the 123d Cavalry and assigned to the 22d Cavalry Division; Headquarters Federally recognized at Louisville. Regiment (less 1st and 2d Squadrons) converted and redesignated 1 November 1940 as the 106th Separate Battalion, Coast Artillery, with Headquarters at Frankfort, and relieved from assignment to the 22d Cavalry Division (1st and 2d Squadrons—hereafter separate lineages).

106th Separate Battalion, Coast Artillery, inducted into Federal service 6 January 1941 at home stations. Reorganized and redesignated 14 July 1944 as the 106th Antiaircraft Artillery Automatic Weapons Battalion. Inactivated 3 December 1945 at Camp Shanks, New York.

Reorganized and Federally recognized 29 January 1947 in south-central Kentucky as the 623d Field Artillery Battalion with Headquarters at Glasgow. Ordered into active Federal service 23 January 1951 at home stations. Reorganized and redesignated 5 March 1951 as the 623d Armored Field Artillery Battalion. Reorganized and redesignated 10 September 1951 as the 623d Field Artillery Battalion. (623d Field Artillery Battalion [NGUS] organized and Federally recognized 23 January 1953 with Headquarters at Glasgow.) Released 18 March 1955 from active Federal service and reverted to state control; Federal recognition concurrently withdrawn from the 623d Field Artillery Battalion (NGUS). Reorganized and redesignated 1 October 1959 as the 4th Howitzer Battalion, 138th Artillery. Redesignated 1 February 1968 as the 4th Battalion, 138th Artillery.

Reorganized and redesignated 1 May 1969 as the 623d Artillery, a parent regiment under the Combat Arms Regimental System, to consist of the 1st Battalion. Redesignated 1 March 1972 as the 623d Field Artillery. Withdrawn 1 June 1989 from the Combat Arms Regimental System and reorganized under the United States Army Regimental System. (1st Battalion ordered into active Federal service 9 December 1990 at home stations; released 21 May 1991 from active Federal service and reverted to state control.)

ANNEX

Organized 8 May 1882 in the Kentucky State Guard in western Kentucky as the 4th Battalion with Headquarters at Bowling Green. Expanded, reorganized, and redesignated in 1883 as the 3d Regiment of Infantry with Headquarters at Bowling Green. Mustered into Federal service 21–31 May 1898 at Lexington as the 3d Kentucky Volunteer Infantry; mustered out of Federal service 16 May 1899 at Savannah, Georgia. Reorganized 10 October 1899 in the Kentucky State Guard as the 3d Regiment of Infantry with Headquarters at Bowling Green. (Kentucky State Guard redesignated 19 March 1912 as the Kentucky National Guard.) Mustered into Federal service 6 July 1916 at Fort Thomas, Kentucky; mustered out of Federal service 12–15 March 1917 at Fort Thomas, Kentucky. Mustered into Federal service 21 April 1917 at Camp Stanley, Kentucky; drafted into Federal service 5 August 1917. 3d Regiment of Infantry (less 3d Battalion) consolidated 1 October 1917 with the 2d Regiment of Infantry to form the 149th Infantry and assigned to the 38th Division; 3d Battalion, 3d Regiment of Infantry, concurrently reorganized and redesignated as Companies A and B, 138th Machine Gun Battalion, Company F, 113th Ammunition Train, and Company B, 113th Engineer Regiment, elements of the 38th Division. Above units demobilized in January 1919 at Camp Zachary Taylor, Kentucky.

CAMPAIGN PARTICIPATION CREDIT

Mexican War
- Buena Vista

Civil War (Union service)
- Shiloh
- Murfreesborough
- Chickamauga
- West Virginia 1861
- Mississippi 1862
- Kentucky 1862
- Kentucky 1864
- Tennessee 1863

Civil War (Confederate service)
- Henry and Donelson
- Shiloh
- Murfreesborough
- Chickamauga
- Atlanta
- Kentucky 1862
- Kentucky 1864
- Louisiana 1862
- Mississippi 1862
- Tennessee 1862
- Tennessee 1863
- Indiana 1863
- South Carolina 1865

World War I
- Streamer without inscription

World War II
- Algeria–French Morocco (with arrowhead)
- Tunisia
- Sicily (with arrowhead)
- Naples-Foggia (with arrowhead)
- Anzio (with arrowhead)
- Rome-Arno
- Southern France (with arrowhead)
- Rhineland
- Ardennes-Alsace
- Central Europe

Korean War
- Second Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer–Fall 1952
- Third Korean Winter
- Korea, Summer 1953

Southwest Asia
- Liberation and Defense of Kuwait
- Cease-Fire

Company B (Campbellsville), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to:

World War II–AP
- New Guinea
- Leyte
- Luzon

DECORATIONS

Navy Unit Commendation, Streamer embroidered PANMUNJOM (623d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 38, 1957)

Republic of Korea Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered KOREA 1951–1952 (623d Field Artillery Battalion cited; DA GO 33, 1953, as amended by DA GO 41, 1955)

Battery B (Campbellsville), 1st Battalion, additionally entitled to: Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, Streamer embroidered 17 OCTOBER 1944 TO 4 JULY 1945 (38th Quartermaster Company cited; DA GO 47, 1950)

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Also see bibliography of the 38th Infantry Division (World War I) in John B. Wilson, *Armies, Corps, Divisions, and Separate Brigades.* Army Lineage Series. Washington: Government Printing Office, 1999.

Glossary of Lineage Terms

ACTIVATE. To bring into being or establish a unit that has been constituted. This term is not used when referring to Army National Guard units. (*See* ORGANIZE.)

ALLOT. To assign a unit to one of the components of the United States Army. The present components are the Regular Army, the Army National Guard, and the Army Reserve, formerly known as the Organized Reserves and the Organized Reserve Corps. During World War I, units were allotted to the National Army and during World War II to the Army of the United States. Army National Guard units are usually allotted to a particular state or group of states. Except for Army National Guard units, units may be withdrawn from one component and allotted to another. Such changes in allotment, however, do not change the history, lineage, and honors of the units.

ASSIGN. To make a unit part of a larger organization and place it under that organization's command and control until it is relieved from the assignment. As a rule, only divisional and separate brigade assignments are shown in unit lineages.

CONSOLIDATE. To merge or combine two or more units into one new unit. The new unit may retain the designation of one of the original units or it may have a new designation, but it inherits the history, lineage, and honors of all the units affected by the merger. In the Army National Guard, personnel of the units are generally combined in the new unit. In the Regular Army and Army Reserve, units are usually consolidated when they are inactive or when only one of the units is active; therefore, personnel and equipment are seldom involved.

CONSTITUTE. To place the designation of a new unit on the official rolls of the Army.

CONVERT. To transfer a unit from one branch of the Army to another, for example, from cavalry to field artillery. Such a move always requires a redesignation, with the unit adopting the name of its new branch; however, there is no break in the historical continuity of the unit. If the unit is active, it must also be reorganized under a new table of organization and equipment (TOE).

DEMOBILIZE. To remove the designation of a unit from the official rolls of the Army. If the unit is active, it must also be inactivated. This term is used in unit lineages only when referring to the period during and immediately after World War I.

DESIGNATION. The official title of a unit, consisting usually of a number and a name.

DISBAND. To remove the designation of a unit from the official rolls of the Army. If the unit is active, it must also be inactivated. In the Army National Guard, this term is generally used when referring to the period before World War I.

ELEMENT. A unit that is assigned to or is part of a larger organization. (*See also* ORGANIC ELEMENT.)

FEDERAL RECOGNITION. Acceptance of an Army National Guard unit by the federal government after the unit has been inspected by a federal representative

and found to be properly housed, equipped, and organized according to Army requirements. Federal recognition may be withdrawn when the unit no longer meets these requirements or when the need for it no longer exists.

FEDERAL SERVICE. Active duty of an Army National Guard unit while under the control of the United States government, rather than under the control of its home state or territory. Units enter federal service by order of the President of the United States, as authorized by Congress. Units called into federal service could not be sent into a foreign country without specific congressional authorization for most wars prior to World War I. Units were then *mustered into federal service*. During World War I, they were drafted into federal service, and the phrase *inducted into federal service* was used during World War II. Since World War II, the phrase *ordered into active federal service* has been used. A unit remains in federal service until released by the federal government, at which time it reverts to the control of its home state or territory.

INACTIVATE. To place a unit that is not currently needed in an inoperative status without assigned personnel or equipment. When referring to the Army National Guard, this term is used only during and immediately after World War II for units in federal service. Such units were retained on the rolls of the Army, and many were reorganized in their home states.

NATIONAL GUARD OF THE UNITED STATES (NGUS). As used in this volume, an NGUS unit was a temporary organization within a state that took the place of a unit in federal service during the Korean War. It usually had the same designation and was organized in the same general area as the replaced unit.

ORDER INTO ACTIVE MILITARY SERVICE. To place an Army Reserve unit on full-time active duty, usually during a war or a major crisis, such as the Berlin crisis of 1961–1962. After completing its active duty, the unit may be inactivated or may be released from active military service, reverting to reserve status. The phrase does not apply to Army Reserve units on annual active-duty training.

ORGANIC ELEMENT. A unit that is an integral part of a larger organization, for example, a lettered battery of a battalion or regiment.

ORGANIZE. To assign personnel and equipment to a unit and make it operable, that is, capable of performing its mission. For Army National Guard units, this term is used instead of Activate (*see* above).

RECONSTITUTE. To restore to the official rolls of the Army a unit that has been disbanded or demobilized. The reconstituted unit may have a new designation, but it retains its former history, lineage, and honors.

REDESIGNATE. To change a unit's official name or number or both. Redesignation is a change of title only; the unit's history, lineage, and honors remain the same.

REORGANIZE. To change the structure of a unit in accordance with a new table of organization and equipment (TOE), or to change from one type of unit to another within the same branch of the Army, for example, from an 8-inch howitzer battalion to a missile battalion. (*See also* CONVERT for reorganizations involving a new branch.) When referring to the Army National Guard, the term also means to organize an inactive unit again.

Unit Index

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Air Assault Division Artillery, 11th. *See* Division Artillery.
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